1 Model Problem

$$\Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad \Omega = \Omega_1 \cup \Omega_2,$$

$$\mathsf{T}_D^2 u = \mathfrak{g} \quad \text{on} \quad \Gamma_D,$$

$$\mathsf{T}_N^2 u = \eta \quad \text{on} \quad \Gamma_N,$$

$$(1)$$

where T_D^2 and T_N^2 are the trace operators from within Ω_2 . The dielectrics are homogeneous and isotropic in each subdomain.

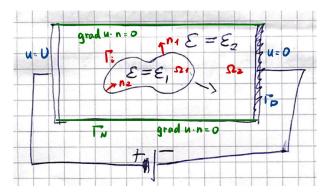


Figure 1: Geometric setting

2 BIE

2.1 Transmission conditions

On the interface Γ_i ,

$$\mathsf{T}_D^1 u = \mathsf{T}_D^2 u,$$

$$\varepsilon_1 \mathsf{T}_N^1 u = \varepsilon_1 \nabla u \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_1 = -\varepsilon_2 \nabla u \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_2 = -\varepsilon_2 \mathsf{T}_N^2 u.$$
 (2)

2.2 Unknown quantities

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{u}_{i} &:= \left. \mathsf{T}_{D}^{2} u \right|_{\Gamma_{i}}, \\
\psi_{i} &:= \left. \mathsf{T}_{N}^{2} u \right|_{\Gamma_{i}}, \\
\mathbf{u} &:= \left. \mathsf{T}_{D}^{2} u \right|_{\Gamma_{N}}, \\
\psi &:= \left. \mathsf{T}_{N}^{2} u \right|_{\Gamma_{D}}.
\end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

2.3 BIEs

In the following equations, Id may denote identity operators acting on different domains. For subdomain Ω_1 ,

$$(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Id} + \mathsf{K}_1)(\mathsf{T}_D^1 u) - \mathsf{V}_1(\mathsf{T}_N^1 u) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_1),$$
 (4)

$$-\mathsf{W}_1(\mathsf{T}^1_D u) + (\frac{1}{2}\mathsf{Id} - \mathsf{K}_1')(\mathsf{T}^1_N u) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_1). \tag{5}$$

For subdomain Ω_2 ,

$$(\frac{1}{2}\mathsf{Id} + \mathsf{K}_2)(\mathsf{T}_D^2 u) - \mathsf{V}_2(\mathsf{T}_N^2 u) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_2),$$
 (6)

$$-\mathsf{W}_2(\mathsf{T}_D^2 u) + (\frac{1}{2}\mathsf{Id} - \mathsf{K}_2')(\mathsf{T}_N^2 u) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_2). \tag{7}$$

Using transmission conditions (2) and replacing traces by symbols defined in (1) and (3) (\tilde{f} denotes the extension by zero to $\partial\Omega_2$ of f), the above equations can be rewritten as

$$(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Id} + \mathsf{K}_1)(\mathfrak{u}_i) + \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1}\mathsf{V}_1(\psi_i) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_1), \tag{8}$$

$$W_1(\mathfrak{u}_i) + \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} (\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Id} - \mathsf{K}_1')(\psi_i) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_1), \tag{9}$$

$$(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Id} + \mathsf{K}_2)(\tilde{\mathfrak{u}} + \tilde{\mathfrak{u}}_i + \tilde{\mathfrak{g}}) - \mathsf{V}_2(\tilde{\psi} + \tilde{\psi}_i + \tilde{\eta}) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_2), \tag{10}$$

$$-\mathsf{W}_{2}(\tilde{\mathfrak{u}} + \tilde{\mathfrak{u}}_{i} + \tilde{\mathfrak{g}}) + (\frac{1}{2}\mathsf{Id} - \mathsf{K}'_{2})(\tilde{\psi} + \tilde{\psi}_{i} + \tilde{\eta}) = 0 \quad \text{in} \quad H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_{2}). \tag{11}$$

2.4 Variational formulation

- 1. Test (8) with $\phi_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_1)$.
- 2. Test (9) with $\mathfrak{v}_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_1)$.
- 3. Test (10) with $\tilde{\phi}_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N}(\partial \Omega_2) = \{ \varphi_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_2) : |\varphi_i|_{\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N} = 0 \}.$
- 4. Test (10) with $\tilde{\phi} \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_i \cup \Gamma_N}(\partial \Omega_2) = \{ \varphi \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_2) : \varphi|_{\Gamma_i \cup \Gamma_N} = 0 \}.$
- 5. Test (11) with $\tilde{\mathfrak{v}}_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N}(\partial \Omega_2) = \{\mathfrak{f}_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_2) : \mathfrak{f}_i|_{\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N} = 0\}.$
- 6. Test (11) with $\tilde{\mathfrak{v}} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_i \cup \Gamma_D}(\partial \Omega_2) = \{ \mathfrak{f} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_2) : \mathfrak{f}|_{\Gamma_i \cup \Gamma_D} = 0 \}.$
- 7. Replace operators in equations of step 1-2 using

$$\mathsf{V}_1 = \mathsf{V}_2\big|_{H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_1)}\,,\quad \mathsf{K}_1 = -\left.\mathsf{K}_2\right|_{H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_1)}\,,\quad \mathsf{K}_1' = -\left.\mathsf{K}_2'\right|_{H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_1)}\,,\quad \mathsf{W}_1 = \left.\mathsf{W}_2\right|_{H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial\Omega_1)}.\tag{12}$$

- 8. Identify $H_{\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N}^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_2)$ with $H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_1)$ and subtract the equation of step 1 from that of step 3.
- 9. Identify $H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N}(\partial \Omega_2)$ with $H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\partial \Omega_1)$ and subtract the equation of step 2 from that of step 5.

