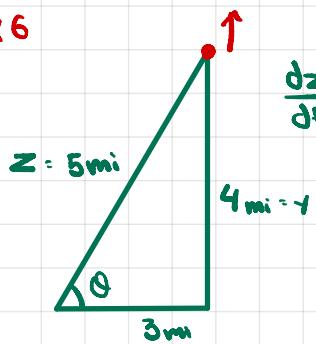


Ex 6



$$\frac{dz}{dt} = 5000 \text{ milh at } t=0$$

$$= \frac{5000 \text{ mi}}{3600 \text{ s}} = \frac{25}{18} \text{ mils}$$

$$y = 4 + vt \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = v$$

$$z = 5 + 5000t \quad \frac{dz}{dt} = 5000$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \frac{9}{25} = \frac{16}{25}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

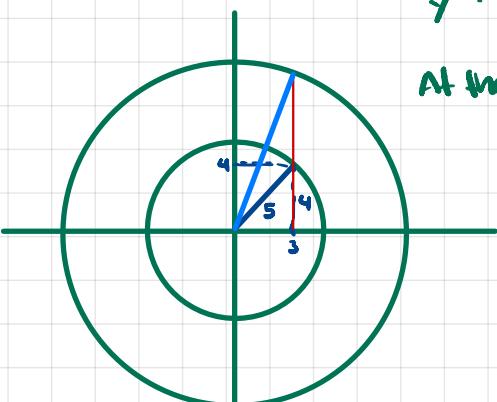
$$9 + v^2 = z^2$$

$$2y \cdot y' = 2zz'$$

$$y' = \frac{zz'}{y}$$

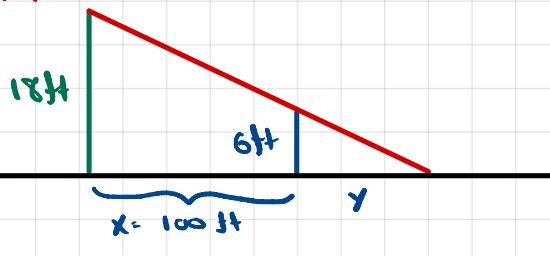
At the time the object is in,  $z = 5, z' = 5000, y = 4$

$$y' = \frac{25000}{4} = 6250 \text{ milh}$$



$y$  and  $z$  are increasing,  $x$  is fixed.

Ex 7



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 28 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\frac{x+y}{18} = \frac{y}{6}$$

$$x = 2y \Rightarrow x = 100 \Rightarrow y = 50 \text{ at t.}$$

$$x' = 2y'$$

$$y' = \frac{x'}{2}$$

$$y'(t) = \frac{x}{2} = 4 \text{ ft/s}$$

so  $x$  goes up  $12 \text{ ft/s}$ ,  $y$  goes up  $4 \text{ ft/s}$

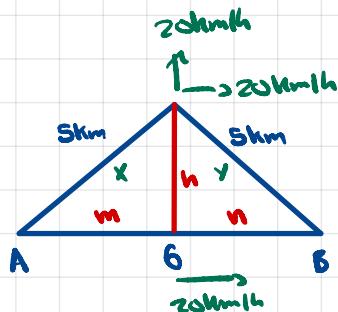
$$z = x + y$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{z-x}{6} \Rightarrow z = 3z - 3x \Rightarrow 2z = 3x$$

$$2 \frac{dz}{dt} = 3 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt}(t_0) = \frac{3}{2} \cdot 5 = 12 \text{ ft/s}$$

