IngestionOrchestrator (Class)

TypeScript

```
// C:\Users\SOHAM\Desktop\crawler\test-crawler\src\functions\ingestion\orchestrator.ts

import { IngestionData, IDestinationPlugin, IngestionDataTransformer, GSDataSource,
IngestionEvents } from './interfaces';
import { GSStatus, logger, GSContext } from '@godspeedsystems/core';
import { EventEmitter } from 'events';

export class IngestionOrchestrator extends EventEmitter {
    private sourceDataSource: GSDataSource;
    private dataTransformer: IngestionDataTransformer;
    private destination: IDestinationPlugin | undefined;
    private taskId: string;
    private eventBus: EventEmitter;

    constructor(
        source: GSDataSource,
        transformer: IngestionDataTransformer,
        destination: IDestinationPlugin | undefined,
        eventBus: EventEmitter,
        taskId: string
    ) {
        super();
        this.sourceDataSource = source;
        this.dataTransformer = transformer;
        this.destination = destination;
        this.eventBus = eventBus;
        this.taskId = taskId;
        logger.info(`IngestionOrchestrator instance created for task ${this.taskId}.`);
    }

    // ... (rest of the IngestionOrchestrator class)
}
```

Brief Details

The `IngestionOrchestrator` class is a **dedicated component responsible for managing the execution flow of a single ingestion task**. It acts as a coordinator, ensuring data moves sequentially from the source, through transformation, and to the destination.

Role / Logic

- **Inheritance**: It extends `EventEmitter`, allowing it to emit events related to the ingestion process (e.g., `DATA_FETCHED`, `DATA_TRANSFORMED`, `DATA_PROCESSED`).
- **Constructor Inputs**:
    - `source`: An instantiated `GSDataSource` (your crawler, e.g., `GitCrawlerDataSource`). This is the component responsible for fetching raw data.
    - `transformer`: An `IngestionDataTransformer` function. This function standardizes the raw data.
    - `destination`: An optional `IDestinationPlugin` instance. This component handles saving or sending the processed data to its final location.
    - `eventBus`: An `EventEmitter` instance, typically the one from `GlobalIngestionLifecycleManager`, used for emitting task-related events across the system.
    - `taskId`: The unique ID of the task this orchestrator instance is managing.
- **Initialization**: The constructor assigns these inputs to private instance properties and logs that an orchestrator instance has been created for the given `taskId`.

Future Scope

- **Error Handling Strategy**: While `executeTask` handles errors, the orchestrator could define a more explicit strategy for retries or error queues for sub-components.
- **Pipeline Configuration**: For more complex pipelines, the orchestrator could take a pipeline definition (e.g., an array of transformation steps) rather than just a single transformer.
- **Resource Management**: If crawlers or destinations require specific resource pools, the orchestrator could manage their allocation and release.

`getEventBus` (Public Method)

TypeScript

```
// C:\Users\SOHAM\Desktop\crawler\test-crawler\src\functions\ingestion\orchestrator.ts

// ... (previous code)

    public getEventBus(): EventEmitter {
        return this.eventBus;
    }

// ... (rest of the IngestionOrchestrator class)
```

Brief Details

The getEventBus method provides **access to the internal event emitter** specific to this IngestionOrchestrator instance.

Role / Logic

- **Input**: None.
- **Process**: It simply returns the this.eventBus (an EventEmitter instance) that was initialized in the constructor.
- **Output**: Returns an EventEmitter instance.
- **Significance**: This method allows the GlobalIngestionLifecycleManager (which creates this IngestionOrchestrator) to **subscribe to events** emitted by this particular orchestrator instance during its task execution (e.g., DATA_FETCHED, DATA_TRANSFORMED, DATA_PROCESSED). It's a key part of the communication back to the Scheduler.

