Linear regression

▼ import library

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.image as img
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.colors as colors
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

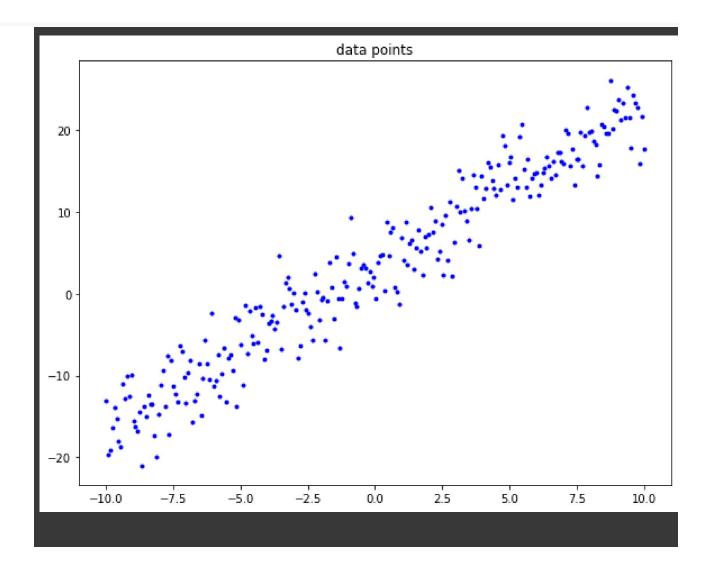
Mounted at /content/drive

cd /content/drive/MyDrive/ML

/content/drive/MyDrive/ML

load data points

 $\bullet \ \ \{(x_i,y_i)\}_{i=1}^n$



compute the residual

compute the loss

ullet compute the gradient with respect to $heta_0$

• useful functions: np.inner

ullet compute the gradient with respect to $heta_1$

• useful functions: np.inner

gradient descent for the optimization

```
number_iteration
                = 500
                = 0.01
learning_rate
theta0
                = 0
theta1
                = 0
list_theta0
               = np.zeros(number_iteration)
list_theta1
               = np.zeros(number_iteration)
list loss
                = np.zeros(number iteration)
for i in range(number_iteration):
   # complete the blanks
   #
   theta0 = theta0-learning_rate*compute_gradient_theta0(x,y,theta0, theta1)
   theta1 = theta1-learning_rate*compute_gradient_theta1(x,y,theta0, theta1)
         = compute_loss(x,y,theta0, theta1)
   loss
   #
   list_theta0[i] = theta0
```

```
list_theta1[i] = theta1
```

functions for presenting the results

plt.title('model parameters')

ax.legend()
plt.show()

```
def function_result_01():
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    plt.plot(x, y, '.', color='blue')
    plt.title('data points')
    plt.show()

def function_result_02():
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    ax = plt.gca()
    plt.plot(list_theta0, '-', color='blue', label=r'$\text{Wtheta_0$'})
    plt.plot(list_theta1, '-', color='red', label=r'$\text{Wtheta_1$'})
```

```
def function_result_03():
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    plt.plot(list_loss, '-', color='blue')
    plt.title('loss curve')
    plt.show()
```

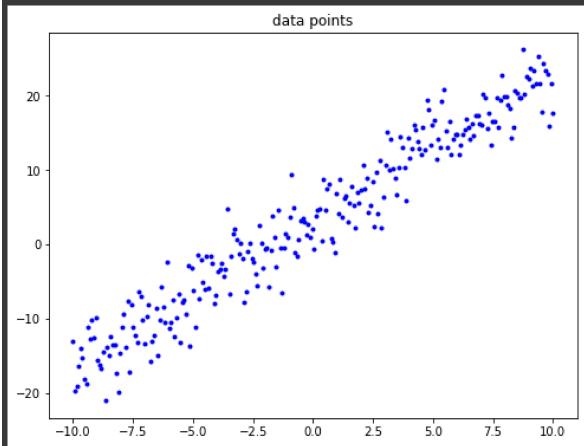
```
def function_result_04():
    f = theta0 + theta1 * x
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
ax = plt.gca()
plt.plot(x, y, '.', color='blue', label='data point')
plt.plot(x, f, '-', color='red', label='regression')
plt.title('regression')
ax.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
def function_result_05():
   XO = np.arange(-10, 10, 0.1)
   X1 = np.arange(-10, 10, 0.1)
   grid_theta0, grid_theta1 = np.meshgrid(X0, X1)
   grid_loss = np.zeros(grid_theta0.shape)
    for i, t0 in enumerate(X0):
        for j, t1 in enumerate(X1):
            grid_loss[j, i] = compute_loss(x, y, t0, t1)
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')
   plt.title('loss surface')
   ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
   ax.set_xlabel(r'$\theta_0$')
    ax.set_ylabel(r'$\theta_1$')
    ax.set_zlabel('loss')
   ax.plot_surface(grid_theta0, grid_theta1, grid_loss, rstride=1, cstride=1, cmap=
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
```