The variational formulation of the first-kind BIEs of (1) is

$$\mathfrak{u}_{i} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{i}), \ \psi_{i} \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{i}), \ \mathfrak{u} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_{D}}(\Gamma_{D} \cup \Gamma_{N}), \ \psi \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_{N}}(\Gamma_{D} \cup \Gamma_{N}) :$$

$$\left(\frac{\varepsilon_1}{\varepsilon_2} + 1\right) \mathsf{a}_{W,ii}(\mathfrak{u}_i, \mathfrak{v}_i) + 2\mathsf{a}_{K,ii}(\mathfrak{v}_i, \psi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{W,Ni}(\mathfrak{u}, \mathfrak{v}_i) + \mathsf{a}_{K,iD}(\mathfrak{v}_i, \psi) = -\mathsf{b}_{W,Di}(\mathfrak{g}, \mathfrak{v}_i) - \mathsf{b}_{K,iN}(\mathfrak{v}_i, \eta) \\
\forall \mathfrak{v}_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \quad (13)$$

$$2 \mathbf{a}_{K,ii}(\mathbf{u}_i, \phi_i) - \left(\frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} + 1\right) \mathbf{a}_{V,ii}(\psi_i, \phi_i) + \mathbf{a}_{K,Ni}(\mathbf{u}, \phi_i) - \mathbf{a}_{V,Di}(\psi, \phi_i) = -\mathbf{b}_{K,Di}(\mathbf{g}, \phi_i) + \mathbf{b}_{V,Ni}(\eta, \phi_i)$$

$$\forall \phi_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \quad (14)$$

$$\mathsf{a}_{W,iN}(\mathfrak{u}_i,\mathfrak{v}) + \mathsf{a}_{K,Ni}(\mathfrak{v},\psi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{W,NN}(\mathfrak{u},\mathfrak{v}) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{v},\psi) = -\mathsf{b}_{W,DN}(\mathfrak{g},\mathfrak{v}) + \frac{1}{2}\ell_{\eta}(\mathfrak{v}) - \mathsf{b}_{K,NN}(\mathfrak{v},\eta)$$

$$\forall \mathfrak{v} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_{D}}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \quad (15)$$

$$\mathsf{a}_{K,iD}(\mathfrak{u}_i,\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,iD}(\psi_i,\phi) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{u},\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,DD}(\psi,\phi) = -\frac{1}{2}\ell_{\mathfrak{g}}(\phi) - \mathsf{b}_{K,DD}(\mathfrak{g},\phi) + \mathsf{b}_{V,ND}(\eta,\phi)$$

$$\forall \phi \in H_{\Gamma_N}^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \quad (16)$$

with

$$\mathbf{a}_{V,mn}(\varphi,\phi) := \int_{\Gamma_{m}} \int_{\Gamma_{m}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \, \varphi(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \phi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m,n \in \{i,D\}, \\
\mathbf{a}_{K,mn}(\mathfrak{v},\phi) := \int_{\Gamma_{n}} \int_{\Gamma_{m}} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{y}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathfrak{v}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \phi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m \in \{i,N\}, \ n \in \{i,D\}, \\
\mathbf{a}_{W,mn}(\mathfrak{f},\mathfrak{v}) := \int_{\Gamma_{n}} \int_{\Gamma_{m}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \, \frac{d\mathfrak{f}}{ds}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \frac{d\mathfrak{v}}{ds}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m,n \in \{i,N\}, \\
\mathbf{b}_{V,Nm}(\eta,\phi) := \int_{\Gamma_{m}} \int_{\Gamma_{N}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \phi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m \in \{i,D\}, \\
\mathbf{b}_{K,Dm}(\mathfrak{g},\phi) := \int_{\Gamma_{m}} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{y}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \phi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m \in \{i,D\}, \\
\mathbf{b}_{K,mN}(\mathfrak{v},\eta) := \int_{\Gamma_{N}} \int_{\Gamma_{m}} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{y}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathfrak{v}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m \in \{i,N\}, \\
\mathbf{b}_{W,Dm}(\mathfrak{g},\mathfrak{v}) := \int_{\Gamma_{m}} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} G(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y}) \, \frac{d\mathfrak{g}}{ds}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \frac{d\mathfrak{v}}{ds}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \qquad m \in \{i,N\}, \\
\ell_{\mathfrak{g}}(\phi) := \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \phi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}), \\
\ell_{\eta}(\mathfrak{v}) := \int_{\Gamma_{N}} \eta(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathfrak{v}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}),
\end{cases}$$

and the fundamental solution $G:\{(\boldsymbol{x},\boldsymbol{y})\in\mathbb{R}^2 imes\mathbb{R}^2:\boldsymbol{x}\neq\boldsymbol{y}\} o\mathbb{R}$

$$G(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}) := -\frac{1}{2\pi} \log \|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|. \tag{18}$$

3 Shape Calculus

3.1 Virtual work principle

The domain $\Omega = \Omega_1 \cup \Omega_2$ is fixed and the total energy is a function of the shape of subdomain Ω_1 . $u = u(\Omega_1)$ is the solution of (1).

Energy of the electric field

$$\mathcal{E}_{F}(\Omega_{1}) := \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega_{1}} \varepsilon_{1} \nabla u(\boldsymbol{x}) \cdot \nabla u(\boldsymbol{x}) \, d\boldsymbol{x} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega_{2}} \varepsilon_{2} \nabla u(\boldsymbol{x}) \cdot \nabla u(\boldsymbol{x}) \, d\boldsymbol{x}
= \frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{2} \int_{\partial \Omega_{1}} u(\boldsymbol{x}) \nabla u(\boldsymbol{x}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{1}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x}) + \frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{2} \int_{\partial \Omega_{2}} u(\boldsymbol{x}) \nabla u(\boldsymbol{x}) \cdot \boldsymbol{n}_{2}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x})
= \frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{2} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \psi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x}) + \frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{2} \int_{\Gamma_{N}} \mathfrak{u}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x}). \tag{19}$$

Energy stored in the battery

$$\Delta \mathcal{E}_B(\Omega_1) = -2\Delta \mathcal{E}_F(\Omega_1). \tag{20}$$

Total energy

$$\mathcal{E}(\Omega_1) := \mathcal{E}_F(\Omega_1) + \mathcal{E}_B(\Omega_1) = -\frac{\varepsilon_2}{2} \int_{\Gamma_D} \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \psi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) - \frac{\varepsilon_2}{2} \int_{\Gamma_N} \mathfrak{u}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}). \tag{21}$$

