

Redesigning CHIML: Orchestration Language for Chimera-Framework

Go Frendi Gunawan
STIKI Malang
Malang, Indonesia
Email: frendi@stiki.ac.id

Jozua Ferjanus Palandi
STIKI Malang
Malang, Indonesia
Email: jozuafp@stiki.ac.id

Subari
STIKI Malang
Malang, Indonesia
Email: subari@stiki.ac.id

Abstract—Component Based Software Engineering (CBSE) has been proven to be quite effective to deal with software complexity. Nowadays developers prefer to build micro-services rather than single monolithic application. Several SOA (Service Oriented Architecture) approaches like HTTP/REST API, CORBA, and BPEL are commonly used by developers. Some of those solutions are built under assumptions that the developers are either building the services from scratch or able to create abstraction layer for the pre-existing services. In most cases the assumptions are true. However there are cases when developers prefer to keep the architecture as simple as possible without any need to build additional abstraction layers. For example, when they work with mini-embedded system.

Previously, a YAML based orchestration language was developed for Chimera-Framework (A language agnostic framework for stand-alone and distributed computing). In this paper, we refine the orchestration language in order to let developers accessing pre-existing services without any need to build another abstraction layer.

Keywords—Chimera, CBSE, Orchestration Language

I. INTRODUCTION

Software development is a very interesting topic. The way people developing softwares is changing as new paradigms emerged. In turns, software development also affecting the culture. It change how people interact to each others as well as how they interact with computers.

As software become more and more complex, building and maintaining softwares is also become harder. Various approaches have been attempted in order to make the processes easier.

II. RESEARCH QUESTION

In order to have a clear direction in our research, we are focusing in these two questions:

- How to make a readable, compact, and intuitive orchestration language for Chimera-Framework.
- How the orchestration language compared to other possible solutions.

III. LITERATURE SURVEY

- A. Orchestration and Choreography
- B. SOA and Micro-service
- C. HTTP/REST API
- D. SOAP
- E. CORBA, BPEL, and EJB

IV. CHIML

A. Design

CHIML is a superset of ‘YAML’. So, any valid ‘YAML’ is also a valid ‘CHIML’. And as ‘YAML’ itself is a superset of ‘JSON’, any valid ‘JSON’ is also a valid ‘CHIML’.

B. Semantic (Backus Naur Form)

Listing 1. CHIML Semantic

```
<program> ::= <completeVars>
              <completeVerbose>
              <command>
              <completeCatch>
              <completeThrow>

<command> ::= <completeCommand>
              | <shortCommand>

<completeCommand> ::= <completeIns>
                      <completeOut>
                      <completeIf>
                      "do:_"<singleCommand>
                      newLine>
                      <completeWhile>

| <completeIns>
  <completeOut>
  <completeIf>
  "parallel:_"<
    singleCommand<
    newLine>
  <completeWhile>

| <completeIns>
  <completeOut>
  <completeIf>
  "do:_"<commandList>
  <completeWhile>

| <completeIns>
```

```

<completeOut>
<completeIf>
  "parallel:_"<commandList
    >
<completeWhile>

| "map:_"<variableName>
  "into:_"<variableName>
  <completeCommand>

| "filter:_"<variableName>
  "into:_"<variableName>
  <completeCommand>

<shortCommand> ::= " | ("<ins>") _->_ " <
  singleCommand> " _->_ " <out><newLine>
    | " | ("<ins>") _->_ " <
      singleCommand> " <newLine>
    | " | "<singleCommand>_" -> " _<
      out><newLine>
    | " | ("<ins>") -> " _<out><
      newLine>
    | " | "<out>_" <- ("<ins>") "<
      newLine>

<commandList> ::= _" " <command>
    | <commandList><commandList>

<completeCatch> ::= _"
    | "catch: " <condition><
      newLine>

<completeThrow> ::= _"
    | "throw: " <string><newLine>

<completeVars> ::= _"
    | "vars: " <variableList><
      newLine>

<completeVerbose> ::= _"
    | "verbose: " <verbosity><
      newLine>

<completeIns> ::= _"
    | "ins: " <ins><newLine>

<completeOut> ::= _"
    | "out: " <out><newLine>

<completeIf> ::= _"
    | "if: " <condition><newLine>

<completeWhile> ::= _"
    | "While: " <condition><
      newLine>

<ins> ::= <variableList>

<out> ::= <variableName>

<singleCommand> ::= <cliCommand>
    | <jsArrowFunction>
    | " { " <jsNormalFunction> " } "
    | " [ " <jsFunctionWithCallback>
      > " ] "
    | " <" <jsPromise> "> "

<variableName> ::= <alpha>

