# 速算方法介绍

- 1. 平方差法
- 2. 和十速算法
- 3. 凑十速算法
  - (a) 逢五凑十法
  - (b) 大数凑十法
  - (c) 双向凑十法
- 4. 因数分解法
- 5. 二项式法

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平方差公式:  $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$ 

或:  $(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$ 

或:  $(a-b)(a+b) = a^2 - b^2$ 

或反向平方差:  $a^2 = (a-b)(a+b) + b^2$ 

例题:

1. 28 × 32

平方差公式:  $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$ 

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例题:

1. 
$$28 \times 32 = (30 - 2)(30 + 2) = 30^2 - 2^2 = 900 - 4 = 896$$

**2.** 39 × 41

平方差公式:  $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$ 

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$$28 \times 32 = (30 - 2)(30 + 2) = 30^2 - 2^2 = 900 - 4 = 896$$

**2.** 
$$39 \times 41 = (40 - 1)(40 + 1) = 40^2 - 1^2 = 1600 - 1 = 1599$$

**3.**  $45 \times 55$ 

平方差公式:  $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$ 

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$$28 \times 32 = (30 - 2)(30 + 2) = 30^2 - 2^2 = 900 - 4 = 896$$

- **2.**  $39 \times 41 = (40 1)(40 + 1) = 40^2 1^2 = 1600 1 = 1599$
- **3.**  $45 \times 55 = (50 5)(50 + 5) = 50^2 5^2 = 2500 25 = 2475$
- **4.** 62 × 78

平方差公式:  $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$ 

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- **4.**  $62 \times 78 = (70 8)(70 + 8) = 70^2 8^2 = 4900 64 = 4836$
- **5.** 63 × 87

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- **5.**  $63 \times 87 = (75 12)(75 + 12) = 75^2 12^2 = 5625 144 = 5481$
- **6.** 45 × 45

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#### 总结利用平方差法的数字特点,每人出2道类似的题目

平方差公式:  $a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$ 

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#### 总结利用平方差法的数字特点,每人出2道类似的题目

平均数为整十或整五的数字相乘,可以非常方便地使用平方差法。

1.  $15 \times 25 =$ 

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**1.** 
$$15 \times 25 = (20 - 5)(20 + 5) = 20^2 - 5^2 = 400 - 25 = 375$$

**2.** 
$$25 \times 35 =$$

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3. 
$$24 \times 36 =$$

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$$15 \times 25 = (20 - 5)(20 + 5) = 20^2 - 5^2 = 400 - 25 = 375$$

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$$25 \times 35 = (30 - 5)(30 + 5) = 30^2 - 5^2 = 900 - 25 = 875$$

**3.** 
$$24 \times 36 = (30 - 6)(30 + 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**4.** 
$$35 \times 45 =$$

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**5.** 
$$15 \times 35 = (25 - 10)(25 + 10) = 25^2 - 10^2 = 625 - 100 = 525$$

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$$24 \times 46 =$$

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**6.** 
$$24 \times 46 = (35 - 11)(35 + 11) = 35^2 - 11^2 = 1225 - 121 = 1104$$

**7.** 
$$75 \times 75 =$$

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$$75 \times 75 = 70 \times 80 + 5 \times 5 = 5600 + 25 = 5625$$

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$$95 \times 95 = 90 \times 100 + 5 \times 5 = 9000 + 25 = 9025$$

#### 思考: 还有没有其它速算方法可以计算上述代数式?

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{ad}$ 

当个位数之和等于 10, 即: b+d=10 时, 可以使用《和十速算法》, 即:

设: e = a + 1,  $a(a + 1) = \overline{AB}$ ,  $bd = \overline{CD}$  则:

 $\overline{ab} \times \overline{ad} = (10a + b)(10a + d) = 100a^2 + 10a(b + d) + bd = 100a(a + 1) + bd = \overline{ABCD}$ 

#### 例题:

**1.** 21 × 29

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{ad}$ 

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#### 例题:

1. 
$$21 \times 29 = 100 \times 2 \times 3 + 1 \times 9 = 600 + 9 = 609$$

**2.** 32 × 38

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{ad}$ 

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- 1.  $21 \times 29 = 100 \times 2 \times 3 + 1 \times 9 = 600 + 9 = 609$
- **2.**  $32 \times 38 = 100 \times 3 \times 4 + 2 \times 8 = 1200 + 16 = 1216$
- **3.**  $43 \times 47$

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{ad}$ 

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- **3.**  $43 \times 47 = 100 \times 4 \times 5 + 3 \times 7 = 2000 + 21 = 2021$
- **4.**  $45 \times 45$

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- **5.** 74 × 76

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{ad}$ 

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- **4.**  $45 \times 45 = 100 \times 4 \times 5 + 5 \times 5 = 2000 + 25 = 2025$
- **5.**  $74 \times 76 = 100 \times 7 \times 8 + 4 \times 6 = 5600 + 24 = 5624$

思考: 和十速算法速利用了乘法的什么规律? 数字有什么特点?

