

TNGS Learning Solutions AWS Solutions Architect Online Course CloudFormation



- AWS CloudFormation is a service provided by Amazon Web Services (AWS) that allows you to define and provision infrastructure resources in a declarative way, using code.
- It is a key component of Infrastructure as Code (laaC) and enables you to create, update, and delete AWS resources by writing templates in JSON or YAML format.



- Declarative Templates: With CloudFormation, you define your infrastructure using templates that declare the desired state of your AWS resources. You specify the resources you need, their configurations, and their interdependencies.
- Resource Creation and Management: CloudFormation takes care of provisioning and managing AWS resources based on your templates. It automatically creates and configures resources, ensuring that they match the desired state defined in your template.



- Idempotent Operations: CloudFormation templates are idempotent, meaning you can apply them repeatedly without causing conflicts or unintended side effects. If resources already exist, CloudFormation will update them to match the template definition.
- Version Control: Infrastructure code written as CloudFormation templates can be stored in version control systems like Git, enabling versioning, collaboration, and change tracking.



- Resource Relationships: You can define dependencies and relationships between resources in your templates.
 CloudFormation ensures that resources are created in the correct order and with the correct dependencies.
- Parameterization: Templates can be parameterized to allow customization of resource properties. This enables you to reuse templates for different environments or configurations.



- Cross-Stack References: CloudFormation supports crossstack references, allowing resources in one stack to reference resources in another stack. This is useful for managing complex applications and services.
- Rollbacks and Drift Detection: CloudFormation provides rollback mechanisms to handle resource creation failures and allows you to detect and manage drift (differences between template and actual resource configurations).



- Change Sets: Before making changes to your infrastructure, you can create and preview change sets to understand the impact of updates. This helps prevent unexpected changes to your resources.
- Integration with AWS Services: CloudFormation integrates with other AWS services, enabling the management of a wide range of resources, including EC2 instances, RDS databases, Lambda functions, IAM roles, and more.



- Stack Policies: You can define stack policies to control updates to your CloudFormation stacks, allowing finegrained control over resource modification.
- Rolling Updates: For resources like Auto Scaling groups and Elastic Load Balancers, CloudFormation supports rolling updates to minimize downtime during updates.
- Monitoring and Automation: You can use AWS
 CloudWatch and AWS Lambda functions to monitor and automate responses to changes in your CloudFormation stacks.



- AWS CLI and SDKs: CloudFormation can be managed using the AWS Command Line Interface (CLI) and SDKs, allowing programmatic control over infrastructure provisioning and updates.
- **Templates in JSON/YAML**: CloudFormation templates can be written in JSON or YAML syntax, making them human-readable and easy to work with.



- AWS CloudFormation is a powerful tool for managing and automating your AWS infrastructure, making it easier to maintain consistent, reliable, and scalable environments.
- It is particularly valuable for DevOps practices and continuous delivery pipelines, enabling teams to provision and manage infrastructure alongside application code.