A Value Addition Program – IOT using Raspberry Pi

Class: S.E. (Electronics and telecommunication)
VAP Dates: 30/07/2018 to 04/08/2018
Co-ordinator: Prof. Manohar Buktare

PROJECT REPORT ON

PROJECT NAME

Object Tracking Robot

(PROMETHUES)

SUBMITTED TO

Vishwaniketan's Institute of Management Entrepreneurship and Engineering Technology Kumbhivali, Tal- Khalapur, Raigad, Maharashtra 410202

\mathbf{BY}

Group Member 1: Gaurav Nemade Group Member 2: Nihar More Group Member 3: Piyush Patil Group Member 4: Prajakta Gharat

UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF Mr. Rohit Kumar Aedifico Tech. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi





Vishwaniketan's Institute of Management Entrepreneurship and Engineering Technology

Kumbhivali, Tal- Khalapur, Raigad, Maharashtra 410202



This is to certify that Dissertation report entitled,

Object Tracking Robot

Submitted By

Group Member 1: Gaurav Nemade Group Member 2: Nihar More Group Member 3: Piyush Patil Group Member 4: Prajakta Gharat

is a bonafide work carried out by them under the supervision of Prof. Manohar Buktare and it is submitted towards the partial fulfillment of the requirement of **VAP Project.**

Prof. M. Buktare

VAP Co-ordinator:

Place: Kumbhivali Date: 20/04/2019

Acknowledgment

This project was successfully completed under the guidance of Prof. Manohar

Buktare, entire staff of EXTC Department and our VAP trainer Mr. Rohit Kumar

from Aedifico Tech. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

We would like to express my special gratitude and thanks to industrial experts for

giving me such attention and time.

Our thanks and appreciations also go to my classmates for all the support they

provided.

Date: 20/04/2019

Group Member 1: Gaurav Nemade Group Member 2: Nihar More

Group Member 3: Pivush Patil

Group Member 4; Prajakta Gharat

Place: Kumbhivali

iii

List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation Details
CV Computer Vision
ML Machine Learning

List of Figures

4.1 Project flow and plan.	4
5.1 Connection Diagram.	5
5.2 Object Detection using OpenCV.	7
6.1 Completed Prototype.	8

List of Tables

5.1 Movement of Robot.	 7

Contents

1. Introduction.	1
2. Background.	2
3. Problem Definition and Scope.	3
4. Project Plan.	4
5. Detailed Design.	5
6. Implementation and Result.	8
7. Conclusion and Future Enhancements.	9
Bibliography	

Abstract

The field of Robotics, Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning is evolving rapidly that it is sure to change the lifestyle of mankind in near future. Robots are thought to understand and interact with the real world through sensors and machine learning processing. Image recognition is one of the popular way in which the robots are thought to understand objects by looking at the real world through a camera just like we do. In this project, we use the **Raspberry Pi to build a Robot that would Track a Ball/Object.**

INTRODUCTION

This Project introduces a vision based object tracking robot which is driven by wheels and controlled by using Raspberry Pi as microcontroller along with Computer Vision (OpenCV). The objective of this project is to design a robot which is automatically tracks and follows an object on the basis of its colour and shape. Emphasis is given on precision vision based robotic applications using Machine Learning. Image acquisition by the robot is achieved by using a 5MP Raspberry Pi Camera Module. The video feed is sent to image processing library for further processing. The overall project describes a visual sensor system used in the field of robotics for identification and tracking of the object.

Object detection is a fundamental basis of artificial intelligence and robotic vision system. Object detection methods are used in various fields like science, engineering, medical applications. It is necessary for surveillance applications, guidance of autonomous vehicles, smart tracking of moving objects etc. This project deals with only object detection in robotics. A camera is used for image acquisition and OpenCV is used to process it. The camera works as the eye of the robot. In order to develop a stable and useful vision based robot proper study and accurate model regarding image processing are very much necessary.



BACKGROUND

This project started with an idea to build a surveillance camera. We further added features such as mobility and object tracking. A simple surveillance camera cannot move. Hence, it captures only limited area for surveillance. Also, only a simple camera won't be able to provide assured surveillance. Only if this camera could track an object or a person and then also move accordingly on its own, it will definitely be more useful. Hence, we decided to add up a mobility component that is the car, and this is how we started developing object tracking robot.

Our objective was to make a basic prototype for a bot that would follow people or objects. Our robot tries to find a colour and shape which is hard coded, if it finds a ball of that colour it follows it.

.



PROBLEM DEFINITION AND SCOPE

The major drawback in today's surveillance rests on the involvement of human operators which can easily be distracted, so we need a system which can autonomously monitor regions continuously, making decisions while identifying unwanted or obnoxious things and respond accordingly. Object tracking using computer vision is crucial in achieving automated surveillance. With advancement in robotic systems towards being autonomous surveillance robots the need for more smart thinking robots has become very essential. One of the aspect of tracking an object from its visuals has been taken up in this project Object Tracking Robot.



PROJECT PLAN

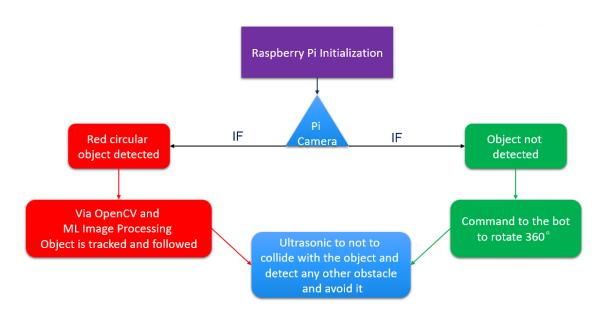


Fig 4.1: Project flow and plan.