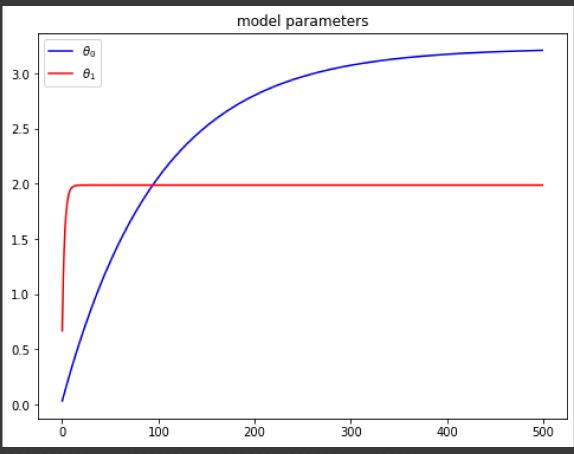
→ results

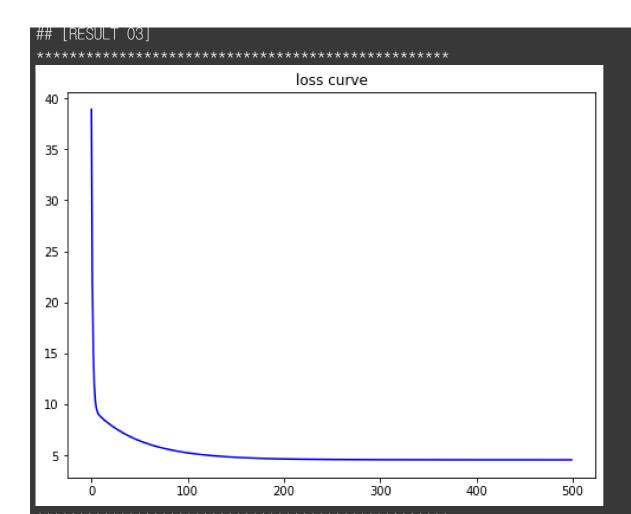
[RESULT 01]



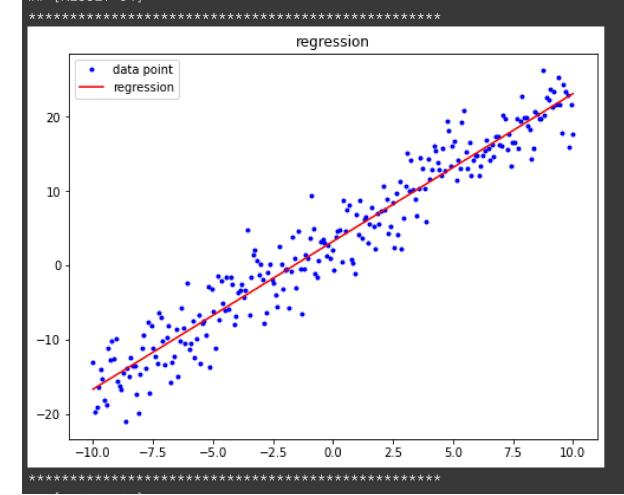
[RESULT 02]

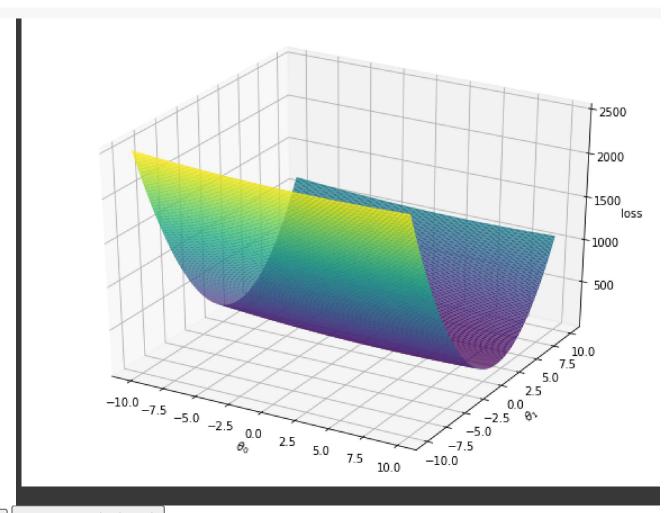






[RESULT 04]





check 6초 오후 9:52에 완료됨

