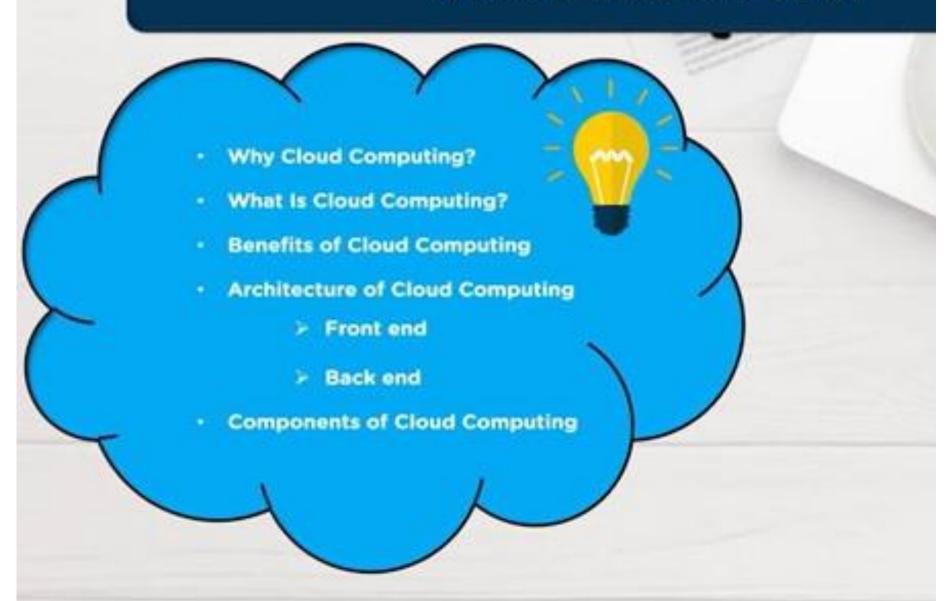
Cloud Computing Architecture







Before cloud computing

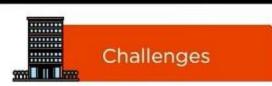




- On-premise is expensive
- Less scalability
- Allot huge space for servers
- Less chance of data recovery
- Long deployment times

Before cloud computing





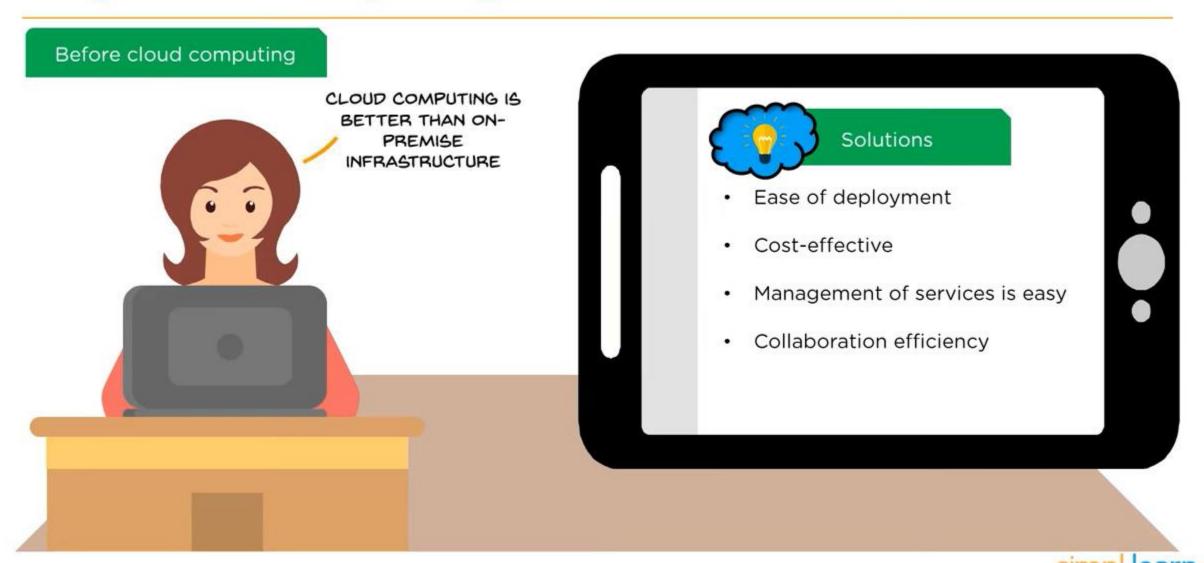
- Lack of flexibility
- · Poor data security
- Less collaboration
- Data cannot be accessed remotely

