SHEET GIVE FOR GRADE ELEVEN, 2012 CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER

A/the study of plants B/ the study of all living things 1. Which one of the following describes biology best? C/the study of animals and plants Dithe study of matter

2. Application of biological science to human affairs is---- A/to improve quality of our lives production of crops B/use and manage natural resources in sustainable manner C/unprove D/all

3. A branch of biology that deats with internal structure of organisms is ----D/physiology C/anatomy B/morphology

4. Which of the following fields of biology deals about fishes? A/entomology B/mycology Comithology D/ichthyology

5. Biologists involved in biomedical research ----- A/to develop new drugs and vaccines B/to find out more about the way in which life begun on earth D/study how microorganisms of all kinds function C/try to find evidence of life on other planet

6. Scientists investigate natural events to try to find out exactly-----A/why and how the events are happened B/to arrive at answer C/need conclusive evidence D/a certain factor which causes the event E/ all f the above

7. Which one of the following biologists is involved in the study of human genome?

A/ Oncologist B/ Geneticists C/ Ethologist D/ Neurologist

8. Steps or procedures are required in one of the following scientific method. A/constructing hypothesis: B/design and carry out experiments C/analyzing results D/evaluating results

9. Which one of the following refers the use of scientific research to meet certain human needs? A/scientific method B/applied science C/experimental science D/all of the above

10. A group in an experiment which is not used to compare is-----A/control B/standard C/experimental D/none of the above

11. In which step the experimenter states how the independent variable is expected to influence the dependent variable? A/title B/hypothesis C/prediction D/procedure

12. Which rules of writing a report in scientific investigation can be summarized in graph, charts and tables? B/hypothesis C/results D/conclusion

13. From which of the following do scientists start their investigation ----? A/experiment B prediction C/observation D/theory

14. A variable over which the experimenter manipulate is-----A/ Independent variable B/ Dependent variable C/ control group D/ all of the above

15. One of the following was the supporter of Abiogenesis.

A/F. Redi B/J. Needham C/Lazaro Spalanzzani D/ L. Pasture

16. From which of the following do scientists usually formulate a hypothesis? A/theory B/ prediction C/observation D/ experiment

17. A factor that can't be controlled which may influence the result of the experiment is -----D/independent variable A/dependent variable B/confounding variable C/controlled variable

18. Which of the following is the primary step of the scientific method? D/observation A/carry out experiment Blask question C/construct hypothesis

19. A variable that being changed by an experimenter is known as----A/dependent B/independent C/controlled D/confounding

20. A tentative suggestion of certain observed phenomenon is ... A/deductive reasoning D/gathering information B/ formulating hypothesis C/inductive reasoning

21. A biologist who disprove the theory of spontaneous generation ----A/L. pasteur B/V. helmont C/F, redi

22. The variable that changes as an independent variable is----

D/ all of the above A/controlled B' dependent C/ confounding 23. --- is a machine that spins at high speed to separate components of different molecules

based on their weight. A/microscope C/centrifuge C/ microscope B/quadrate 24. Which of the following field equipments used to determine slope? A/G.P.S B/pH kit

25. Which of the following is not a biological tool in the dissecting kits? H/mounting needle C/Petri-dish Discissors

26. A tool that is used to separate blood in to plasma and blood cells are -

A/Petri-dish B/pipettes C/centrifuge D/aquarium

27. Which biological tool is used in the field? A/Petri-dish

B/balance C/flow meter D/ forceps 28. Which one of the following is different from the others? A/Petridis B/balance

29. A microscope enables us to see two very closely placed objects separately due to its----C'entrifuge D'insect net A/ resolving power B/ transparence C/magnification D/field of view

30. Which of the following is true about microscopes?

A/optical microscopes use beams of electrons to magnify images

B/electron microscopes use beams of light to magnify images.

C/electron microscopes have high magnification and resolution power than light microscope D/light interoscopes have greater resolution power than the electron Microscope

31. Which apparatus is used to show how the numbers of a particular species change across an area? At dissecting microscope B/ line transect C/ theodolite D/ GPS receiver

32. One of the following is not the relevance of biology in Ethiopia.

A/in the fight against HIV B/food production C/controlling population growth 33. Biology has a direct relevance in the following fields except-----D/degrading biodiversity A/agriculture

B/medicine C/biotechnology Dinformation technology 34. Which one of the following is the activity of anti-retroviral drugs? A/assist the viral DNA to be inserted B/target the entry phase of HIV C/cure AIDS

D/block the new DNA not to 'Instruct' the cell to make more HIV 35. HIV can't be transmitted from the mother to the child during-----

A/pregnancy B/delivery C/breast feeding D/ sleeping

36. What is the difference between HIV and AIDS? A/AIDS is the virus while HIV is the disease B/both refers to the virus C/AIDS is the disease and HIV is the virus D/both refers to the disease

37. Which of the following elements found in living organisms are correctly grouped? A/ II, Fe, Mn B/ S, P, O C/ Zn, N, C D/ C, Cu, Co

38. Which of the following is not a monomer? A/aminoacid B/monosacchride C/protein D/nuclotide

39. A chemical process that is involved in the synthesis of any polymers is A/ hydrolysis. B/ condensation C/ dehydration D/ addition of water

40. Two atoms of the same element are joined to produce A/compound B/molecule C/valence D/element

41. Which of the following is not matching? A/carbohydrate-glycosidic bond B/protein-dipeptide C/nucleic acid-glycosidic bond D/lipids -ester bond

42. Which property of water is necessary for biological transport mechanisms? A/Viscosity B/ solvent C/ reactant D/ surface tension

43. Which property of water does not damage delicate organs?

B/ more viscose C/ less viscose D/ ideal viscose A/ non viscose

44. Water is involved as a-----in photosynthesis. A/cell support B/ reactant C/ solvent D/ viscosity

45. Plant cell ---- is a property of water resulted by furgidity of the plant cells, Al reactant B' support C/ viscosity D/ solvent

46. An animal walks on water surface. This is due to ---- A/ high surface tension of water

B) high latent heat of D/ high viscosity of water vaporization C/ high specific heat capacity 47. Ponds do not dry up too quickly in hot weather. This is due to

A/ high specific heat capacity of water B/ high latent heat of vaporization D/ high viscosity of water C! high surface tension of water

48. Water does not loss heat simply due to-----A/ its transparent property D/ due to its reactant property

B/ due to its solid property

C/ due to solvent property 49. Which of the following properties of water is best explained by a statement 'a large increase in heat energy results in a relatively small rise in temperature. At high heat of vaporization B high heat of fusion,

D/ high latent heat high heat of capacity 50. What did F. Redi prove through his scientific experiment?

A/Maggots appear spontaneously on food s placed anywhere

B/Maggots do not appear in foods kept in jars that are protected with a cover

C/Maggots do not appear in foods kept in open jar

D/Flies appear spontaneously on rotting meat kept in closed or open jars alike.