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Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation



National Institute of Standards and Technology Technology Administration U.S. Department of Commerce

Methods and Techniques

Morris Dworkin

COMPUTER SECURITY



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Computer Security Division Information Technology Laboratory National Institute of Standards and Technology Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8930

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U.S. Department of Commerce

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Abstract

This recommendation defines six modes of operation for use with an underlying symmetric key block cipher algorithm. Five of the modes are confidentiality modes: Electronic Codebook (ECB), Cipher Block Chaining (CBC), Cipher Feedback (CFB), Output Feedback (OFB), and Counter (CTR). This recommendation also defines an authentication mode based on the CBC mode (CBC-MAC). Used with an underlying block cipher algorithm that is approved in a Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS), the modes in this recommendation can provide cryptographic protection for sensitive, but unclassified, computer data.

KEY WORDS: Authentication, computer security; cryptography; data security; block cipher; encryption; Federal Information Processing Standard; mode of operation.

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1 Purpose

This publication provides recommendations regarding modes of operation to be used with symmetric key block cipher algorithms.

2 Authority

This document has been developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in furtherance of its statutory responsibilities under the Computer Security Act of 1997 (Public Law 100-235) and the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1996, specifically 15 U.S.C. 278 g-3(a)(5). This is not a guideline within the meaning of (15 U.S.C. 278 g-3 (a)(5).

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3 Introduction

This recommendation specifies six modes of operation for symmetric key block cipher algorithms, such as the algorithm specified in the proposed Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) [2]. The cryptographic key controls the functioning of the block cipher and, thus, by extension, controls the modes. Because the specification of the block cipher itself is typically made available to the public, cryptographic security depends on the secrecy of the cryptographic key, at a minimum.

The modes in this recommendation are intended for use with any symmetric key block cipher algorithm that is approved by a Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS). The size of the input blocks to the block cipher algorithm must be the same as the size of the output blocks. A secret cryptographic key must be entered into the device implementing the block cipher algorithm prior to the execution of the mode of operation.

This recommendation specifies five modes that can provide data confidentiality, and one mode that can provide data authentication. The confidentiality modes are the Electronic Codebook (ECB), Cipher Block Chaining (CBC), Cipher Feedback (CFB), Output Feedback (OFB), and Counter (CTR) modes. The authentication mode is the Cipher Block Chaining-Message Authentication Code (CBC-MAC) mode.

This recommendation builds on three FIPS publications that approve modes of operation of two particular FIPS-approved block cipher algorithms. FIPS Pub. 81 [4] specifies the ECB, CBC, CFB, and OFB modes of the Data Encryption Standard (DES). Modes that are essentially equivalent to the CBC-MAC mode of the DES are specified both in the appendix of FIPS Pub. 81 and in FIPS Pub. 113 [5]. FIPS Pub. 46-3 [3] approves the seven modes that are specified in ANSI X9.52 [1]. Four of these modes are equivalent to the ECB, CBC, CFB, and OFB modes with the Triple DES algorithm (TDEA) as the underlying block cipher; the other three modes in ANSI X9.52 are variants of the CBC, CFB, and OFB modes of Triple DES that use interleaving or pipelining.

4 Definitions, Abbreviations, and Symbols

4.1 Definitions and Abbreviations

Authentication Mode	A mode that is used to determine that a message has not been changed since leaving its point of origin. The authentication mode in this recommendation is the CBC-MAC mode.
Bit	A binary digit: 0 or 1.
Bit Error	The substitution of a '0' bit for a '1' bit, or vice versa.
Bit String	An ordered sequence of 0's and 1's.
Block Cipher	A family of functions and their inverse functions that is parameterized by cryptographic keys; the functions map bit strings of a fixed length to bit strings of the same length.
Block Size	The number of bits in an input (or output) block of the block cipher.
CBC	Cipher Block Chaining.
CBC-MAC	Cipher Block Chaining-Message Authentication Code
CFB	Cipher Feedback.
Ciphertext	Encrypted data.
Confidentiality Mode	A mode that is used to encipher plaintext and decipher ciphertext. The confidentiality modes in this recommendation are the ECB, CBC, CFB, OFB, and CTR modes.
CTR	Counter
Cryptographic Key	A parameter used in the block cipher algorithm that determines the forward cipher operation and the inverse cipher operation.
Data Block (Block)	A sequence of bits whose length is the block size of the block cipher.
Data Segment (Segment)	In the CFB mode, a sequence of bits whose length is a parameter that does not exceed the block size.

Decryption (Deciphering)	The routine of a confidentiality mode that transforms the ciphertext into the plaintext.
ECB	Electronic Codebook
Encryption (Enciphering)	The routine of a confidentiality mode that transforms the plaintext into the ciphertext.
Exclusive-OR	The bitwise addition, modulo 2, of two bit strings of equal length.
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standard.
Forward Cipher Function (Forward Cipher Operation)	One of the two functions of the block cipher algorithm that is selected by the cryptographic key.
Initialization Vector (IV)	A data block independent of the key and the plaintext that is a parameter for the CBC, CFB, and OFB modes.
Input Block	A data block that is an input to either the forward cipher function or the inverse cipher function of the block cipher algorithm.
Inverse Cipher Function (Inverse Cipher Operation)	The function that reverses the transformation of the forward cipher function when the same cryptographic key is used.
Least Significant Bit(s)	The right-most bit(s) of a bit string.
Message Authentication Code (MAC)	The output of an authentication mode of operation.
Mode of Operation (Mode)	An algorithm for the cryptographic transformation of data that features a symmetric key block cipher algorithm.
Most Significant Bit(s)	The left-most bit(s) of a bit string.
Nonce	A value that is used only once.
Octet	A group of eight binary digits.
OFB	Output Feedback.
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Output Block	A data block that is an output of either the forward cipher function or the inverse cipher function of the block cipher algorithm.
Plaintext	Usable data.

4.2 Symbols

4.2.1 Variables

- b The block size, in bits.
- *j* The index to a sequence of data blocks or data segments ordered from left to right.
- *n* The number of data blocks or data segments in the plaintext.
- *s* The number of bits in a data segment.
- *t* The number of bits in a truncated MAC.
- *u* The number of bits in a partial plaintext or ciphertext block.
- C_i The j^{th} ciphertext block or ciphertext segment.
- \widetilde{C}_n A partial ciphertext block.
- I_j The j^{th} input block.
- *IV* The initialization vector.
- *K* The secret key.
- O_i The j^{th} output block.
- P_i The j^{th} plaintext block or plaintext segment.
- \tilde{P}_n A partial plaintext block.
- T_i The j^{th} counter that is used in the CTR mode.

4.2.2 Operations and Functions

 $X \mid Y$ The concatenation of two bit strings X and Y.

The bitwise exclusive-OR of two bit strings X and Y of the same length.

CIPH_K(X) The forward cipher function of the block cipher algorithm under the key K applied to the data block X.

CIPH $^{-1}_{K}(X)$ The inverse cipher function of the block cipher algorithm under the key K applied to the data block X.

LSB_x(X) The bit string consisting of the X least significant bits of the bit string X.

MSB_x(X) The bit string consisting of the X most significant bits of the bit string X.

The binary representation of the non-negative integer x, in a given number of bits.

 $[x]_2$

5 Block Cipher Modes of Operation

The mathematical specifications of the six modes are given in Sections 3.1-3.6, along with descriptions, illustrations, and comments on the potential for parallel processing.

This recommendation assumes that a FIPS-approved symmetric key block cipher algorithm has been chosen as the underlying algorithm, and that a secret, random key, denoted K, has been established for processing the data. The input and output blocks of the block cipher algorithm are assumed to have the same length, called the block size.

A confidentiality mode of operation of the block cipher algorithm consists of two routines that are inverses of each other, encryption and decryption. Encryption is the transformation of a usable message, called the plaintext, into an unreadable form, called the ciphertext; decryption is the transformation that recovers the plaintext from the ciphertext.

For any given key, the underlying block cipher algorithm of the mode also consists of two functions that are inverses of each other. These two functions are often called encryption and decryption, but in this recommendation, those terms are reserved for the routines of the confidentiality modes. Instead, as part of the choice of the block cipher algorithm, one of the two functions is designated as the forward cipher function, denoted $CIPH_{\kappa}$; the other function is then called the inverse cipher function, denoted $CIPH_{\kappa}^{-1}$. The inputs and outputs of both functions are called input blocks and output blocks.

For all of the modes in this recommendation except the CFB mode, the plaintext is represented as a sequence of bit strings called data blocks, whose length is the block size. For the CFB mode, the plaintext is represented as a sequence of bit strings called data segments, whose length is a predetermined parameter that does not exceed the block size. The formatting of the plaintext, including any padding bits that are appended to form complete data blocks or data segments, is outside the scope of this recommendation; see Appendix A for a brief discussion of padding.

For the confidentiality modes in this recommendation, the encryption process transforms each data block or segment of the plaintext into a corresponding data block or segment of the ciphertext. Thus, the ciphertext is a sequence of data blocks or segments. Let n represent the number of data blocks, or, for the CFB mode, the number of data segments, in the plaintext. In the specifications of the modes, the plaintext blocks (or segments) are denoted $P_1, P_2, ..., P_n$, and the corresponding ciphertext blocks (or segments) are denoted $P_1, P_2, ..., P_n$, and

The authentication mode in this recommendation, CBC-MAC, is applied to the entire plaintext to produce a single value called the message authentication code (MAC), denoted *MAC*.

Some of the modes require, in addition to the plaintext, a data block called an initialization vector (IV), denoted *IV*. The IV does not have to be secret.

The concatenation operation on bit strings is denoted |; for example, 001 | 10111 = 00110111.

The functions LSB_s and MSB_s return the s least significant bits and the s most significant bits of

their arguments. For example, $LSB_3(111011010) = 010$, and $MSB_4(111011010) = 1110$.

Given bit strings of equal length, the exclusive-OR operation, denoted \oplus , specifies the addition, modulo 2, of the bits in each bit position, without carries. For example, $10011 \oplus 10101 = 00110$.

Given a non-negative (decimal) integer x, the binary representation of x in a given number of bits is denoted by $[x]_2$. For example, as an 8 bit string, $[45]_2 = 00101101$.

5.1 The Electronic Codebook Mode

The Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode is a confidentiality mode that is defined as follows:

ECB Encryption: $C_i = CIPH_K(P_i)$ for $j = 1 \dots n$.

ECB Decryption: $P_j = CIPH^{-1}_{K}(C_j)$ for $j = 1 \dots n$.

In ECB encryption, the forward cipher function is applied directly, and independently, to each block of the plaintext. The resulting sequence of output blocks is the ciphertext.

In ECB decryption, the inverse cipher function is applied directly, and independently, to each block of the ciphertext. The resulting sequence of output blocks is the plaintext.

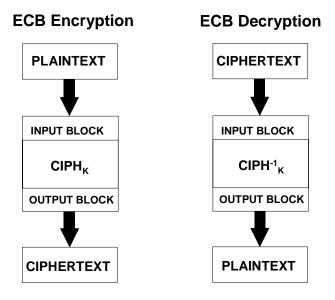


Figure 1: The ECB Mode

In ECB encryption and ECB decryption, multiple forward cipher functions and inverse cipher functions can be computed in parallel.

In the ECB mode, under a given key, a given plaintext block always gets encrypted as the same

ciphertext block. If this property is undesirable in a particular application, the ECB mode should not be used.

The ECB mode is illustrated in Figure 1.

5.2 The Cipher Block Chaining Mode

The Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode is a confidentiality mode that requires an IV whose integrity should be protected, as discussed in Appendix D. The CBC mode is defined as follows:

CBC Encryption: $C_1 = CIPH_K(P_1 \oplus IV);$

 $C_1 = CIPH_{\kappa}(P_1 \oplus IV);$ $C_j = CIPH_{\kappa}(P_j \oplus C_{j-1})$ for $j = 2 \dots n$.

CBC Decryption: $P_1 = CIPH^{-1}_{K}(C_1) \oplus IV;$

 $P_{1} = CIPH^{-1}_{K}(C_{1}) \oplus IV;$ $P_{j} = CIPH^{-1}_{K}(C_{j}) \oplus C_{j-1} \qquad \text{for } j = 2 \dots n.$

In CBC encryption, the first input block is formed by exclusive-ORing the first block of the plaintext with the IV. The forward cipher function is applied to the first input block, and the resulting output block is the first block of the ciphertext. This output block is also exclusive-ORed with the second plaintext data block to produce the second input block, and the forward cipher function is applied to produce the second output block. This output block, which is the second ciphertext block, is exclusive-ORed with the next plaintext block to form the next input block. All of the successive plaintext blocks are "chained" in this way with the previous output/ciphertext blocks to produce the input blocks. The forward cipher function is applied to each input block to produce the ciphertext blocks.

