## 14-July-2021 | CS 109 S2 | FCP | End Semester Exam

Your email will be recorded when you submit this form

Not 200310082462@eed.svnit.ac.in? Switch account

14-July-2021 | CS 109 S2 | FCP | End Semester Exam

#### Choose the correct answer

The network topology in which devices are not directly linked to each other and where hub acts as a central controller is

- a. Mesh
- b. Star
- c. Ring
- d. Tree

(	- 1	-
		•





What is the output of the below program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
int array1[]={1,2,3,4,5,6};
printf("%d", sizeof(array1)/sizeof(array1[1]));
  return 0;
}
```

- 23
- **1**2
- 6
- 3

Clear selection

Which of the following is a primary storage device?

- Magnetic tape
- Optical disk
- O Hard disk
- None of these

Choose the correct answer	
Standard ANSI C recognizes	number of keywords?
a. 30 b. 32	
c. 36	
d. 40	
O a	
<ul><li>b</li></ul>	
O c	
O d	
	Clear selection
Which of the following operating system is primatelecommunications?	arily used in process control and
Embedded operating system	
Multiprocessor operating system	
Batch processing operating system	

Clear selection

Real time operating system

Convert the binary number 10011.010 to decimal.
A) 19.25
B) 18.25
C) 18.40
D) 24.50

•	Α
0	В
$\bigcirc$	С

O D

Clear selection

Choose the correct answer

Which of the following symbol is used to denote a pre-processor statement?

a. ! b. # c. ~ d. ;

O a

b

0

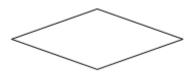
 $\bigcirc$  d

A network of computers and other devices that is confined to a relatively small space is called?

- a. Wide Area Network
- b. Local Area Network
- c. Global Network
- d. Peer-to-Peer Network
- ( ) a
- ( t
- $\bigcirc$  c
- $\bigcirc$

Clear selection

This symbol in flowchart is used for



- () 1/0
- Decision
- Initialization
- Flow

What is the correct value to return to the operating system upon the successful completion of a program?

- a. 1
- b. -1
- c. 0
- d. None of these
- () t

What will be the output of the following code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
int a[2][3] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
int i = 0, j = 0;
for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
for (j = 0; j < 3; j++)
printf("%d", a[i][j]);
   Runtime Error
  123450
   123455
   1 2 3 4 5 junk
```

Which of the following statements are correct about the function?

```
long fun(int num)
{
    int i;
    long f=1;
    for(i=1; i<=num; i++)
        f = f * i;
    return f;
}</pre>
```

- The function calculates the value of 1 raised to power num.
- The function calculates the square root of an integer
- The function calculates the factorial value of an integer
- None of above

What is the output of the following program?

```
#include < stdio.h>
int main()
   int i, j, count=0;
   for(i=0; i<5; i++);
      for(j=0;j<5;j++);
         count++;
   }
   printf("%d",count);
   return 0;
}
```

# Find the out put #include(stdio.h) int main() struct site char name[] = "SVNIT"; int no\_of\_pages = 200; struct site \*ptr; printf("%d ", ptr->no\_of\_pages); printf("%s", ptr->name); getchar(); return 0; (a)200 SVNIT (b)200(c)Runtime Error (d)Compilation Error

What will be the output of the program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int func1(int);

int main()
{
    int k=35;
    k = func1(k=func1(k=func1(k)));
    printf("k=%d\n", k);
    return 0;
}
int func1(int k)
{
    k++;
    return k;
}

    k=36
    k=38
    k=35
```

Clear selection

k=37

Which one of the following is not a valid identifier?

- a. examveda
- b. 1examveda
- c. exam veda
- d. examveda1
- a
- ( ) i
- 0

Clear selection

Which of the following register is loaded with the content of the memory location pointed by the Program counter?

- Memory Data Register
- Memory Buffer Register
- Instruction Register
- Memory Address Register

refers to pictorial representation of an algorithm.
O Program
O Pseudo Code
Flowchart
None of the above
Clear selection
A major disadvantage of the mask ROM is that
It has an extremely short life expectancy and requires frequent replacement
O It is very expensive to change the stored data when system requirements change
O It is time consuming to change the stored data when system requirements change
It cannot be reprogrammed if stored data needs to be changed
Clear selection

### Low level language is?

- a. Human readable like language
- b. language with big program size
- c. language with small program size
- d. Difficult to understand and readability is questionable

(		а
~	_	-

- $\bigcirc$  b
- $\bigcirc$
- ( c

Clear selection

...... puts the program in memory for execution.

- Linker
- Loader
- Compiler
- Preprocessor