Before cloud computing

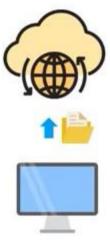




- No server space required
- No experts required for hardware and software maintenance
- Better data security
- · Disaster recovery



 Cloud Computing is the delivery of on-demand resources (such as server, database, software, etc.) over the internet



- Cloud Computing is the delivery of on-demand resources (such as server, database, software, etc.) over the
 internet
- It also gives the ability to build, design and manage applications on the cloud platform





Note: Companies offering these computing services are called cloud providers

 Cloud Computing service providers are the vendors who provide services to manage applications through a global network



- Cloud Computing service providers are the vendors who provide services to manage applications through a global network
- Example: Amazon Web Service, Microsoft Azure, GCP etc.







Benefits of Cloud Computing



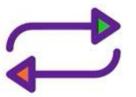
Easily upgraded



Cost-efficient



Scalability



Automated



Highly available



Flexibility



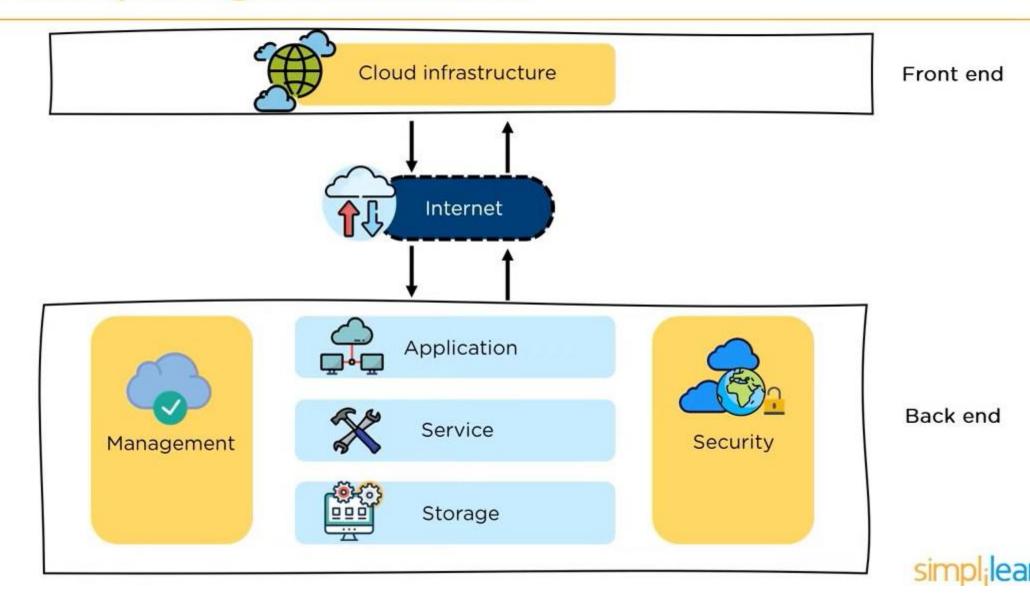
Better security



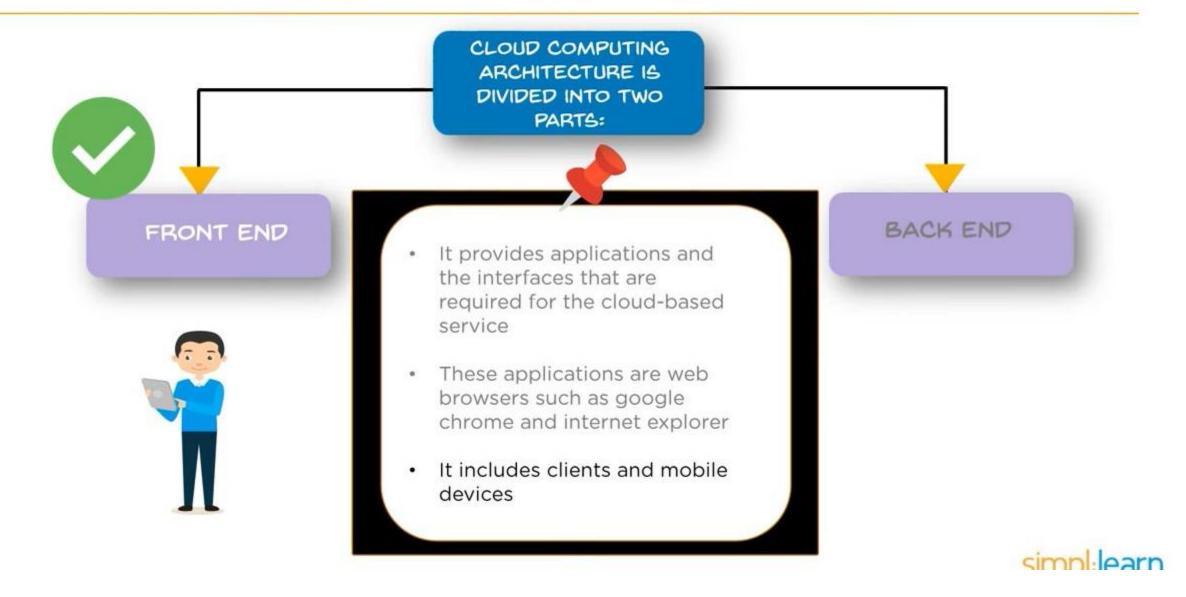
Customization



Cloud Computing Architecture