In CBC decryption, the inverse cipher function is applied to the first ciphertext block, and the resulting output block is exclusive-ORed with the initialization vector to recover the first plaintext block. The inverse cipher function is also applied to the second ciphertext block, and the resulting output block is exclusive-ORed with the first ciphertext block to recover the second plaintext block. In general, to recover any plaintext block (except the first), the inverse cipher function is applied to the corresponding ciphertext block, and the resulting block is exclusive-ORed with the previous ciphertext block.

In CBC encryption, the input block to each forward cipher operation (except the first) depends on the result of the previous forward cipher operation, so the forward cipher operations cannot be performed in parallel. In CBC decryption, however, the input blocks for the inverse cipher function, i.e., the ciphertext blocks, are immediately available, so that multiple inverse cipher operations can be performed in parallel.

In the CBC mode under a given key, if a fixed IV is used to encrypt two plaintexts in which the initial blocks $P_1, P_2, ..., P_j$ are equal, for any integer j, then the corresponding ciphertext blocks will also be equal. If this property is undesirable in a particular application, then one remedy is to use unique IVs; another remedy is to incorporate a unique string for each message, such as a message identifier, into the first plaintext block.

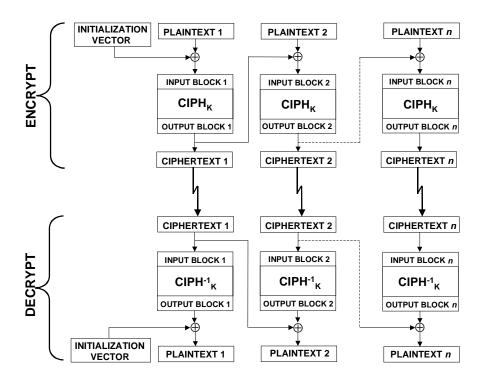


Figure 2: The CBC Mode

The CBC mode is illustrated in Figure 2.

5.3 The Cipher Feedback Mode

The Cipher Feedback (CFB) mode is a confidentiality mode that requires an IV and an integer parameter, denoted s, such that $1 \le s \le b$. In this mode, each plaintext segment (P_j) and ciphertext segment (C_j) consists of s bits. The value of s is sometimes incorporated into the name of the mode, as in the following three examples: the 1-bit CFB mode, the 8-bit CFB mode, and the s-bit CFB mode. The CFB mode is defined as follows:

CFB Encryption:
$$I_{j} = IV;$$
 $I_{j} = LSB_{b-s}(I_{j-1}) \mid C_{j-1}$ for $j = 2 \dots n;$ $O_{j} = CIPH_{k}(I_{j})$ for $j = 1, 2 \dots n;$ $C_{j} = P_{j} \oplus MSB_{s}(O_{j})$ for $j = 1, 2 \dots n.$ CFB Decryption: $I_{j} = IV;$ $I_{j} = LSB_{b-s}(I_{j-1}) \mid C_{j-1}$ for $j = 2 \dots n;$ $O_{j} = CIPH_{k}(I_{j})$ for $j = 1, 2 \dots n;$ $O_{j} = CIPH_{k}(I_{j})$ for $j = 1, 2 \dots n;$ $P_{j} = C_{j} \oplus MSB_{s}(O_{j})$ for $j = 1, 2 \dots n.$

In CFB encryption, the first input block is the IV, and the forward cipher operation is applied to the IV to produce the first output block. The first ciphertext segment is produced by exclusive-

ORing the first plaintext segment with the segment of the s most significant bits of the first output block. (The remaining b-s bits of the first output block are discarded.) The b-s least significant bits of the IV are then concatenated with the s bits of the first ciphertext segment to form the second input block. An alternative description of the formation of the second input block is that the bits of the first input block circularly shift s positions to the left, and then the ciphertext segment replaces the s least significant bits of the result.

The process is repeated with the successive input blocks until a ciphertext segment is produced from every plaintext segment. In general, each successive input block is enciphered to produce an output block. The segment of the s most significant bits of each output block is exclusive-ORed with the corresponding plaintext segment to form a ciphertext segment. Each ciphertext segment (except the last one) is "fed back" into the least significant bits of the previous input block, as described above, to form a new input block. The feedback can be described in terms of the individual bits in the strings as follows: if $i_1i_2...i_b$ is the jth input block, and $c_1c_2...c_s$ is the jth ciphertext, then the $(j+1)^{th}$ input block is $i_{s+1}i_{s+2}...i_b$ $c_1c_2...c_s$.

In CFB decryption, the IV is the first input block, and each successive input block is formed as in CFB encryption, by concatenating the *b-s* least significant bits of the previous input block with the *s* most significant bits of the previous ciphertext. The *forward cipher* function is applied to each input block to produce the output blocks. The segments of the *s* most significant bits of the output blocks are exclusive-ORed with the corresponding ciphertext segments to recover the plaintext segments.

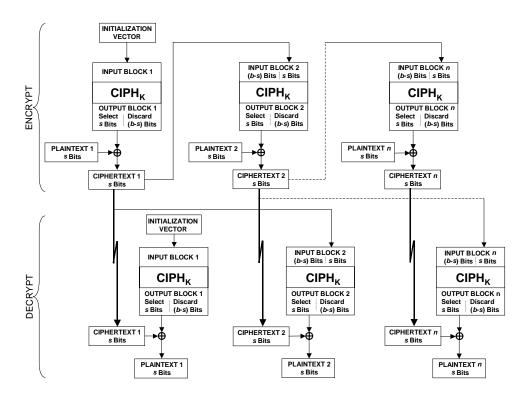


Figure 3: The CFB Mode

In CFB encryption, like CBC encryption, the input block to each forward cipher function (except the first) depends on the result of the previous forward cipher function; therefore, multiple forward cipher operations cannot be performed in parallel. In CFB decryption, the required forward cipher operations can be performed in parallel, if the input blocks are first constructed (in series) from the IV and the ciphertext.

In the CFB mode under a given key, if a fixed IV is used to encrypt two plaintexts in which the initial segments P_1 , P_2 ,..., P_j are equal, for any integer j, then the corresponding ciphertext segments will also be equal. If this property is undesirable in a particular application, then one remedy is to use unique IVs; another remedy is to incorporate a unique string for each message, such as a message identifier, into the first plaintext block.

The CFB mode is illustrated in Figure 3.

5.4 The Output Feedback Mode

The Output Feedback (OFB) mode is a confidentiality mode that requires a unique IV for every message that is ever encrypted under the given key. The OFB mode is defined as follows:

OFB Encryption:	$I_{I} = IV;$	
	$I_{j} = O_{j-1}$	for $j = 2 \dots n$;
	$O_j = CIPH_{\scriptscriptstyle K}(I_j)$	for $j = 1, 2 n$;
	$C_j = P_j \oplus O_j$	for $j = 1, 2 n$.
OFB Decryption:	$I_{_{I}}=IV;$	
	$I_{j} = O_{j-1}$	for $j = 2 \dots n$;
	$O_j = CIPH_{\scriptscriptstyle K}(I_j)$	for $j = 1, 2 n$;
	$P_i = C_i \oplus O_i$	for $j = 1, 2 n$.

In OFB encryption, the IV is transformed by the forward cipher function to produce the first output block. The first output block is exclusive-ORed with the first plaintext block to produce the first ciphertext block. The first output block is then transformed by the forward cipher function to produce the second output block. The second output block is exclusive-ORed with the second plaintext block to produce the second ciphertext block, and the second output block is transformed by the forward cipher function to produce the third output block. Thus, the successive output blocks are produced from enciphering the previous output blocks, and the output blocks are exclusive-ORed with the corresponding plaintext blocks to produce the ciphertext blocks.

In OFB decryption, the IV is transformed by the *forward cipher* function to produce the first output block. The first output block is exclusive-ORed with the first ciphertext block to recover the first plaintext block. The first output block is then transformed by the forward cipher function to produce the second output block. The second output block is exclusive-ORed with the second ciphertext block to produce the second plaintext block, and the second output block is also transformed by the forward cipher function to produce the third output block. Thus, the

successive output blocks are produced from enciphering the previous output blocks, and the output blocks are exclusive-ORed with the corresponding ciphertext blocks to recover the plaintext blocks.

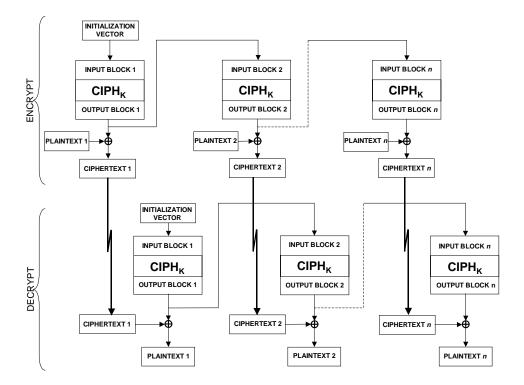


Figure 4: The OFB Mode

In both OFB encryption and OFB decryption, each forward cipher function (except the first) depends on the results of the previous forward cipher function; therefore, multiple forward cipher functions cannot be performed in parallel. However, if the IV is known, the output blocks can be generated prior to the availability of the plaintext or ciphertext data.

The OFB mode requires a unique IV for every message that is ever encrypted under the given key. If, contrary to this requirement, the same IV is used for the encryption of more than one message, then the confidentiality of those messages may be compromised. In particular, if a plaintext block of any of these messages is known, say, the *j*th plaintext block, then the *j*th output of the forward cipher function can be determined easily from the *j*th ciphertext block of the message. This information allows the *j*th plaintext block of any other message that is encrypted using the same IV to be easily recovered from the *j*th ciphertext block of that message.

Confidentiality may similarly be compromised if *any* of the input blocks to the forward cipher function for the encryption of a message is used as the IV for the encryption of another message under the given key.

The OFB mode is illustrated in Figure 4.

5.5 The Counter Mode

The Counter (CTR) mode is confidentiality mode that requires a sequence of blocks, called counters, with the property that each block in the sequence is different than every other block. This condition is not restricted to a single message: across all of the messages that are encrypted under the given key, all of the counters must be distinct. In this recommendation, the counters are denoted T_1, T_2, \ldots, T_n . Methods for generating counters are discussed in Appendix B. Given a sequence of counters, T_1, T_2, \ldots, T_n , the CTR mode is defined as follows:

CTR Encryption:	$O_{j} = CIPH_{k}(T_{j})$ $C_{j} = P_{j} \oplus O_{j}$	for $j = 1, 2 n$; for $j = 1, 2 n$.
CTR Decryption:	$O_{j} = CIPH_{K}(T_{j})$ $P_{i} = C_{i} \oplus O_{i}$	for $j = 1, 2 n$; for $j = 1, 2 n$.

In CTR encryption, the counters are each transformed by the forward cipher function, and the resulting blocks are exclusive-ORed with the corresponding plaintext blocks to produce the ciphertext blocks.

In CTR decryption, the counters are each transformed by the *forward cipher* function, and the resulting blocks are exclusive-ORed with the corresponding ciphertext blocks to recover the plaintext blocks.

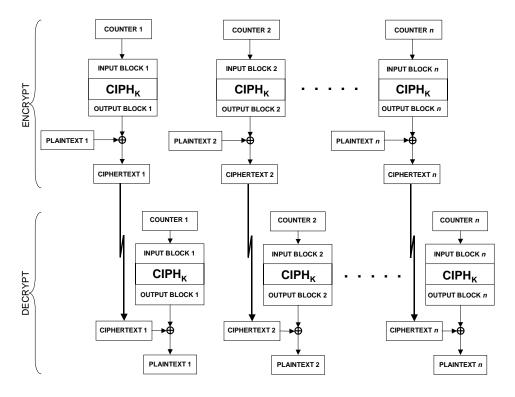


Figure 5: The CTR Mode

In both CTR encryption and CTR decryption, the forward cipher functions can be performed in parallel; similarly, the plaintext block that corresponds to any particular ciphertext block can be recovered independently from the other plaintext blocks, if the corresponding counter block can be determined. Moreover, the forward cipher functions can be applied to the counters prior to the availability of the plaintext or ciphertext data.

The CTR mode is illustrated in Figure 5.

