A C++ Idiom

Knowing pointer arithmetic helps you understand one of the most common idiomatic constructions in C++, which you'll find on line 4 of the previous example:

```
while (beg != end) { result += *beg++; }
```

Here's how to decode the expression *beg++:

- The * operator and the ++ operator compete for the operand beg. Because unary operators in C++ are right-associative, the ++ takes precedence over the *. The compiler interprets this as: *(beg++).
- The postfix ++ operator increments the value of beg so that it points to the next element, but returns the address that beg was pointing to prior to the increment operation. Since beg is a pointer, the increment operation uses pointer arithmetic; adding 1 to the address inside of beg creates a pointer to the next element in the array.
- If beg originally pointed to a[0], the increment causes it to point to a[1]. The
 address that is used for dereferencing *, is the address value it contained before
 the
 increment.

Thus, the expression *beg++ has the following meaning in English:

Dereference the pointer **beg** and return as an **lvalue** the object to which it currently points. As a side effect, increment the value of **beg** so that, if the original **lvalue** was an element in an array, the new value of **beg** points to the next element in that array.



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