

STAT 3032 - Assignment2

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A Simple Data Analysis

This assignment focus on using R and RStudio specifically to create a .Rmd file using RStudio. In this assignment I will also study the hurricanes dataset, consisting of 287 hurricanes that had made landfall in the US between 1851 and 2013.

Step 1 - Importing the Dataset

To import the dataset in R I use a simple “read.csv” command which read a csv file and then I just store all the data stored in a variable called hurricanes as follows:

```
hurricanes = read.csv("hurricanes.csv")
```

Step 2 - Printing the Dataset Summary

Once I have imported the dataset I can use a simple summary() function to get a summary of all the data from the dataset. This function provides a brief summary containing mean, median, mode, range etc for all the individual columns or variables in the dataset. The summary command and the summary is as follows:

```
summary(hurricanes)
```

```
##      Year      Month      HighestSS      Pressure
## Min.   :1851   Min.   : 6.000   Min.   :1   Min.   : 892.0
## 1st Qu.:1888   1st Qu.: 8.000   1st Qu.:1   1st Qu.: 954.0
## Median :1926   Median : 9.000   Median :2   Median : 967.0
## Mean   :1928   Mean   : 8.557   Mean   :2   Mean   : 965.8
## 3rd Qu.:1964   3rd Qu.: 9.000   3rd Qu.:3   3rd Qu.: 980.0
## Max.   :2012   Max.   :11.000   Max.   :5   Max.   :1003.0
##                                     NA's   :1
##      MaxWind      Name      AL      CT
## Min.   : 65.00   ----- :149   Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :0.00000
## 1st Qu.: 70.00           : 4   1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median : 87.50   "Galveston": 3   Median :0.0000   Median :0.00000
## Mean   : 87.99   Bob       : 3   Mean   :0.1498   Mean   :0.06272
## 3rd Qu.:100.00   Cindy      : 3   3rd Qu.:0.0000   3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max.   :160.00   Bonnie     : 2   Max.   :3.0000   Max.   :3.00000
## NA's   :43      (Other)  :123
##      DE      FL      GA      LA
## Min.   :0.000000   Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.000000   1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.000000   Median :0.0000   Median :0.0000   Median :0.0000
## Mean   :0.006969   Mean   :0.8328   Mean   :0.1254   Mean   :0.4007
## 3rd Qu.:0.000000   3rd Qu.:1.5000   3rd Qu.:0.0000   3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.   :1.000000   Max.   :5.0000   Max.   :4.0000   Max.   :5.0000
##
##      MA      MD      ME      MS
```

```

## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.00000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.05923 Mean :0.01394 Mean :0.02439 Mean :0.1568
## 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max. :3.00000 Max. :2.00000 Max. :2.00000 Max. :5.0000
##
## NC NH NJ NY
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median :0.0000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.00000
## Mean :0.3136 Mean :0.01045 Mean :0.01394 Mean :0.08362
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max. :4.0000 Max. :2.00000 Max. :1.00000 Max. :3.00000
##
## PA RI SC TX
## Min. :0.000000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.000000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.000000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.003484 Mean :0.06272 Mean :0.1742 Mean :0.4286
## 3rd Qu.:0.000000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max. :1.000000 Max. :3.00000 Max. :4.0000 Max. :4.0000
##
## VA
## Min. :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median :0.00000
## Mean :0.04878
## 3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max. :2.00000
##