5.6 The Cipher Block Chaining-Message Authentication Code Mode

The Cipher Block Chaining-Message Authentication Code (CBC-MAC) mode is an authentication mode that requires a secret key that is distinct from any key used for encryption. Moreover, every plaintext that is authenticated using the CBC-MAC mode under a given key should consist of the same number of blocks, n; the value of n may vary for different keys. The CBC-MAC mode is defined as follows:

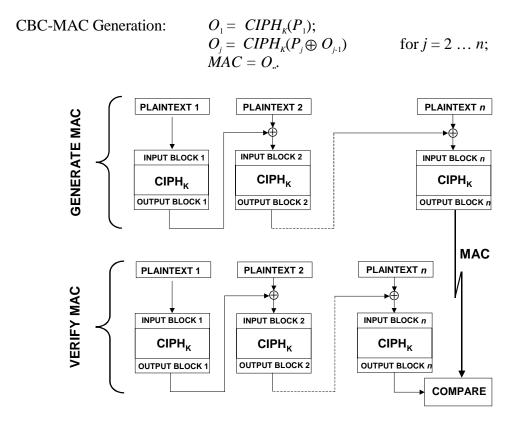


Figure 6: The CBC-MAC Mode

In CBC-MAC generation, output blocks corresponding to each plaintext block are generated in essentially the same manner as the ciphertext blocks in CBC encryption, described in Section 3, omitting the IV (equivalently, the IV can be considered to be the "zero block", consisting of all '0' bits). The MAC is the final output block.

For CBC-MAC verification, the verifying party generates the CBC-MAC as described above,

and then compares the result to the received MAC value. If the MAC values are the same, then the verification is successful, and the data is considered to be authentic; a limitation of this conclusion is discussed in Appendix C. If the MAC values do not match, then the verification is unsuccessful.

As in the case of CBC encryption, defined in Section 3.2, the CBC-MAC mode does not allow the forward cipher operations to be performed in parallel, because the input block to any forward cipher operation depends on the results of the previous operation.

For some applications, it may be desirable to truncate the output, O_n , of the CBC-MAC mode, so that its length in bits, denoted t, is less than the block length. To obtain the truncated MAC, the above definition of MAC is replaced with the following: $MAC=MSB_t(O_n)$. In general, this recommendation requires that $b/2 \le t \le b$. For some applications, discussed in Appendix C, the restriction on t may be relaxed to $32 \le t \le b$.

The CBC-MAC mode is illustrated in Figure 6.

Appendix A: Padding

The following formatting size requirement applies to each mode in this recommendation: the plaintext must be a sequence of complete data blocks (or, for CFB mode, data segments). In other words, the total number of bits in the data string that represents the formatted message must be an integer multiple of the block (or segment) size. Any partial data block (or segment) will require special handling within each particular application.

For the OFB and CTR modes, the special handling can be achieved by a straightforward modification of the mode. In particular, suppose that a message consists of n-1 full plaintext blocks, $P_1, P_2, ..., P_{n-1}$, followed by a partial plaintext block, denoted \tilde{P}_n , that consists of u bits, where $1 \le u < b$. The specifications of both OFB and CTR encryption are modified by replacing the formula for the last ciphertext block C_n with the following formula for a partial ciphertext block, denoted \tilde{C}_n , that also consists of u bits: $\tilde{C}_n = \tilde{P}_n \oplus MSB_u(O_n)$; the rest of the specifications are unchanged. The specifications of both OFB and CTR decryption are modified by replacing the formula for P_n with the following formula: $\tilde{P}_n = \tilde{C}_n \oplus MSB_u(O_n)$. The rest of the specifications for OFB and CTR decryption are unchanged.

If the application permits the number of bits in the message to expand, then the special handling may be to append extra bits, called padding, to complete the block (or segment). Three examples of padding methods are presented in this appendix. Under each of the methods, the padding bits can be removed unambiguously, provided the receiver can determine that the message is indeed padded. One way to ensure that the receiver does not mistakenly remove bits from an unpadded message is to require the sender to pad every message, including messages that already satisfy the formatting size requirement. For such messages, an entire block (or segment) of padding is appended. Alternatively, such messages can be sent without padding, if, for every message, the existence of padding is communicated in some way.

In the first method, the data string is padded at the trailing end with the complement of the trailing bit of the unpadded message: if the trailing bit is '1,' then '0' bits are appended, and if the trailing bit is '0,' then '1' bits are appended. As few bits are added as are necessary to meet the formatting size requirement.

In the second method, the data string is padded at the trailing end with a single '1' bit, and the resulting string is padded at the trailing end by as few '0' bits (possibly none) as are necessary to meet the formatting size requirement.

In the third method, taken from RFC 2630 [6], there is redundancy in the padding. Let B be the number of octets in the data blocks (or segments) and let L be the number of octets in the data string. The data string is padded at the trailing end with B-(L mod B) octets, each of which is the binary representation of B-(L mod B). In other words, the input is padded at the trailing end with one of the following strings:

00000001 if $L \mod B = B-1$

where $[B]_2$ and $[B-1]_2$ are the binary representations of B and B-1 as octets. There are two conditions for using this method: the data blocks (or segments) and the data string must be expressible in octets, i.e., their lengths in bits are a multiple of 8, and B must satisfy $2 \le B \le 256$.

Appendix B: Generation of Counter Blocks

The specification of the CTR mode requires a unique counter block for each plaintext block that is ever encrypted under a given key, across all messages. If, contrary to this requirement, a counter block is used repeatedly, then the confidentiality of all of the plaintext blocks corresponding to that counter block may be compromised. In particular, if any plaintext block that is encrypted using a given counter block is known, then the output of the forward cipher function can be determined easily from the associated ciphertext block. This output allows any other plaintext blocks that are encrypted using the same counter block to be easily recovered from their associated ciphertext blocks.

There are two aspects to satisfying the uniqueness requirement. First, an incrementing function for generating the counters blocks from any initial counter block can ensure counter blocks do not repeat within a given message. Second, the initial counter blocks, T_1 , must be chosen to ensure that counters are unique across all messages that are encrypted under the given key.

B.1 The Standard Incrementing Function

In general, given the initial counter block for a message, the successive counter blocks are derived by applying an incrementing function. Let n be the number of blocks in the given plaintext message, and b is the number of bits in the block.

The standard incrementing function can apply either to an entire block or to a part of a block. Let m be the number of bits in the specific part of the block to be incremented, so that m is a positive integer such that $m \le b$. Any string of m bits can be regarded as the binary representation of a non-negative integer x that is strictly less than 2^m . The standard incrementing function takes $[x]_2$, the binary representation of x in m bits, and returns $[x+1 \mod 2^m]_2$, the binary representation in m bits of the following integer, x+1, modulo 2^m .

For example, let the standard incrementing function apply to the five least significant bits of eight bit blocks, so that b=8 and m=5 (unrealistically small values); let * represent each unknown bit in this example, and let ***11110 represent a block to be incremented. The following sequence of blocks results from four applications of the standard incrementing function:

```
 \begin{array}{c} * \ * \ * \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \\ * \ * \ * \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \\ * \ * \ * \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \\ * \ * \ * \ * \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0. \end{array}
```

Counter blocks in which a given set of m bits are incremented by the standard incrementing function satisfy the uniqueness requirement within the given message provided that $n \le 2^m$. Whether the uniqueness requirement for counter blocks is satisfied across all messages that are encrypted under a given key then depends on the choices of the initial counter blocks for the messages, discussed in the next section.

This recommendation permits the use of any other incrementing function that generates n unique strings of m bits in succession from the allowable initial strings. For example, if the initial string of m bits is not the "zero" string, i.e., if it contains at least one '1' bit, then an incrementing function can be constructed from a linear feedback shift register that is specialized to ensure a sufficiently large period; see Ref. [7] for information about linear feedback shift registers.

B.2 Choosing Initial Counter Blocks

The initial counter blocks, T_1 , for each message that is encrypted under the given key must be chosen in a manner than ensures the uniqueness of all the counter blocks across all the messages. Two examples of approaches to choosing the initial counter blocks are given in this section.

In the first approach, for a given key, all plaintext messages are encrypted sequentially. Within the messages, the same fixed set of m bits of the counter block is incremented by the standard incrementing function. The initial counter block for the initial plaintext message may be any string of b bits. The initial counter block for any subsequent message can be obtained by applying the standard incrementing function to the fixed set of m bits of the final counter block of the latest message. In effect, all of the plaintext messages that are ever encrypted under the given key are concatenated into a single message; consequently, the total number of plaintext blocks must not exceed 2^m . Procedures should be established to ensure the maintenance of the state of the final counter block of the latest encrypted message, and to ensure the proper sequencing of the messages.

A second approach to satisfying the uniqueness property across messages is to assign to each message a unique string of b/2 bits (rounding up, if b is odd), in other words, a message nonce, and to incorporate the message nonce into every counter block for the message. The leading b/2 bits (rounding up if b is odd) of each counter block would be the message nonce, and the standard incrementing function would be applied to the remaining m bits to provide an index to the counter blocks for the message. Thus, if N is the message nonce for a given message, then the jth counter block is given by $T_j = N \mid [j]_2$, where $[j]_2$ is the binary representation of j in m bits, for j = 1...n. The number of blocks, n, in any message must satisfy $n < 2^m$. A procedure should be established to ensure the uniqueness of the message nonces.

This recommendation allows other methods and approaches for achieving the uniqueness property. Validation that an implementation of the CTR mode conforms to this recommendation will typically include an examination of the procedures for assuring the uniqueness of counter blocks within messages and across all messages that are encrypted under a given key.

Appendix C: A Limitation of MAC Algorithms

The successful CBC-MAC verification of a MAC does not completely guarantee that the accompanying message is authentic: there is a chance that a source with no knowledge of the key can present a purported MAC on the plaintext message that will pass the verification procedure. For example, an arbitrary purported MAC of t bits on an arbitrary plaintext message may be successfully verified with an expected probability of $(1/2)^t$. This limitation is inherent in any MAC algorithm.

The limitation is magnified if an application permits a given inauthentic message to be repeatedly presented for verification with different purported MACs. Each individual trial succeeds only with a small probability, $(1/2)^t$; however, for repeated trials, the probability increases that, eventually, one of the MACs will be successfully verified. Similarly, if an application permits a given purported MAC to be presented with different inauthentic messages, then the probability increases that, eventually, the MAC will be successfully verified for one of the messages.

Therefore, in general, if the MAC is truncated, then its length, t, should be chosen as large as is practical, with at least half as many bits as the block size, b. The minimum value for t is relaxed to 32 bits for applications in which the two types of repeated trials that are described in the previous paragraph are sufficiently restricted. For example, the application, or the protocol that controls the application, may monitor all of the plaintext messages and MACs that are presented for verification, and permanently reject any plaintext message or any MAC that is included in sufficiently many unsuccessful trials. Another example occurs when the bandwidth of the communications channel is low enough to preclude sufficiently many trials, of either type.

Appendix D: Error Properties

A bit error is the substitution of a '0' bit for a '1' bit, or vice versa. This appendix contains a discussion of the effects of bit errors in ciphertext blocks (or segments), counter blocks, and IVs on the modes in this recommendation. Insertion or deletion of bits into ciphertext blocks (or segments) is also discussed.

For any confidentiality mode, if there are any bit errors in a single ciphertext block (or segment), then the decryption of that ciphertext block (or segment) will be incorrect, i.e., it will differ from the original plaintext block (or segment). In the CFB, OFB, and CTR modes, the bit error(s) in the decrypted ciphertext block (or segment) occur in the same bit position(s) as in the ciphertext block (or segment); the other bit positions are not affected. In the ECB and CBC modes, a bit error may occur, independently, in any bit position of the decrypted ciphertext block, with an expected error rate of fifty percent, depending on the strength of the underlying block cipher.

For the ECB, OFB, and CTR modes, bit errors within a ciphertext block do not affect the decryption of any other blocks. In the CBC mode, any bit positions that contain bit errors in a ciphertext block will also contain bit errors in the decryption of the succeeding ciphertext block; the other bit positions are not affected. In the CFB mode, bit errors in a ciphertext segment affect the decryption of the next b/s (rounded up to the nearest integer) ciphertext segments. A bit error may occur, independently, in any bit position in the decrypted segments, with an expected error rate of fifty percent.

Similarly, for the CTR mode, if there is a bit error in a counter block, then a bit error may occur, independently, in any bit position of the decryption of the corresponding ciphertext, with an expected error rate of fifty percent.