Deformation vector field $\mathcal{V} \in (C_0^{\infty}(\Omega))^2$ spawns the one-parameter family of perturbation maps

$$\mathsf{T}^t_{\mathcal{V}}: \Omega \to \mathbb{R}^2, \quad \mathsf{T}^t_{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{x}) := \boldsymbol{x} + t\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}), \quad t \in \mathbb{R}.$$
 (22)

Deformed subdomains and interfaces

$$\Omega_t := \mathsf{T}^t_{\mathcal{V}}(\Omega_1), \quad \Gamma_t := \mathsf{T}^t_{\mathcal{V}}(\Gamma_i),$$
(23)

where $|t| < \delta(\mathcal{V})$ guarantees certain properties of deformed geometries.

3.2 Pullback of BIEs

3.2.1 t-dependent version of BIEs

The t-dependent version of (13)(14)(15)(16) is

$$\mathfrak{u}_i(t) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_t), \ \psi_i(t) \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_t), \ \mathfrak{u}(t) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \ \psi(t) \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N):$$

$$\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{\varepsilon_{2}}+1\right)\mathsf{a}_{W,ii}(t;\mathfrak{u}_{i}(t),\mathfrak{v}_{i})+2\,\mathsf{a}_{K,ii}(t;\mathfrak{v}_{i},\psi_{i}(t))+\mathsf{a}_{W,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{u}(t),\mathfrak{v}_{i})+\mathsf{a}_{K,iD}(t;\mathfrak{v}_{i},\psi(t))$$

$$=-\mathsf{b}_{W,Di}(t;\mathfrak{g},\mathfrak{v}_{i})-\mathsf{b}_{K,iN}(t;\mathfrak{v}_{i},\eta)\quad\forall\mathfrak{v}_{i}\in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{t}),\quad(24)$$

$$2 a_{K,ii}(t; \mathfrak{u}_i(t), \phi_i) - \left(\frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} + 1\right) a_{V,ii}(t; \psi_i(t), \phi_i) + a_{K,Ni}(t; \mathfrak{u}(t), \phi_i) - a_{V,Di}(t; \psi(t), \phi_i)$$

$$= -b_{K,Di}(t; \mathfrak{g}, \phi_i) + b_{V,Ni}(t; \eta, \phi_i) \quad \forall \phi_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_t), \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{a}_{W,iN}(t;\mathfrak{u}_i(t),\mathfrak{v}) + \mathsf{a}_{K,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{v},\psi_i(t)) + \mathsf{a}_{W,NN}(\mathfrak{u}(t),\mathfrak{v}) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{v},\psi(t)) \\ &= -\mathsf{b}_{W,DN}(\mathfrak{g},\mathfrak{v}) + \frac{1}{2}\ell_{\eta}(\mathfrak{v}) - \mathsf{b}_{K,NN}(\mathfrak{v},\eta) \quad \forall \mathfrak{v} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N). \end{aligned} \tag{26}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{a}_{K,iD}(t;\mathfrak{u}_i(t),\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,iD}(t;\psi_i(t),\phi) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{u}(t),\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,DD}(\psi(t),\phi) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}\ell_{\mathfrak{g}}(\phi) - \mathsf{b}_{K,DD}(\mathfrak{g},\phi) + \mathsf{b}_{V,ND}(\eta,\phi) \quad \forall \phi \in H_{\Gamma_N}^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \end{aligned} \tag{27}$$

Note that Γ_D and Γ_N , as well as the variational forms defined on these boundaries, remain unchanged. The total energy (21) also becomes a function of t

$$\mathcal{E}(\mathcal{V};t) = J(\mathfrak{u}(t), \psi(t)),$$

$$J(\mathfrak{f}, \varphi) := -\frac{\varepsilon_2}{2} \int_{\Gamma_D} \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \varphi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) - \frac{\varepsilon_2}{2} \int_{\Gamma_N} \mathfrak{f}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}), \, \, \mathfrak{f} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \, \, \varphi \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N).$$
(28)

3.2.2 Transformation rules

Let $\gamma_t: [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}^2$ be a C^2 -parameterization of the deformed curve $\Sigma_t \in \Gamma_t$. Given a surface density $f: \Sigma_t \to \mathbb{R}$, intrinsically there exists a curve $\Sigma \in \Gamma_i$, a C^2 -parameterization $\gamma: [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}^2$ and a density $\widehat{f}: \Sigma \to \mathbb{R}$ that describe the same quantity. To derive the explicit expression of \widehat{f} , consider the surface integral

$$\int_{\Sigma_{t}} f(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x}) = \int_{0}^{1} f(\gamma_{t}(\tau)) \|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\| d\tau$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} f(\gamma_{t}(\gamma^{-1}(\gamma(\tau)))) \frac{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}(\tau)\|} \|\dot{\gamma}(\tau)\| d\tau$$

$$= \int_{\Sigma} f(\gamma_{t}(\gamma^{-1}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}))) \frac{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}(\gamma^{-1}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}))\|} dS(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})$$

$$= \int_{\Sigma} \widehat{f}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \, dS(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}).$$
(29)

Then \hat{f} , the pullback of f, can be written as

$$\widehat{f} = \left(\frac{\|\dot{\gamma}_t\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|} f \circ \gamma_t\right) \circ \gamma^{-1}. \tag{30}$$

The pullback is generally defined as $\hat{f} = \omega_t f \circ \mathsf{T}^t_{\mathcal{V}}$. It's easy to check that the two definitions are equivalent with the following relationship

$$\gamma_t = \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t \circ \gamma = \gamma + t \mathcal{V} \circ \gamma, \quad \omega_t = \frac{\|\dot{\gamma_t}\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|} \circ \gamma^{-1}.$$
 (31)