每人出 2 道类似的题目

**1.** 21 × 29

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**1.** 21 × 29

$$\therefore 2 \times 3 = 6, \quad 1 \times 9 = 9, \quad \therefore 21 \times 29 = \overline{06} \quad \overline{09} = 609$$

**2.** 32 × 38

1.  $21 \times 29$ 

$$2 \times 3 = 6, \quad 1 \times 9 = 9, \quad 21 \times 29 = \overline{06} \quad \overline{09} = 609$$

**2.** 32 × 38

$$\therefore 3 \times 4 = 12, \quad 2 \times 8 = 16, \quad \therefore 32 \times 38 = \overline{12} \quad \overline{16} = 1216$$

3.  $43 \times 47 =$ 

1.  $21 \times 29$ 

$$\therefore 2 \times 3 = 6, \quad 1 \times 9 = 9, \quad \therefore 21 \times 29 = \overline{06} \quad \overline{09} = 609$$

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3.  $43 \times 47 =$ 

$$\therefore 4 \times 5 = 20, \quad 3 \times 7 = 21, \quad \therefore 43 \times 47 = \overline{20} \quad \overline{21} = 2021$$

**4.** 45 × 45

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**5.**  $74 \times 76$ 

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**4.**  $45 \times 45$ 

$$\therefore 4 \times 5 = 20, \quad 5 \times 5 = 25, \quad \therefore 45 \times 45 = \overline{20} \quad \overline{25} = 2025$$

**5.** 74 × 76

$$\therefore 7 \times 8 = 56, \quad 4 \times 6 = 24, \quad \therefore 74 \times 76 = \overline{56} \quad \overline{24} = 5624$$

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当 b=5, d 为偶数时,通常可以使用《逢五凑十法》,即:

对  $\overline{cd}$  先除以 2,再乘以 2,即:  $\overline{cd} = \overline{ef} \times 2$ ,则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} \div 2 \times 2 = (\overline{ab} \times 2) \times \overline{ef}$$

#### 例题:

**1.**  $15 \times 18$ 

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

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#### 例题:

**1.** 
$$15 \times 18 = 15 \times 2 \times 9 = 30 \times 9 = 270$$

**2.** 25 × 34

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

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- **1.**  $15 \times 18 = 15 \times 2 \times 9 = 30 \times 9 = 270$
- **2.**  $25 \times 34 = 25 \times 2 \times 17 = 50 \times 17 = 850$
- **3.** 35 × 16

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

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- **1.**  $15 \times 18 = 15 \times 2 \times 9 = 30 \times 9 = 270$
- **2.**  $25 \times 34 = 25 \times 2 \times 17 = 50 \times 17 = 850$
- **3.**  $35 \times 16 = 35 \times 2 \times 8 = 70 \times 8 = 560$
- **4.** 75 × 14

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

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#### 例题:

- **1.**  $15 \times 18 = 15 \times 2 \times 9 = 30 \times 9 = 270$
- **2.**  $25 \times 34 = 25 \times 2 \times 17 = 50 \times 17 = 850$
- **3.**  $35 \times 16 = 35 \times 2 \times 8 = 70 \times 8 = 560$
- **4.**  $75 \times 14 = 75 \times 2 \times 7 = 150 \times 7 = 1050$

思考: 逢五凑十法本质就是乘五等于乘十除二, 利用了乘法的什么规律?