Bit errors in IVs also affect the decryption process. In the OFB mode, bit errors in the IV affect the decryption of every ciphertext block. In the CFB mode, bit errors in the IV affect, at a minimum, the decryption of the first ciphertext segment, and possibly successive ciphertext segments, depending on the bit position of the rightmost bit error in the IV. (In general, a bit error in the *i*th most significant bit position affects the decryptions of the first *i*/s (rounding up) ciphertext segments.) For both the OFB and CFB modes, a bit error may occur, independently, in any bit position of the affected ciphertext blocks (or segments), with an expected error rate of fifty percent. In the CBC mode, if bit errors occur in the IV, then the first ciphertext block will be decrypted incorrectly, and bit errors will occur in exactly the same bit positions as in the IV; the decryptions of the other ciphertext blocks are not affected.

Consequently, for the CBC mode, the decryption of the first ciphertext block is vulnerable to the (deliberate) introduction of bit errors in specific bit positions of the IV if the integrity of the IV is not protected. Similarly, for the OFB and CTR modes, the decryption of any ciphertext block is vulnerable to the introduction of specific bit errors into that ciphertext block if its integrity is not protected. The same property also holds for the ciphertext segments in the CFB mode; however, for every ciphertext segment except the last one, the existence of such bit errors may be detected by their randomizing effect on the decryption of the succeeding ciphertext segment.

Table D.1 summarizes the effects of bit errors in a ciphertext block or IV on the decryption of the ciphertext for each of the five confidentiality modes.

Table D.1: Summary of Effect of Bit Errors on Decryption

Mode	Effect of Bit Errors in C_i	Effect of Bit Errors in the IV
ECB	RBE in the decryption of C_j	Not applicable
СВС	RBE in the decryption of C_j SBE in the decryption of C_{i+1}	SBE in the decryption of C_1
CFB	SBE in the decryption of C_j RBE in the decryption of $C_{i_1},, C_{i_k b_k}$	RBE in the decryption of $C_1, C_2,, C_j$ for some j between 1 and b/s
OFB	SBE in the decryption of C_i	RBE in the decryption of $C_1, C_2,, C_n$
CTR	SBE in the decryption of C_j	Not applicable *

RBE: random bit errors, i.e., bit errors occur independently in any bit position with an expected probability of ½.

SBE: specific bit errors, i.e., bit errors occur in the same bit position(s) as the original bit error(s).

The deletion or insertion of bits into a ciphertext block (or segment) spoils the synchronization of the block (or segment) boundaries; in effect, bit errors may occur in the bit position of the inserted or deleted bit, and in every subsequent bit position. Therefore, the decryptions of the subsequent ciphertext blocks (or segments) will almost certainly be incorrect until the synchronization is restored. When the 1-bit CFB mode is used, then the synchronization is automatically restored b+1 positions after the inserted or deleted bit. For other values of s in the CFB mode, and for the other confidentiality modes in this recommendation, the synchronization must be restored externally.

In the CBC-MAC mode, the MAC verification will fail if there are any bit errors in the received MAC.

^{*} Bit errors in the jth counter block, T_i , result in RBE in the decryption of C_i .

Appendix E: Modes of Triple DES

FIPS Pub 46-3 [FIPS 46-3] specifies the Data Encryption Standard (DES) algorithm and approves its three-fold, compound operation that is specified in ANSI X9.52 [1]: the Triple Data Encryption Algorithm (TDEA). Essentially, the TDEA consists of the application of the forward DES algorithm, i.e., DES encryption, under one key, followed by the application of the inverse DES algorithm, i.e., DES decryption, under a second key, followed by the application of the forward DES algorithm under a third key. The TDEA is often called Triple DES.

FIPS Pub 46-3 also approves the seven modes of operation of Triple DES that are specified in ANSI X9.52. Four of those modes are equivalent to modes in this recommendation with the TDEA as the underlying block cipher. In particular, the TECB, TCBC, and TOFB modes in ANSI X9.52 are equivalent to the ECB, CBC, and OFB modes in this recommendation, with the TDEA as the underlying block cipher; the TCFB mode in ANSI X9.52 is equivalent to the CFB mode in this recommendation, with the TDEA as the underlying block cipher, provided that the possible choices of the parameter *s* (the segment size) are restricted to three values: 1, 8, and 64. The remaining three modes in ANSI X9.52 are TCBC-I, TCFB-P, and TOFB-I; they are mode variants that allow for interleaving or pipelining; this recommendation does not provide analogues of these three modes.

The Triple DES *modes* in ANSI X9.52 should not be used as the underlying block cipher algorithm for the modes in this recommendation. However, the Triple DES *algorithm*, i.e., TDEA, as described above, may be used as the underlying block cipher algorithm for the six modes in this recommendation. Two of the resulting modes of Triple DES are new, i.e., not specified in ANSI X9.52: the CTR mode of the TDEA, and the CBC-MAC mode of the TDEA.

Appendix F: Example Vectors for Modes of Operation of the AES

In this appendix, three examples are provided for each of the modes in this recommendation with the AES [2] as the underlying block cipher: one example is given for each of the allowed key sizes (128, 192, and 256 bits). Some intermediate results are presented. For the five confidentiality modes, examples are provided for both encryption and decryption. Examples are provided for 1-bit, 8-bit, and 128 bit CFB. The plaintext for all but two of these examples is equivalent to the following string of hexadecimal characters, formatted into four 128 bit blocks:

6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710.

For the example of 1-bit CFB, the plaintext is the first 16 bits in the above string; for the example of 8-bit CFB, the plaintext is the first 18 octets in the above string. All strings are presented in hexadecimal notation, except in the example of 1-bit CFB, where the plaintext and ciphertext segments are single bits.

F.1 ECB Example Vectors

F.1.1 ECB-AES	128-Encrypt
Key	2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c
Block #1	
Plaintext	6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
Input Block	6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
Output Block	3ad77bb40d7a3660a89ecaf32466ef97
Ciphertext	3ad77bb40d7a3660a89ecaf32466ef97
Block #2	
Plaintext	ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Input Block	ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Output Block	f5d3d58503b9699de785895a96fdbaaf
Ciphertext	f5d3d58503b9699de785895a96fdbaaf
Block #3	
Plaintext	30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
Input Block	30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
Output Block	43b1cd7f598ece23881b00e3ed030688
Ciphertext	43b1cd7f598ece23881b00e3ed030688
Block #4	
Plaintext	f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Input Block	f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Output Block	7b0c785e27e8ad3f8223207104725dd4
Ciphertext	7b0c785e27e8ad3f8223207104725dd4

F.1.2 ECB-AES128-Decrypt

Key2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3cBlock #13ad77bb40d7a3660a89ecaf32466ef97Input Block3ad77bb40d7a3660a89ecaf32466ef97

6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Output Block Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Block #2 Ciphertext f5d3d58503b9699de785895a96fdbaaf f5d3d58503b9699de785895a96fdbaaf Input Block Output Block ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Block #3 43b1cd7f598ece23881b00e3ed030688 Ciphertext 43b1cd7f598ece23881b00e3ed030688 Input Block Output Block 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Block #4 Ciphertext 7b0c785e27e8ad3f8223207104725dd4 Input Block 7b0c785e27e8ad3f8223207104725dd4 Output Block f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.1.3 ECB-AES192-Encrypt

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b

Block #1
Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
Input Block 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
Output Block bd334f1d6e45f25ff712a214571fa5cc
Block #2

Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Input Block ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Output Block 974104846d0ad3ad7734ecb3ecee4eef
Ciphertext 974104846d0ad3ad7734ecb3ecee4eef

Block #3
Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
Input Block 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
Output Block ef7afd2270e2e60adce0ba2face6444e
Ciphertext ef7afd2270e2e60adce0ba2face6444e

Block #4
Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Input Block f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Output Block 9a4b41ba738d6c72fb16691603c18e0e
9a4b41ba738d6c72fb16691603c18e0e

F.1.4 ECB-AES192-Decrypt

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b

Block #1
Ciphertext bd334f1d6e45f25ff712a214571fa5cc
Input Block bd334f1d6e45f25ff712a214571fa5cc
Output Block 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
Block #2

 Ciphertext
 974104846d0ad3ad7734ecb3ecee4eef

 Input Block
 974104846d0ad3ad7734ecb3ecee4eef

 Output Block
 ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

 Plaintext
 ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Block #3 Ciphertext ef7afd2270e2e60adce0ba2face6444e ef7afd2270e2e60adce0ba2face6444e Input Block Output Block 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext Block #4 Ciphertext 9a4b41ba738d6c72fb16691603c18e0e Input Block 9a4b41ba738d6c72fb16691603c18e0e f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Output Block f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext

F.1.5 ECB-AES256-Encrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 Block #1 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Input Block 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a f3eed1bdb5d2a03c064b5a7e3db181f8 Output Block Ciphertext f3eed1bdb5d2a03c064b5a7e3db181f8 Block #2 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Input Block ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 591ccb10d410ed26dc5ba74a31362870 Output Block Ciphertext 591ccb10d410ed26dc5ba74a31362870 Block #3 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Input Block 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Output Block b6ed21b99ca6f4f9f153e7b1beafed1d Ciphertext b6ed21b99ca6f4f9f153e7b1beafed1d

Block #4
Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Input Block f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Output Block 23304b7a39f9f3ff067d8d8f9e24ecc7
Ciphertext 23304b7a39f9f3ff067d8d8f9e24ecc7

F.1.6 ECB-AES256-Decrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4

Block #1 f3eed1bdb5d2a03c064b5a7e3db181f8 Ciphertext Input Block f3eed1bdb5d2a03c064b5a7e3db181f8 Output Block 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Plaintext Block #2 591ccb10d410ed26dc5ba74a31362870 Ciphertext 591ccb10d410ed26dc5ba74a31362870 Input Block Output Block ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Plaintext Block #3 Ciphertext b6ed21b99ca6f4f9f153e7b1beafed1d b6ed21b99ca6f4f9f153e7b1beafed1d Input Block Output Block 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Plaintext

Block #4
Ciphertext 23304b7a39f9f3ff067d8d8f9e24ecc7
Input Block 23304b7a39f9f3ff067d8d8f9e24ecc7
Output Block f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.2 CBC Example Vectors

F.2.1 CBC-AES128-Encrypt

2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f ΙV Block #1 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Input Block 6bc0bce12a459991e134741a7f9e1925 Output Block 7649abac8119b246cee98e9b12e9197d Ciphertext 7649abac8119b246cee98e9b12e9197d Block #2 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 d86421fb9f1a1eda505ee1375746972c Input Block Output Block 5086cb9b507219ee95db113a917678b2 5086cb9b507219ee95db113a917678b2 Ciphertext Block #3 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Input Block 604ed7ddf32efdff7020d0238b7c2a5d Output Block 73bed6b8e3c1743b7116e69e22229516 73bed6b8e3c1743b7116e69e22229516 Ciphertext Block #4 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Input Block 8521f2fd3c8eef2cdc3da7e5c44ea206 Output Block 3ff1caa1681fac09120eca307586e1a7

3ff1caa1681fac09120eca307586e1a7

F.2.2 CBC-AES128-Decrypt

Ciphertext

2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Block #1 Ciphertext 7649abac8119b246cee98e9b12e9197d Input Block 7649abac8119b246cee98e9b12e9197d Output Block 6bc0bce12a459991e134741a7f9e1925 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Plaintext Block #2 Ciphertext 5086cb9b507219ee95db113a917678b2 Input Block 5086cb9b507219ee95db113a917678b2 d86421fb9f1a1eda505ee1375746972c Output Block Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Block #3 Ciphertext 73bed6b8e3c1743b7116e69e22229516 73bed6b8e3c1743b7116e69e22229516 Input Block Output Block 604ed7ddf32efdff7020d0238b7c2a5d Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Block #4 3ff1caa1681fac09120eca307586e1a7 Ciphertext 3ff1caa1681fac09120eca307586e1a7 Input Block

Output Block 8521f2fd3c8eef2cdc3da7e5c44ea206 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

CBC-AES192-Encrypt F.2.3

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b

IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Block #1 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Input Block 6bc0bce12a459991e134741a7f9e1925 Output Block 4f021db243bc633d7178183a9fa071e8 4f021db243bc633d7178183a9fa071e8 Ciphertext

Block #2

Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Input Block e12f97e55dbfcfa1efcf7796da0fffb9 Output Block b4d9ada9ad7dedf4e5e738763f69145a b4d9ada9ad7dedf4e5e738763f69145a Ciphertext

