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ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL
General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

CONFIDENTIAL

MARKING SCHEME

JUNE 2016

MATHEMATICS

9164/4

2052
18127
725

1 $P(X > 2) = 0.03$

$$P\left(Z > \frac{2 - \mu}{0.1}\right) = 0.03$$

$$P\left(Z < \frac{2 - \mu}{0.1}\right) = 1 - 0.03 = 0.97$$

$$\frac{2 - \mu}{0.1} = 1.881$$

$$2 - \mu = 0.1881$$

$$\mu = 2 - 0.1881$$

$$\mu = 1.8119$$

M1 standard set

M1 Table value

M1 attempt to solve for μ .

A1 [4]

M1 attempt to find area under the graph of equation to 1

A1 A.C.

2 (a) $2k + \frac{3k}{2} + k = 1$

$$\frac{9}{2}k = 1$$

$$k = \frac{2}{9}$$

(b)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{9} & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ \frac{2}{9}x - \frac{4}{9} & \text{for } 3 \leq x \leq 4 \\ \frac{20}{9} - \frac{4}{9}x & \text{for } 4 \leq x \leq 5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

B2 -1 each error [4]

A

3/20 x 1/5

227 54 74 34

3 (a) $P(2 \text{ red}) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) \left(\frac{2}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)$

$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

M1 both terms
w/ 1/2

$$= \frac{6}{20} + \frac{1}{20}$$

$$= \frac{7}{20}$$

A1

(b) $P(\text{from A} / 2 \text{ red}) = \frac{P(\text{from A} \cap 2 \text{ red})}{P(2 \text{ red})}$

B1

$$= \frac{\frac{6}{40}}{\frac{1}{5}}$$

B1 M1 correct answer
dividing by his
part (a).

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$

A1

[5] Take note
of his
part (a)

4 (a)

x	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$P(X=x)$	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{2}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$	$\frac{4}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$	$\frac{2}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$

B1

Any four
correct probabilities
B1 All correct

(b)

X	2, 3 or 4	5, 6 or 7	8
$P(X=x)$	$\frac{6}{16}$	$\frac{9}{16}$	$\frac{1}{16}$
Gain / Loss	-1	1	3

B2 ~~each error~~

$$E(\text{Gain/Loss}) = -1 \left(\frac{6}{16} \right) + 1 \left(\frac{9}{16} \right) + 3 \left(\frac{3}{16} \right)$$

$$= \$0.375 \quad \text{or equiv}$$

B1 M1 \rightarrow for -1, 1 & 3
for gain & loss
multiplication
by 3 probabilities
A1 [5]

$$\frac{3}{20} + \frac{3}{20}$$

$$= \frac{6}{20}$$

$$= \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$$

a(i) median $Q_2 = 28$ 4

B1

5 (a) $Q_1: \frac{1}{4}(n+1)^{th} = \frac{1}{4}(25+1)^{th} = 6.5^{th}$ or equiv.

Mt

$Q_1 = 18.5$ hectares

$Q_2: \frac{1}{2}(25+1)^{th} = 28$ hectares

$Q_3: \frac{3}{4}(25+1)^{th} = 36$ hectares

for all

B

~~B2~~ - 1 each error

B1 Both correct.

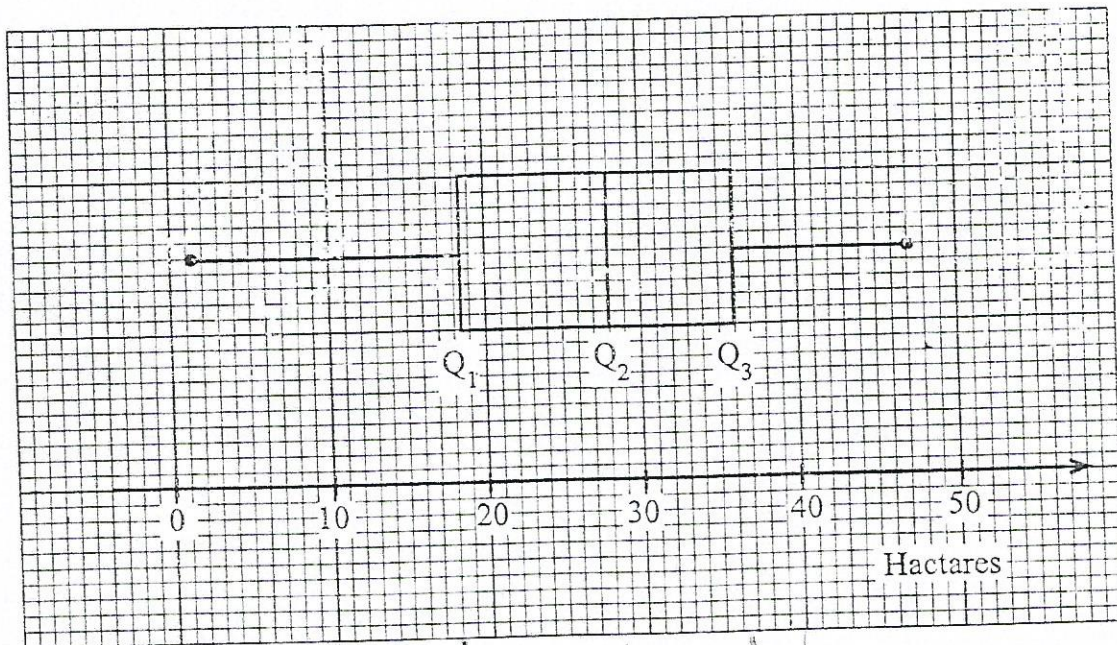
$Q_1 \neq Q_3$.