Ex 8



$$25 = h^2 + m^2$$

$$25 = h^2 + n^2$$

$$m+n = 6$$

$$25 = 25 - n^2 + m^2$$

$$0 = -n^2 + 36 - 12n + m^2$$

$$n = 3 \Rightarrow m = 3 \Rightarrow h^2 = 25 - 9 = 16$$

$$h = 4$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 28 \text{ km/h} \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 4 \text{ km/h}$$

$$x^2 = h^2 + m^2$$

$$y^2 = h^2 + n^2$$

$$m+n = 6$$

$$2x x' = 2h h' + 2m m'$$

$$x x' = h h' + m m'$$

$$3 \cdot 20 = 4h' + 3m'$$

$$2x y' = 2h h' + 2m n'$$

$$x y' = h h' + m n'$$

$$5 \cdot 4 = 4h' + 3n'$$

$$20 = 4h' + 3n'$$

$$140 = 4h' + 3m'$$

$$m' + n' = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 20 = 4h' + 3n'$$

$$140 = 4h' - 3n'$$

$$160 = 8h'$$

$$h' = 20 \text{ km/h}$$

$$n' = (20 - 4(20))/3 = -60/3 = -20 \text{ km/h}$$

$$m' = (140 - 4 \cdot 20)/3 = 60/3 = 20 \text{ km/h}$$

### 3.9 Problems

1  $x^2 - y^2 = 1$

$$2x - 2y \cdot y' = 0 \Rightarrow y' = \frac{x}{y}$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{x^2 - 1}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(x^2 - 1)^{1/2}} \cdot 2x - \frac{x}{(x^2 - 1)^{1/2}} \Rightarrow y = +\sqrt{x^2 - 1} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} = \frac{x}{y}$$

$$y = -\sqrt{x^2 - 1} \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} = -\frac{x}{y}$$

2  $xy = 1$

$$y + xy' = 0 \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{y}{x}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x}\right) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

12  $\cos(x+y) = \sin x \sin y$

$$-\sin(x+y)(1+y') = \cos x \sin y + \sin x \cos y \\ \cdot \sin(x+y)$$

$$1+y' = -1$$

$$y' = -2$$

14  $xy \cdot e^{-xy}$

$$y + xy' = e^{-xy}(-y - xy') \cdot -ye^{-xy} - xy'e^{-xy}$$

$$y'x(1+e^{-xy}) = -y(e^{-xy}-1)$$

$$y' = -\frac{y(1+e^{-xy})}{x(e^{-xy}-1)} = \frac{y(1+e^{-xy})}{x(1-e^{-xy})}$$

3  $16x^2 + 25y^2 = 400$   
 $32x + 50yy' = 0 \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-32x}{50y} = -\frac{16x}{25y}$

$$25y^2 = 400 - 16x^2 \\ y^2 = 16 - \frac{16}{25}x^2 \quad y = \pm \sqrt{16 - \frac{16}{25}x^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2(\pm y)} \cdot \left(-\frac{32}{25}x\right) = -\frac{16}{25} \frac{x}{y}$$

4  $x^3 + y^3 = 1$

$$3x^2 + 3y^2y' = 0 \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{x^2}{y^2}$$

$$y^3 = 1 - x^3 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt[3]{1 - x^3} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{3y^2}(-3x^2) = -\frac{x^2}{y^2}$$

7  $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = 1$

$$y = (1 - x^{2/3})^{3/2} = \sqrt[3]{(1 - \sqrt[3]{x^2})^2}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{2}{3}y^{-\frac{1}{3}}y' = 0 \Rightarrow y' = -\frac{1}{x^{1/3}} \cdot y^{1/3} = -\sqrt[3]{y/x}$$

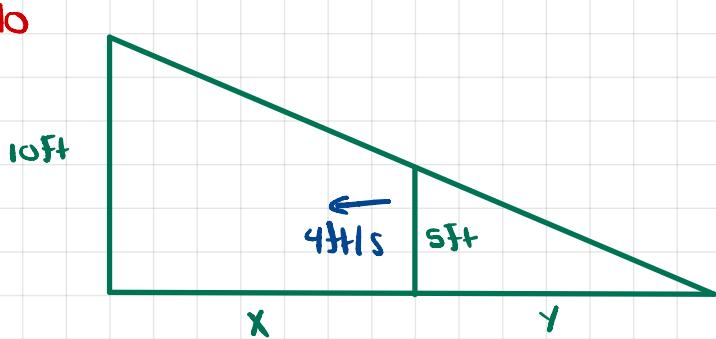
10  $x^5 + y^5 = 5x^2y^2$

$$5x^4 + 5y^4y' = 10x^2y^2 + 10x^2y^2y'$$

$$y'(5y^4 - 10x^2y) = 10x^2y^2 - 5x^4$$

$$y' = \frac{2x^2 - x^4}{y^4 - 2x^2y}$$

40



$$\frac{x+y}{10} = \frac{y}{5} \Rightarrow x+y = 2y \Rightarrow x=y$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -4$$