In this way, surface integral of the arclength derivative is transformed as follows

$$\int_{\Sigma_{t}} \frac{df}{ds_{t}}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x}) = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\|} \frac{df(\gamma_{t}(\tau))}{d\tau} \|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\| \, d\tau$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{\|\dot{\gamma}(\tau)\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\|} \frac{d\hat{f}(\gamma(\tau))}{d\tau} + \frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{\|\dot{\gamma}(\tau)\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}(\tau)\|} \right) \hat{f}(\gamma(\tau)) \, d\tau$$

$$= \int_{\Sigma} \frac{1}{\omega_{t}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})} \frac{d\hat{f}}{ds}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) - \frac{1}{\omega_{t}^{2}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})} \frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \, \hat{f}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \, dS(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}). \tag{32}$$

Generally, the surface integral of function $g:\Omega\to\mathbb{R}$ is transformed to Γ_i using

$$\int_{\Gamma_t} g(\boldsymbol{x}) \, dS(\boldsymbol{x}) = \int_{\Gamma_t} g(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})) \, \omega_t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \, dS(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}), \quad \omega_t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) = \|\mathbf{C}(\mathsf{DT}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})\|, \tag{33}$$

where $\mathbf{C}(\mathbf{M})$ denotes the co-factor matrix for $\mathbf{M} \in \mathbb{R}^{2,2}$. The unit normal vector field \mathbf{n}_t on Γ_t is transformed according to

$$\boldsymbol{n}_t(\boldsymbol{x}) = \frac{\mathbf{C}(\mathsf{DT}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}))\,\boldsymbol{n}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})}{\omega_t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})}, \quad \boldsymbol{x} := \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}), \ \widehat{\boldsymbol{x}} \in \Gamma_i.$$
(34)

3.2.3 Transformed BIEs

Transformed variational BIEs

$$\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_i(t) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \ \widehat{\psi}_i(t) \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \ \mathfrak{u}(t) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \ \psi(t) \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N):$$

$$\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{\varepsilon_{2}}+1\right)\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_{i}(t),\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i})+2\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\widehat{\psi}_{i}(t))+\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{W,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{u}(t),\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i})+\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,iD}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\psi(t))$$

$$=-\widehat{\mathsf{b}}_{W,Di}(t;\mathfrak{g},\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i})-\widehat{\mathsf{b}}_{K,iN}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\eta)\quad\forall\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i}\in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{i}), \quad (35)$$

$$2\widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{u}}_{i}(t),\widehat{\phi}_{i}) - \left(\frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{\varepsilon_{1}} + 1\right)\widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,ii}(t;\widehat{\psi}_{i}(t),\widehat{\phi}_{i}) + \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,Ni}(t;\mathbf{u}(t),\widehat{\phi}_{i}) - \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,Di}(t;\psi(t),\widehat{\phi}_{i})$$

$$= -\widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{K,Di}(t;\mathfrak{g},\widehat{\phi}_{i}) + \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{V,Ni}(t;\eta,\widehat{\phi}_{i}) \quad \forall \widehat{\phi}_{i} \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{i}), \quad (36)$$

$$\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{W,iN}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_{i}(t),\mathfrak{v}) + \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{v},\widehat{\psi}_{i}(t)) + \mathsf{a}_{W,NN}(\mathfrak{u}(t),\mathfrak{v}) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{v},\psi(t)) \\
= -\mathsf{b}_{W,DN}(\mathfrak{g},\mathfrak{v}) + \frac{1}{2}\ell_{\eta}(\mathfrak{v}) - \mathsf{b}_{K,NN}(\mathfrak{v},\eta) \quad \forall \mathfrak{v} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_{D}}(\Gamma_{D} \cup \Gamma_{N}). \quad (37)$$

$$\begin{split} \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,iD}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_i(t),\phi) - \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{V,iD}(t;\widehat{\psi}_i(t),\phi) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{u}(t),\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,DD}(\psi(t),\phi) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}\ell_{\mathfrak{g}}(\phi) - \mathsf{b}_{K,DD}(\mathfrak{g},\phi) + \mathsf{b}_{V,ND}(\eta,\phi) \quad \forall \phi \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \quad (38) \end{split}$$

with

$$\begin{split} \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,ii}(t;\widehat{\varphi}_i,\widehat{\phi}_i) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \, \widehat{\varphi}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\phi}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,iD}(t;\widehat{\varphi}_i,\phi) &= \int_{\Gamma_D} \int_{\Gamma_i} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathbf{y}) \, \widehat{\varphi}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \phi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}), \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,Di}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{y}},\widehat{\phi}_i) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_D} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathbf{y}) \, \varphi(\mathbf{y}) \, \widehat{\phi}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{v}}_i,\widehat{\phi}_i) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \cdot \mathbf{C}(\mathsf{D}\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \, \mathbf{n}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \omega_t^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{v}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\phi}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,iD}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{v}}_i,\phi) &= \int_{\Gamma_D} \int_{\Gamma_i} \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \cdot \mathbf{C}(\mathsf{D}\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \, \mathbf{n}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \omega_t^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{v}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \phi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,Ni}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{y}}_i,\phi) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \, \left(\omega_t^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) - \omega_t^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \right) \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i,\widehat{\mathbf{v}}) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \, \left(\omega_t^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) - \omega_t^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \right) \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i,\widehat{\mathbf{v}}) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{y}) \, \frac{d\widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) - \omega_t^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \right) \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i,\widehat{\mathbf{v}}) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{y}) \, \frac{d\widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) - \omega_t^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \right) \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{f}}_i,\widehat{\mathbf{v}}) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{y}) \, \frac{d\widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) - \omega_t^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \right) \\ \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathbf{h}}_i,\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) &= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} G$$