Interquartile range = $36 - 18.5$

= 17.5 hectares

M1 subtracting his Q_1 from his Q_3 .
A1

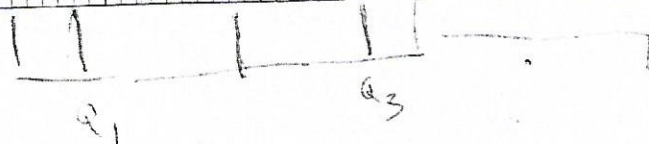
(b)



B1 correct scale.

B1 for complete correct diagram.

~~B2~~ - 1 each error



[6]

6 (a) (i) $\bar{x} = \frac{8960}{12} = 746.666$
 $= 746.7$

~~M1~~ B1

~~A1~~

(ii) $\hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{11} \left[6828956 - \frac{8960^2}{12} \right]$
 $= 12\,620.24$

M1

A1

(b) $750 \pm 1.64 \sqrt{\frac{10\,816}{50}}$
 $= (725.81; 774.12)$

B1 table value /
M1 substituting
A1 A1 lower and upper v.
[7]

7 (a) $P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-2} 2^0}{0!} = e^{-2}$
 $= 0.135$

M1

A1

(b) $P(X > 4) = 1 - P(X \leq 4)$
 $= 1 - e^{-2} \left(1 + 2 + \frac{4}{2!} + \frac{2^3}{3!} + \frac{2^4}{4!} \right)$
 $= 1 - 0.9473$
 $= 0.0527$

B1 interpreted /
seen / implied
M1 at least four
terms correct

A1

(c) $\lambda = 2 \times 2 = 4$

B1

$P(X=2) = \frac{e^{-4} 4^2}{2!}$

M1

$= 0.1465$

A1 [8]

8 (a) (i) Large sample size, n.

$np > 5$

B1 B1 For any
Two

$nq > 5$

~~B1~~

(ii) $X \approx \text{Bin}(100, \frac{1}{2})$

$np = 50, npq = 50(1 - 0.5) = 25$

$$X \sim N(50, 25)$$

$$P(X < 37) = P(X < 36.5)$$

$$= P\left(Z < \frac{36.5 - 50}{\sqrt{25}}\right)$$

$$= P(Z < -2.7)$$

$$= 1 - 0.9965$$

$$= 0.0035$$

(b) $Y \sim \text{Bin}(2000, 0.0035)$

$$np = 2000 \times 0.0035 = 7$$

$$Y \sim P(7)$$

$$P(Y > 3) = 1 - P(Y \leq 3)$$

$$= 1 - e^{-7} \left(1 + 7 + \frac{7^2}{2!} + \frac{7^3}{3!}\right)$$

$$= 0.918$$

9

(a) (i) For M contents - X Packaging - Y

$$X \sim N(500, 8^2), Y \sim N(20, 2^2)$$

$$X + Y \sim N(520, 8^2 + 2^2)$$

$$P(X + Y > 525) = P\left(Z > \frac{525 - 520}{\sqrt{68}}\right)$$

$$= P(Z > +0.6063)$$

$$= 1 - 0.7276 = 0.2724$$

(ii) Let $W = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$

$$W \sim N(1500, 3 \times 8^2)$$

$$P(W > 1515) = P\left(Z > \frac{1515 - 1500}{\sqrt{192}}\right)$$

$$= P(Z > 1.083)$$

$$= 1 - 0.8606$$

B1 for μ .
B1 for σ^2

B1 Continuity.

M1 standardisation

A1

B1 for 2000 X
his problem
B1 for poisson distn
B1 seen or implied
interpretation.