```
What will be the output of following code?
#include<stdio.h>
struct PQR
  struct ABC
int main ()
  printf("%d",sizeof(struct PQR));
  return 0;
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) Compilation error
(d) None of above
                                                  Clear selection
```

Assume that float takes 4 bytes, what is the output of the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    float arr[5] = {12.5, 10.0, 13.5, 90.5, 0.5};
    float *ptr1 = &arr[0];
    float *ptr2 = ptr1 + 3;

    printf("%f", *ptr2);
    printf("%d", ptr2 - ptr1);

    return 0;
}

10.000000 12

0.500000 3

90.500000 3
```

90.500000 12

What is the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char str1[20];
    scanf("%s",str1);
    printf("%s",str1);
    return 0;
}
//input - SVNIT Surat
```

- Error
- SVNIT
- SVNIT Surat
- Surat

```
What will be the output of the following C code?
#include <stdio.h>
  int main()
  {
    printf("%d ", 1);
    goto I1;
    printf("%d ", 2);
    l1:goto l2;
    printf("%d ", 3);
    l2:printf("%d", 4);
  A. 14
  B. 124
  C. 134
   D. 1234
```

C variable cannot start with

- a. A number
- b. A special symbol other than underscore
- c. Both a & b
- d. An alphabet

		_
(	-)	6
_	_	_

 $\bigcirc$  t

```
What is the output of the program?
#include(stdio.h)
int main()
   structure hotel
     int items;
     char name[10];
   }a;
   strcpy(a.name, "TAJ");
   a.items=10;
   printf("%s", a.name);
   return 0;
(a)TAJ
(b) Empty string
(c) Compiler error
(d)None of the above
( ) D
```

Symbolic constants are not declared in declaration section.

- a. True
- b. False
- ( ) a
- b

What will be the output of the program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int i;
int fun();
int main()
    while(i)
        fun();
        main();
    printf("Hello\n");
    return 0;
int fun()
    printf("Hi");
  Hi Hello
  Hello
```

- Infinite loop
- None of the above

What is the responsibility of the logical unit in the CPU of the computer?

To control flow of information

To produce result

To compare numbers

To do mathematical operations

```
What will be the output of the following C code?
#include <stdio.h>
  int main()
    int i = -3;
    int k = i \% 2;
    printf("%d\n", k);
   A. 1
   B. -1
   C. 3
   D. -3
                                                                    Clear selection
```

Why ROM is called non-volatile memory?	
They lose memory when power is supplied	
They lose memory when power is removed	
They do not lose memory when power is supplied	
They do not lose memory when power is removed	
	Clear selection

#### Find the output of the following

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(void)
{
   char str1[]= "ATMA NIRBHAR BHARAT";
   printf("%c%c",str1[sizeof(double)], str1[sizeof(char)]);
   return 0;
}
```

- ( AA
- B1
- O HA
- Error

What is the output of following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    void main()
{
        double i = 0;
        for (i = 0.0; i < 4.0; i++)
            printf("SVNIT");
    }
```

- Runtime Error
- SVNIT is printed infinite times
- SVNIT is printed four times
- SVNIT is printed three times

Which of the following statements correctly assigns 2 to month using pointer variable p?

#include<stdio.h>

struct date
{
 int day;
 int month;
 int year;
 };
int main()
{
 struct date d;
 struct date \*p;
 p= &d;
 return 0;
}
(a) p.month = 2
(b)&p.month = 2

 $\bigcap$  A

(c)d.month = 2(d)p->month = 2

О в

 $\bigcirc$  c

```
What will be the output?
#include <stdio.h>
  union p
     int x;
     char y;
  k = \{1, 9\};
  int main()
     printf("%d\n", k.y);
(a) Compile time error
(b) 9
(c) Garbage value
(d) 1
```

Which of the following is not a correct variable type?

- a. float
- b. real
- c. int
- d. char
- ( ) a
- I
- 0
- $\bigcirc$  c

```
What will be the output of following code?
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
  struct cricket
     int match_no;
     char name [20];
  struct cricket c;
  match no = 8;
  printf("%d",match_no);
(a) Compile time error
(b) 8
(c) junk
(d) None of these
                                                  Clear selection
```

```
What will be the output of the following C code?
#include <stdio.h>
  void main()
    int x = 4, y, z;
    y = --x;
    z = x--;
    printf("%d%d%d", x, y, z);
  A. 323
  B. 233
  C. 322
   D. 234
                                                                 Clear selection
```

H

What is the output of the following program?

```
#include < stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int x = 3;
    x += 2;
    printf("%d", ++x);
    return 0;
}

    6
    3
    5
    2
```