Block #3

Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Input Block 8411b1ef0e2109e5001cf96f256346b5 Output Block 571b242012fb7ae07fa9baac3df102e0 Ciphertext 571b242012fb7ae07fa9baac3df102e0

Block #4

Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Input Block a1840065cdb4e1f7d282fbd7db9d35f0 Output Block 08b0e27988598881d920a9e64f5615cd 08b0e27988598881d920a9e64f5615cd Ciphertext

F.2.4

CBC-AES192-Decrypt 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b Key

ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Block #1

Ciphertext 4f021db243bc633d7178183a9fa071e8 4f021db243bc633d7178183a9fa071e8 Input Block Output Block 6bc0bce12a459991e134741a7f9e1925 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Block #2

Ciphertext b4d9ada9ad7dedf4e5e738763f69145a b4d9ada9ad7dedf4e5e738763f69145a Input Block Output Block e12f97e55dbfcfa1efcf7796da0fffb9 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Block #3

Ciphertext 571b242012fb7ae07fa9baac3df102e0 571b242012fb7ae07fa9baac3df102e0 Input Block 8411b1ef0e2109e5001cf96f256346b5 Output Block Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Block #4

Ciphertext 08b0e27988598881d920a9e64f5615cd 08b0e27988598881d920a9e64f5615cd Input Block Output Block a1840065cdb4e1f7d282fbd7db9d35f0 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.2.5 CBC-AES256-Encrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781

1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f ΤV Block #1 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a 6bc0bce12a459991e134741a7f9e1925 Input Block f58c4c04d6e5f1ba779eabfb5f7bfbd6 Output Block f58c4c04d6e5f1ba779eabfb5f7bfbd6 Ciphertext Block #2 ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Plaintext 5ba1c653c8e65d26e929c4571ad47587 Input Block Output Block 9cfc4e967edb808d679f777bc6702c7d Ciphertext 9cfc4e967edb808d679f777bc6702c7d Block #3 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Input Block ac3452d0dd87649c8264b662dc7a7e92 39f23369a9d9bacfa530e26304231461 Output Block Ciphertext 39f23369a9d9bacfa530e26304231461 Block #4 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 cf6d172c769621d8081ba318e24f2371 Input Block Output Block b2eb05e2c39be9fcda6c19078c6a9d1b Ciphertext b2eb05e2c39be9fcda6c19078c6a9d1b

F.2.6 CBC-AES256-Decrypt

603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 Key 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Block #1 Ciphertext f58c4c04d6e5f1ba779eabfb5f7bfbd6 Input Block f58c4c04d6e5f1ba779eabfb5f7bfbd6 6bc0bce12a459991e134741a7f9e1925 Output Block Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Block #2 Ciphertext 9cfc4e967edb808d679f777bc6702c7d 9cfc4e967edb808d679f777bc6702c7d Input Block Output Block 5ba1c653c8e65d26e929c4571ad47587 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Block #3 Ciphertext 39f23369a9d9bacfa530e26304231461 39f23369a9d9bacfa530e26304231461 Input Block Output Block ac3452d0dd87649c8264b662dc7a7e92 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext Block #4 Ciphertext b2eb05e2c39be9fcda6c19078c6a9d1b b2eb05e2c39be9fcda6c19078c6a9d1b Input Block Output Block cf6d172c769621d8081ba318e24f2371 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.3 CFB Example Vectors

F.3.1 CFB1-AES128-Encrypt

Key 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1	
Input Block	000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
Output Block	50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60
Plaintext	0
Ciphertext	0
Segment #2	
Input Block	00020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e
Output Block	19cf576c7596e702f298b35666955c79
Plaintext Ciphertext	1 1
Segment #3	1
Input Block	0004080c1014181c2024282c3034383d
Output Block	59e17759acd02b801fa321ea059e331f
Plaintext	1
Ciphertext	1
Segment #4	
Input Block	0008101820283038404850586068707b
Output Block	71f415b0cc109e8b0faa14ab740c22f4
Plaintext	0
Ciphertext	0
Segment #5 Input Block	00102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f6
Output Block	3fb76d3d1048179964597a0f64d5adad
Plaintext	1
Ciphertext	1
Segment #6	
Input Block	0020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1ed
Output Block	4c943b4bac54ab974e3e52326d29aaa1
Plaintext	0
Ciphertext	0
Segment #7	004000 -1014101 -2024202 -2024202 -
Input Block Output Block	004080c1014181c2024282c3034383da c94da41eb3d3acf1993a512ab1e8203f
Plaintext	1
Ciphertext	0
Segment #8	•
Input Block	008101820283038404850586068707b4
Output Block	e07f5e98778f75dbb2691c3f582c3953
Plaintext	1
Ciphertext	0
Segment #9	0100000405060500000 010 010 0560
Input Block	0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f68
Output Block Plaintext	02ef5fc8961efcce8568bc0731262dc7
Ciphertext	1
Segment #10	-
Input Block	020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1ed1
Output Block	9f5a30367065efbe914b53698c8716b7
Plaintext	1
Ciphertext	0
Segment #11	0.4000 101.4101 000.4000 000.4000
Input Block	04080c1014181c2024282c3034383da2
Output Block	d018cfb81d0580edbff955ed74d382db
Plaintext	0

Ciphertext 1 Segment #12 08101820283038404850586068707b45 Input Block Output Block 81272ab351e08e0b695b94b8164d86f4 Plaintext Ω Ciphertext 1 Segment #13 Input Block 102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f68b Output Block 094d33f856483d3fa01ba94f7e5ab3e7 Plaintext 0 Ciphertext 0 Segment #14 Input Block 20406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1ed16 609900ad61923c8c102cd8d0d7947a2c Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext 0 Segment #15 4080c1014181c2024282c3034383da2c Input Block Output Block 9e5a154de966ab4db9c88b22a398134e Plaintext Ciphertext 1 Segment #16 8101820283038404850586068707b459 Input Block Output Block 7fe16252b338bc4de3725c4156dfed20 Plaintext 1 Ciphertext 1 F.3.2 CFB1-AES128-Decrypt 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Segment #1 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 Ciphertext Plaintext 1 Segment #2 00020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e Input Block 19cf576c7596e702f298b35666955c79 Output Block 1 Ciphertext Plaintext 1 Segment #3 Input Block 0004080c1014181c2024282c3034383c Output Block a2649ba8269a035054a912fbf728afd5 Ciphertext 1 Plaintext 0 Segment #4 Input Block 00081018202830384048505860687078 4811bbd0b48ef8f9d31ce7a81de70ac5 Output Block Ciphertext 1 Plaintext 1 Segment #5 00102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f0 Input Block Output Block b577ed00e35432951e2f6e82cbe27177

```
Ciphertext
               0
Plaintext
               1
Segment #6
Input Block
               0020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e0
Output Block
               172bab79e88b8254ca524c40ae1b158b
Ciphertext
               1
Plaintext
               1
Segment #7
               004080c1014181c2024282c3034383c0
Input Block
Output Block
               6a9bc53e544274d56fd9e15f61078362
Ciphertext
Plaintext
               0
Segment #8
               00810182028303840485058606870780
Input Block
Output Block
               2e0393c31566500d821f04b526f279ea
Ciphertext
               1
Plaintext
               1
Segment #9
Input Block
               0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f00
Output Block
               85245ba7606b7724be43073e058c7b0d
Ciphertext
               1
Plaintext
               0
Segment #10
Input Block
               020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e00
               f6ba291e57d98a764b163f0fdb9bc03d
Output Block
Ciphertext
Plaintext
               1
Segment #11
               04080c1014181c2024282c3034383c00
Input Block
Output Block
               ed21502740fd4bb2721279903cc997f7
Ciphertext
               0
Plaintext
               1
Segment #12
               08101820283038404850586068707800
Input Block
Output Block
               ca7686df42c363918b0d89135775393a
Ciphertext
               0
Plaintext
               1
Segment #13
               102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f000
Input Block
               105627283843864d76961df0ae1dd54d
Output Block
Ciphertext
               1
Plaintext
               1
Segment #14
Input Block
               20406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e000
               7b1d44a99bd81911842950361ebc92c9
Output Block
Ciphertext
               1
               1
Plaintext
Segment #15
               4080c1014181c2024282c3034383c000
Input Block
Output Block
               3bb975e7ae014c574dcaf9b4795c91fd
Ciphertext
               0
               0
Plaintext
Segment #16
Input Block
               81018202830384048505860687078000
```

0d4ee5a3754b72b9d47b6912e01462e9 Output Block Ciphertext 0 0 Plaintext CFB1-AES192-Encrypt F.3.3 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b Key IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Segment #1 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e Plaintext 0 Ciphertext 1 Segment #2 Input Block 00020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f Output Block a0e2bee6eb1734379bd4908be6a991a0 Plaintext 1 Ciphertext 0 Segment #3 Input Block 0004080c1014181c2024282c3034383e bla1766bedec7ee3ba9cd3f34fbed4c6 Output Block Plaintext 1 0 Ciphertext Segment #4 Input Block 0008101820283038404850586068707c Output Block b294ae5f393ae0179e6d3d8c45a7a4b9 Plaintext 0 Ciphertext 1 Segment #5 Input Block 00102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f9 Output Block f0f703ff5d0634aa8aee7f1e26aafca3 Plaintext 1 Ciphertext 0 Segment #6 Input Block 0020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f2 Output Block 4d67df426abdb8c89e7de9fb3069d8be Plaintext 0 Ciphertext 0 Segment #7 Input Block 004080c1014181c2024282c3034383e4 Output Block 30bc892338dfa10664118b9f4ba348d2 Plaintext 1 1 Ciphertext Segment #8 Input Block 008101820283038404850586068707c9 763ad8c63ed78d66452bb44c8bb7a8c8 Output Block Plaintext 1

0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f93

bfc36f5cfbc1306859b48f8fa62a43df

Ciphertext

Segment #9
Input Block

Plaintext

Ciphertext

Segment #10

Output Block

1

1

0

```
020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f26
Input Block
Output Block
               16e27adac112a0bf6a69c95cbdf584a3
Plaintext
               1
Ciphertext
               1
Segment #11
               04080c1014181c2024282c3034383e4d
Input Block
Output Block
               1e9d21c3da3de9186251160045756ce0
Plaintext
Ciphertext
               0
Segment #12
Input Block
               08101820283038404850586068707c9a
Output Block
               b836e0f661b51d8bd38c448e0e5a11bb
Plaintext
               1
Ciphertext
Segment #13
               102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f935
Input Block
Output Block
               c5efcdd09dbb92d1faada8f6c9bab052
Plaintext
               0
Ciphertext
               1
Segment #14
Input Block
               20406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f26b
Output Block
               7c99710018d88e40bd4ac8f1b2bf4dbb
Plaintext
               0
Ciphertext
               0
Segment #15
Input Block
               4080c1014181c2024282c3034383e4d6
Output Block
               173bcd8b4dad60ae6646813fdcb81f5b
Plaintext
               0
Ciphertext
               0
Segment #16
Input Block
               8101820283038404850586068707c9ac
Output Block
               09844c6d2272d148d5af1c7bf01bb439
Plaintext
               1
Ciphertext
               1
F.3.4
       CFB1-AES192-Decrypt
Key
               8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b
               000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
IV
Segment #1
               000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
Input Block
Output Block
               a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e
Ciphertext
               1
               0
Plaintext
Segment #2
               00020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e
Input Block
Output Block
               8cfec04cb8667eaa3b37c247f5c9f4b8
Ciphertext
               1
Plaintext
               0
Segment #3
Input Block
               0004080c1014181c2024282c3034383c
               c288e4824cda4702aa8766ff00e6d66b
Output Block
Ciphertext
               1
               0
Plaintext
```

Segment #4 Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #5	00081018202830384048505860687078 2c736f16d080d7a28f820743e997d1a9 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #6	00102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f0 da148720ccb3fda00c0fdd06865fcbb9 0 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #7	0020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e0 7a71fe25563592025df9c14cd48d04ff 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #8	004080c1014181c2024282c3034383c0 651297ea510458130ca54ba44d40bf49 0
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #9	00810182028303840485058606870780 c838c426a3ee613550ee42a11f5baeed 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #10	0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f00 3df5c1ca8bd6927017a5d826a822ce52 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #11	020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e00 f12cc25f528e9fc8bdee2b6aeffabf28 0 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #12	04080c1014181c2024282c3034383c00 6e3acbc4c3f3c90a860885c96439ce0d 0
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #13	08101820283038404850586068707800 bff6fd7e4923ebafd903d1db3e6fbccc 0 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #14	102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f000 53ae042b1a8365eed5699ae5d6129765 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext	20406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e000 8e60ef82a372ed19734c12f462fd9143 1