M1

A1 [12]

B1B1 for μ and σ^2 .

M1 standardisation.

A1 correct answer

B1B1 for μ & σ^2

M1 standardisation.

M1 B1 table value.

(b) Contents of $N \rightarrow U$

$$U \sim N(450, 10^2)$$

B1

$$V = U_1 + \dots + U_5 - (X_1 + \dots + X_4)$$

$$V \sim N(5 \times 405 - 4 \times 500, 5 \times 6^2 + 4 \times 8^2)$$

B1

$$V \sim N(25, \sqrt{436})$$

$$P(V > 0) = P\left(Z > \frac{0 - 25}{\sqrt{436}}\right)$$

$$= P(Z > -1.197)$$

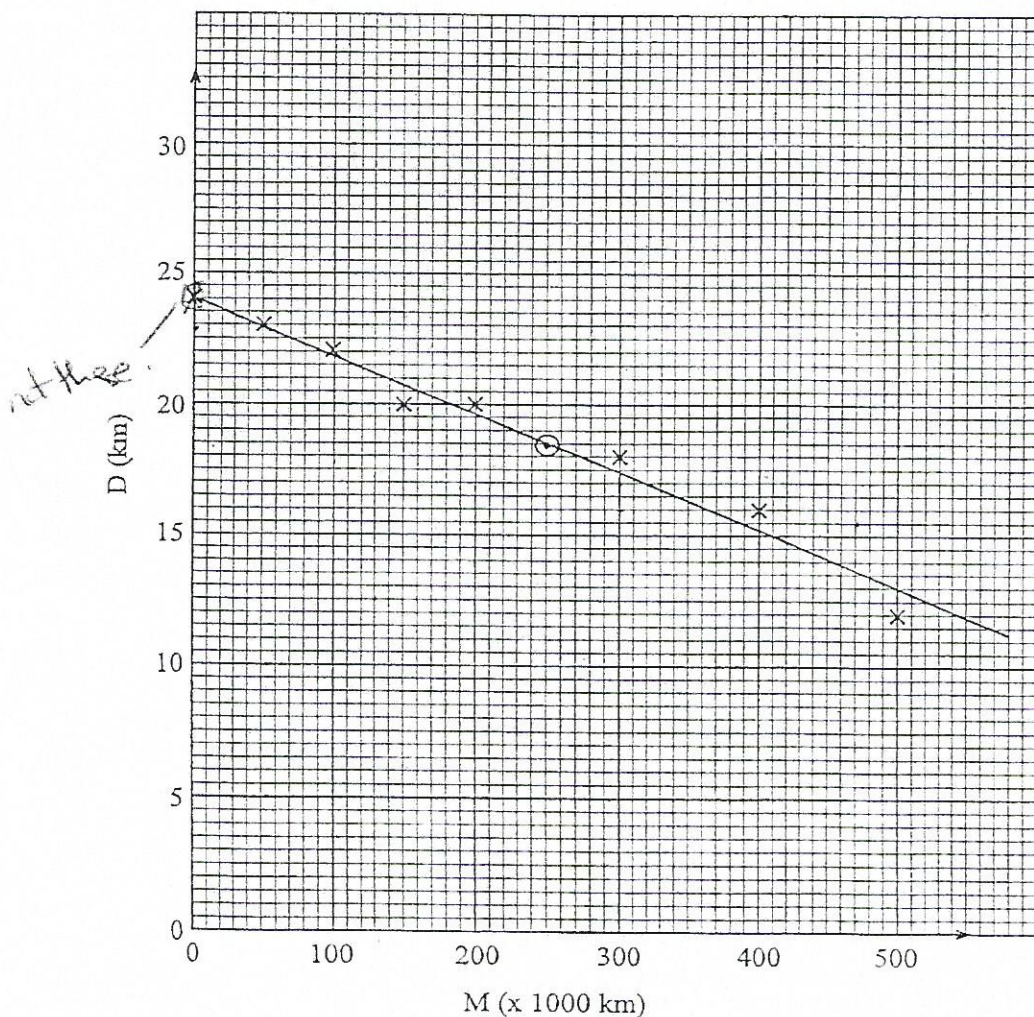
$$= 0.8844$$

B1 ~~for~~ μ and σ^2
M1 A1 for σ^2
M1 std stn.

A1

[14]

10 (a)



- (a) (i) correct scale and labels B1
any 4 correct plots B1
all correct plots B1

- (ii) strong negative linear relationship B1 all
B1 3 terms

- (c) (i) Line passing thru $\bar{x}; \bar{y}$ and any M1
intercept B1
correct line other point A1
interpolation M1
D = 14.25 A1

use of diagram
14 ± 0.5
for the value of
D.