总结逢五凑十法的数字特点,每人出2道类似的题目

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## 计算下列各式的值:

1.  $25 \times 48$ 

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### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 35 × 28

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### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

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### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

**4.** 
$$55 \times 18 = 55 \times 2 \times 9 = 110 \times 9 = 990$$

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

**4.** 
$$55 \times 18 = 55 \times 2 \times 9 = 110 \times 9 = 990$$

**5.** 
$$25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$$

**6.**  $23 \times 44$ 

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

**4.** 
$$55 \times 18 = 55 \times 2 \times 9 = 110 \times 9 = 990$$

**5.** 
$$25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$$

**6.** 
$$23 \times 44 = (25 - 2) \times 44 = 25 \times 44 - 2 \times 44 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**7.** 22 × 36

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

**4.** 
$$55 \times 18 = 55 \times 2 \times 9 = 110 \times 9 = 990$$

**5.** 
$$25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$$

**6.** 
$$23 \times 44 = (25 - 2) \times 44 = 25 \times 44 - 2 \times 44 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

7. 
$$22 \times 36 = 22 \times (35 + 1) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 1 = 770 + 22 = 792$$

**8.** 22 × 37

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### 计算下列各式的值:

1. 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

**4.** 
$$55 \times 18 = 55 \times 2 \times 9 = 110 \times 9 = 990$$

**5.** 
$$25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$$

**6.** 
$$23 \times 44 = (25 - 2) \times 44 = 25 \times 44 - 2 \times 44 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

7. 
$$22 \times 36 = 22 \times (35 + 1) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 1 = 770 + 22 = 792$$

**8.** 
$$22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$$

**9.**  $24 \times 28$ 

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$25 \times 48 = 25 \times 4 \times 12 = 100 \times 12 = 1200$$

**2.** 
$$35 \times 28 = 35 \times 2 \times 14 = 70 \times 14 = 980$$

**3.** 
$$45 \times 16 = 45 \times 2 \times 8 = 90 \times 8 = 720$$

**4.** 
$$55 \times 18 = 55 \times 2 \times 9 = 110 \times 9 = 990$$

**5.** 
$$25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$$

**6.** 
$$23 \times 44 = (25 - 2) \times 44 = 25 \times 44 - 2 \times 44 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

7. 
$$22 \times 36 = 22 \times (35 + 1) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 1 = 770 + 22 = 792$$

**8.** 
$$22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$$

**9.** 
$$24 \times 28 = (25 - 1) \times 28 = 25 \times 4 \times 7 - 28 = 700 - 28 = 672$$

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)  $b \ge 6$  时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

例题:

1. 22 × 37

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)  $b \geq 6$  时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

#### 例题:

1. 
$$22 \times 37 = 22 \times (40 - 3) = 22 \times 40 - 22 \times 3 = 880 - 66 = 814$$

**2.** 22 × 37

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)b > 6 时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

#### 例题:

1. 
$$22 \times 37 = 22 \times (40 - 3) = 22 \times 40 - 22 \times 3 = 880 - 66 = 814$$

**2.** 
$$22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$$

**3.** 32 × 39

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)b > 6 时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

- 1.  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (40 3) = 22 \times 40 22 \times 3 = 880 66 = 814$
- **2.**  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$
- 3.  $32 \times 39 = 32 \times (40 1) = 32 \times 40 32 = 1280 32 = 1248$
- **4.** 52 × 39

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)b > 6 时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

#### 例题:

- 1.  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (40 3) = 22 \times 40 22 \times 3 = 880 66 = 814$
- **2.**  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$
- 3.  $32 \times 39 = 32 \times (40 1) = 32 \times 40 32 = 1280 32 = 1248$
- **4.**  $52 \times 39 = 52 \times (40 1) = 52 \times 40 52 = 2080 52 = 2028$
- **5.** 48 × 43

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计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)b > 6 时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

- 1.  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (40 3) = 22 \times 40 22 \times 3 = 880 66 = 814$
- **2.**  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$
- 3.  $32 \times 39 = 32 \times (40 1) = 32 \times 40 32 = 1280 32 = 1248$
- **4.**  $52 \times 39 = 52 \times (40 1) = 52 \times 40 52 = 2080 52 = 2028$
- **5.**  $48 \times 43 = (50 2) \times 43 = 50 \times 43 2 \times 43 = 2150 86 = 2064$
- **6.** 37 × 37

计算:  $\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd}$ 

当尾数(或个位数)  $b \geq 6$  时,通常可以使用《大数凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = 10 - b, 则:

$$\overline{ab} \times \overline{cd} = \overline{e0} \times \overline{cd} - \overline{f} \times \overline{cd}$$

#### 例题:

- 1.  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (40 3) = 22 \times 40 22 \times 3 = 880 66 = 814$
- **2.**  $22 \times 37 = 22 \times (35 + 2) = 22 \times 35 + 22 \times 2 = 770 + 44 = 814$
- 3.  $32 \times 39 = 32 \times (40 1) = 32 \times 40 32 = 1280 32 = 1248$
- **4.**  $52 \times 39 = 52 \times (40 1) = 52 \times 40 52 = 2080 52 = 2028$
- **5.**  $48 \times 43 = (50 2) \times 43 = 50 \times 43 2 \times 43 = 2150 86 = 2064$
- **6.**  $37 \times 37 = (40 3)(40 3) = 40^2 2 \times 40 \times 3 + 3^2 = 1600 240 + 9 = 1369$

思考:大数凑十法速利用了乘法的什么规律?数字有什么特点?