What is the output of the following program? #define print(x) printf("%d ", x) int x; void Q(int z) z += x; print(z); void P(int \*y) int x = \*y + 2; Q(x);\*y = x - 1;print(x); main(void) x = 5; $\mathbb{P}(\&x);$ print(x); 1466 1276 22 12 11 766

What will be the output of the program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int fun(int);
    int i = fun(10);
    printf("%d\n", --i);
    return 0;
int fun(int i)
   return (i++);
```

- 11

Clear selection

Which of the following is a temporary primary memory?

- ROM
- **EPROM**
- **PROM**
- **RAM**

What is the difference between a flowchart and pseudocode?

- a. A flowchart is diagrammatic whilst pseudocode is written in a programming language (eg. Pascal or Java)
- b. A flowchart is textual but pseudocode is diagrammatic
- c. A flowchart is a diagrammatic description of an algorithm whilst pseudocode is a textual description of an algorithm
- d. A flowchart and pseudocode are the same thing

0	а	
0	b	

0

What is the output of the following program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int add(int, int);
int main()
    int a = 4, b = 3, c;
    c = add(a, b);
    printf("c = %d\n", c);
    return 0;
int add(int a, int b)
   return (a+b);
7
```

The hexadecimal equivalent of decimal 241 is A) (F1) <sub>16</sub> B) (D3) <sub>16</sub> C) (E7) <sub>16</sub> D) (10A) <sub>16</sub>	<u> </u> .
A	
ОВ	
O c	
O D	
	Clear selection

Which of the following are tokens in C?

- a. Keywords
- b. Variables
- c. Constants
- d. All of the above

( ) b

0

( d

Which of the following device management activity is done by operating system?
providing input/output subsystem between process and device driver
handling the device caches and buffers
O detecting device failures
all of the above
Clear selection

What is the output of the following program?

```
#include < stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int s = 1;
   switch(s)
   {
      default:
        printf("NIT");
      case 1:
        printf("Surat");
        break;
   }
   return 0;
}

Error
Surat
NIT
```

**NITSurat** 

Clear selection

Which of the following correctly declares an array?

int a;

int a[20];

a[20];

array a[20];

Clear selection

What are the applications of a multidimensional array?

- All of the mentioned
- Matrix-Multiplication
- Minimum Spanning Tree
- Finding connectivity between nodes

Clear selection

```
What is the output of the C Program.?

#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
   int a=0;
   a = 4 + 5/2*10 + 5;
   printf("%d", a);
   return 0;
}

A. 29
B. 5
C. 4
D. 34
```

What is the output of following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i=1;
    int a[3]={10};
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        printf("%d",a[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Compile Time Error



**1**0

000

Clear selection

H

## Find the output of the following

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char str1[] = "SVNIT";
    char str2[20] = "Surat ";
    printf("%d", sizeof(str1)+sizeof(str2));
    return 0;
}
```

- () 10
- 25
- $\bigcirc$  12
- 26

## Find the output of the following

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
   char name[] = "SVNIT Surat";

   printf("%c", *name);
   printf("%c", *(name+(8-4)));
   printf("%c", *(name+7));
   return 0;
}
```

- STS
- O SIS
- SVNIT Surat
- STu
- Slu

Find the output of given code snippet

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int a = 30, b = 40;
   if (a == b);
   printf("%d %d\n", a, b);
   return 0;
}
```

- None
- 30 40
- Compiler Error
- Run-time Error

What is the output of the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct node1
{
    char a;
    int b;
};
union node2
{
    char a;
    short b;
    int c;
};
int main()
{
   printf("%lu - ", sizeof(struct node1));
    printf("%lu", sizeof(union node2));
    return 0;
}
8-8
8 - 4
5-7
```

## Consider the following C program

```
void f(int, short);
void main()
{
    int i = 100;
    short s = 12;
    short *p = &s;
    _____; // call to f()
}
```

Which one of the following expressions, when placed in the blank above, will **NOT** result in a type checking error?

- (i,\*p)
- (i,\*s)
- $\bigcap$  i=f(i,s)

Convert the decimal number 14.875 to binary.

- A) 1110.0111
- B) 1110.1110
- C) 1111.1011
- D) 1100.1100
- E
- $\bigcirc$  c

```
# include <stdio.h>
# include <string.h>
struct f
  char str[20];
int main()
  struct f s1, s2;
  strcpy(s1.str, "SvnitSurat");
  s2 = s1;
  s1.str[0] = 'G';
  printf("%s",s2.str);
  return 0;
(a) Segmentation Fault
(b) GvnitSurat
(c) SvnitSurat
(d) Compiler Error
                                                      Clear selection
Back
          Submit
```

Never submit passwords through Google Forms.

## Google Forms