(b) $\bar{x} = 242.86$ $\bar{y} = 18.57$

$$m = \frac{7 \times 27\,850 - 1\,700 \times 130}{7 \times 575\,000 - (1\,700)^2}$$

M1

$$= \frac{-26\,050}{1\,135\,000}$$

$$= -0.02295$$

A1

$$y - 18.33 = 0.02295(x - 258.33)$$

M1 A1

$$y = 24.143 - 0.023x$$

[14]

11

(a)

Class centre	163	168	173	178	183	188
Frequency	4	18	37	26	10	5

(i) $\mu = \bar{x} = 174.75$ 174.27

(ii) $\hat{\sigma} = 5.7899$ $\hat{\sigma}^2 = 33.52$ $32, 7271$

(iii) 5.721

MI A1
 MI A1 class centers multiplied by frequency

O	E
4	3.73
18	16.00
37	31.11
26	30.05
10	14.39
5	4.73

B1

B1

B1

B1

Revised Table

(b)

O	E	$\frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$
22	19.73	0.261
37	31.11	1.161
26	30.05	0.533
15	19.12	0.888
10	12.8	0.6125
5	7.29	0.719

B1 Each error

B1 for pooling

MI A1 Any correct

x2

$$\chi^2_{\text{cal}} = 2.843$$

$$3.29$$

M1 A1

$$\chi^2_{5\%}(2) = 3.841$$

$$5.991$$

~~M1~~ B1

$$3.29 < 5.991$$

Since $2.843 < 3.841$ we fail to reject H_0 and conclude that the Normal distribution with the above parameters is an adequate model.

B2 M1

A1 [17]

12 (i) $\theta = \tan^{-1} 2 = 63.4^\circ$

B1 (4)

(ii) $\frac{9.81(2^2 + 1)}{2V^2} = 0.01$

M1

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{9.81(5)}{0.02}} = 49.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

A1 [3]

13 $7 + 6\cos 50^\circ - 5\cos 30^\circ$

$$6\sin 50^\circ - 5\sin 30^\circ$$

for both

B1 Any 1

correct

$$R = \sqrt{6.53^2 + 2.096^2}$$

M1

$$= 6.858 \approx 6.9 \text{ N}$$

A1

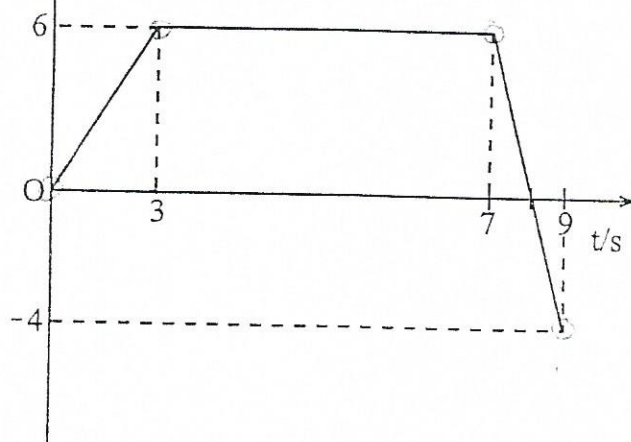
$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2.096}{6.53}\right)$$

M1

$$= 17.79^\circ \approx 18^\circ$$

A1 [5]

14 (a) V/ms^{-1}



B1 for labelled axes

B1 for correct shape

B1 for correct times any correct point

B1 for correct velocities all correct point

[4]

(b) (i) Distance = $\frac{1}{2}(8+4)6 + \frac{1}{2}(4)(0.8)$
 $= 38 \text{ m}$ $38.2 \text{ m} / 191/5$

M1

A1 [2]

(ii) Displacement = $36 - 21.6$
 $= 34 \text{ m}$
 $= 35 \text{ m}$

M1

A1 [2] [8]

15 (i) $T - 0.2g = 0.2a$
 $-T + 0.28g = 0.28a$ } for both
 $0.28g - 0.2g = 0.28a + 0.2a$
 $a = \frac{0.08g}{0.48}$
 $= 1.635 \text{ ms}^{-2}$

B1 Both correct

M1

Attempt to solve for a or T

A1 [3]

(ii) $T = 0.2(1.635) + 0.2(9.81)$
 $= 2.289 \text{ N}$

M1

A1 [2]

(iii) $0.08g - R = 0.08(1.635)$
 $R = 0.654 \text{ N}$

B1 M1 using Newton's second law
 using his acceleration
 [8] (i).