DETAILED DESIGN

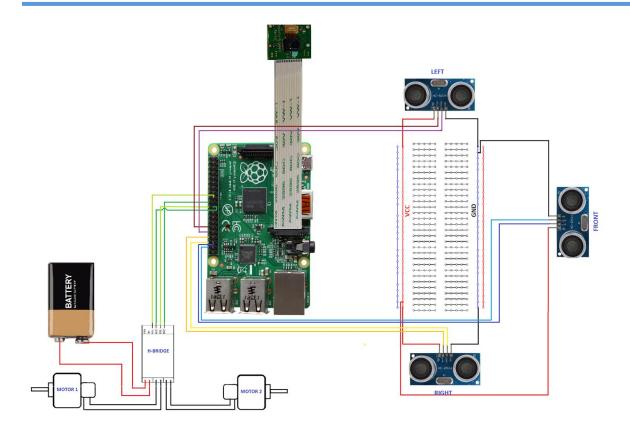


Fig 5.1: Connection Diagram.



The robot tries to find a color which is hard coded, if it finds a ball of that color it follows it.

We have chosen raspberry pi as micro-controller for this project as it gives great flexibility to use Raspberry Pi camera module and allows to code in Python which is very user friendly and OpenCV library, for image analysis.

For controlling the motors, we have used an H-Bridge to switch from clockwise to counter-clockwise or to stop the motors. This we have integrated via code when direction and speed has to be controlled in different obstacle situations.

Crucial thing while detecting images frame by frame was to avoid any frame drops as then the bot can go into a limbo state if the bot is unable to predict direction of ball after few frame drops. Even if it manage the frame drops then also if the ball goes out of scope of the camera, it will go into a limbo state, in that case, then we have made our bot take a 360 degree view of its environment till the ball comes back in the scope of the camera and then start moving in its direction.

For the image analysis, it takes each frame and then masks it with the color needed. Then for noise reduction, we are eroding the noise and dilating the major blobs. Then it finds all the contours and finds the largest among them and bound it in a rectangle. And show the rectangle on the main image and find the coordinates of the center of the rectangle.



Object Tracking Robot

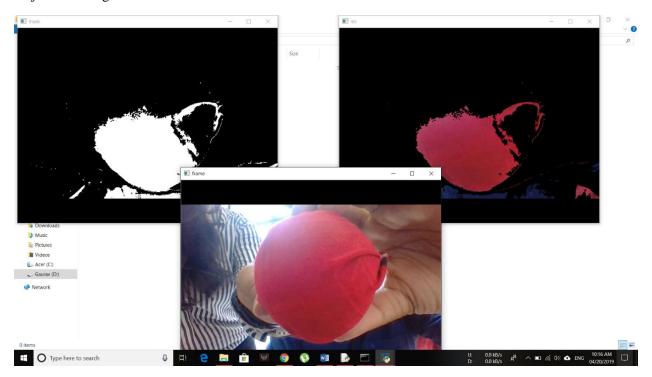


Fig 5.2: Object Detection using OpenCV.

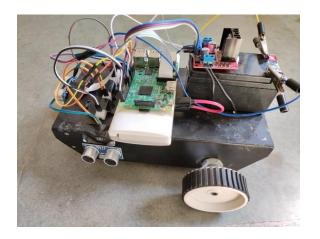
No.	Status	Command	Left	Right
			Wheel	wheel
(1)	Center in segment 1	Forward	Forward	Forward
(2)	Center in segment 2	Backward	Backward	Backward
(3)	Center in segment 3	Right	Forward	Backward
(4)	Center in segment 4	Left	Backward	Forward
(5)	Center in segment 5	Stop	Stop	Stop

 Table 5.1: Movement of Robot.



IMPLEMENTATION AND RESULT

APPLICATION SNAPS/RESULTS



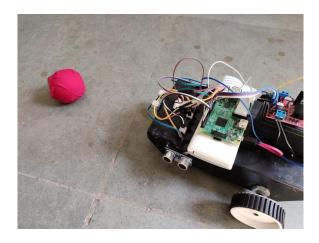


Fig 6.1: Competed Prototype.

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

Finally we conclude that the bot is fully capable of following any object based on its shape, size and colour. Certain improvisations can be done and this object tracking can be implemented as person following and used on product level such as suitcases, luggage trolley, spy bot, surveillance camera, etc.



Bibliography

- 1. Md.Al-Masrur Khan, Ahmadun Nabi, Abdullah-Al Nahid, Younus Ali, "Temperature Sensed Obstacle Avoiding Robot", *Electrical Computer and Communication Engineering (ECCE) 2019 International Conference on*, pp. 1-6, 2019.
- 2. Park, J.-W., Park, J.-H., Yun, K.-S., Lee, J.-M.: Tracking and Capturing a Moving Object Using Active Camera Mounted on a Mobile Robot. The Institute of Control, Robotics and Systems 7(9) (September 2001)
- 3. Jin, T.-S., Lee, J.-M.: Object Position Estimation and Optimal Moving Planning of Mobile Manipulator based on Active Camera. The Institute of Electronics Engineers of Korea 42(5), 1–12 (2005)