

# A Recursion Checklist I



Now that you've seen several examples of recursion, let's apply recursion to a few problems, similar to those on a programming exam. To help you, here is a **checklist** that will help you identify the most common sources of errors.

## ☐ Check the Simple (Base) Cases

Does your recursive implementation begin by checking for simple base-cases? First check to see if the problem is so simple that no recursion is necessary. Recursive functions always start with the keyword **if**; if yours doesn't, look carefully.

## ☐ Have You Solved the Base Cases Correctly?

A surprising number of bugs in arise from **incorrect solutions to the simple base-cases**. If the simple cases are wrong, the rest of the function will inherit the same mistake. If you had defined **factorial(0)** as returning **0** instead of **1**, **any** argument would end up returning **0**.

## ☐ Does Decomposition Make it Simpler?

Does your recursive decomposition **make the problem simpler**? Problems must get simpler as you go along; the problem **must get smaller** as it proceeds. If the problem does not get simpler, you have the recursive analogue of the infinite loop, which is called **nonterminating or infinite recursion**.



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