3.3 BIE-Constrained shape derivative

3.3.1 Lagrangian function

Define the Lagrangian function

$$\begin{split} L(t;(\widehat{\mathfrak{f}}_{i},\widehat{\varphi}_{i},\mathfrak{f},\varphi),&(\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\widehat{\varphi}_{i},\mathfrak{v},\phi)) \\ :=&J(\mathfrak{f},\varphi) \\ &+ \left(\frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{\varepsilon_{2}}+1\right)\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{W,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{f}}_{i},\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i})+2\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\widehat{\varphi}_{i})+\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{W,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{f},\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i})+\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,iD}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\varphi) \\ &+ \widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{W,Di}(t;\mathfrak{g},\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i})+\widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{K,iN}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\eta) \\ &+ 2\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,ii}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{f}}_{i},\widehat{\varphi}_{i})-\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{\varepsilon_{1}}+1\right)\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{V,ii}(t;\widehat{\varphi}_{i},\widehat{\varphi}_{i})+\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{f},\widehat{\varphi}_{i})-\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{V,Di}(t;\varphi,\widehat{\varphi}_{i}) \\ &+ \widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{K,Di}(t;\mathfrak{g},\widehat{\varphi}_{i})-\widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{V,Ni}(t;\eta,\widehat{\varphi}_{i}) \\ &+ \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{W,iN}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{f}}_{i},\mathfrak{v})+\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,Ni}(t;\mathfrak{v},\widehat{\varphi}_{i})+\mathfrak{a}_{W,NN}(\mathfrak{f},\mathfrak{v})+\mathfrak{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{v},\varphi) \\ &+ \mathfrak{b}_{W,DN}(\mathfrak{g},\mathfrak{v})-\frac{1}{2}\ell_{\eta}(\mathfrak{v})+\mathfrak{b}_{K,NN}(\mathfrak{v},\eta) \\ &+ \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,iD}(t;\widehat{\mathfrak{f}}_{i},\varphi)-\widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{V,iD}(t;\widehat{\varphi}_{i},\varphi)+\mathfrak{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{f},\varphi)-\mathfrak{a}_{V,DD}(\varphi,\varphi) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2}\ell_{\mathfrak{g}}(\varphi)+\mathfrak{b}_{K,DD}(\mathfrak{g},\varphi)-\mathfrak{b}_{V,ND}(\eta,\varphi). \end{split} \tag{40}$$

Then $\widehat{\mathcal{E}}(\mathcal{V};t)$ can be expressed as

$$\mathcal{E}(\mathcal{V};t) = J(\mathfrak{u}(t),\psi(t)) = L(t;(\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_i(t),\widehat{\psi}_i(t),\mathfrak{u}(t),\psi(t)),(\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i,\widehat{\phi}_i,\mathfrak{v},\phi))$$

$$\forall (\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i,\widehat{\phi}_i,\mathfrak{v},\phi) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i) \times H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i) \times H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N) \times H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N). \tag{41}$$

3.3.2 Adjoint problem

The shape derivative $\frac{d\mathcal{E}}{d\Omega_1}(\Omega_1; \mathcal{V}) = \frac{d\widehat{\mathcal{E}}}{dt}(\mathcal{V}; 0)$ can be computed as the derivative of the Lagrangian function with respect to t. Since the dependence of the state solution $(\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_i(t), \widehat{\psi}_i(t), \mathfrak{u}(t), \psi(t))$ on t is complicated, solve the adjoint variational problem to eliminate the partial derivative of L with respect to it: seek $(\rho_i, \pi_t, \rho, \pi) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i) \times H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i) \times H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N) \times H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N)$ such that

$$\left\langle \frac{\partial L}{\partial(\widehat{\mathfrak{f}}_{i},\widehat{\varphi}_{i},\mathfrak{f},\varphi)}(0;(\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_{i}(0),\widehat{\psi}_{i}(0),\mathfrak{u}(0),\psi(0)),(\rho_{i},\pi_{i},\rho,\pi)),(\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\widehat{\phi},\mathfrak{v},\phi) \right\rangle = 0$$

$$\forall (\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_{i},\widehat{\phi}_{i},\mathfrak{v},\phi) \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{i}) \times H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{i}) \times H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_{D}}(\Gamma_{D} \cup \Gamma_{N}) \times H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_{N}}(\Gamma_{D} \cup \Gamma_{N}). \tag{42}$$

To be specific,

$$\rho_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \ \pi_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \ \rho \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \ \pi \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N) :$$

$$\left(\frac{\varepsilon_1}{\varepsilon_2} + 1\right) \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{W,ii}(0;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i, \rho_i) + 2 \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,ii}(0;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i, \pi_i) + \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{W,iN}(0;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i, \rho) + \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,iD}(0;\widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i, \pi) = 0 \quad \forall \widehat{\mathfrak{v}}_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \tag{43}$$

$$2\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,ii}(0;\rho_i,\widehat{\phi}_i) - \left(\frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} + 1\right)\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{V,ii}(0;\widehat{\phi}_i,\pi_i) + \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,Ni}(0;\rho,\widehat{\phi}_i) - \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{V,iD}(0;\widehat{\phi}_i,\pi) = 0 \quad \forall \widehat{\phi}_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \tag{44}$$

$$\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{W,Ni}(0;\mathfrak{v},\rho_i) + \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,Ni}(0;\mathfrak{v},\pi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{W,NN}(\mathfrak{v},\rho) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{v},\pi) = -\left\langle \frac{\partial J}{\partial \mathfrak{f}}(\mathfrak{u}(0),\psi(0)),\mathfrak{v}\right\rangle \\ \forall \mathfrak{v} \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_D}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \quad (45)$$

$$\widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{K,iD}(0;\rho_i,\phi) - \widehat{\mathsf{a}}_{V,Di}(0;\phi,\pi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\rho,\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,DD}(\phi,\pi) = -\left\langle \frac{\partial J}{\partial \varphi}(\mathfrak{u}(0),\psi(0)),\phi \right\rangle$$

$$\forall \phi \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}_{\Gamma_N}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \quad (46)$$

which is equivalent to

$$\left(\frac{\varepsilon_1}{\varepsilon_2} + 1\right) \mathsf{a}_{W,ii}(0; \mathfrak{v}_i, \rho_i) + 2 \,\mathsf{a}_{K,ii}(0; \mathfrak{v}_i, \pi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{W,iN}(0; \mathfrak{v}_i, \rho) + \mathsf{a}_{K,iD}(0; \mathfrak{v}_i, \pi) = 0$$

