

# CNS LAB 6

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Implement N-Gram Hill Cipher and perform the following functions.

(1) Read encryption key and plain text and give cipher text in the output.

(2) Read decryption key and cipher text and give plain text in the output.

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import math

import numpy as np

from itertools import zip_longest

def grouper(iterable, n, fillvalue=None):
    args = [iter(iterable)] * n
    return zip_longest(*args, fillvalue=fillvalue)

def recursive_read(allowed_input, message=""):
    # Recursively reads user input until input is not in allowed_input
    while True:
        user_input = input(message)
        if user_input in allowed_input:
            return user_input

def recursive_read_int(message=""):
```

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# Recursively reads user input until input is not in allowed_input

while True:

    user_input = input(message)

    try:

        value = int(user_input)

        return value

    except:

        pass

allowed_a = [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25]

m = 26

def multiplicative_inverse(a):

    for i in range(1, m):

        remainder = ((i * m) + 1) % a

        if remainder == 0:

            return ((i * m) + 1) / a

    return 0

def perform_encryption():

    message = input("Enter message: ").upper()

    key = input("Enter key: ").upper()

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key_length = int(math.sqrt(len(key)))

result = ""

if key_length ** 2 != len(key):

    print("Error: Key cannot be formed into a matrix")

    exit()

matrix = np.array([ord(x) - ord('A')

                    for x in key]).reshape((key_length, key_length))

if np.linalg.det(matrix) == 0:

    print("Error: determinant is not invertible")

    exit()

print(f"Matrix:\n {matrix}")

message_chunks = grouper(message, key_length, "X")

for v in message_chunks:

    vec = np.array([ord(x) - ord("A") for x in v]).reshape((key_length,
1))

    for c in np.matmul(matrix, vec):

        result += chr((c[0]) % 26 + ord("A"))

print(f"Final string: {result}")

def mod_inverse(a, m):

    for x in range(1, m):

        if ((a % m) * (x % m)) % m == 1):

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        return x

    return -1

def adjoint(m):

    return (np.linalg.det(m) * np.linalg.inv(m))

def mod_inverse_matrix(mat, mod):

    adj = adjoint(mat)

    det = np.linalg.det(mat)

    det_inv = mod_inverse(det, mod)

    return ((det_inv * adj) % mod)

def perform_decryption():

    message = input("Enter message: ").upper()

    key = input("Enter key: ").upper()

    key_length = int(math.sqrt(len(key)))

    result = ""

    if key_length ** 2 != len(key):

        print("Error: Key cannot be formed into a matrix")

        exit()

    matrix = np.array([ord(x) - ord('A')

                        for x in key]).reshape((key_length, key_length))

```

```

if np.linalg.det(matrix) == 0:

    print("Error: determinant is not invertible")

    exit()


matrix = mod_inverse_matrix(matrix, 26)

print(f"Matrix:\n {matrix}")

message_chunks = grouper(message, key_length, "X")


for v in message_chunks:

    vec = np.array([ord(x) - ord("A") for x in v]).reshape((key_length,
1))

    for c in np.matmul(matrix, vec):

        result += chr(round(c[0]) % 26 + ord("A"))

    print(f"Final string: {result}")


is_encrypt = recursive_read(

    ["e", "d"], "Enter 'e' for encryption or 'd' for decryption: ") == "e"


if is_encrypt:

    perform_encryption()

else:

    perform_decryption()

```

```
PS F:\code\github.com\godcrampy\college-notes\cns\lab-06> python .\hill.py
Enter 'e' for encryption or 'd' for decryption: e
Enter message: HELLOWORLD
Enter key: GYBNQKURP
Matrix:
[[ 6 24  1]
 [13 16 10]
 [20 17 15]]
Final string: TFJIIJSGVNQ
PS F:\code\github.com\godcrampy\college-notes\cns\lab-06> python .\hill.py
Enter 'e' for encryption or 'd' for decryption: d
Enter message: TFJIIJSGVNQ
Enter key: GYBNQKURP
Matrix:
[[ 8.  5. 10.]
 [21.  8. 21.]
 [21. 12.  8.]]
Final string: HELLOWORLDXX
PS F:\code\github.com\godcrampy\college-notes\cns\lab-06> |
```