每人出 2 道类似的题目

# 计算下列各式的值:

**1.**  $15 \times 49$ 

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### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$15 \times 49 = 15 \times (50 - 1) = 15 \times 50 - 15 = 750 - 15 = 735$$

**2.** 23 × 29

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$15 \times 49 = 15 \times (50 - 1) = 15 \times 50 - 15 = 750 - 15 = 735$$

**2.** 
$$23 \times 29 = 23 \times (30 - 1) = 23 \times 30 - 23 = 690 - 23 = 667$$

3.  $24 \times 28$ 

### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$15 \times 49 = 15 \times (50 - 1) = 15 \times 50 - 15 = 750 - 15 = 735$$

**2.** 
$$23 \times 29 = 23 \times (30 - 1) = 23 \times 30 - 23 = 690 - 23 = 667$$

3. 
$$24 \times 28 = 24 \times (30 - 2) = 24 \times 30 - 24 \times 2 = 720 - 48 = 672$$

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### 计算下列各式的值:

**1.** 
$$15 \times 49 = 15 \times (50 - 1) = 15 \times 50 - 15 = 750 - 15 = 735$$

**2.** 
$$23 \times 29 = 23 \times (30 - 1) = 23 \times 30 - 23 = 690 - 23 = 667$$

3. 
$$24 \times 28 = 24 \times (30 - 2) = 24 \times 30 - 24 \times 2 = 720 - 48 = 672$$

**4.** 
$$32 \times 57 = 32 \times (60 - 3) = 32 \times 60 - 32 \times 3 = 1920 - 96 = 1824$$

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计算:  $\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9}$ 

当两个尾数都等于9时,通常可以使用《双向凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = d + 1, 则:

$$\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9} = (\overline{e0} - 1) \times (\overline{f0} - 1) = \overline{e0} \times \overline{f0} - \overline{e0} - \overline{f0} + 1$$

例题:

**1.** 29 × 39

计算:  $\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9}$ 

当两个尾数都等于9时,通常可以使用《双向凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = d + 1, 则:

$$\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9} = (\overline{e0} - 1) \times (\overline{f0} - 1) = \overline{e0} \times \overline{f0} - \overline{e0} - \overline{f0} + 1$$

例题:

**1.** 
$$29 \times 39 = (30 - 1) \times (40 - 1) = 30 \times 40 - 30 - 40 + 1 = 1200 - 70 + 1 = 1131$$

**2.** 19 × 59

计算:  $\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9}$ 

当两个尾数都等于9时,通常可以使用《双向凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = d + 1, 则:

$$\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9} = (\overline{e0} - 1) \times (\overline{f0} - 1) = \overline{e0} \times \overline{f0} - \overline{e0} - \overline{f0} + 1$$

### 例题:

**1.** 
$$29 \times 39 = (30 - 1) \times (40 - 1) = 30 \times 40 - 30 - 40 + 1 = 1200 - 70 + 1 = 1131$$

**2.** 
$$19 \times 59 = (20 - 1) \times (60 - 1) = 20 \times 60 - 20 - 60 + 1 = 1200 - 80 + 1 = 1121$$

**3.** 29 × 69

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计算:  $\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9}$ 

当两个尾数都等于9时,通常可以使用《双向凑十法》,即:

设: e = a + 1, f = d + 1, 则:

$$\overline{a9} \times \overline{c9} = (\overline{e0} - 1) \times (\overline{f0} - 1) = \overline{e0} \times \overline{f0} - \overline{e0} - \overline{f0} + 1$$

### 例题:

**1.** 
$$29 \times 39 = (30 - 1) \times (40 - 1) = 30 \times 40 - 30 - 40 + 1 = 1200 - 70 + 1 = 1131$$

**2.** 
$$19 \times 59 = (20 - 1) \times (60 - 1) = 20 \times 60 - 20 - 60 + 1 = 1200 - 80 + 1 = 1121$$

**3.** 
$$29 \times 69 = (30 - 1) \times (70 - 1) = 30 \times 70 - 30 - 70 + 1 = 2100 - 100 + 1 = 2001$$

思考: 双向凑十法速利用了乘法的什么规律?

