Reactor Pattern & Event-Driven Programming

A scalable concurrent approach, using EventMachine with Thin as an example

Reactor Pattern & Event-Driven Programming

http://godfat.org/slide/2010-02-29-reactor-pattern-and.pdf

concurrency, why and how in network

- concurrency, why and how in network
- Event-Driven Programming explained in Flash with Ruby syntax

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- you can replace [network I/O] and [CPU]
 with all other resources like [disc I/O],
 [memory I/O], etc.
- each kernel process/thread for each client using a blocking I/O is easy to write but not scalable at all

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to the rescue

• only one process/thread

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- inversion of control

- only one process/thread
- inversion of control
- consists of an event loop and various event handlers

• inversion of control

```
loop{
    # you control the flow
    do_something
}
```

inversion of control

```
register method(:do_something)
loop{
    # you control the flow # event loop control the flow,
    do_something # later it calls your callback
    event = pop_event_queue
    inversion of control dispatch event if event
}
```

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register method(:do_something)
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 consists of an event loop and various event handlers

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event handlers

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consists of an event loop and various
```

game loop, an example of event loop

- game loop, an example of event loop
- Flash ActionScript, onEnterFrame

- game loop, an example of event loop
- Flash ActionScript, onEnterFrame
- frame by frame

```
# in each sprite thread
30.times{
   application.draw sprite
   sprite.x += 1
}
```

```
sprite.onEnterFrame = lambda{
   sprite.x += 1
}
```

```
# in each sprite thread
30.times{
   application.draw sprite
   sprite.x += 1
}
```

```
sprite.onEnterFrame = lambda{
  sprite.x += 1
application.register sprite
30.times{ # event loop, also called game loop
  events = application.pop event queue
  events.each{ | event |
    application.dispatch event
  # model/view separation
  application.draw application.sprites
# in each sprite thread
30.times{
  application.draw sprite
  sprite.x +=
```

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Reactor Pattern

Reactor Pattern

```
loop{
  data = read
  handle data
}
```

Reactor Pattern

```
loop{
  data = read
  handle data
}
```

```
register method(:handle)
loop{
  data = partial_read
  event = process data
  dispatch event if event
}
```

