

$$41 \quad y = \frac{x-9}{x^2-3x} \quad x \in [1,2]$$

$$\frac{x-9}{x(x-3)} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x-3}$$

$$x-9 = A(x-3) + Bx$$

$$x-3 \Rightarrow B = \frac{-6}{3} = -2$$

$$x=0 \Rightarrow A = \frac{-9}{-3} = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \int_1^2 [3x^{-1} - 2(x-3)^{-1}] dx = [3 \ln|x| - 2 \ln|x-3|]_1^2 = (3 \ln 2 - 2 \ln 1) - (3 \ln 1 - 2 \ln 2) \\ &= 3 \ln 2 + 2 \ln 2 = 5 \ln 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$42 \quad y = \frac{x^2+10x+16}{x^3+8x^2+16x} = \frac{x^2+10x+16}{x(x^2+8x+16)} = \frac{A}{x} + \frac{Bx+C}{x^2+8x+16} \quad x \in [2,5]$$

$$\Delta = 64 - 4 \cdot 16 = 0$$

$$x^2+10x+16 = A(x^2+8x+16) + (Bx+C)x = x^2(A+B) + x(8A+C) + 16A$$

$$A+B=1 \Rightarrow B=1-A=0$$

$$8A+C=10 \Rightarrow C=10-8A=10-8=2$$

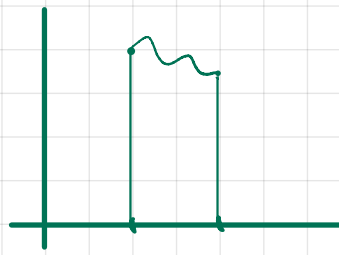
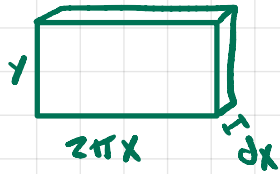
$$16A=16 \Rightarrow A=1$$

$$\int_2^5 \left[x^{-1} + \frac{2}{(x+4)^2} \right] dx = \left[\ln|x| - (x+4)^{-1} \cdot 2 \right]_2^5$$

$$= \left(\ln 5 - \frac{2}{9} \right) - \left(\ln 2 - \frac{2}{6} \right) = \ln 5 - \frac{2}{9} - \ln 2 + \frac{1}{3} = \ln \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{9}$$

45 $y = \frac{x-9}{x^2-3x} \quad x \in [1,2]$

method of shells



$$f(1) = \frac{-8}{-2} = 4 \quad f(2) = \frac{-7}{-2} = 3.5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_1^2 2\pi \cdot x \cdot \frac{x-9}{x^2-3x} dx &= 2\pi \int_1^2 \frac{x-9}{x-3} dx = 2\pi \int_1^2 \left(1 - \frac{6}{x-3}\right) dx = 2\pi [x - 6 \ln|x-3|]_1^2 \\ &= 2\pi [(2 - 6 \ln 1) - (1 - 6 \ln 2)] \\ &= 2\pi [2 - 1 + 6 \ln 2] \\ &= 2\pi (1 + 6 \ln 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$x \rightarrow \frac{x-9}{x-3} = 1 - \frac{6}{x-3}$$

48 $y = \frac{x^2+10x+16}{x^3+8x^2+16x} \quad x \in [2,5]$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_2^5 2\pi x \frac{x^2+10x+16}{x^3+8x^2+16x} dx &= 2\pi \int_2^5 \frac{x^2+10x+16}{x^2+8x+16} dx = 2\pi \int_2^5 \frac{x^2+8x+16+2x}{x^2+8x+16} dx \\ &= 2\pi \int_2^5 \left(1 + \frac{2x}{x^2+8x+16}\right) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{x}{(x+4)^2} dx = \int \frac{u-4}{u^2} du = \int (u^{-1} - 4u^{-2}) du = \ln|u| - 4(-1)u^{-1}$$

$$u = x+4 \quad du = dx$$

$$= \ln|x+4| + 4(x+4)^{-1}$$

$$= 2\pi [x + 2 \ln|x+4| + 5(x+4)^{-1}]_2^5$$

$$= 2\pi \left[\left(5 + 2 \ln 9 + \frac{5}{9}\right) - \left(2 + 2 \ln 6 + \frac{5}{6}\right) \right]$$

$$= 2\pi \left[\frac{53}{9} + 2(\ln 9 - \ln 6) - \left(\frac{10}{3}\right) \right] = 2\pi \left[\frac{23}{9} + 2 \ln \frac{3}{2} \right]$$