Advancing the Loop

Now it's time to advance the loop, which means adding statements to the loop body that move closer to the bounds on each repetition. Let's see why. If you leave the body empty, what will happen?

- If str begins with a period the loop will not be entered. The program works and reports that there are no characters before the period.
- Otherwise, when the loop in entered, nothing in the body changes the value of letter, so there is no way out of the loop; it repeats over and over, endlessly.
 Endless (infinite) loops are common errors. Your IDE will appear as if it were "hung".
- 3. To avoid endless loops, be sure the statements inside the loop body **change something** tested in the loop bounds. Here, just store the next character, like this:

```
str <- string supplied to the problem
pos <- 0
letter <- str.at(pos)
while letter is not a period
{
    // Step 3: Advance the loop
    pos <- pos + 1
letter <- str.at(pos)
}
```

At this point, the mechanical portion of your loop—the part that makes it "work", so to speak—is finished. You should be able to compile your code (once you've "translated it" into C++, of course), and it should run correctly.





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