每人出 2 道类似的题目

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# 例题:

**1.**  $15 \times 28$ 

- **1.**  $15 \times 28 = 15 \times 4 \times 7 = 60 \times 7 = 420$
- **2.** 25 × 36

- **1.**  $15 \times 28 = 15 \times 4 \times 7 = 60 \times 7 = 420$
- **2.**  $25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$
- **3.** 33 × 12

- **1.**  $15 \times 28 = 15 \times 4 \times 7 = 60 \times 7 = 420$
- **2.**  $25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$
- **3.**  $33 \times 12 = 3 \times 11 \times 12 = 3 \times 121 = 363$
- **4.**  $74 \times 27$

- **1.**  $15 \times 28 = 15 \times 4 \times 7 = 60 \times 7 = 420$
- **2.**  $25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$
- **3.**  $33 \times 12 = 3 \times 11 \times 12 = 3 \times 121 = 363$
- **4.**  $74 \times 27 = 2 \times 37 \times 27 = 2 \times 999 = 1998$
- **5.** 91 × 22

### 例题:

**1.** 
$$15 \times 28 = 15 \times 4 \times 7 = 60 \times 7 = 420$$

**2.** 
$$25 \times 36 = 25 \times 4 \times 9 = 100 \times 9 = 900$$

**3.** 
$$33 \times 12 = 3 \times 11 \times 12 = 3 \times 121 = 363$$

**4.** 
$$74 \times 27 = 2 \times 37 \times 27 = 2 \times 999 = 1998$$

**5.** 
$$91 \times 22 = 91 \times 11 \times 2 = 1001 \times 2 = 2002$$

### 总结利用因数分解法的数字特点,每人出2道类似的题目

1.  $125 \times 72 =$ 

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- **1.**  $125 \times 72 = 125 \times 8 \times 9 = 1000 \times 9 = 9000$
- **2.**  $14 \times 28 =$

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**1.**  $125 \times 72 = 125 \times 8 \times 9 = 1000 \times 9 = 9000$ 

**2.**  $14 \times 28 = 7 \times 2 \times 7 \times 4 = 49 \times 8 = 400 - 8 = 392$ 

思考: 逢五凑十法是不是因数分解法的特例?

# 二项式速算法

$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 26 × 26

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$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.**  $27 \times 27$ 

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$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.** 
$$27 \times 27 = (25 + 2)(25 + 2) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 \times 2 + 2^2 = 625 + 100 + 4 = 729$$

**3.** 36 × 36

$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.** 
$$27 \times 27 = (25 + 2)(25 + 2) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 \times 2 + 2^2 = 625 + 100 + 4 = 729$$

**3.** 
$$36 \times 36 = (35+1)(35+1) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 + 1^2 = 1225 + 70 + 1 = 1296$$

$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.** 
$$27 \times 27 = (25 + 2)(25 + 2) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 \times 2 + 2^2 = 625 + 100 + 4 = 729$$

**3.** 
$$36 \times 36 = (35+1)(35+1) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 + 1^2 = 1225 + 70 + 1 = 1296$$

**4.** 
$$37 \times 37 = (35 + 2)(35 + 2) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 \times 2 + 2^2 = 1225 + 140 + 4 = 1369$$

**5.** 37 × 38

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$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.** 
$$27 \times 27 = (25 + 2)(25 + 2) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 \times 2 + 2^2 = 625 + 100 + 4 = 729$$

**3.** 
$$36 \times 36 = (35+1)(35+1) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 + 1^2 = 1225 + 70 + 1 = 1296$$

**4.** 
$$37 \times 37 = (35 + 2)(35 + 2) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 \times 2 + 2^2 = 1225 + 140 + 4 = 1369$$

**5.** 
$$37 \times 38 = (40 - 3)(40 - 2) = 40^2 - 40 \times (3 + 2) + 3 \times 2 = 1600 - 200 + 6 = 1406$$

**6.** 27 × 38

$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.** 
$$27 \times 27 = (25 + 2)(25 + 2) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 \times 2 + 2^2 = 625 + 100 + 4 = 729$$

**3.** 
$$36 \times 36 = (35+1)(35+1) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 + 1^2 = 1225 + 70 + 1 = 1296$$

**4.** 
$$37 \times 37 = (35 + 2)(35 + 2) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 \times 2 + 2^2 = 1225 + 140 + 4 = 1369$$

