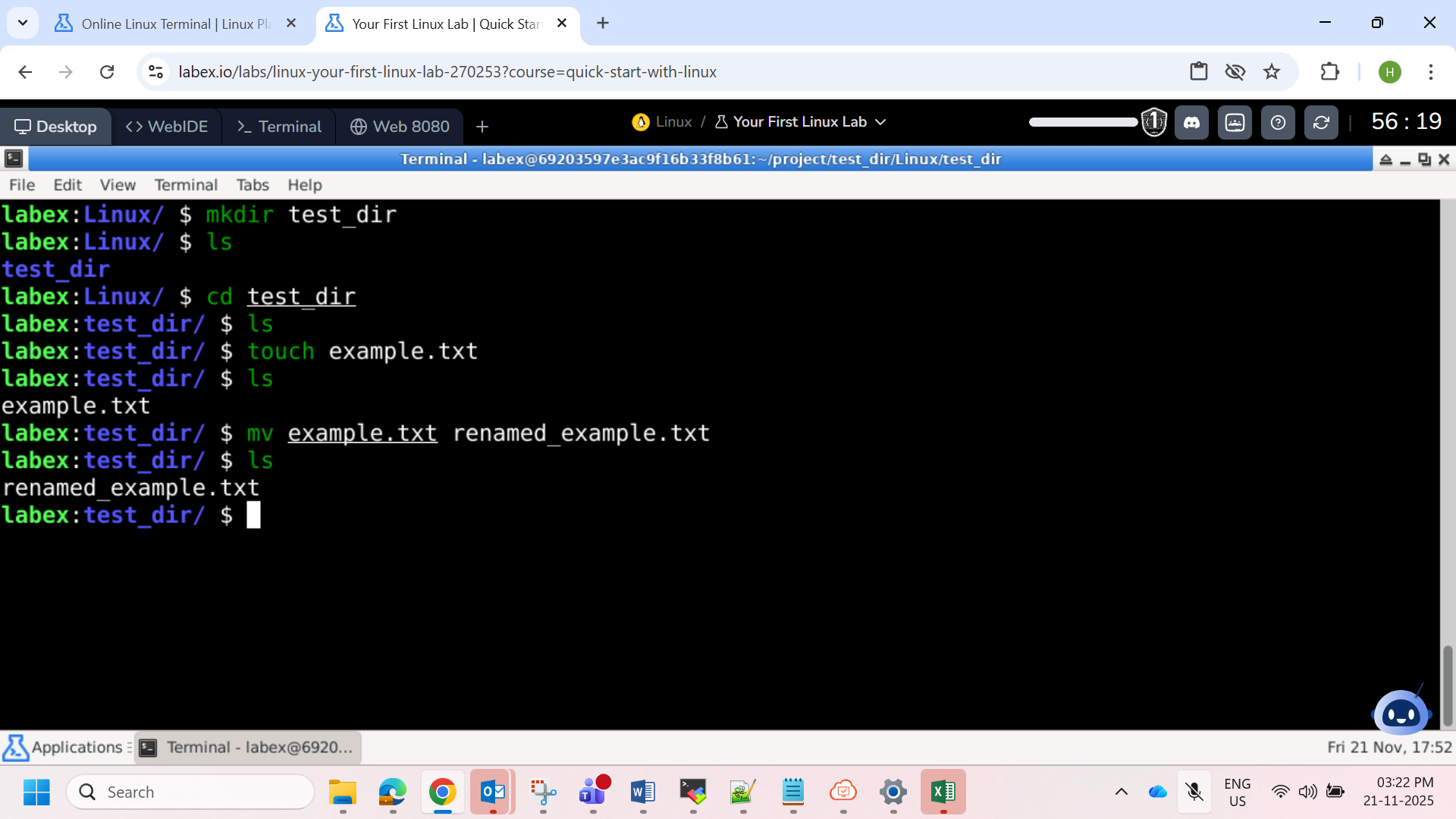
1. Creating and Renaming Files/Directories

Create a directory named test\_dir using mkdir.

