Univ. Al

Classifying Images Post Hurricane using Satellite Imagery

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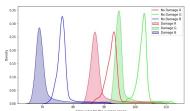
Motivation:

The latest hurricane - Hurricane lota, had 61 total fatalities, and 41 are still missing, affected majorly the Central American regions of Honduras and Nicaragua.

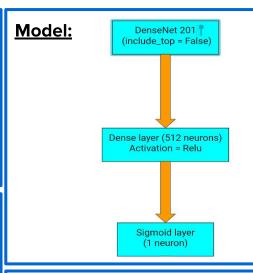
The manual way to quantify damage is **time-consuming and labour-intensive**. This paves the way for Al.

Data set:

Our dataset comprised satellite images from "Geo-satellite sensor" and "Geo Bigdata", consisting of top view satellite images of damaged and undamaged houses.



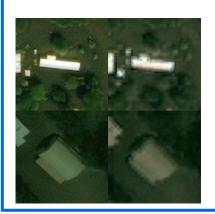
The average distribution of various colors in the dataset is an important aspect helping the model classify.



Results:

Category	Accuracy	AUROC
test_1	96.2%	94.6%
test_2	93.4%	93.9%
validation	93.5%	-

Conclusion:



Reconstructed images using deconvolution layers gives us an idea of the effectiveness of Transfer learning in learning compact features

Future work:

- Building localization
- A system that interacts with local support and expert analysts
- Accurately assess damage around the globe

References:

1.Google Al Blog: Machine Learning-based Damage
 Assessment for Disaster Relief (googleblog.com)

 2.Machine Learning For Natural Disaster Relief: How Can ML
 Aid Humanitarian Efforts? | 365 Data Science