$$\forall \mathfrak{v}_i \in H^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \quad (47)$$

$$2\,\mathsf{a}_{K,ii}(0;\rho_i,\phi_i) - \left(\frac{\varepsilon_2}{\varepsilon_1} + 1\right)\mathsf{a}_{V,ii}(0;\phi_i,\pi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{K,Ni}(0;\rho,\phi_i) - \mathsf{a}_{V,iD}(0;\phi_i,\pi) = 0$$

$$\forall \phi_i \in H^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_i), \quad (48)$$

$$\mathsf{a}_{W,Ni}(0;\mathfrak{v},\rho_i) + \mathsf{a}_{K,Ni}(0;\mathfrak{v},\pi_i) + \mathsf{a}_{W,NN}(\mathfrak{v},\rho) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\mathfrak{v},\pi) = \frac{\varepsilon_2}{2} \int_{\Gamma_N} \mathfrak{v}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x})$$

$$\forall \mathfrak{v} \in H_{\Gamma_D}^{\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_D \cup \Gamma_N), \quad (49)$$

$$\mathsf{a}_{K,iD}(0;\rho_{i},\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,Di}(0;\phi,\pi_{i}) + \mathsf{a}_{K,ND}(\rho,\phi) - \mathsf{a}_{V,DD}(\phi,\pi) = \frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{2} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \phi(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x})$$

$$\forall \phi \in H_{\Gamma_{N}}^{-\frac{1}{2}}(\Gamma_{D} \cup \Gamma_{N}). \quad (50)$$

3.3.3 Shape derivative

$$\begin{split} \frac{d\widehat{\mathcal{E}}}{dt}(\mathcal{V};0) &= \frac{\partial L}{\partial t}(0;(\widehat{\mathfrak{u}}_{i}(0),\widehat{\psi}_{i}(0),\mathfrak{u}(0),\psi(0)),(\rho_{i},\pi_{i},\rho,\pi)) \\ &= \left(\frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{\varepsilon_{2}}+1\right) \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{W,ii}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{u}_{i},\rho_{i}) + 2 \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,ii}}{\partial t}(0;\rho_{i},\psi_{i}) + \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{W,Ni}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{u},\rho_{i}) + \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,iD}}{\partial t}(0;\rho_{i},\psi) \\ &+ \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{W,Di}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{g},\rho_{i}) + \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{K,iN}}{\partial t}(0;\rho_{i},\eta) \\ &+ 2 \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,ii}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{u}_{i},\pi_{i}) - \left(\frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{\varepsilon_{1}}+1\right) \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{V,ii}}{\partial t}(0;\psi_{i},\pi_{i}) + \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,Ni}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{u},\pi_{i}) - \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{V,Di}}{\partial t}(0;\psi,\pi_{i}) \\ &+ \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{K,Di}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{g},\pi_{i}) - \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{b}}_{V,Ni}}{\partial t}(0;\eta,\pi_{i}) \\ &+ \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{W,iN}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{u}_{i},\rho) + \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,Ni}}{\partial t}(0;\phi,\psi_{i}) \\ &+ \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{K,iD}}{\partial t}(0;\mathfrak{u}_{i},\pi) - \frac{\partial \widehat{\mathfrak{a}}_{V,iD}}{\partial t}(0;\psi_{i},\pi), \end{split}$$

with building blocks

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,ii}}{\partial t}(0; \psi_i, \pi_i) = \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} \frac{dG(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^t(\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}))}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} \psi_i(\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}) \,\pi_i(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\boldsymbol{y}}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\boldsymbol{x}})$$

$$= \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} (\nabla_{\boldsymbol{x}} G(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{y}} G(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y})) \,\psi_i(\boldsymbol{y}) \,\pi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_i} \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y})) \,\psi_i(\boldsymbol{y}) \,\pi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}),$$
(52)

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,iD}}{\partial t}(0;\psi_i,\pi) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_D} \int_{\Gamma_i} \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y}) \,\psi_i(\boldsymbol{y}) \,\pi(\boldsymbol{x}) \,\mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}), \tag{53}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{V,Di}}{\partial t}(0;\psi,\pi_i) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_0} \int_{\Gamma_0} \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \psi(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \pi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}), \tag{54}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,ii}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{u}_{i}, \pi_{i}) = \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{d\left(\nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^{t}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathsf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^{t}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \cdot \mathbf{C}(\mathsf{DT}_{\mathcal{V}}^{t}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})) \, \mathbf{n}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \omega_{t}^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}})\right)}{dt} \bigg|_{t=0} \mathbf{u}_{i}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \pi_{i}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}})$$

$$= \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} \left(\nabla_{\mathbf{x}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) + \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})\right) \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_{i}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})$$

$$+ \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \cdot \left(\nabla \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) - \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y})\right) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})$$

$$- \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left(\nabla \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) - \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y})\right) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_{i}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}))}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_{i}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})$$

$$- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_{i}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_{i}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}),$$
(55)

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,ii}}{\partial t}(0; \rho_{i}, \psi_{i}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y}))}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \rho_{i}(\boldsymbol{y}) \psi_{i}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \\
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} 2 \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{4}} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left((\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y})) \right) \rho_{i}(\boldsymbol{y}) \psi_{i}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \\
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \rho_{i}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \psi_{i}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}) \\
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left(\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \right) \rho_{i}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \psi_{i}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}), \tag{56}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,iD}}{\partial t}(0; \rho_{i}, \psi) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \rho_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \psi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} 2 \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{4}} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left((\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \rho_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \psi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \, \rho_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \psi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left(\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \rho_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \psi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}), \tag{57}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,iD}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{u}_{i}, \pi) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} 2 \, \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{4}} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left((\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{D}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left(\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}), \tag{58}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,Ni}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{u}, \pi_i) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \frac{\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x})}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2} \, \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_i(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} 2 \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^4} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left((\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{y}) \, \pi_i(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}),$$
(59)