**5.** 
$$37 \times 38 = (40 - 3)(40 - 2) = 40^2 - 40 \times (3 + 2) + 3 \times 2 = 1600 - 200 + 6 = 1406$$

**6.** 
$$27 \times 38 = (30 - 3)(40 - 2) = 30 \times 40 - 2 \times 30 - 3 \times 40 + 3^2 = 1200 - 180 + 6 = 1026$$

**7.**  $27 \times 48$ 

$$(a+b)(a+c) = a^2 + a(b+c) + bc$$

**1.** 
$$26 \times 26 = (25+1)(25+1) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 + 1^2 = 625 + 50 + 1 = 676$$

**2.** 
$$27 \times 27 = (25 + 2)(25 + 2) = 25^2 + 2 \times 25 \times 2 + 2^2 = 625 + 100 + 4 = 729$$

**3.** 
$$36 \times 36 = (35+1)(35+1) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 + 1^2 = 1225 + 70 + 1 = 1296$$

**4.** 
$$37 \times 37 = (35 + 2)(35 + 2) = 35^2 + 2 \times 35 \times 2 + 2^2 = 1225 + 140 + 4 = 1369$$

**5.** 
$$37 \times 38 = (40 - 3)(40 - 2) = 40^2 - 40 \times (3 + 2) + 3 \times 2 = 1600 - 200 + 6 = 1406$$

**6.** 
$$27 \times 38 = (30 - 3)(40 - 2) = 30 \times 40 - 2 \times 30 - 3 \times 40 + 3^2 = 1200 - 180 + 6 = 1026$$

7. 
$$27 \times 48 = (30-3)(50-2) = 30 \times 50 - 30 \times 2 - 3 \times 50 + 3 \times 2 = 1500 - 60 - 150 + 6 = 1296$$

#### 总结利用二项式速算法的数字特点,每人出2道类似的题目

1.  $19 \times 24 =$ 

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1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 =$$

- 1.  $19 \times 24 = (20 1) \times 24 = 480 24 = 456$
- **2.**  $16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 1) = 640 16 = 624$
- 3.  $17 \times 47 =$

- 1.  $19 \times 24 = (20 1) \times 24 = 480 24 = 456$
- **2.**  $16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 1) = 640 16 = 624$
- 3.  $17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 3) = 850 51 = 799$
- **4.**  $24 \times 25 =$

1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 - 1) = 640 - 16 = 624$$

3. 
$$17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 - 3) = 850 - 51 = 799$$

**4.** 
$$24 \times 25 = 6 \times 4 \times 25 = 6 \times 100 = 600$$

**5.** 
$$27 \times 23 =$$

1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 - 1) = 640 - 16 = 624$$

3. 
$$17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 - 3) = 850 - 51 = 799$$

**4.** 
$$24 \times 25 = 6 \times 4 \times 25 = 6 \times 100 = 600$$

**5.** 
$$27 \times 23 = 20 \times 30 + 7 \times 3 = 600 + 21 = 621$$

**6.** 
$$26 \times 29 =$$

1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 - 1) = 640 - 16 = 624$$

3. 
$$17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 - 3) = 850 - 51 = 799$$

**4.** 
$$24 \times 25 = 6 \times 4 \times 25 = 6 \times 100 = 600$$

**5.** 
$$27 \times 23 = 20 \times 30 + 7 \times 3 = 600 + 21 = 621$$

**6.** 
$$26 \times 29 = 26 \times (30 - 1) = 780 - 26 = 754$$

**7.** 
$$37 \times 43 =$$

1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 - 1) = 640 - 16 = 624$$

3. 
$$17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 - 3) = 850 - 51 = 799$$

**4.** 
$$24 \times 25 = 6 \times 4 \times 25 = 6 \times 100 = 600$$

**5.** 
$$27 \times 23 = 20 \times 30 + 7 \times 3 = 600 + 21 = 621$$

**6.** 
$$26 \times 29 = 26 \times (30 - 1) = 780 - 26 = 754$$

7. 
$$37 \times 43 = (40 - 3)(40 + 3) = 1600 - 9 = 1591$$

**8.** 
$$36 \times 44 =$$

1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 - 1) = 640 - 16 = 624$$

3. 
$$17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 - 3) = 850 - 51 = 799$$

