

Parameter Estimation

- 1) Let  $(X_1, X_2, \dots)$  be random sample of size  $n$  taken from normal population with parameter mean  $= 01$  & variance  $= 02$ . Find the max. likelihood estimator of the two population parameter.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n \text{ } \{ \text{Sample of size } n \} \\ L(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) &= f(x_1) \cdot f(x_2) \cdot \dots \cdot f(x_n) \\ &= \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(x_1-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{(x_2-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \right) \cdot \dots \end{aligned}$$

Taking  $\ln$  on both side we get,

$$\ln(L) = -\frac{n}{2} \ln(2\pi\sigma^2) + \sum_{i=1}^n \left( -\frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2} \right)$$

Taking derivative w.r.t  $\mu$

$$\frac{d}{d\mu} \ln(L) = 0 + \sum_{i=1}^n - \left( \frac{2(x_i - \mu)}{2\sigma^2} \right) = 0$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu) = 0$$

$$= n\bar{X} - n\mu = 0$$

$$\bar{X} = \mu$$

Hence  $\theta_1 = \bar{X}$  i.e. sample mean

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$$\ln(L) = -\frac{n}{2} \ln(2\pi\sigma^2) + \sum_{i=1}^n \left( -\frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2} \right)$$

Taking derivative w.r.t  $\sigma^2$

$$\frac{d \ln(L)}{d \sigma^2} = -\frac{n}{2\sigma^2} + \sum_{i=1}^n -\frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{2(\sigma^2)^2} = 0$$

$$-n + \sum_{i=1}^n -\frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{\sigma^2} = 0$$

$$n = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{\sigma^2}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2$$

$$\text{Hence } \theta_2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2$$

2) Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be random sample from  $B(m, \theta)$  distribution where  $\theta \in \Theta = (0, 1)$  is unknown &  $m$  is +ve integer. Compute value of  $\theta$  using M.L.E

$$\text{Binomial Distribution} = {}^n C_{x_i} \theta^{x_i} (1-\theta)^{n-x_i}$$

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^n {}^n C_{x_i} \theta^{x_i} (1-\theta)^{n-x_i}$$

log on both sides

$$\log L = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \log ({}^n C_{x_i}) + \log \theta^{x_i} + \log (1-\theta)^{n-x_i} \right)$$

$$\log L = \sum_{i=1}^n \log ({}^n C_{x_i}) + \log \theta \sum_{i=1}^n x_i + \log (1-\theta) \sum_{i=1}^n (n-x_i)$$

Diff. w.r.t  $\theta$

$$\frac{d}{d\theta} \log(L) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\theta} \sum x_i - \frac{1}{1-\theta} \sum (n-x_i) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\theta} \sum x_i - \frac{n^2}{1-\theta} + \frac{1}{1-\theta} \sum x_i = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\theta(1-\theta)} \sum x_i = \frac{n^2}{1-\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum x_i}{\theta} = n^2$$

$$\boxed{\theta = \frac{\sum x_i}{n^2}}$$