Q1) Why we	need to go for Docker?
Answer: Docker	is light weight and more efficient in terms of resources because it uses the host
	ng kernal rather than creating it s own hypervisor.
Q2)How to b	ouild environment-agnotic systems with Docker?
Answer: There a	re three main features

- Volumes
- Environment Variable Injection
- · Read Only file systems

#### Q3) What are the most common instructions in Dockerfile?

Answer FROM, LABEL, RUN, CMD

#### Q4) Explain about docker workflow?

Answer: It starts with docker file and need to build it to create image of the container then redistribute it using registry and run the containers.

#### Q5) Explain about Docker Swarm?

Answer: Docker Swarm is native gathering for docker. It is used to group of Docker hosts into a single and virtual docker host. It provides the standard docker application program interface.

# Q6) How to monitor the docker in production environments?

Answer: Docker stats and Docker Events

# Q7) Why docker compose does not wait for a container to be ready before moving on to start next service in dependeny order?

Answer: Docker compose starts in a such a order based on the link volumes form and network mode.

# Q8) Which Of the following options is correct with respect to cresting docker containers

- I can build my own image and use it for creating a Docker Container(V)
- I can pull an image from docker Hub and then run docker images(v)

• I can directly create a docker container without docker image(x)

# Q9) How does the communication happen between Docker client and Docker Daemon

Answer: Combination of Rest API, Socket.IO and TCP

#### Q10) Where does the docker daemon store the Docker images?

Answer: Docker Registry

#### Q11) What are the various states of the Docker container?

Answer: Four States: Running, Paused, Restarting and Exited.

#### Q12) Explain about configure networking in Docker?

Answer:

bridge: The default network driver

host: For stand alone containers, remove network isolation between the container and the

- docker host
- Overlay: Overlay networks connect multiple docker daemons
- macvlan: for assigning MAC address for container
- none: disable all neworking

# Q13) Where the docker volumes are stored?

Answer: /var/lib/docker/volumes

### Q14) What is Docker object labels?

Answer: These are the mechanism for applying metadata to docker objects including, images,

containers, Local daemons, volumes, network, swam nodes, swarm services.

#### Q15) How to start containers automatically?

bÿAnswer: We need to use restart policy &example &docker run always.

# Q16) write a Docker file to create and copy a directory and build it using python modules

Answer: FROM pyhton:2.7-slim

WORKDIR /app

COPY . /app

þÿdocker build tag

### Q17) How to publish the image?

Answer: docker push username/repository:tag

# Q18) How to scale the app?

Answer: By changing the replicas value in docker compose.yml and re run the command docker stack deploy.

# þÿQ19) How to create a vm s in Docker?

þÿ Answer: by using this command docker-machine create driver virtual bo

# Q20)How to install Docker?

Answer: yum install docker

#### Q21) What is the docker inspect do?

Answer: It will give the more information about container in json format.

#### Q22) How you implement CI/CD using Docker?

Answer: Run jenkins on docker

Run integration tests jenkins using docker-compose

#### þÿQ23)Explain about CLI s in Docker?

Answer: Engine CLI, Compose CLI, Machine CLI, DTR(Docker Trusted Registry)CLI, UCP (Universal Control Pane) CLI.

#### Q24) How to cleanup Docker image?

Answer:

- docker container stop name
- docker container rm name
- docker image rm name

# Q25) How to start Docker daemon?

Answer: dockerd [options]

# Q26) How to get Docker performance?

Answer: docker stats or docker top

# Q27) How to check container logs?

Answer: docker logs

## Q28) How to install logging driver plugin?

Answer: docker plugin install <org/imgname>

#### Q29) how to log tags for logging driver?

Answer:We have to use tag option

þÿdocker run log-driver=fluentd log-opt fluentd-address=myhost.local:24:

### Q30) Explain about Docker security?

Answer: 4 aspects

- Kernal namespaces
- · control groups
- docker daemon attack surface
- Linux kernal capabilities

### Q31) How to check the container status?

Answer: docker ps

# Q32) How you manage Docker images?

Answer: Using Docker Hub and Docker Registry

# Q33) How you execute multiple Docker commands?

þÿ Answer: docker run image /bin/bash -c cd /path/; python a.py

# Q34) When you will use Docker swarm?

Answer: If we want to manage container scheduling over multiple hosts we will go for docker swarm.

#### Q35) How you create jenkins image using Docker?

Answer: Docker pull jenkins

### Q36) what are the advantages of Docker?

Answer: 1. Return on investment and cost saving

- 1. Standardization and productivity
- 2. CI/CD and efficiency
- 3. Simple and Secure

#### Q37) What is the Docker container life cycle?

Answer: Build, Pull and Run

### Q38) How to develop new apps on Docker?

Answer:

- 1.build an image file to docker file
- 2.use multistage builds
- 3.manage application data using and bind mounts
- 4.scale app as a swarm

## Q39) which version of Docker you are using?

Answer: we can find using docker version command 19.03

#### Q40) How to control Docker with systemd?

Answer:

- systemctl start/stop docker
- service docker start/stop

#### Q41) Explain about Docker object labels?

Answer: It is for applying metadata to docker objects including images, containers, local daemons, volumes, Networks, swarm nodes and swarm services.

#### Q42) How to clean up Docker objects?

Answer: docker image prune and docker container prune

#### Q43) How do we share Docker containers with different nodes?

Answer: By using docker swarm. Docker swarm consists of two type of nodes. one is manager node and other is worker node.

# Q44) What is the command to create a docker swarm?

þÿ Answer: docker swarm init advertise-addr <manager IP>

# Q45) How to run multiple containers using single service?

Answer: By using docker compose. Each container runs seperately but they can interact with each other. All docker compose files uses yaml language.

# Q46) Do you know how to use json instead of yaml compose file?

Answer: docker-compose -f docker-compose.json up

# Q47) How to include code with copy/add or volumes?

Answer: In docker file we have to use COPY or ADD directive. this is useful to relocate code. we should use a volume if we want to make changes.

# Q48) How to push the new image to Docker registry?

Answer: docker push myorg/myimg

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