

Computing in Sciences: Spring 2022

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1. Let $z(t)$ be a closed curve in complex plane parametrized by t such that $z(t) = z(t+T)$. Assume that the function can be represented by series as:

$$z(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{n=\infty} c_n e^{i2\pi nt/T} \quad (1)$$

find c_n ; note that constant c_n can be complex.

$$\begin{aligned} z(t) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a+ib) e^{i2\pi nt/T} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a e^{i2\pi nt/T} + i \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b e^{i2\pi nt/T} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a+ib) \left(\cos \frac{2\pi nt}{T} + i \sin \frac{2\pi nt}{T} \right) \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(a \cos \frac{2\pi nt}{T} - b \sin \frac{2\pi nt}{T} \right) + i \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(a \sin \frac{2\pi nt}{T} + b \cos \frac{2\pi nt}{T} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$z(t) = \sum c_n e^{i2\pi nt/T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z(t+T) &= \sum c_n e^{i2\pi n(t+T)/T} = \sum c_n e^{i2\pi nt/T} e^{i2\pi n} \\ &= z(t) \times e^{i2\pi n} \\ &= \sum c_n e^{i2\pi nt/T} e^{i2\pi n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_0^T dt z(t) e^{-i2\pi nt/T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \int_0^T z(t+T) e^{-i2\pi nt/T} dt &= \sum z(t) \times e^{i2\pi n} \\ e^{i2\pi n} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Let $f(t)$ is a continuous differentiable function with a period T , i.e. $f(t + T) = f(t)$ for any real t . If the function is approximated as

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{n=\infty} \left(a_n \cos \left(2\pi n \frac{t}{T} \right) + b_n \sin \left(2\pi n \frac{t}{T} \right) \right) \quad (2)$$

determine the constants a_n and b_n