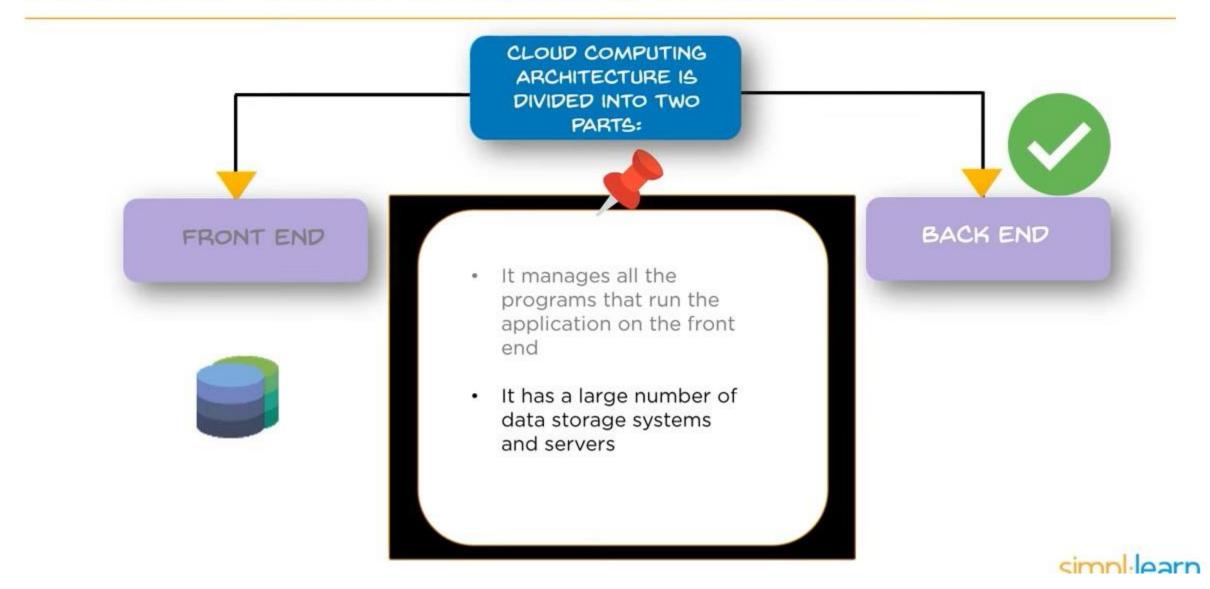
Cloud Computing Architecture

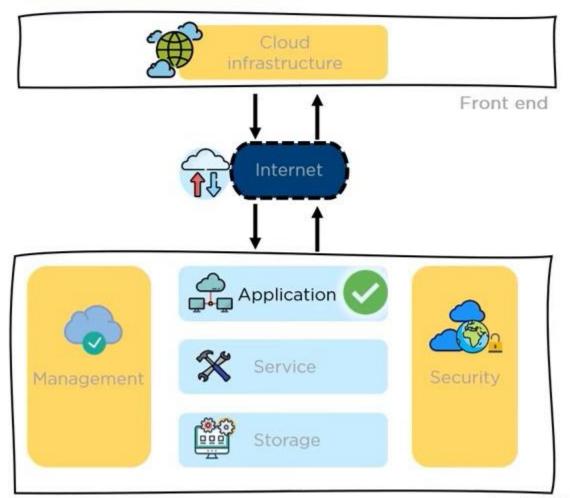


Front End - Cloud Infrastructure

- Cloud infrastructure consists of hardware and software components such as data storage, server, virtualization software etc.
- It also provides Graphical User Interface to end users in order to perform respective tasks

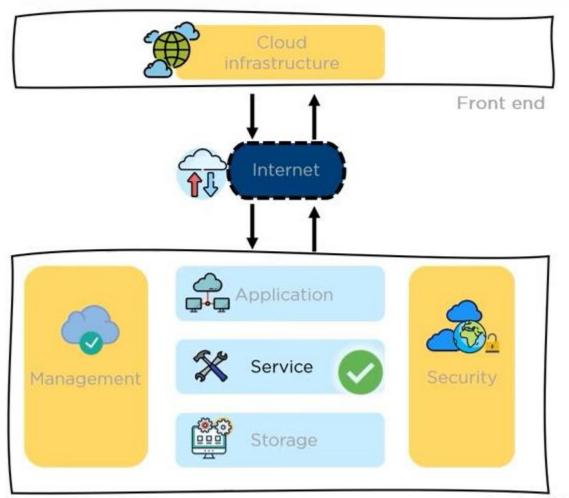






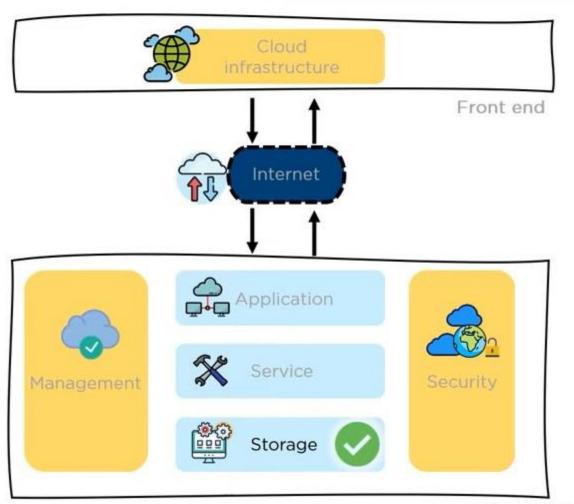


- It can also be a software or a platform
- Based on the requirement, the application provides output to the enduser (with resources) in the back end