$\Rightarrow$  tip of shadow moving  $-8 \text{ ft/s}$   
shadow size ( $y$ ) decreasing at  $-4 \text{ ft/s}$

$$x' = y' \Rightarrow y' = -4$$

$$z = x + y$$

41



$$x = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 0.5 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$z' = x' + y' \Rightarrow z' = -8 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$y = 2x \text{ cm}$$

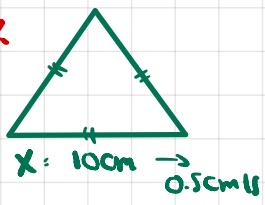
$$A'(t) = 4x \\ A'(10) = 40$$

$$A = y \cdot x = 2x^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A' = 2 \cdot 2x \cdot x' = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 10 \text{ cm} \cdot 0.5 \text{ cm/s} = 20 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$

Note that  $20 \text{ cm/s}$  is the side change cause  $y$  is dependent on  $x$ .

42



$$A = \frac{hx}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h^2 + (x/2)^2 &= x^2 && \text{initially } h^2 + 25 = 100 \\ h^2 + x^2/4 &= x^2 && h = \sqrt{75} = 5\sqrt{3} \\ 2hh' + 2x/4 &= 2x && \\ hh' + x/4 &= x && h = \frac{3 \cdot 10}{4 \cdot 5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3}} \\ h' &= \frac{3x}{4h} \end{aligned}$$

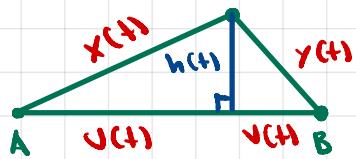
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{dh}{dx} \frac{dx}{dt} x + \frac{1}{2} h \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{dx}{dt} \left[ \frac{dh}{dx} x + h \right]$$

$$\text{with } x = 10, h = 5\sqrt{3}, \frac{dx}{dt} = 0.5, \frac{dh}{dx} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 10 + 5\sqrt{3} \right] = \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{10\sqrt{3} + 10\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) =$$

64



$$\text{At } t = t_0, \quad x(t_0) = 10.4 \quad x'(t_0) = 19.2 \\ y(t_0) = 5 \quad y'(t_0) = -0.6$$

$$x^2 = h^2 + u^2 \Rightarrow h^2 = x^2 - u^2 \Rightarrow x^2 - u^2 = y^2 - v^2 \\ y^2 = h^2 + v^2 \Rightarrow h^2 = y^2 - v^2$$

$$v = 12.6 - u \Rightarrow x^2 - u^2 = y^2 - (12.6 - u)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{At } t_0, (10.4)^2 - \cancel{u^2} = 5^2 - 12.6^2 + 2 \cdot 12.6u - \cancel{u^2} \Rightarrow u = 9.6 \Rightarrow v = 3$$

$$2xx' - 2uv' = 2y'y' - 2(12.6 - u)(-v')$$

$$xx' - \cancel{uv'} = yy' + 12.6u' - \cancel{vv'}$$

$$u' = \frac{xx' - yy'}{12.6}$$

$$\text{At } t_0, u'(t_0) = \frac{10.4 \cdot 19.2 - 5 \cdot (-0.6)}{12.6} \approx 16.0857$$

At this point we know the ship is moving east, towards B horizontally.

$$\text{At } t_0, h^2 = 10.4^2 - 9.6^2$$

$$\text{Also, } hh' = xx' - uv' \Rightarrow h' = \frac{1}{h}(xx' - uv')$$