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Assignment 5 (NCERT Class 10 Probability)

Gautam Singh (CS21BTECH11018)

Abstract—This document contains the solution to Example 3 of Chapter 15 (Probability) in the NCERT Class 10 Textbook.

Example 3. Suppose we throw a die once.

- (i) What is the probability of getting a number greater than 4?
- (ii) What is the probability of getting a number less than or equal to 4?

Solution: Let the random variable X denote the number that appears on rolling the die. Then, we see that the sample space is $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. Therefore, from Figure 1,

$$\Pr(X \le 4) = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3} \tag{1}$$

$$Pr(X > 4) = 1 - Pr(X \le 4)$$
 (2)

$$=1-\frac{4}{6}=\frac{1}{3}\tag{3}$$

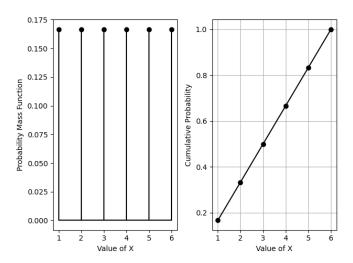


Fig. 1: Plot of the PMF (left) and CDF (right) of an unbiased die. Code: codes/6 1.py