Future Scope

- **Typed Events**: For enhanced type safety, consider using a more strongly typed event emitter library or pattern to define specific event names and their payload types, ensuring clarity on what data each event carries.
- **Restricted Access**: If the event bus should only be used internally, this method could be made private or removed, with events handled entirely within the IngestionOrchestrator and GlobalIngestionLifecycleManager directly.

executeTask (Public Method)

TypeScript

```
// C:\Users\SOHAM\Desktop\crawler\test-crawler\src\functions\ingestion\orchestrator.ts

// ... (previous code)

    async executeTask(ctx: GSContext, initialPayload?: any): Promise<GSStatus> {
        if (!this.sourceDataSource || !this.dataTransformer) {
            const errorMessage = "Orchestrator not fully configured. DataSource and dataTransformer are required.";
            logger.error(errorMessage);
            this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_FAILED, this.taskId, { success: false, message: errorMessage });
            return new GSStatus(false, 400, errorMessage);
        }

        logger.info(`Starting ingestion task execution for task ${this.taskId}...`);
        let totalItemsProcessed = 0;

        try {
```

```
        logger.info(`Orchestrator: Initializing Godspeed DataSource client
(${this.sourceDataSource.constructor.name}) for task ${this.taskId}...`);
        await this.sourceDataSource.initClient();
        logger.info(`Source client initialized for task ${this.taskId}.`);

        logger.info(`Orchestrator: Executing Godspeed DataSource
(${this.sourceDataSource.constructor.name}) with provided initialPayload...`);
        const sourceResultStatus: GSStatus = await this.sourceDataSource.execute(ctx,
initialPayload);

        let rawData: any[] = [];
        if (sourceResultStatus.success) {
            if (sourceResultStatus.data && sourceResultStatus.data.data) {
                rawData = Array.isArray(sourceResultStatus.data.data) ? sourceResultStatus.data.data
: [sourceResultStatus.data.data];
                logger.info(`Orchestrator: DataSource yielded ${rawData.length} data items from
'status.data.data'.`);
            } else if (sourceResultStatus.data) {
                rawData = [sourceResultStatus.data];
                logger.info(`Orchestrator: DataSource yielded 1 data item from 'status.data'.`);
            } else {
                logger.warn(`Orchestrator: Source executed successfully but returned no data in
'status.data' for task ${this.taskId}.`);
            }
        } else {
            const errorMessage = `Source execution failed for task ${this.taskId}:
${sourceResultStatus.message}`;
            logger.error(errorMessage, { data: sourceResultStatus.data });
            this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_FAILED, this.taskId, { success: false, message:
errorMessage, data: sourceResultStatus.data });
            return new GSStatus(false, 500, errorMessage, { data: sourceResultStatus.data });
        }

        this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.DATA_FETCHED, rawData, this.taskId);
        logger.info(`Orchestrator: Prepared ${rawData.length} raw data items for transformation.`);

        const payloadWithFetchedAt = { ...initialPayload, fetchedAt: new Date().toISOString() };
        logger.debug(`[Orchestrator DEBUG] Passing payload to transformer:`,
payloadWithFetchedAt);
        const transformedData: IngestionData[] = await this.dataTransformer(rawData,
payloadWithFetchedAt);

        this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.DATA_TRANSFORMED, transformedData, this.taskId);
        logger.info(`Orchestrator: Transformed data, received ${transformedData.length} data
items.`);
```

```
        if (transformedData.length === 0) {
            logger.warn(`Orchestrator: No data ingested from source for task ${this.taskId}. Task
completed with no data.`);
            const status = new GSStatus(true, 200, "Ingestion task completed: No data from source.",
{ itemsProcessed: 0 });
            this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_COMPLETED, this.taskId, status);
            return status;
        }

        logger.info(`Orchestrator: Processing data for destination (if configured) for task
${this.taskId}...`);

        if (this.destination) {
            try {
                const sendResult = await this.destination.processData(transformedData);

                if (!sendResult.success) {
                    logger.error(`Orchestrator: Destination processing failed for task ${this.taskId}:
${sendResult.message}`, { data: sendResult.data });
                    const failureStatus = new GSStatus(false, 500, `Destination processing failed for task
${this.taskId}: ${sendResult.message}`, { itemsProcessed: totalItemsProcessed, data:
sendResult.data });
                    this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_FAILED, this.taskId, failureStatus);
                    return failureStatus;
                } else {
                    totalItemsProcessed = transformedData.length;
                    this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.DATA_PROCESSED, transformedData,
this.taskId);
                    logger.info(`Orchestrator: Destination processing complete for task ${this.taskId}.`);
                }
            } catch (sendError: any) {
                logger.error(`Orchestrator: Error during destination processing for task ${this.taskId}:
${sendError.message}`, { error: sendError });
                const failureStatus = new GSStatus(false, 500, `Error during destination processing for
task ${this.taskId}: ${sendError.message}`, { itemsProcessed: totalItemsProcessed, data:
sendError.message });
                this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_FAILED, this.taskId, failureStatus);
                return failureStatus;
            }
        } else {
            totalItemsProcessed = transformedData.length;
            logger.info(`Orchestrator: No destination configured for task ${this.taskId}. Data
considered processed after transformation.`);
        }
```

```
        logger.info(`Ingestion task ${this.taskId} completed. Total items processed/emitted:
${totalItemsProcessed}.`);
        const successStatus = new GSStatus(true, 200, "Ingestion task completed successfully.", {
itemsProcessed: totalItemsProcessed });
        this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_COMPLETED, this.taskId, successStatus);
        return successStatus;

      } catch (error: any) {
        const errorMessage = `Ingestion task ${this.taskId} failed: ${error.message}`;
        logger.error(errorMessage, { error: error });
        const failureStatus = new GSStatus(false, 500, errorMessage, { itemsProcessed:
totalItemsProcessed, data: error.message });
        this.eventBus.emit(IngestionEvents.TASK_FAILED, this.taskId, failureStatus);
        return failureStatus;
      }
    }
```

