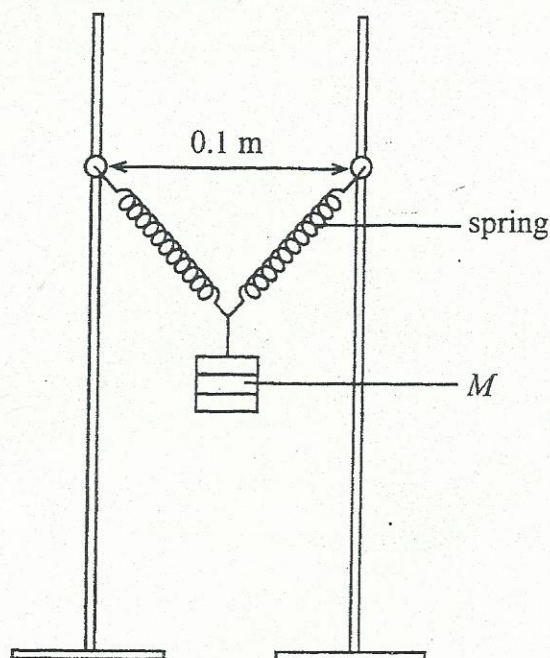


It is recommended that you spend about 60 minutes on this question.

- 1 In this experiment you will be required to investigate the relationship between the period of oscillation (T) of a spring system and mass (M) loaded on it.

committee
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- (a) Suspend M on the spring as shown in Fig. 1.1 where $M = 0.1$ kg.



$2\pi\sqrt{\quad}$

$2\pi\sqrt{\quad}$

Fig. 1.1

The distance between the top ends of the springs is maintained at 0.1 m throughout the experiment.

- (b) (i) Set M into vertical oscillations of small amplitude.
 (ii) Make measurements to determine T for this mass M .
 (iii) Repeat the measurements of T (up to six readings) for various values of M up to 0.6 kg.
 (iv) Estimate the uncertainty in the smallest value of T and state **one** way in which this uncertainty may be reduced.
- (c) Theory suggests that for any spring system

$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{M}{K}},$$

where K is the combined spring constant.

- (i) Plot a graph of T^2 (y-axis) against M (x-axis).

- (ii) Determine the gradient of the graph.
- (iii) Determine the value of K .
- (iv) Use your graph to calculate T for M equal to 0.35 kg.

DO NOT WRITE ON THIS SPACE.

21.510
41.560
30.580

22.5

It is recommended that you spend about 60 minutes on this question.

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate the characteristics of a forward biased junction diode.

- (a) Set up the circuit shown in Fig. 2.1. The diode D should be forward biased.

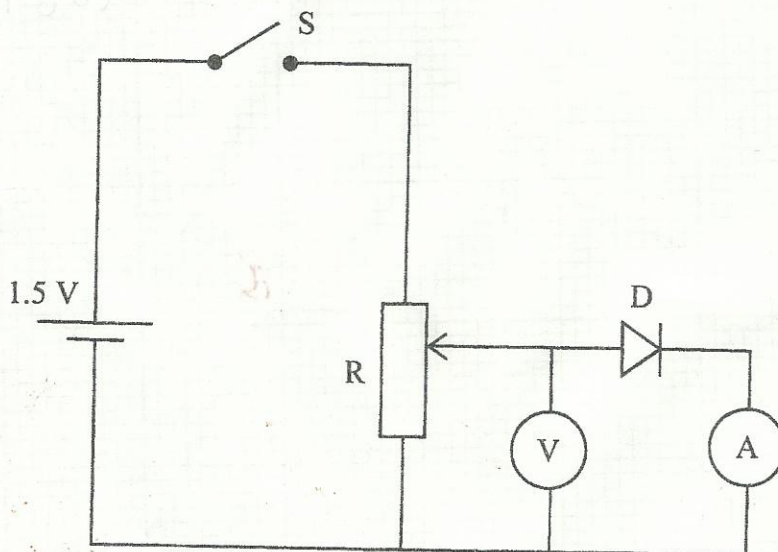


Fig. 2.1.

- (b) (i) Close the switch S.
- (ii) Adjust the variable resistor (R), so that the voltage (V) and current (I) are zero.
- (iii) Adjust R, so that V increases in small steps from zero to the maximum possible value until you obtain 8 readings.
- (iv) Record the values of V and I.

- (c) Plot a graph of I against V.

Using the graph, calculate:

- (i) the gradient of the graph at $V = 0.7 \text{ V}$
- (ii) the ratio $\frac{V}{I}$ at $V = 0.7 \text{ V}$