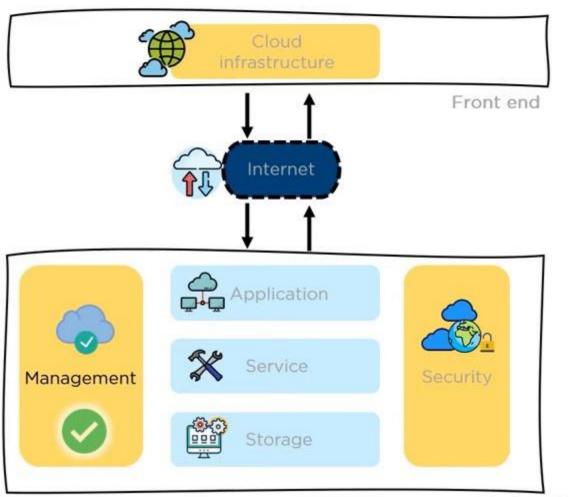


- It is one of the most important components in the cloud
- Its task is to provide utility in the architecture
- Few services that are widely used among the end users are storage, application development environments, and web services



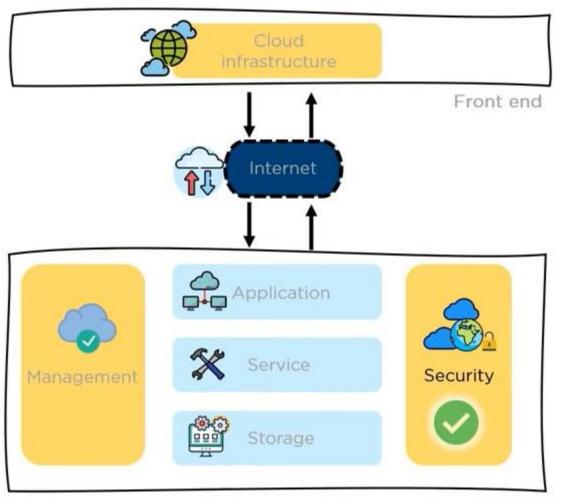


- It maintains and manages any amount of data over the internet
- Some of the examples of storage services are Amazon S3, Oracle Cloud-Storage, and Microsoft Azure Storage
- However, the storage capacity varies depending upon the service providers available in the market





- It allocates specific resources to a specific task. Also, it handles functions of cloud environment
- It helps in the management of components like application, task, service, security, data storage, and cloud infrastructure
- In simple terms, it establishes coordination among the resources





- Security is an integral part of cloud infrastructure
- It helps in protecting cloud resources, systems, files, and infrastructure
- Also, it provides security to the cloud server with virtual firewalls which results in preventing data loss











- It is a Virtual Operating Platform for every user
- It runs a separate virtual machine on the back-end which consists of software and hardware
- Its main objective is to divide and allocate resources





- Its responsibility is to manage and monitor cloud operations
- It helps in improving the performance of the cloud
- For example high security, flexibility, full-time access, etc.





- It consists of all the mandatory installations and configurations required to run a cloud service
- Every deployment of cloud services is performed using a deployment software





The three different models which can be deployed are:

 SaaS - Software as a service hosts and manages applications of the enduser

Example: Gmail

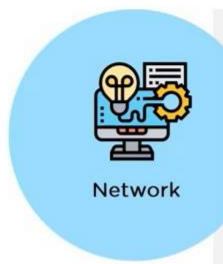
 PaaS - Platform as a Service. It helps developers to build, create, and manage applications Example: Microsoft Azure

 laaS - Infrastructure as a Service provides services on a pay-as-you-go pricing model





- It connects the front end and back end. Also, allows every user to access cloud resources
- It helps users to connect and customize the route and protocol





- It is a virtual server which is hosted on the cloud computing platform
- It is highly flexible, secure and costeffective





- Here, every data is stored and accessed by a user from anywhere over the internet
- It is scalable at run-time and is automatically accessed
- Data can be modified and retrieved from cloud storage over the web