

Assignment 1: Due on Mon, 24 Aug 2020

Q1) A particle of mass m is in the state, $\psi(x, t) = A \cdot \exp(-a[(\frac{m}{\hbar}x^2) + it])$, where A and a are real positive constants.

(a) Find A .

(b) For what potential energy function $V(x)$ does $\psi(x, t)$ satisfy the Schrödinger equation ?

(c) Calculate the expectation values of \hat{x} , \hat{x}^2 , \hat{p} , \hat{p}^2 .

Q2) Normalise the wavefunction,

$$\psi(x, t) = A \cdot \sin(2\pi x/a) e^{(-\frac{iEt}{\hbar})}; \quad \forall -\frac{a}{2} < x < \frac{a}{2}$$
$$= 0; \quad \forall x < -\frac{a}{2} \text{ or } x > +\frac{a}{2},$$

such that the total probability of finding the particle in the region of length a is 1.

Q3) Why does the probability density function have to be everywhere real, non-negative, and of finite and definite.

Q4) Define an operator $\hat{O} = [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]$

s.t. $\hat{O}f = \hat{A}\hat{B}f - \hat{B}\hat{A}f$, where f is a function on which the operators \hat{A} and \hat{B} act.

[\therefore we can write an operator identity, $[\hat{A}, \hat{B}] = \hat{A}\hat{B} - \hat{B}\hat{A}$; (commutator of \hat{A} and \hat{B})]

Show : (i) $[\hat{x}, \hat{p}] = i\hbar\hat{1}$, where $\hat{1}$ is the identity operator

(ii) $[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\hat{C}] = [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]\hat{C} + \hat{B}[\hat{A}, \hat{C}]$

(iii) $[\hat{A}\hat{B}, \hat{C}] = \hat{A}[\hat{B}, \hat{C}] + [\hat{A}, \hat{C}]\hat{B}$