easy_ECC Writeup

该题目思路比较简单,利用椭圆曲线计算 xG 的方法即可求出公钥对(具体原理见 https://www.jianshu.com/p/e41bc1eb1d81),一个较重要的点是利用逆元求分数的取模,有两种方法:费马小定理和欧几里得算法,这里我采用了费马小定理计算,编写脚本即可获得 flag。

```
脚本如下:
#求 x 的 y 次方的模

def power(x, y, mod):
    r = 1
    while(y):
        if y & 1:
            r = (r * x) % mod
            x = (x * x) % mod
            y >>= 1
    return r
```

Gx = 6478678675

Gy = 5636379357093

a = 16546484

```
b = 4548674875
p = 15424654874903
k = 546768
x = Gx
y = Gy
for i in range(k-1):
    if (x==Gx \text{ and } y==Gy):
         inv = power(2*Gy, p-2,p)
         temp = (3*Gx*Gx+a)*inv%p
    else:
         inv = power((x-Gx), p-2,p)
         temp = (y-Gy)*inv%p
    #print(temp)
    xr = (temp*temp-Gx-x)%p
    yr = (temp*(x-xr)-y)%p
    #print(i,xr,yr)
    x = xr
    y = yr
print(x+y)
```

求得 flag 为: cyberpeace{19477226185390}