Quadratic Programming Assignment

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Abstract—This document contains the solution to Question 27 of Exercise 5 in Chapter 6 of the class 12 NCERT textbook.

1) Show that the point on the curve

$$x^2 = 2y \tag{1}$$

which is nearest to the point $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ is a nonconvex optimization problem.

Solution: We need to find

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} g(\mathbf{x}) = \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{P}\|^2 \tag{2}$$

s.t.
$$h(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x} = 0$$
 (3)

where

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

Suppose $\mathbf{x_1}$ and $\mathbf{x_2}$ satisfy $h(\mathbf{x}) = 0$. Then,

$$\mathbf{x_1}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x_1} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x_1} + f = 0 \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{x_2}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x_2} + 2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x_2} + f = 0 \tag{6}$$

Then, for any $0 \le \lambda \le 1$, substituting

$$\mathbf{x}_{\lambda} \leftarrow \lambda \mathbf{x}_1 + (1 - \lambda) \, \mathbf{x}_2 \tag{7}$$

into (3), we get

$$h(\mathbf{x}_{\lambda}) = \lambda (\lambda - 1) (\mathbf{x}_1 - \mathbf{x}_2)^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{V} (\mathbf{x}_1 - \mathbf{x}_2) + f \neq 0$$
(8)

Hence, the optimization problem is nonconvex as the set of points on the parabola do not form a convex set. The constraints throw an error when *cvxpy* is used, as shown in the erroneous Python code codes/parab cvx.py.

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