0 Plaintext Segment #15 4080c1014181c2024282c3034383c000 Input Block Output Block e4dafe7b2acf6acc09e37d3fc46d86fc Ciphertext n Plaintext 1 Segment #16 81018202830384048505860687078000 Input Block Output Block d6ea60e79c876b9459320616f734f517 Ciphertext 0 Plaintext 1 F.3.5 CFB1-AES256-Encrypt 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 Key 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Segment #1 Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a Output Block Plaintext 0 1 Ciphertext Segment #2 Input Block 00020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f Output Block ee93d380e0f01117fffd78017599514a Plaintext 1 0 Ciphertext Segment #3 Input Block 0004080c1014181c2024282c3034383e Output Block 857749898b3602aad91e699911de89b0 Plaintext 1 Ciphertext 0 Segment #4 Input Block 0008101820283038404850586068707c Output Block dce81c80810e2ba343a6bb402716b7a8 Plaintext 0 Ciphertext 1 Segment #5 Input Block 00102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f9 e5517bfcdccea00501350a601f754823 Output Block Plaintext 1 0 Ciphertext Segment #6 0020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f2 Input Block Output Block 15799c7f4081a78cc41f29955349c5a0 Plaintext 0 Ciphertext 0 Segment #7 Input Block 004080c1014181c2024282c3034383e4 Output Block 84d246bdb391f6a7979ff5ccb8467262 Plaintext 1 Ciphertext 0 Segment #8

Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #9	008101820283038404850586068707c8 bb9e05db9855a9e7e3837a648dd4c3b0 1
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #10	0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f90 a413c5714f70287dfcd943004bf7ac8e 1
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #11	020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f20 a7310abf87610d66edf6c892a84460d5 1
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #12	04080c1014181c2024282c3034383e40 8aec6712d89bd147c83b51d787b11399 0 1
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #13	08101820283038404850586068707c81 2ff05b620f68134f4ba92deffbfc93b2 0
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #14	102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f902 819208afd5284316065a76bead028ad3 0 1
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #15	20406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1f205 1914ed64b2115167ce2ca4c813da5245 0
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext Segment #16	4080c1014181c2024282c3034383e40a 638abae8724a954ae9e1e2e119deb6e1 0
Input Block Output Block Plaintext Ciphertext	8101820283038404850586068707c814 2b4f488a3f958c52a3f1db2da938360e 1 1
Key IV	S256-Decrypt 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
Segment #1 Input Block Output Block Ciphertext	000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a 1

Plaintext Segment #2	0
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #3	00020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e a7a1d29d8ce5c9750213c37b440dfab7 1 0
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #4	0004080c1014181c2024282c3034383c 081fe4556193c970ff608e22cbccdb23 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #5	00081018202830384048505860687078 6b069b526b3756bd7e89e8e34f0dffc7 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #6	00102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f0 6152072fc81b5b3f23c2abf1a5522d7b 0
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #7	0020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e0 391b45a90d81cc1bf90d81fce5ba2e43 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #8	004080c1014181c2024282c3034383c0 db800d9073e7ec4b5d2b2266b28b5eae 0 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #9	00810182028303840485058606870780 8ec52fba3727e6099299ff1b2af07996 1
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext	0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f00 579055fc8ec967fbdfa86524539405f6 1
Segment #10 Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #11	020406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e00 2995ec971cc403c80591f1f60c6600fb 0
Input Block Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext Segment #12	04080c1014181c2024282c3034383c00 ff62f51f320e3df22c3a49a98090d1fa 0 1
Input Block Output Block	08101820283038404850586068707800 00873895f1ffd7b9b23be6c30d524490

Ciphertext 0 Plaintext. 0 Segment #13 Input Block 102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f000 Output Block 30f133351528979e2024f12579439d94 Ciphertext 1 Plaintext 1 Segment #14 20406080a0c0e10121416181a1c1e000 Input Block Output Block f20a64dd1a604557702ea261a65a2fa4 Ciphertext Plaintext 0 Segment #15 4080c1014181c2024282c3034383c000 Input Block Output Block ac938e0b407b170697f872112174fc31 Ciphertext 0 Plaintext 1 Segment #16 Input Block 81018202830384048505860687078000 Output Block 2ac5bbc22ee57b9b911ff7d4105fb263 Ciphertext 0 Plaintext 0 F.3.7 CFB8-AES128-Encrypt 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f IV Segment #1 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 Plaintext 6b 3b Ciphertext Segment #2 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b Input Block Output Block b8eb865a2b026381abb1d6560ed20f68 Plaintext с1 Ciphertext 79 Segment #3 Input Block 02030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79 Output Block fce6033b4edce64cbaed3f61ff5b927c Plaintext be Ciphertext 42 Segment #4 030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b7942 Input Block Output Block ae4e5e7ffe805f7a4395b180004f8ca8 Plaintext e2 Ciphertext 4c Segment #5 0405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c Input Block Output Block b205eb89445b62116f1deb988a81e6dd Plaintext 2e Ciphertext 9с Segment #6 05060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c Input Block

4d21d456a5e239064fff4be0c0f85488 Output Block Plaintext 40 0d Ciphertext Segment #7 060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0d Input Block Output Block 4b2f5c3895b9efdc85ee0c5178c7fd33 9£ Plaintext Ciphertext d4 Segment #8 Input Block 0708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd4 Output Block a0976d856da260a34104d1a80953db4c Plaintext 96 Ciphertext 36 Segment #9 Input Block 08090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436 Output Block 53674e5890a2c71b0f6a27a094e5808c Plaintext e9 Ciphertext ba Segment #10 090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436ba Input Block Output Block f34cd32ffed495f8bc8adba194eccb7a Plaintext 3d Ciphertext ce Segment #11 0a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace Input Block Output Block e08cf2407d7ed676c9049586f1d48ba6 Plaintext 7e Ciphertext 9e Segment #12 Input Block 0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e Output Block 1f5c88a19b6ca28e99c9aeb8982a6dd8 Plaintext 11 Ciphertext 0e Segment #13 Input Block 0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0e Output Block a70e63df781cf395a208bd2365c8779b Plaintext 73 d4 Ciphertext Segment #14 0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4 Input Block Output Block cbcfe8b3bcf9ac202ce18420013319ab 93 Plaintext Ciphertext 58 Segment #15 0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed458 Input Block Output Block 7d9fac6604b3c8c5b1f8c5a00956cf56 Plaintext 17 Ciphertext ба Segment #16 0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4586a Input Block Output Block 65c3fa64bf0343986825c636f4a1efd2 Plaintext 2a 4f Ciphertext Segment #17

Input Block 3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4586a4f Output Block 9cff5e5ff4f554d56c924b9d6a6de21d

Plaintext ae Ciphertext 32

Segment #18

Input Block 79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4586a4f32 Output Block 946c3dc1584cc18400ecd8c6052c44b1

Plaintext 2d Ciphertext b9

F.3.8 CFB8-AES128-Decrypt

Key 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1

Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60

Ciphertext 3b Plaintext 6b

Segment #2

Input Block 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b 0utput Block b8eb865a2b026381abb1d6560ed20f68

Ciphertext 79 Plaintext c1

Segment #3

Input Block 02030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79 Output Block fce6033b4edce64cbaed3f61ff5b927c

Ciphertext 42 Plaintext be

Segment #4

Input Block 030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b7942 Output Block ae4e5e7ffe805f7a4395b180004f8ca8

Ciphertext 4c Plaintext e2

Segment #5

Input Block 0405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c Output Block b205eb89445b62116f1deb988a81e6dd

Ciphertext 9c Plaintext 2e

Segment #6

Input Block 05060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c Output Block 4d21d456a5e239064fff4be0c0f85488

Ciphertext 0d Plaintext 40

Segment #7

Input Block 060708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0d 0utput Block 4b2f5c3895b9efdc85ee0c5178c7fd33

Ciphertext d4 Plaintext 9f

Segment #8

Input Block 0708090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd4 Output Block a0976d856da260a34104d1a80953db4c

Ciphertext 36 Plaintext 96

Segment #9 Input Block 08090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436 53674e5890a2c71b0f6a27a094e5808c Output Block Ciphertext ba Plaintext e9 Segment #10 090a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436ba Input Block Output Block f34cd32ffed495f8bc8adba194eccb7a Ciphertext Plaintext 3d Segment #11 Input Block 0a0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace Output Block e08cf2407d7ed676c9049586f1d48ba6 Ciphertext 9e Plaintext 7e Segment #12 Input Block 0b0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e 1f5c88a19b6ca28e99c9aeb8982a6dd8 Output Block Ciphertext 0e11 Plaintext Segment #13 Input Block 0c0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0e Output Block a70e63df781cf395a208bd2365c8779b Ciphertext d4 73 Plaintext Segment #14 Input Block 0d0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4 Output Block cbcfe8b3bcf9ac202ce18420013319ab 58 Ciphertext Plaintext 93 Segment #15 Input Block 0e0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed458 Output Block 7d9fac6604b3c8c5b1f8c5a00956cf56 Ciphertext ба Plaintext 17 Segment #16 Input Block 0f3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4586a Output Block 65c3fa64bf0343986825c636f4a1efd2 4f Ciphertext Plaintext 2a Segment #17 Input Block 3b79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4586a4f Output Block 9cff5e5ff4f554d56c924b9d6a6de21d Ciphertext 32 Plaintext ae Segment #18 79424c9c0dd436bace9e0ed4586a4f32 Input Block Output Block 946c3dc1584cc18400ecd8c6052c44b1 b9 Ciphertext 2dPlaintext

F.3.9 CFB8-AES192-Encrypt Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Segment #1 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e Plaintext 6b Ciphertext cd Segment #2 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcd Input Block 63c82e99e7289617c49e6851e082142a Output Block Plaintext с1 Ciphertext a2 Segment #3 Input Block 02030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2 ec40a5497264bfb4d6820aaae73f75af Output Block Plaintext be 52 Ciphertext Segment #4 030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda252 Input Block Output Block fc011a96afe968c32bae6495173a9154 Plaintext e2 Ciphertext 1e Segment #5 Input Block 0405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521e Output Block de019e09ac995ba46a42916ef77d8fe5 Plaintext 2e Ciphertext f0 Segment #6 Input Block 05060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0 e980477efb7f896e07c4a2d527e7b537 Output Block Plaintext 40 Ciphertext a9 Segment #7 Input Block 060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a9 Output Block 9a9a77b11709b36e08e9321ae8b1e539 9f Plaintext 05 Ciphertext Segment #8 0708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905 Input Block Output Block 5ca1d192a780fbca1471e10588593c7c 96 Plaintext Ciphertext са Segment #9 08090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca Input Block Output Block addb26efd21de4d002474c7748e0bc1d Plaintext e9 44 Ciphertext Segment #10 090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44 Input Block Output Block f0c410ad6512c5177a5ee40a60de01b8 Plaintext 3d

Ciphertext

cd

Input Block 0a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd 7bbf71f2b4f5cf68f3c0c1b9235dbd53 Output Block Plaintext 7e Ciphertext 05 Segment #12 0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd05 Input Block Output Block 6dafb26e3c63b350811394b382e14d69 Plaintext 11 Ciphertext 7c Segment #13 Input Block 0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057c Output Block ccd6e25255a80e9bdbec9fbc26e5fad6 73 Plaintext Ciphertext bf Segment #14 Input Block 0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf 9e33550f6d47bda77f4f3108181ab21c Output Block Plaintext 93 D0Ciphertext Segment #15 Input Block 0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d Output Block 50b3eae29a6623fbef6d726dbda675a8 Plaintext 17 47 Ciphertext Segment #16 Input Block 0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d47 Output Block 8a2a57d1b9158539ef7ff42b33bf0a4a Plaintext 2a a0 Ciphertext Segment #17 Input Block cda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d47a0 Output Block c94e9102ac731d2f127b657d810ef5a8 Plaintext ae Ciphertext 67 Segment #18 Input Block a2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d47a067 Output Block a765ed650568fbe386660def5f8d491d Plaintext 2dCiphertext 8a F.3.10 CFB8-AES192-Decrypt 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b Key 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f ΙV Segment #1

Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e

Ciphertext cd Plaintext 6b

Segment #2

Segment #11

Input Block 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcd Output Block 63c82e99e7289617c49e6851e082142a

