

Assignment 2: Due on Thu, 3 Sep 2020

Q1) The Cartesian components  $L_i$ ;  $i = 1, 2, 3$  of the angular momentum operator are related to the position and momentum operators by  $\hat{L}_i = \epsilon_{ijk} \hat{x}_j \hat{p}_k$ .

[summation convention : sum over the repeated indices  $j$  and  $k$ .

If you find it difficult, write it as  $L_i = x_j p_k - x_k p_j$ , where the indices  $i, j$  and  $k$  are different and each is one from the set  $\{x, y, z\}$  or  $\{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$  in a cyclic order as shown. If the order is reversed then a negative sign is required. For convenience, we will not be using below the hat (^) that denotes an operator. You have to remember that these are operators].

in detail,  $L_x = yp_z - zp_y = -(zp_y - yp_z)$ , etc.

(a) Show:  $[L_i, L_j] = i\hbar\epsilon_{ijk}L_k$ , i.e.,  $[L_x, L_y] = i\hbar L_z$

(b) Show:  $[L_i, L^2] = [L_i, r^2] = [L_i, p^2] = 0$

Q2) Let  $\vec{A}$  be a vector operator s.t.  $[L_i, A_j] = i\hbar\epsilon_{ijk}L_k$  [ i.e.,  $[L_x, A_y] = i\hbar L_z$ , etc.]

Show:  $\vec{L} \cdot \vec{A} = \vec{A} \cdot \vec{L}$

Q3) Using first order perturbation theory, calculate the energy of the  $n$ -th state for a particle of mass  $m$  moving in a 1-dim infinite potential well of length  $2L$ ,

(i) with walls at  $x = 0$  and  $x = 2L$ , which is modified at the bottom by the perturbation  $\lambda V_0 \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{2L}\right)$ , where  $\lambda \ll 1$ .

(ii) with walls at  $x = -L$  and  $x = L$ , which is modified at the bottom by the following perturbation with  $V_0 \ll 1$ .

$$H' = \begin{cases} -V_0 & -L \leq x \leq L \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} \quad H' = \begin{cases} -V_0 & -\frac{L}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{L}{2} \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

[Note that the boundary of the 'box' on the left in (ii) is not at  $x = 0$ ]

Q4) For a 1-dim harmonic oscillator, the spring constant changes from  $k$  to  $k(1 + \epsilon)$ , where  $\epsilon$  is small. Calculate the first order perturbation in the energy.