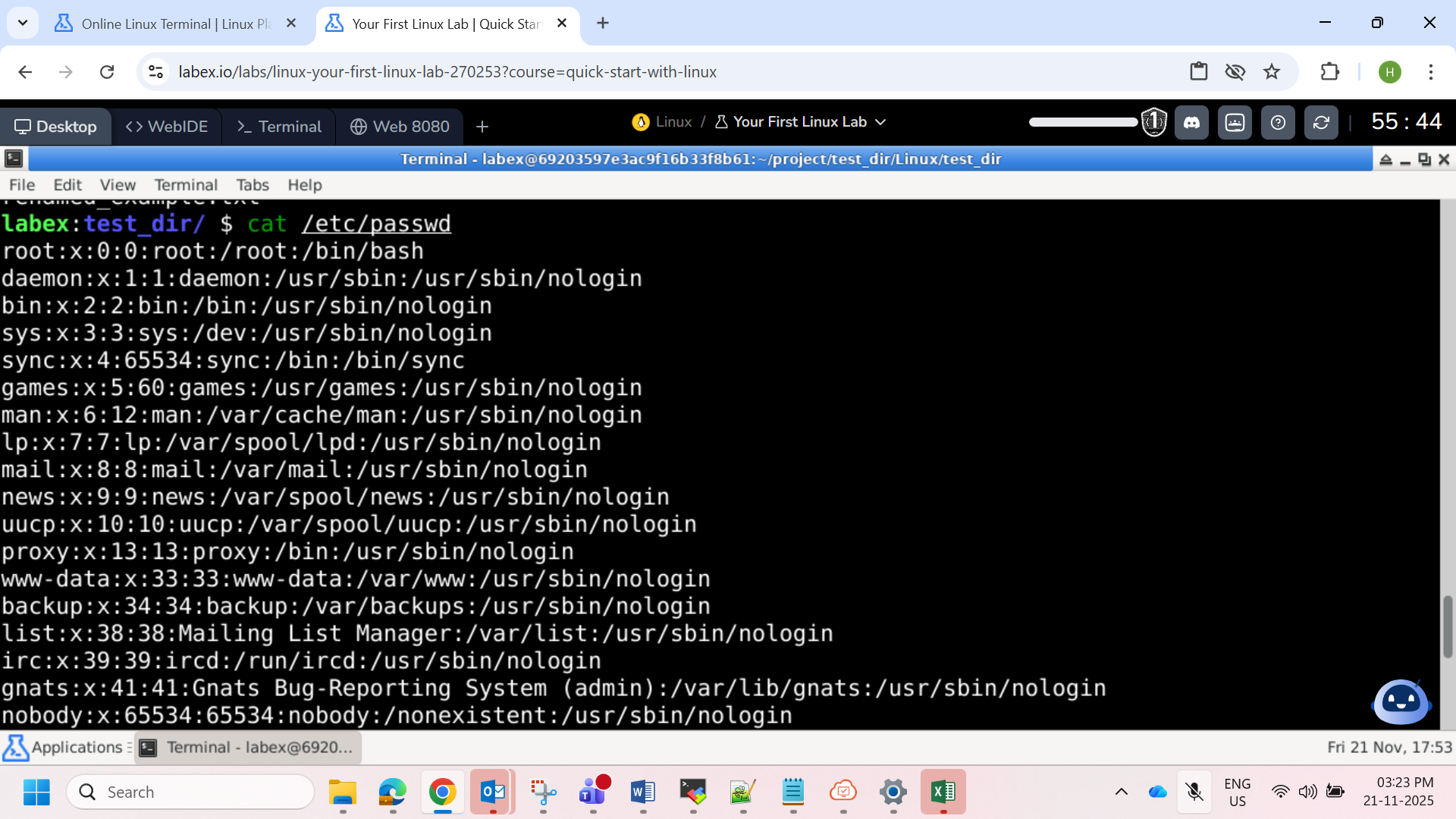
Inside test\_dir, create an empty file called example.txt.