```

```

    | <alpha><alphaNumeric>

<variableList> ::= <variableName>
    | <variableName> ", "<
      variableList>

<float> ::= <integer>
    | <integer> "." <integer>

<verbosity> ::= _"1"
    | _"2"
    | _"3"
    | _"4"

<condition> ::= _"true"
    | _"false"
    | _AnyJavaScript_statement_
      evaluated_to_either_"true"or_"false"

<string> ::= <string><string>
    | <alphanumeric>
    | <space>
    | <symbol>

<alphanumeric> ::= <alphanumeric><alphanumeric>
    | <alpha>
    | <integer>

<alpha> ::= <letter><alpha>

<letter> ::= _single_character_, _a-z_or_A-Z

<space> ::= _" "

<newLine> ::= _"\n"

<symbol> ::= _single_non-letter_and_non-numeric_
  _character

<integer> ::= <digit>
    | <digit><integer>

<digit> ::= _"0"_|_"1"_|_"2"_|_"3"_|_"4"_|_"5"_|
  _"6"_|_"7"_|_"8"_|_"9"

<cliCommand> ::= _Any_valid_CLI_command

<jsArrowFunction> ::= _Javascript_arrow_
  _function

<jsNormalFunction> ::= _Javascript_function_
  _returning_a_value

<jsFunctionWithCallback> ::= _Javascript_
  _function_that_has_error-first-callback

<jsPromise> ::= _Javascript_promise

```

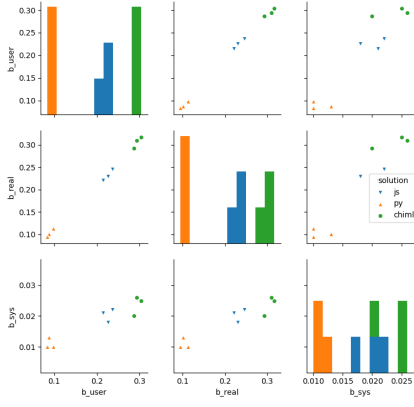


Fig. 1. Performance Comparison

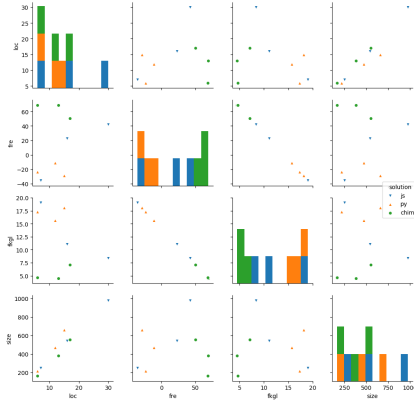


Fig. 2. Readability Comparison

C. Default Variables

D. Implementation

V. EXPERIMENT

A. Solutions

VI. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

VII. CONCLUSION

CHIML serve well as orchestration language. However for control structure, the existance of intermediary components can help to boost performance. The best trait of CHIML is it's support for programming-in-large and programming-in-small. Eventough the control structure is still suffering for speed and performance, it serves well as prototyping tool. This mean that the developer can start orchestration solution in CHIML, then gradually do optimization.

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