**4.** 
$$24 \times 25 = 6 \times 4 \times 25 = 6 \times 100 = 600$$

**5.** 
$$27 \times 23 = 20 \times 30 + 7 \times 3 = 600 + 21 = 621$$

**6.** 
$$26 \times 29 = 26 \times (30 - 1) = 780 - 26 = 754$$

7. 
$$37 \times 43 = (40 - 3)(40 + 3) = 1600 - 9 = 1591$$

**8.** 
$$36 \times 44 = (40 - 4)(40 + 4) = 1600 - 16 = 1584$$

**9.** 
$$42 \times 25 =$$

1. 
$$19 \times 24 = (20 - 1) \times 24 = 480 - 24 = 456$$

**2.** 
$$16 \times 39 = 16 \times (40 - 1) = 640 - 16 = 624$$

3. 
$$17 \times 47 = 17 \times (50 - 3) = 850 - 51 = 799$$

**4.** 
$$24 \times 25 = 6 \times 4 \times 25 = 6 \times 100 = 600$$

**5.** 
$$27 \times 23 = 20 \times 30 + 7 \times 3 = 600 + 21 = 621$$

**6.** 
$$26 \times 29 = 26 \times (30 - 1) = 780 - 26 = 754$$

7. 
$$37 \times 43 = (40 - 3)(40 + 3) = 1600 - 9 = 1591$$

**8.** 
$$36 \times 44 = (40 - 4)(40 + 4) = 1600 - 16 = 1584$$

**9.** 
$$42 \times 25 = 21 \times 2 \times 25 = 21 \times 50 = 1050$$

1.  $36 \times 24 =$ 

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1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 =$$

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- 1.  $36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 6) = 30^2 6^2 = 900 36 = 864$
- **2.**  $36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 36 = 900 36 = 864$
- 3.  $26 \times 48 =$

1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**3.** 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 =$$

1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**3.** 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 = (25 + 1) \times 22 = 25 \times 22 + 22 = 550 + 22 = 572$$

**5.** 
$$43 \times 27 =$$

1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**3.** 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 = (25 + 1) \times 22 = 25 \times 22 + 22 = 550 + 22 = 572$$

**5.** 
$$43 \times 27 = (23 + 20) \times 27 = 23 \times 27 + 20 \times 27 = 621 + 540 = 1161$$

**6.** 
$$33 \times 28 =$$

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1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

3. 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 = (25 + 1) \times 22 = 25 \times 22 + 22 = 550 + 22 = 572$$

**5.** 
$$43 \times 27 = (23 + 20) \times 27 = 23 \times 27 + 20 \times 27 = 621 + 540 = 1161$$

**6.** 
$$33 \times 28 = 33 \times (30 - 2) = 33 \times 30 - 33 \times 2 = 990 - 66 = 924$$

**7.** 
$$48 \times 28 =$$

1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

3. 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 = (25 + 1) \times 22 = 25 \times 22 + 22 = 550 + 22 = 572$$

**5.** 
$$43 \times 27 = (23 + 20) \times 27 = 23 \times 27 + 20 \times 27 = 621 + 540 = 1161$$

**6.** 
$$33 \times 28 = 33 \times (30 - 2) = 33 \times 30 - 33 \times 2 = 990 - 66 = 924$$

7. 
$$48 \times 28 = (50 - 2) \times 28 = 50 \times 28 - 2 \times 28 = 1400 - 56 = 1344$$

**8.** 
$$44 \times 14 =$$

1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

3. 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 = (25 + 1) \times 22 = 25 \times 22 + 22 = 550 + 22 = 572$$

**5.** 
$$43 \times 27 = (23 + 20) \times 27 = 23 \times 27 + 20 \times 27 = 621 + 540 = 1161$$

**6.** 
$$33 \times 28 = 33 \times (30 - 2) = 33 \times 30 - 33 \times 2 = 990 - 66 = 924$$

7. 
$$48 \times 28 = (50 - 2) \times 28 = 50 \times 28 - 2 \times 28 = 1400 - 56 = 1344$$

**8.** 
$$44 \times 14 = (45 - 1) \times 14 = 45 \times 2 \times 7 - 14 = 90 \times 7 - 14 = 630 - 14 = 616$$

**9.**  $48 \times 45 =$ 

1. 
$$36 \times 24 = (30 + 6) \times (30 - 6) = 30^2 - 6^2 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

**2.** 
$$36 \times 24 = 36 \times (25 - 1) = 9 \times 4 \times 25 - 36 = 900 - 36 = 864$$

3. 
$$26 \times 48 = 26 \times (50 - 2) = 26 \times 50 - 52 = 1300 - 52 = 1248$$

**4.** 
$$26 \times 22 = (25 + 1) \times 22 = 25 \times 22 + 22 = 550 + 22 = 572$$

**5.** 
$$43 \times 27 = (23 + 20) \times 27 = 23 \times 27 + 20 \times 27 = 621 + 540 = 1161$$

**6.** 
$$33 \times 28 = 33 \times (30 - 2) = 33 \times 30 - 33 \times 2 = 990 - 66 = 924$$

7. 
$$48 \times 28 = (50 - 2) \times 28 = 50 \times 28 - 2 \times 28 = 1400 - 56 = 1344$$