Ciphertext a2 Plaintext c1 Segment #3 02030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2 Input Block Output Block ec40a5497264bfb4d6820aaae73f75af Ciphertext 52 Plaintext be Segment #4 030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda252 Input Block fc011a96afe968c32bae6495173a9154 Output Block Ciphertext 1e Plaintext e2 Segment #5 Input Block 0405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521e de019e09ac995ba46a42916ef77d8fe5 Output Block Ciphertext fΩ Plaintext 2e Segment #6 05060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0 Input Block Output Block e980477efb7f896e07c4a2d527e7b537 Ciphertext a9 Plaintext 40 Segment #7 060708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a9 Input Block Output Block 9a9a77b11709b36e08e9321ae8b1e539 05 Ciphertext Plaintext 9f Segment #8 0708090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905 Input Block 5ca1d192a780fbca1471e10588593c7c Output Block Ciphertext ca Plaintext 96 Segment #9 Input Block 08090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca addb26efd21de4d002474c7748e0bc1d Output Block Ciphertext 44 Plaintext e 9 Segment #10 090a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44 Input Block f0c410ad6512c5177a5ee40a60de01b8 Output Block Ciphertext cd Plaintext 3d Segment #11 Input Block 0a0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd Output Block 7bbf71f2b4f5cf68f3c0c1b9235dbd53 05 Ciphertext Plaintext 7e Segment #12 Input Block 0b0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd05 6dafb26e3c63b350811394b382e14d69 Output Block Ciphertext 7c Plaintext 11 Segment #13 0c0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057c Input Block Output Block ccd6e25255a80e9bdbec9fbc26e5fad6

Ciphertext bf Plaintext 73 Segment #14 Input Block 0d0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf Output Block 9e33550f6d47bda77f4f3108181ab21c Ciphertext 0d Plaintext 93 Segment #15 0e0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d Input Block Output Block 50b3eae29a6623fbef6d726dbda675a8

Ciphertext 47

Plaintext 17 Segment #16

Input Block Output Block

0fcda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d47 8a2a57d1b9158539ef7ff42b33bf0a4a Ciphertext a0 2a

Plaintext Segment #17

Input Block cda2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d47a0 Output Block c94e9102ac731d2f127b657d810ef5a8

Ciphertext 67 Plaintext ae

Segment #18

a2521ef0a905ca44cd057cbf0d47a067 Input Block a765ed650568fbe386660def5f8d491d Output Block

Ciphertext 8a Plaintext 2d

F.3.11 CFB8-AES256-Encrypt

603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 Key 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1

Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a

Plaintext 6b dc Ciphertext

Segment #2

Input Block 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc Output Block ded5faadb1068af80e774684b9f84870

Plaintext с1 1f Ciphertext

Segment #3

Input Block 02030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f a41e327e5273366ce9403cdbdb92c1cc Output Block

Plaintext be Ciphertext 1a

Segment #4

Input Block 030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a Output Block 67938ae7d34df4ec2c0aec33eb98318f

Plaintext e2 Ciphertext 85

Segment #5

0405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a85 Input Block Output Block 0e8f2e31efff615d3c93946609808c37 Plaintext 2e Ciphertext 2.0 Segment #6 05060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520 Input Block Output Block e648bb37a95c94c72784162a79dfe306 Plaintext 40 Ciphertext аб Segment #7 Input Block 060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a6 Output Block d278f3147290fc5dd0b7d2e82764a1fd Plaintext 9f 4d Ciphertext Segment #8 Input Block 0708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64d Output Block 2388d255a3e8a8059675e3a7de19dceb Plaintext 96 Ciphertext b5 Segment #9 Input Block 08090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db5 Output Block b6b8008f6c6dc2d6144641ed2023f0f5 Plaintext e9 Ciphertext 5f Segment #10 Input Block 090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55f Output Block f18f88a7aa3e3a6167dd93fb1137713a Plaintext 3d Ciphertext CC Segment #11 Input Block 0a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc Output Block f46c5e67bff7c070b26c0318c52d0ccd Plaintext 7e Ciphertext 8a Segment #12 Input Block 0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8a Output Block d4dceae622f8f21d27375d8c2c5f9fba Plaintext 11 Ciphertext c.5Segment #13 Input Block 0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac5 Output Block 27e9e0d0a016709cd3ae0b5a9a242e31 Plaintext 73 Ciphertext 54 Segment #14 Input Block 0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554 17f69d50ce64ba0d085de70b9030bbb2 Output Block Plaintext 93 84 Ciphertext Segment #15 Input Block 0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac55484 Output Block 59106ee400d18e104337669628c33cdd 17 Plaintext Ciphertext 4e

Segment #16 Input Block 0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554844e a29c6ac87e2245ec0796772c1f5312a8 Output Block Plaintext 2.a Ciphertext 88 Segment #17 dc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554844e88 Input Block Output Block 397b98fa2ec0ff8cc0cd821909551c9e Plaintext ae Ciphertext 97 Segment #18 1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554844e8897 Input Block Output Block 2d2d6fe9aef72f7b914b623a9c7abd54 Plaintext 2d Ciphertext 0.0

F.3.12 CFB8-AES256-Decrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Segment #1 Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a dc Plaintext 6b Segment #2 Input Block 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc

Input Block 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc Output Block ded5faadb1068af80e774684b9f84870 Ciphertext 1f

Ciphertext If Plaintext cl Segment #3

Input Block 02030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f Output Block a41e327e5273366ce9403cdbdb92c1cc Ciphertext 1a

Plaintext be

Segment #4

Input Block 030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a Output Block 67938ae7d34df4ec2c0aec33eb98318f

Ciphertext 85
Plaintext e2

Segment #5

Input Block 0405060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a85 Output Block 0e8f2e31efff615d3c93946609808c37

Ciphertext 20 Plaintext 2e

Segment #6

Input Block 05060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520 Output Block e648bb37a95c94c72784162a79dfe306

Ciphertext a6 Plaintext 40

Segment #7

Input Block 060708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a6 Output Block d278f3147290fc5dd0b7d2e82764a1fd Ciphertext 4d Plaintext 9f Segment #8 Input Block 0708090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64d Output Block 2388d255a3e8a8059675e3a7de19dceb Ciphertext b5 Plaintext 96 Segment #9 08090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db5 Input Block Output Block b6b8008f6c6dc2d6144641ed2023f0f5 Ciphertext 5f Plaintext e9 Segment #10 090a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55f Input Block Output Block f18f88a7aa3e3a6167dd93fb1137713a Ciphertext CC Plaintext 3d Segment #11 Input Block 0a0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc Output Block f46c5e67bff7c070b26c0318c52d0ccd Ciphertext 8a Plaintext 7e Segment #12 Input Block 0b0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8a d4dceae622f8f21d27375d8c2c5f9fba Output Block Ciphertext c.5Plaintext 11 Segment #13 0c0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac5 Input Block Output Block 27e9e0d0a016709cd3ae0b5a9a242e31 Ciphertext 54 Plaintext 73 Segment #14 0d0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554 Input Block Output Block 17f69d50ce64ba0d085de70b9030bbb2 Ciphertext 84 Plaintext 93 Segment #15 0e0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac55484 Input Block 59106ee400d18e104337669628c33cdd Output Block Ciphertext 4e Plaintext 17 Segment #16 Input Block 0fdc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554844e a29c6ac87e2245ec0796772c1f5312a8 Output Block Ciphertext 88 Plaintext 2a Segment #17 Input Block dc1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554844e88 397b98fa2ec0ff8cc0cd821909551c9e Output Block Ciphertext 97 Plaintext ae Segment #18 Input Block 1f1a8520a64db55fcc8ac554844e8897

Output Block 2d2d6fe9aef72f7b914b623a9c7abd54

Ciphertext 00 Plaintext 2d

F.3.13 CFB128-AES128-Encrypt

Key 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1

Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Ciphertext 3b3fd92eb72dad20333449f8e83cfb4a

Segment #2

Input Block 3b3fd92eb72dad20333449f8e83cfb4a
Output Block 668bcf60beb005a35354a201dab36bda
Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Ciphertext c8a64537a0b3a93fcde3cdad9f1ce58b

Segment #3

Input Block c8a64537a0b3a93fcde3cdad9f1ce58b Output Block 16bd032100975551547b4de89daea630 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Ciphertext 26751f67a3cbb140b1808cf187a4f4df

Segment #4

Input Block 26751f67a3cbb140b1808cf187a4f4df
Output Block 36d42170a312871947ef8714799bc5f6
Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Ciphertext c04b05357c5d1c0eeac4c66f9ff7f2e6

F.3.14 CFB128-AES128-Decrypt

Key 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1
Input Block
Output Block
Ciphertext
Plaintext

000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 3b3fd92eb72dad20333449f8e83cfb4a 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Segment #2
Input Block
Output Block
Ciphertext
Plaintext

3b3fd92eb72dad20333449f8e83cfb4a 668bcf60beb005a35354a201dab36bda c8a64537a0b3a93fcde3cdad9f1ce58b ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Segment #3
Input Block
Output Block

c8a64537a0b3a93fcde3cdad9f1ce58b 16bd032100975551547b4de89daea630 26751f67a3cbb140b1808cf187a4f4df 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Plaintext Segment #4 Input Block

Ciphertext

26751f67a3cbb140b1808cf187a4f4df 36d42170a312871947ef8714799bc5f6 c04b05357c5d1c0eeac4c66f9ff7f2e6 f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

Output Block Ciphertext Plaintext F.3.15 CFB128-AES192-Encrypt

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b

IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1

Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Ciphertext cdc80d6fddf18cab34c25909c99a4174

Segment #2

Input Block cdc80d6fddf18cab34c25909c99a4174
Output Block c9e3f5289f149abd08ad44dc52b2b32b
Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Ciphertext 67ce7f7f81173621961a2b70171d3d7a

Segment #3

Input Block 67ce7f7f81173621961a2b70171d3d7a
Output Block 1ed6965b76c76ca02d1dcef404f09626
Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
Ciphertext 2e1e8a1dd59b88b1c8e60fed1efac4c9

Segment #4

Input Block 2e1e8a1dd59b88b1c8e60fed1efac4c9
Output Block 36c0bbd976ccd4b7ef85cec1be273eef
Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Ciphertext c05f9f9ca9834fa042ae8fba584b09ff

F.3.16 CFB128-AES192-Decrypt

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b

IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1

Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e Ciphertext cdc80d6fddf18cab34c25909c99a4174 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Segment #2

Input Block cdc80d6fddf18cab34c25909c99a4174
Output Block c9e3f5289f149abd08ad44dc52b2b32b
Ciphertext 67ce7f7f81173621961a2b70171d3d7a
Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Segment #3

Input Block 67ce7f7f81173621961a2b70171d3d7a
Output Block 1ed6965b76c76ca02d1dcef404f09626
Ciphertext 2ele8aldd59b88b1c8e60fed1efac4c9
Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Segment #4

Input Block 2e1e8a1dd59b88b1c8e60fed1efac4c9
Output Block 36c0bbd976ccd4b7ef85cec1be273eef
Ciphertext c05f9f9ca9834fa042ae8fba584b09ff
Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.3.17 CFB128-AES256-Encrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

Segment #1 Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a Output Block Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Ciphertext dc7e84bfda79164b7ecd8486985d3860 Segment #2 dc7e84bfda79164b7ecd8486985d3860 Input Block Output Block 97d26743252b1d54aca653cf744ace2a ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Plaintext 39ffed143b28b1c832113c6331e5407b Ciphertext Segment #3 39ffed143b28b1c832113c6331e5407b Input Block Output Block efd80f62b6b9af8344c511b13c70b016 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext Ciphertext df10132415e54b92a13ed0a8267ae2f9 Segment #4 Input Block df10132415e54b92a13ed0a8267ae2f9 833ca131c5f655ef8d1a2346b3ddd361 Output Block f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext 75a385741ab9cef82031623d55b1e471 Ciphertext

F.3.18 CFB128-AES256-Decrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Segment #1 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a Ciphertext dc7e84bfda79164b7ecd8486985d3860 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Segment #2 dc7e84bfda79164b7ecd8486985d3860 Input Block 97d26743252b1d54aca653cf744ace2a Output Block Ciphertext 39ffed143b28b1c832113c6331e5407b Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Segment #3 39ffed143b28b1c832113c6331e5407b Input Block efd80f62b6b9af8344c511b13c70b016 Output Block Ciphertext df10132415e54b92a13ed0a8267ae2f9 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext Segment #4 df10132415e54b92a13ed0a8267ae2f9 Input Block Output Block 833ca131c5f655ef8d1a2346b3ddd361 75a385741ab9cef82031623d55b1e471 Ciphertext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext

