

Take the Quiz Again

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
KEPT	Attempt 5	9 minutes	10 out of 10
LATEST	Attempt 5	9 minutes	10 out of 10
	Attempt 4	13 minutes	9.5 out of 10
	Attempt 3	7 minutes	9 out of 10
	Attempt 2	12 minutes	9 out of 10
	Attempt 1	9 minutes	7.5 out of 10

⚠ Correct answers are hidden.

Submitted Jul 22 at 10:41pm

Question 1

1 / 1 pts

Examine the following code (which is legal). Which statement below is *legal*?

```
struct Money { int dollars{0}, cents{0}; } m1, m2;
```

- ☒ if (m1.dollars > m2.cents) ...
- ☐ m1 = {3, 4};
- ☐ cout << m1 << endl;
- ☐ if (m1 != m2) . . .

Question 2

1 / 1 pts

The following is legal. Which is the correct way to access a data member in the Rectangle variable named r?

```
struct Rectangle { int length, width; };
```

- ☐ None of these are correct
- ☐ r{length}
- ☐ r[0]
- ☐ r->length
- ☒ r.length
- ☐ Either r.length or r->length will work

Question 3

1 / 1 pts

Examine the following code (which is legal). Which statement is correct?

```
struct Rectangle { int length, width; };
```

- ☐ Rectangle r = new Rectangle();
- ☐ None of these are correct
- ☐ r Rectangle;
- ☒ Rectangle r;
- ☐ Rectangle r();

Question 4

1 / 1 pts

Given the following structure and variable definitions, which data members are *initialized*?

```
struct Employee
{
    long empID;
    std::string lastName;
    double salary;
    int age;
};

Employee bob;
```

- ☐ None of these

☐ age

☐ empID

☐ salary

☒ lastName

Question 51 / 1 pts

Given the following structure and variable definitions, which data members are *default initialized*?

```
struct Employee
{
    long empID;
    std::string lastName;
    double salary;
    int age;
};

Employee bob{777, "Zimmerman"};
```

☐ empID

☐ None of these

☐ lastName

☒ age

☒ salary

Question 61 / 1 pts

Given the following structure and variable definitions, which data members are *default initialized*?

```
struct Employee
{
    long empID;
    std::string lastName;
    double salary;
    int age;
};

Employee bob{777, "Zimmerman", 5000000.0, 76};
```

☒ None of these

☐ age

☐ empID

☐ salary

☐ lastName

Question 71 / 1 pts

Given the following structure and variable definitions which statements *are legal*?

```
struct Money
{
    int dollars{0};
    int cents{1};
};

Money payment;
```

☐ Money{1} = Money{0};

☐ payment{1} = 5;

☒ payment.cents = 5;

☒ cout << payment.dollars;

☐ None of them

☐ cout << Money.dollars;

Question 80.5 / 0.5 pts

A structure definition creates a new variable.

☐ True

☒ False

Question 90.5 / 0.5 pts

The following code is *illegal*.

```
struct {int hours, seconds; } MIDNIGHT{0, 0};
```

☐ True

☒ False

Question 100.5 / 0.5 pts

User-defined types that combine multiple values into a single type are called *structured* types.

☒ True

☐ False

Question 110.5 / 0.5 pts

It is *legal* to include the same struct definition multiple times, as long as the definitions are exactly the same.

☐ True

☒ False

Question 120.5 / 0.5 pts

Structures data members must all be of the same type.

☐ True

☒ False

Question 130.5 / 0.5 pts

The C++ specific term for a collection of variables that have distinct names and types is a *record*.

☐ True

☒ False

