

# asgn2 intial design

Ryan Hui

rhui1

## Design

Implementing our own functions for  $e$  to the power of  $x$  and  $\sqrt{x}$ , approximate the value of  $\pi$  and  $e$ . Compare our function values with the values generated by the `math.h` library.

## Files

- e.c
- madhava.c
- euler.c
- bbp.c
- viete.c
- newton.c
- mathlib-test.c
- mathlib-test.h

## Pseudocode

### **e.c**

- include necessary headers and files
- set static global term variable
- set static global counter variable

- e function
  - k equals 0
  - e equals 0
  - for loop through k by 1 until term is less than EPSILON

- term equals term \*  $1/k$
  - set e equal to e plus term value
  - increment counter by 1

return e value

e terms function  
return counter

### **madhava.c**

include necessary headers and files  
set static global term variable  
set static global counter variable

pi madhava function  
k equals 0  
pi equals 0  
for loop through k by 1 until term is less than EPSILON

numerator equals 1  
denominator equals  $(1/3 \text{ to the power of } k) * (2k + 1)$   
term equals  $\text{sqrt}(12) * \text{numerator} / \text{denominator}$   
pi equals pi + term

return pi

pi madhava terms function  
return counter

### **euler.c**

include necessary headers and files  
set static global term variable  
set static global counter variable

pi euler function  
k equals 0  
pi equals 0  
sum equals 0  
for loop through k by 1 until term is less than EPSILON

term equals  $1/k \text{ squared}$   
sum equals sum plus term value  
increment counter by 1  
pi equals  $\text{sqrt}(6 * \text{sum})$

return pi

pi euler terms funciton return counter

### **bbp.c**

include necessary headers and files

set static global term variable

set static global counter variable

pi bbp function

k equals 0

pi equals 0

for loop through k by 1 until term is less than EPSILON

numerator equals  $(k(120k+151)+47)$

denominator equals  $(k(k(k(512k+1024)+712)+194)+15)$

term equals 16 to the power of -k \* numerator/denominator

pi equals pi plus term

increment counter by 1

return pi

pi bbp terms function

return counter

### **viete.c**

include necessary headers and files

set static global term variable

set static global counter variable

pi viete function

k equals 0

pi equals 1

for loop through k by 1 until term is less than EPSILON

numerator equals  $(2+\sqrt{2})$

denominator equals 2

term equals numerator/denominator

pi equals pi \* term

pi equals pi \*  $1/2$

```
return pi
```

### **newton.c**

```
include necessary headers and files  
set static global counter variable
```

```
sqrt newton function  
y equals 1  
z equals 0  
while(absolut(y - z) > EPSILON)
```

```
z equals y  
y equals 1/2 * (z * x / z)  
increment counter by 1  
return y
```

```
sqrt newton iters function  
return counter
```

### **mathlib-test.c**

```
include necessary headers and files  
main function  
get opt  
case a  
runs all tests  
case e approximation  
runs e program  
case b  
runs bailey approximation  
case m  
runs madhava approximation  
case r  
runs euler approximation  
case v  
runs viete approximation  
case n  
runs newton approximation  
case s  
enables statistics  
case h  
displays help message
```