```
loop{
  data = read
  handle data
}
```

```
register method(:handle)
loop{
  data = partial_read
   event = process data
  dispatch event if event
}
```

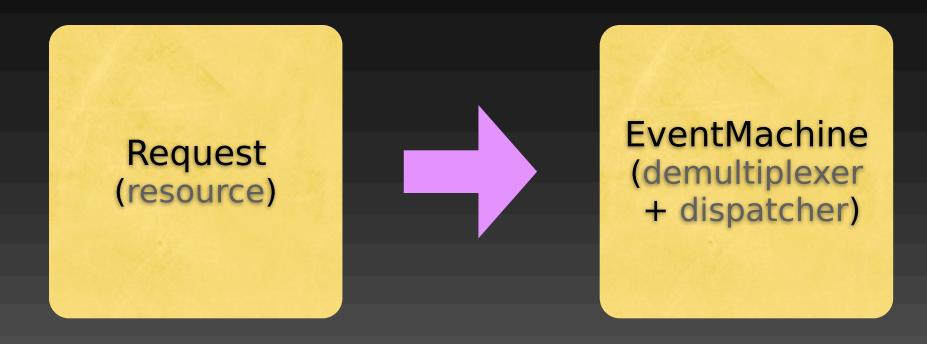
• resources # e.g. network I/O

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- synchronous event demultiplexer# i.e. the blocking event loop

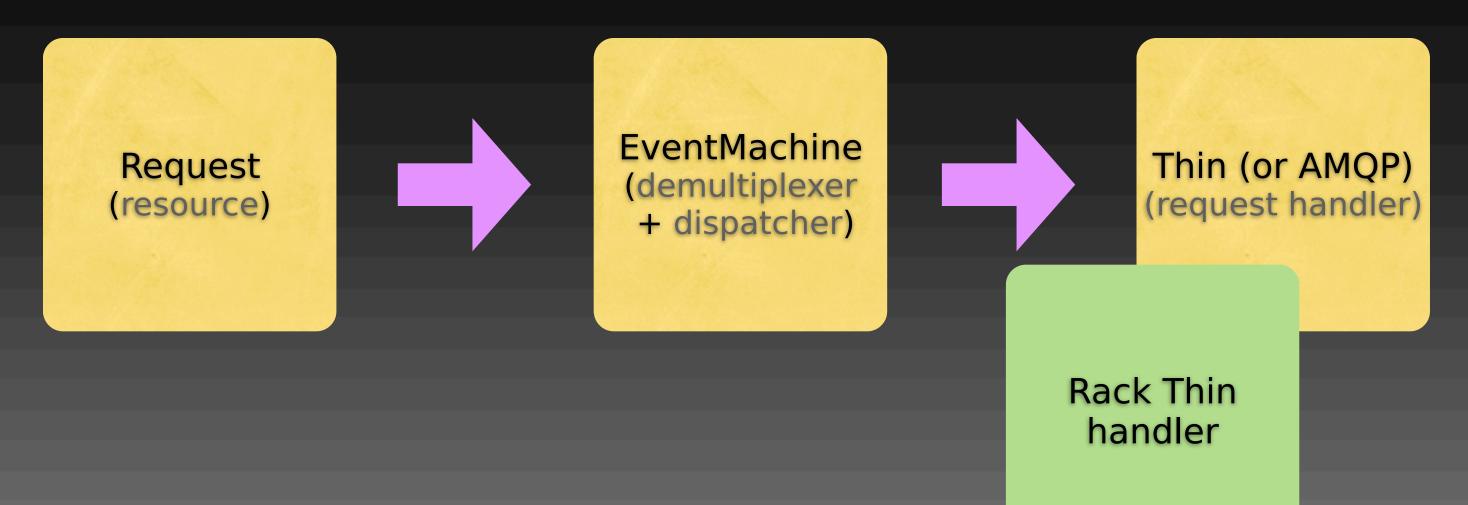
- resources # e.g. network I/O
- synchronous event demultiplexer# i.e. the blocking event loop
- dispatcher
 # i.e. handler manager and event dispatcher

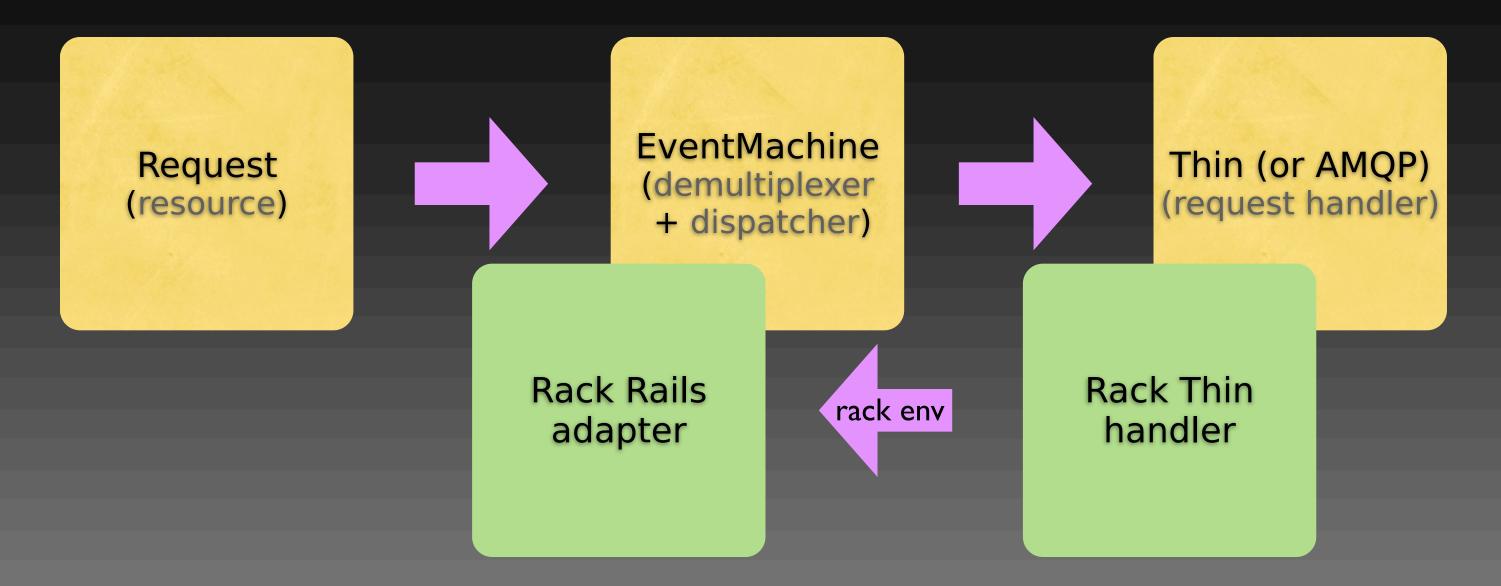
- resources # e.g. network I/O
- synchronous event demultiplexer# i.e. the blocking event loop
- dispatcher
 # i.e. handler manager and event dispatcher
- request handler # e.g. thin handler
 by wikipedia

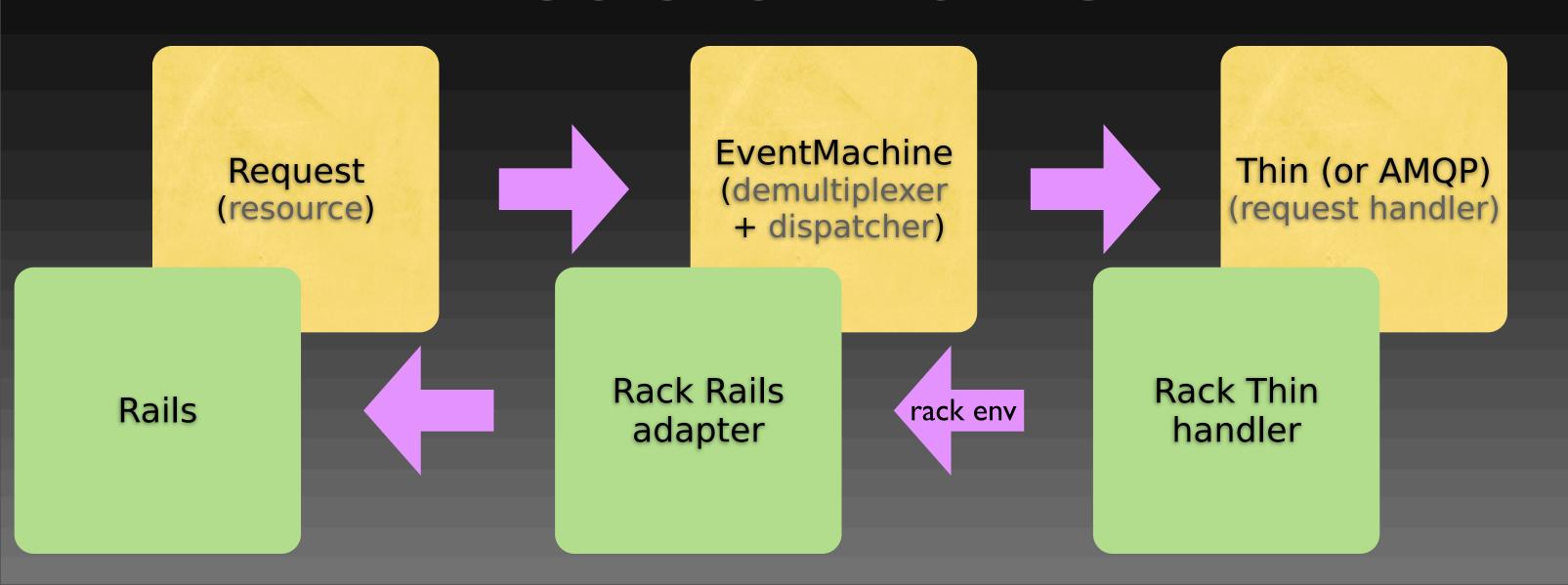












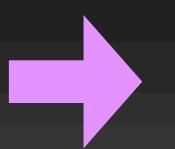
your rails application

Reactor Pattern





EventMachine (demultiplexer + dispatcher)



Thin (or AMQP) (request handler)

Rails



Rack Rails adapter



Rack Thin handler

EventMachine is a generic network I/O server/client library due to I/O and request handler separation in Reactor Pattern

• EventMachine (Ruby)

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- Twisted (Python)

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- nodejs (JavaScript in V8)

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- Twisted (Python)
- nodejs (JavaScript in V8)
- libevent and libev (C)

• select (POSIX)

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- poll (POSIX)

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- select (POSIX)
- poll (POSIX)
- epoll (Linux)
- kqueue (BSD, Mac OS X (Darwin))

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• Thin::Server

- Thin::Server
- Thin::Backends::TcpServer
 # communicate with EventMachine

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- Thin::Connection
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- Thin::Request# partial HTTP request parsing# Rack env builder

Sorry! To be continued.....

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