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{K,Ni}}{\partial t}(0; \rho, \psi_i) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \frac{\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{x})}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \rho(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \psi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x})
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} 2 \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^4} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left((\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{x}) \right) \rho(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \psi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}),$$
(60)

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \widehat{\partial} w_{,ii}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{u}_{i}, \rho_{i}) &= \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{dG(\mathbf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^{+}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}), \mathbf{T}_{\mathcal{V}}^{+}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}))}{dt} \bigg|_{t=0} \frac{d\mathbf{u}_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \\ &+ \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}, \widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\omega_{t}^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \frac{d\mathbf{u}_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) - \omega_{t}^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds} \, \mathbf{u}_{i}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \\ &+ \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}, \widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\mathbf{u}_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\omega_{t}^{-1}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) - \omega_{t}^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds} \, \rho_{i}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \\ &+ \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\mathbf{x}, \widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\mathbf{u}_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) - \omega_{t}^{-2}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds} \, \rho_{i}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \\ &= \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \cdot \nabla (\mathbf{x}) + \nabla_{\mathbf{y}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \frac{d\mu_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \, \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \\ &- \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \frac{d\mu_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{y}}) \mathrm{d}S(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}) \\ &- \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \frac{d\mu_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \rho_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}) \\ &- \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} G(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \frac{du_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \rho_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})) \, \frac{du_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \frac{d\omega_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \, \frac{d\rho_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \bigg|_{t=0} \, \frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \, \rho_{i}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,iN}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{u}_{i}, \rho) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{N}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^{2}} \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})) \frac{d\mathbf{u}_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{N}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \left(\nabla \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) - \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y})\right) \frac{d\mathbf{u}_{i}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_{N}} \int_{\Gamma_{i}} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds}(\mathbf{y})\right) \Big|_{t=0} \mathbf{u}_{i}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}), \tag{62}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{a}}_{W,Ni}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{u}, \rho_i) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2} \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})) \frac{d\mathbf{u}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho_i}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \left(\nabla \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \frac{d\mathbf{u}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho_i}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \Big|_{t=0} \frac{d\mathbf{u}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \, \rho_i(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}), \tag{63}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{V,Ni}}{\partial t}(0;\eta,\pi_i) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \eta(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \pi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}), \tag{64}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{K,Di}}{\partial t}(0; \mathfrak{g}, \pi_i) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_D} \frac{\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{x})}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \, \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \pi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x})
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_D} 2 \, \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^4} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left((\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{x}) \right) \, \mathfrak{g}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \pi_i(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\boldsymbol{x}),$$
(65)

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{K,iN}}{\partial t}(0; \rho_i, \eta) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_N} \int_{\Gamma_i} \frac{\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2} \rho_i(\mathbf{y}) \, \eta(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_N} \int_{\Gamma_i} 2 \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^4} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left((\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \rho_i(\mathbf{y}) \, \eta(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
- \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_N} \int_{\Gamma_i} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \, \rho_i(\mathbf{y}) \, \eta(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_N} \int_{\Gamma_i} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2} \cdot \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \left(\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\mathbf{y}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{y}) \right) \rho_i(\mathbf{y}) \, \eta(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}), \tag{66}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{W,Di}}{\partial t}(0; \mathbf{g}, \rho_i) = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \frac{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|^2} \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{y})) \frac{d\mathbf{g}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho_i}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \left(\nabla \cdot \mathcal{V}(\mathbf{x}) - \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathbf{n}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \frac{d\mathbf{g}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \frac{d\rho_i}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x})
+ \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma_i} \int_{\Gamma_N} \log \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \, \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\mathbf{x}) \right) \Big|_{t=0} \frac{d\mathbf{g}}{ds}(\mathbf{y}) \, \rho_i(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{y}) \mathrm{d}S(\mathbf{x}).$$
(67)

The shape derivative of $d\omega_t/ds$ can be computed in the parameter domain as defined in Section 3.2.2

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_{t}}{ds} \circ \gamma \right) \Big|_{t=0} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|} \frac{d}{d\tau} \left(\frac{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|} \right) \right) \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{2} \|\dot{\gamma}_{t}\|} \dot{\gamma}_{t} \cdot \ddot{\gamma}_{t} - \frac{\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}\|}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{4}} \dot{\gamma} \cdot \ddot{\gamma} \right) \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$= -\frac{2}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{4}} \frac{d\|\dot{\gamma}_{t}\|}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} \dot{\gamma} \cdot \ddot{\gamma} + \frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{3}} \frac{d\dot{\gamma}_{t}}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} \cdot \ddot{\gamma} + \frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{3}} \dot{\gamma} \cdot \frac{d\ddot{\gamma}_{t}}{dt} \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$= -\frac{2(\mathcal{V} \circ \gamma) \cdot \dot{\gamma}}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{5}} \dot{\gamma} \cdot \ddot{\gamma} + \frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{3}} ((\mathsf{D}\mathcal{V} \circ \gamma) \dot{\gamma}) \cdot \ddot{\gamma} + \frac{1}{\|\dot{\gamma}\|^{3}} \dot{\gamma} \cdot ((\mathsf{D}^{2}\mathcal{V} \circ \gamma) (\dot{\gamma}, \dot{\gamma}) + (\mathsf{D}\mathcal{V} \circ \gamma) \ddot{\gamma}).$$
(68)

$4 \quad BEM$

4.1 Link

Code is available at https://github.com/gninr/FCSCD.git

4.2 Notations

- $\vec{\mu}_i, \vec{\varphi}_i, \vec{\mu}, \vec{\varphi}$ denote the coefficient vectors of state solution $\mathfrak{u}_i, \psi_i, \mathfrak{u}, \psi$.
- $\vec{\rho}_i, \vec{\pi}_i, \vec{\rho}, \vec{\pi}$ denote the coefficient vectors of adjoint solution ρ_i, π_i, ρ, π .
- $\vec{\gamma}, \vec{\eta}$ denote the coefficient vectors of interpolants of \mathfrak{g}, η .
- \mathbf{A}_{mn} denotes the block of Galerkin matrix \mathbf{A} corresponding to basis functions associated with entities $\in \Gamma_m, \Gamma_n$, where $m, n \in \{i, D, N\}$. Note that the order of m and n is reversed compared to that in (17).