```

Step 3 - Printing the First 6 rows of Dataset

Printing the actual data is easy and can be accomplished as given in the piece of code below. Here we have specified that we just want the data for the first 6 rows.

```
hurricanes[1:6,]
```

```

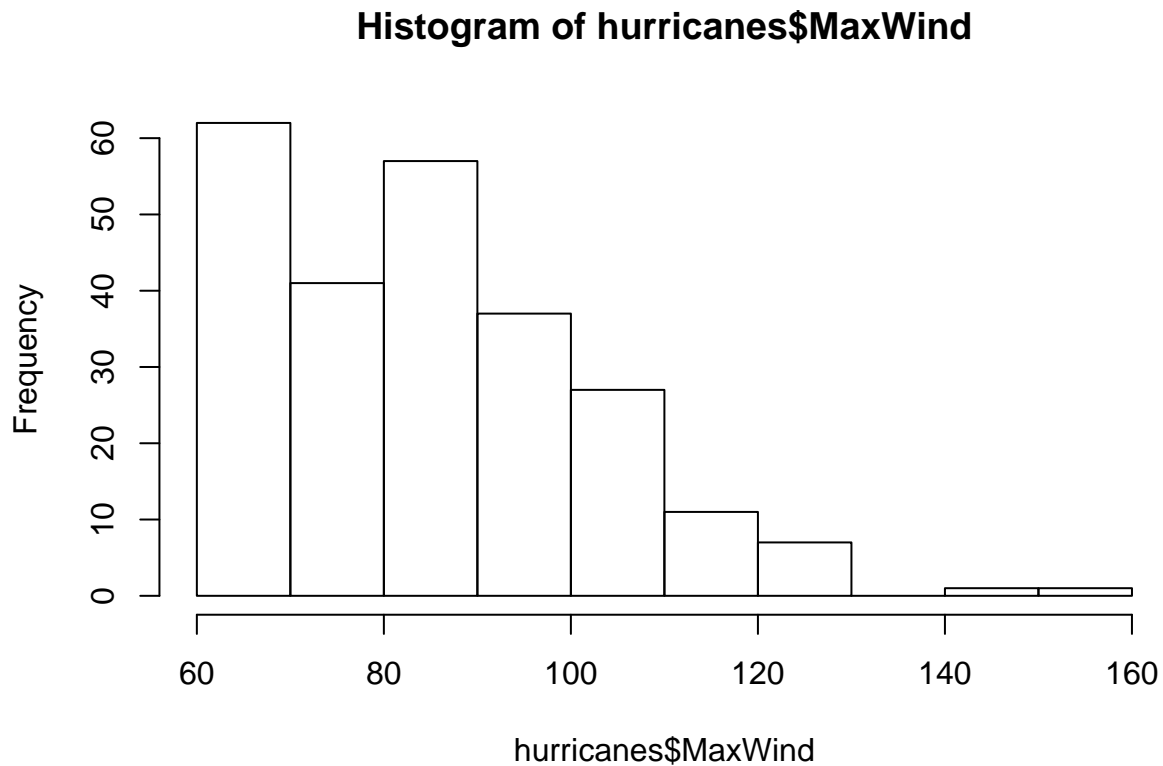
## Year Month HighestSS Pressure MaxWind Name AL CT DE FL
## 1 1851 6 1 974 80 ----- 0 0 0 0
## 2 1851 8 3 955 100 "Great Middle Florida" 0 0 0 3
## 3 1852 8 3 961 100 "Great Mobile" 3 0 0 2
## 4 1852 9 1 982 70 ----- 0 0 0 1
## 5 1852 10 2 965 90 "Middle Florida" 0 0 0 2
## 6 1853 10 1 965 70 ----- 0 0 0 0
## GA LA MA MD ME MS NC NH NJ NY PA RI SC TX VA
## 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
## 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 3 0 2 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 6 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

```

Step 4 - Making a Histogram

To print out a histogram containing just data regarding one column can be achieved by the code as given below:

```
hist(hurricanes$MaxWind)
```



Step 5 - Analyzing the Histogram

Analyzing the Histogram: In the above histogram we can see that frequency of the first bin corresponding to 60-70 is highest. The frequency of the highest bin seems to be more than 60 and also the graph seems to follow a general trend of decreasing frequency (linear decrease) with increase in the max wind speed. One shocking thing is that the frequency of the max_wind in range 70-80 is less than that of 80-90 which does not follow the usual pattern. I suppose that this can be attributed to the fact regarding how the data was collected and also that the data is a sample and thus can have some aberrant behaviours.