**8.** 
$$44 \times 14 = (45 - 1) \times 14 = 45 \times 2 \times 7 - 14 = 90 \times 7 - 14 = 630 - 14 = 616$$

**9.** 
$$48 \times 45 = 48 \times (50 - 5) = 2400 - 240 = 2160$$

1.  $38 \times 19 =$ 

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 =$$

- 1.  $38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 1) = 38 \times 20 38 = 760 38 = 722$
- **2.**  $46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$
- 3.  $44 \times 23 =$

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 =$$

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 =$$

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 = 36 \times (50 - 2) = 36 \times 50 - 72 = 1800 - 72 = 1728$$

**6.** 
$$47 \times 48 =$$

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 = 36 \times (50 - 2) = 36 \times 50 - 72 = 1800 - 72 = 1728$$

**6.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3) \times 48 = 50 \times 48 - 3 \times 48 = 2400 - 144 = 2256$$

**7.** 
$$47 \times 48 =$$

1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 = 36 \times (50 - 2) = 36 \times 50 - 72 = 1800 - 72 = 1728$$

**6.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3) \times 48 = 50 \times 48 - 3 \times 48 = 2400 - 144 = 2256$$

7. 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3)(50 - 2) = 2500 - 50(3 + 2) + 6 = 2500 - 250 + 6 = 2256$$

**8.**  $47 \times 48 =$ 

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 = 36 \times (50 - 2) = 36 \times 50 - 72 = 1800 - 72 = 1728$$

**6.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3) \times 48 = 50 \times 48 - 3 \times 48 = 2400 - 144 = 2256$$

7. 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3)(50 - 2) = 2500 - 50(3 + 2) + 6 = 2500 - 250 + 6 = 2256$$

**8.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (42 + 5) \times 48 = 42 \times 48 + 5 \times 48 = 2016 + 240 = 2256$$

**9.** 
$$37 \times 48 =$$

1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 = 36 \times (50 - 2) = 36 \times 50 - 72 = 1800 - 72 = 1728$$

**6.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3) \times 48 = 50 \times 48 - 3 \times 48 = 2400 - 144 = 2256$$

7. 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3)(50 - 2) = 2500 - 50(3 + 2) + 6 = 2500 - 250 + 6 = 2256$$

**8.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (42 + 5) \times 48 = 42 \times 48 + 5 \times 48 = 2016 + 240 = 2256$$

**9.** 
$$37 \times 48 = 37 \times (50 - 2) = 37 \times 50 - 74 = 1850 - 74 = 1776$$

10. 
$$37 \times 48 =$$

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1. 
$$38 \times 19 = 38 \times (20 - 1) = 38 \times 20 - 38 = 760 - 38 = 722$$

**2.** 
$$46 \times 27 = 46 \times (25 + 2) = 46 \times 25 + 46 \times 2 = 1150 + 92 = 1242$$

**3.** 
$$44 \times 23 = 44 \times (25 - 2) = 44 \times 25 - 44 \times 2 = 1100 - 88 = 1012$$

**4.** 
$$44 \times 39 = 44 \times (40 - 1) = 44 \times 40 - 44 = 1760 - 44 = 1716$$

**5.** 
$$36 \times 48 = 36 \times (50 - 2) = 36 \times 50 - 72 = 1800 - 72 = 1728$$

**6.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3) \times 48 = 50 \times 48 - 3 \times 48 = 2400 - 144 = 2256$$

7. 
$$47 \times 48 = (50 - 3)(50 - 2) = 2500 - 50(3 + 2) + 6 = 2500 - 250 + 6 = 2256$$

**8.** 
$$47 \times 48 = (42 + 5) \times 48 = 42 \times 48 + 5 \times 48 = 2016 + 240 = 2256$$

**9.** 
$$37 \times 48 = 37 \times (50 - 2) = 37 \times 50 - 74 = 1850 - 74 = 1776$$

**10.** 
$$37 \times 48 = (40 - 3)(50 - 2) = 2000 - 80 - 150 + 6 = 2000 - 200 - 30 + 6 = 1800 - 30 + 6 = 1776$$