4.3 Linear system of equations

The discrete version of state problem is

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{\varepsilon_{2}}+1\right)\mathbf{W}_{ii} & 2\left(\mathbf{K}^{\top}\right)_{ii} & \mathbf{W}_{iN} & \left(\mathbf{K}^{\top}\right)_{iD} \\
2\mathbf{K}_{ii} & -\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{\varepsilon_{1}}+1\right)\mathbf{V}_{ii} & \mathbf{K}_{iN} & -\mathbf{V}_{iD} \\
\mathbf{W}_{Ni} & \left(\mathbf{K}^{\top}\right)_{Ni} & \mathbf{W}_{NN} & \left(\mathbf{K}^{\top}\right)_{ND} \\
\mathbf{K}_{Di} & -\mathbf{V}_{Di} & \mathbf{K}_{DN} & -\mathbf{V}_{DD}
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
\vec{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_{i} \\
\vec{\boldsymbol{\varphi}}_{i} \\
\vec{\boldsymbol{\mu}} \\
\vec{\boldsymbol{\varphi}}
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix}
-\mathbf{W}_{iD} & -\left(\mathbf{K}^{\top}\right)_{iN} \\
-\mathbf{K}_{iD} & \mathbf{V}_{iN} \\
-\mathbf{W}_{ND} & \frac{1}{2}\left(\mathbf{M}^{\top}\right)_{NN} - \left(\mathbf{K}^{\top}\right)_{NN} \\
\begin{bmatrix}
\vec{\boldsymbol{\gamma}} \\
\vec{\boldsymbol{\eta}}
\end{bmatrix}
\end{cases} (69)$$

The discrete version of adjoint problem is

$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\varepsilon_{1}}{\varepsilon_{2}} + 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{W}_{ii} & 2 \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{K}^{\top} \end{pmatrix}_{ii} & \mathbf{W}_{iN} & (\mathbf{K}^{\top})_{iD} \\ 2\mathbf{K}_{ii} & -\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{\varepsilon_{1}} + 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{V}_{ii} & \mathbf{K}_{iN} & -\mathbf{V}_{iD} \\ \mathbf{W}_{Ni} & (\mathbf{K}^{\top})_{Ni} & \mathbf{W}_{NN} & (\mathbf{K}^{\top})_{ND} \\ \mathbf{K}_{Di} & -\mathbf{V}_{Di} & \mathbf{K}_{DN} & -\mathbf{V}_{DD} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vec{\boldsymbol{\rho}}_{i} \\ \vec{\boldsymbol{\pi}}_{i} \\ \vec{\boldsymbol{\rho}} \\ \vec{\boldsymbol{\pi}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{\boldsymbol{0}} \\ \vec{\boldsymbol{0}} \\ -\frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{M}^{\top} \end{pmatrix}_{NN} \vec{\boldsymbol{\eta}} \\ -\frac{\varepsilon_{2}}{2} \mathbf{M}_{DD} \vec{\boldsymbol{\gamma}} \end{bmatrix}$$
(70)

4.4 Building blocks

Defined in factors.hpp.

4.4.1 Kernels

• Kernel1

$$\frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y})) \tag{71}$$

• Kernel2

$$\frac{x-y}{\|x-y\|^2} \cdot \mathcal{V}(y) \tag{72}$$

• Kernel3

$$\frac{\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y}))}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} - 2 \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{4}} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left((\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot (\mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y})) \right) - \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \\
+ \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left(\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\mathcal{V}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \right) \quad (73)$$

• Kernel4

$$-\frac{\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{y})}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} + 2\frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{4}} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left((\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}(\boldsymbol{y}) \right) - \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \mathsf{D}\boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) + \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^{2}} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \left(\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \mathsf{D}\boldsymbol{\mathcal{V}}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{y}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{y}) \right)$$
(74)

• Kernel5

$$\frac{\boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{x}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y})}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2} - 2 \frac{\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}}{\|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^4} \cdot \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{x}) \left((\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}) \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{y}) \right)$$
(75)

• LogKernel

$$\log \|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\| \tag{76}$$

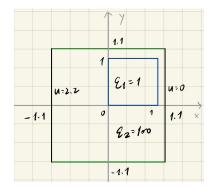


Figure 2: Square inner dielectric for validation

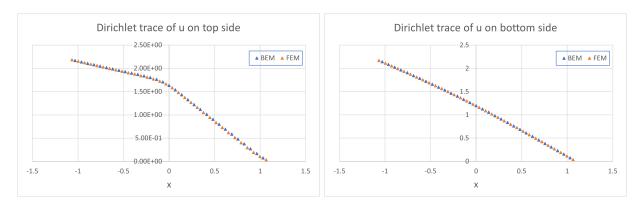


Figure 3: Result

4.4.2 Factors

Let b denote a shape function.

• Factor1 $b(\boldsymbol{x})$ (77)

• Factor2 $\frac{db}{ds}(\boldsymbol{x}) \tag{78}$

• Factor3 $\left(\nabla \cdot \mathcal{V}(\boldsymbol{x}) - \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{x}) \cdot \mathsf{D} \mathcal{V}^{\top}(\boldsymbol{x}) \, \boldsymbol{n}(\boldsymbol{x}) \right) \frac{db}{ds}(\boldsymbol{x})$ (79)

• Factor4 $\left. \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\omega_t}{ds}(\boldsymbol{x}) \right) \right|_{t=0} b(\boldsymbol{x}) \tag{80}$

4.5 Validation

4.5.1 State problem

An FEM-implementation is used for validation of the BEM-implementation. The simple test case used is shown in Figure 2. An informal qualitative validation by comparing the Dirichlet trace of solution on top and bottom sides of the outer dielectric, i.e., $\vec{\mu}$, is given in Figure 3.

4.5.2 Force computation