Brief Details

The `executeTask` method is the **central orchestrator for a single ingestion task run**. It coordinates the entire pipeline: initializing the data source, fetching raw data, transforming it, and sending it to a destination, while emitting events at each stage.

Role / Logic

- **Input**:
    1. `ctx`: The Godspeed context (`GSContext`).
    2. `initialPayload`: An optional object containing data from the task's trigger (e.g., webhook payload, continuation tokens).
- **Process Flow**:
    1. **Configuration Check**: Verifies that `sourceDataSource` and `dataTransformer` are properly configured. If not, it logs an error, emits `TASK_FAILED`, and returns a `400 Bad Request`.
    2. **Source Initialization**: Calls `this.sourceDataSource.initClient()` to ensure the crawler's client is ready.
    3. **Data Extraction**: Calls `this.sourceDataSource.execute(ctx, initialPayload)` to fetch raw data from the external source.
    4. **Raw Data Handling**:
        - If `sourceDataSource.execute` is successful, it extracts `rawData` from the returned `GSStatus`.
        - If `sourceDataSource.execute` fails, it logs the error, emits `TASK_FAILED`, and returns a `500 Internal Server Error`.
    5. **Data Transformation**: Emits `DATA_FETCHED`, then calls `this.dataTransformer(rawData, payloadWithFetchedAt)` to transform the raw data

into `IngestionData`. It adds a `fetchedAt` timestamp to the payload passed to the transformer.
6. **Transformed Data Check**: If `transformedData` is empty, it logs a warning, emits `TASK_COMPLETED`, and returns a successful `GSStatus` (as there's no data to process further).
7. **Destination Processing**:
    - If a `this.destination` plugin is configured, it calls `this.destination.processData(transformedData)`.
    - If `processData` fails, it logs an error, emits `TASK_FAILED`, and returns a `500 Internal Server Error`.
    - If `processData` succeeds, it emits `DATA_PROCESSED`.
    - If no destination is configured, it logs that data is considered processed after transformation.
8. **Final Status & Event Emission**: Logs the completion, emits `TASK_COMPLETED`, and returns a successful `GSStatus` with the total number of items processed.
9. **Error Catch-all**: A `try-catch` block wraps the entire execution, catching any unexpected errors, logging them, emitting `TASK_FAILED`, and returning a `500 Internal Server Error`.

- **Output**: Returns a `Promise<GSStatus>` indicating the overall outcome of the task execution.

Future Scope

- **Batch Processing**: For very large datasets, implement internal batching mechanisms to process data in smaller chunks, reducing memory footprint.
- **Retry Logic**: Add retry logic for `sourceDataSource.execute` and `destination.processData` calls to handle transient failures.
- **Circuit Breaker**: Implement a circuit breaker pattern for external API calls within the data source and destination to prevent cascading failures.
- **Metrics & Tracing**: Enhance logging with more detailed metrics and integrate with distributed tracing systems for better observability of the entire pipeline.
- **Dynamic Pipeline**: Allow the `dataTransformer` and `destination` to be part of a dynamically configurable pipeline (e.g., an array of transformers) rather than single instances.
- **Data Validation**: Implement stricter validation after data fetching and transformation to ensure data quality before sending to the destination.