F.4 OFB Example Vectors

F.4.1 OFB-AES128-Encrypt

Key 2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c
IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
Block #1
Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f

50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 Output Block Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Ciphertext 3b3fd92eb72dad20333449f8e83cfb4a Block #2 Input Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 Output Block d9a4dada0892239f6b8b3d7680e15674 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Ciphertext 7789508d16918f03f53c52dac54ed825 Block #3 Input Block d9a4dada0892239f6b8b3d7680e15674 Output Block a78819583f0308e7a6bf36b1386abf23 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Ciphertext 9740051e9c5fecf64344f7a82260edcc Block #4 Input Block a78819583f0308e7a6bf36b1386abf23 Output Block c6d3416d29165c6fcb8e51a227ba994e Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Ciphertext 304c6528f659c77866a510d9c1d6ae5e

F.4.2 OFB-AES128-Decrypt

2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Block #1 Input Block 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Output Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 3b3fd92eb72dad20333449f8e83cfb4a Ciphertext Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Block #2 Input Block 50fe67cc996d32b6da0937e99bafec60 Output Block d9a4dada0892239f6b8b3d7680e15674 7789508d16918f03f53c52dac54ed825 Ciphertext Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Block #3 Input Block d9a4dada0892239f6b8b3d7680e15674 Output Block a78819583f0308e7a6bf36b1386abf23 Ciphertext 9740051e9c5fecf64344f7a82260edcc Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Block #4 Input Block a78819583f0308e7a6bf36b1386abf23 c6d3416d29165c6fcb8e51a227ba994e Output Block Ciphertext 304c6528f659c77866a510d9c1d6ae5e f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext

F.4.3 OFB-AES192-Encrypt

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f ΙV Block #1

000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a cdc80d6fddf18cab34c25909c99a4174 Ciphertext Block #2

a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e Input Block

52ef01da52602fe0975f78ac84bf8a50 Output Block Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Ciphertext fcc28b8d4c63837c09e81700c1100401 Block #3 Input Block 52ef01da52602fe0975f78ac84bf8a50 Output Block bd5286ac63aabd7eb067ac54b553f71d 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext Ciphertext 8d9a9aeac0f6596f559c6d4daf59a5f2 Block #4 Input Block bd5286ac63aabd7eb067ac54b553f71d Output Block 9b00044d8885f729318713303fc0fe3a Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Ciphertext 6d9f200857ca6c3e9cac524bd9acc92a

F.4.4 OFB-AES192-Decrypt

6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Plaintext
Block #2
Input Block

Input Block a609b38df3b1133dddff2718ba09565e
Output Block 52ef01da52602fe0975f78ac84bf8a50
Ciphertext fcc28b8d4c63837c09e81700c1100401
Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Block #3
Input Block !
Output Block !
Ciphertext !
Plaintext :

52ef01da52602fe0975f78ac84bf8a50 bd5286ac63aabd7eb067ac54b553f71d 8d9a9aeac0f6596f559c6d4daf59a5f2 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Block #4
Input Block
Output Block
Ciphertext
Plaintext

bd5286ac63aabd7eb067ac54b553f71d 9b00044d8885f729318713303fc0fe3a 6d9f200857ca6c3e9cac524bd9acc92a f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.4.5 OFB-AES256-Encrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 IV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Block #1

Block #1
Input Block
Output Block
Plaintext
Ciphertext
Block #2
Input Block

000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a dc7e84bfda79164b7ecd8486985d3860

Block #2
Input Block
Output Block
Plaintext
Ciphertext
Block #3

b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a e1c656305ed1a7a6563805746fe03edc ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 4febdc6740d20b3ac88f6ad82a4fb08d

e1c656305ed1a7a6563805746fe03edc Input Block Output Block 41635be625b48afc1666dd42a09d96e7 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Plaintext Ciphertext 71ab47a086e86eedf39d1c5bba97c408 Block #4 41635be625b48afc1666dd42a09d96e7 Input Block Output Block f7b93058b8bce0fffea41bf0012cd394 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 0126141d67f37be8538f5a8be740e484 Ciphertext

F.4.6 OFB-AES256-Decrypt

603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 Key 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4 ΙV 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Block #1 000102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f Input Block Output Block b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a dc7e84bfda79164b7ecd8486985d3860 Ciphertext Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Block #2 Input Block b7bf3a5df43989dd97f0fa97ebce2f4a Output Block e1c656305ed1a7a6563805746fe03edc 4febdc6740d20b3ac88f6ad82a4fb08d Ciphertext Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Block #3 Input Block e1c656305ed1a7a6563805746fe03edc Output Block 41635be625b48afc1666dd42a09d96e7 Ciphertext 71ab47a086e86eedf39d1c5bba97c408 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Block #4 41635be625b48afc1666dd42a09d96e7 Input Block Output Block f7b93058b8bce0fffea41bf0012cd394 0126141d67f37be8538f5a8be740e484 Ciphertext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext

F.5 CTR Example Vectors

F.5.1 CTR-AES128-Encrypt

2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff Init. Counter Block #1 Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff Output Block ec8cdf7398607cb0f2d21675ea9ea1e4 Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a 874d6191b620e3261bef6864990db6ce Ciphertext Block #2 Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff00 Output Block 362b7c3c6773516318a077d7fc5073ae Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 9806f66b7970fdff8617187bb9fffdff Ciphertext Block #3 Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff01 Output Block 6a2cc3787889374fbeb4c81b17ba6c44

 Plaintext
 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

 Ciphertext
 5ae4df3edbd5d35e5b4f09020db03eab

 Block #4
 Input Block
 f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff02

 Output Block
 e89c399ff0f198c6d40a31db156cabfe

 Plaintext
 f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

 Ciphertext
 1e031dda2fbe03d1792170a0f3009cee

F.5.2 CTR-AES128-Decrypt

2b7e151628aed2a6abf7158809cf4f3c Key f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff Init. Counter Block #1 Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff Output Block ec8cdf7398607cb0f2d21675ea9ea1e4 874d6191b620e3261bef6864990db6ce Ciphertext Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Block #2 Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff00 Output Block 362b7c3c6773516318a077d7fc5073ae 9806f66b7970fdff8617187bb9fffdff Ciphertext Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Block #3 f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff01 Input Block Output Block 6a2cc3787889374fbeb4c81b17ba6c44 Ciphertext 5ae4df3edbd5d35e5b4f09020db03eab Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Block #4 f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff02 Input Block Output Block e89c399ff0f198c6d40a31db156cabfe Ciphertext 1e031dda2fbe03d1792170a0f3009cee f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Plaintext

F.5.3 CTR-AES192-Encrypt

8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b Key Init. Counter f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff Block #1 f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff Input Block Output Block 717d2dc639128334a6167a488ded7921 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Plaintext labc932417521ca24f2b0459fe7e6e0b Ciphertext Block #2 Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff00 a72eb3bb14a556734b7bad6ab16100c5 Output Block Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 090339ec0aa6faefd5ccc2c6f4ce8e94 Ciphertext Block #3 f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff01 Input Block Output Block 2efeae2d72b722613446dc7f4c2af918 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef 1e36b26bd1ebc670d1bd1d665620abf7 Ciphertext Block #4 f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff02 Input Block

Output Block b9e783b30dd7924ff7bc9b97beaa8740 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Ciphertext 4f78a7f6d29809585a97daec58c6b050

F.5.4 CTR-AES192-Decrypt

Key 8e73b0f7da0e6452c810f32b809079e562f8ead2522c6b7b

Init. Counter f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff

Block #1

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff
Output Block 717d2dc639128334a6167a488ded7921
Ciphertext labc932417521ca24f2b0459fe7e6e0b
Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Block #2

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff00
Output Block a72eb3bb14a556734b7bad6ab16100c5
Ciphertext 090339ec0aa6faefd5ccc2c6f4ce8e94
Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Block #3

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff01 Output Block 2efeae2d72b722613446dc7f4c2af918 Ciphertext 1e36b26bd1ebc670d1bd1d665620abf7 Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Block #4

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff02 Output Block b9e783b30dd7924ff7bc9b97beaa8740 Ciphertext 4f78a7f6d29809585a97daec58c6b050 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.5.5 CTR-AES256-Encrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4

f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff

Init. Counter
Block #1

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff
Output Block 0bdf7df1591716335e9a8b15c860c502
Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
Ciphertext 601ec313775789a5b7a7f504bbf3d228

Block #2

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff00 Output Block 5a6e699d536119065433863c8f657b94 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Ciphertext f443e3ca4d62b59aca84e990cacaf5c5

Block #3

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff01
Output Block lbc12c9c01610d5d0d8bd6a3378eca62
Plaintext 30c8lc46a35ce4lle5fbc119la0a52ef
Ciphertext 2b0930daa23de94ce87017ba2d84988d

Ciphertext Block #4

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff02 Output Block 2956e1c8693536b1bee99c73a31576b6 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710 Ciphertext dfc9c58db67aada613c2dd08457941a6 F.5.6 CTR-AES256-Decrypt

Key 603deb1015ca71be2b73aef0857d7781 1f352c073b6108d72d9810a30914dff4

Init. Counter f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff

Block #1

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdfeff
Output Block Obdf7df1591716335e9a8b15c860c502
Ciphertext 601ec313775789a5b7a7f504bbf3d228
Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Block #2

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff00 Output Block 5a6e699d536119065433863c8f657b94 Ciphertext f443e3ca4d62b59aca84e990cacaf5c5 Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51

Block #3

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff01
Output Block lbc12c9c01610d5d0d8bd6a3378eca62
Ciphertext 2b0930daa23de94ce87017ba2d84988d
Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef

Block #4

Input Block f0f1f2f3f4f5f6f7f8f9fafbfcfdff02 Output Block 2956e1c8693536b1bee99c73a31576b6 Ciphertext dfc9c58db67aada613c2dd08457941a6 Plaintext f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710

F.6 CBC-MAC Example Vectors

F.6.1 CBC-MAC-AES128-Generation

Key 628aed2a6abf71588092b7e151cf4f3c

Block #1

Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Input Block 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Output Block 48b8d0735af5545ae4ef7b394e316a04

Block #2

Plaintext ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51 Input Block e6955a2444f6f8c67a5814950b9ee455 Output Block 2874500d0dc57c9c96aca96423a7e287

Block #3

Plaintext 30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef Input Block 18bc4c4bae99988d7357687d39adb068 Output Block 194f777ab00a91c3a8204d5cfa3753ca

Block #4

MAC 6ff0e65f9906b6e9c54cb7097bb14c55

F.6.2 CBC-MAC-AES192-Generation

Key 810f32b809079e562f8ead2528e73b0f7da0e6452c2c6b7b

Block #1

Plaintext 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a Input Block 6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a

Output Block	f69c93961e79b7edab606e6586e34671
Block #2	10)0)3)010/32/0442000003000310/1
Plaintext	ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
Input Block	58b119c1007a1b7135d701c9c34cc820
Output Block	1b3c07cb72b240246de91f0caeb2a19a
Block #3	
Plaintext	30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
Input Block	2bf41b8dd1eea4358812de15b4b8f375
Output Block	7f46e8445f571f5c890178827dcf2f87
Block #4	
Plaintext	f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
Input Block	89d9cc018018844b242a39f99ba31897
Output Block	99fb958c4e73cc7a58a2b3869978b5cb
MAC	99fb958c4e73cc7a58a2b3869978b5cb

F.6.3 CBC-MAC-AES256-Generation

ef0857d77811f352c073b6108d72d981
0a30603deb1015ca71be2b73a914dff4
6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
6bc1bee22e409f96e93d7e117393172a
9908c748d82fd323f0b551f57d9cbe79
ae2d8a571e03ac9c9eb76fac45af8e51
37254d1fc62c7fbf6e023e5938333028
e53c303416b2444c347de0b8eb17be8d
30c81c46a35ce411e5fbc1191a0a52ef
d5f42c72b5eea05dd18621a1f11dec62
e1856ebbcf8bf1e70eeb3d330785812c
f69f2445df4f9b17ad2b417be66c3710
171a4afe10c46af0a3c07c48e1e9b63c
76ff7d0d89b224d767cdb5256f3837c3
76ff7d0d89b224d767cdb5256f3837c3

Appendix G: References

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