Rename example.txt to renamed\_example.txt using mv

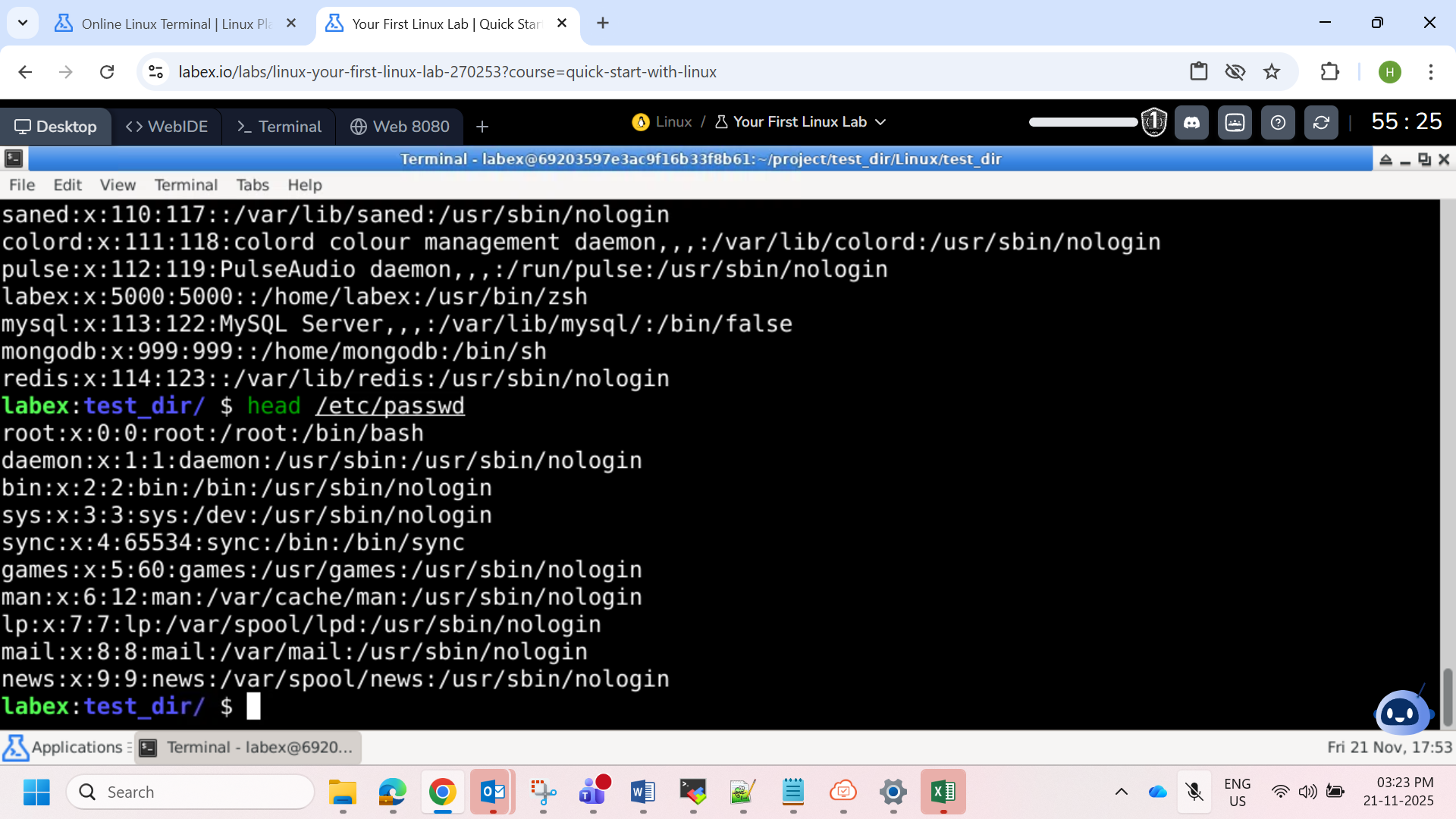


2. Viewing File Contents

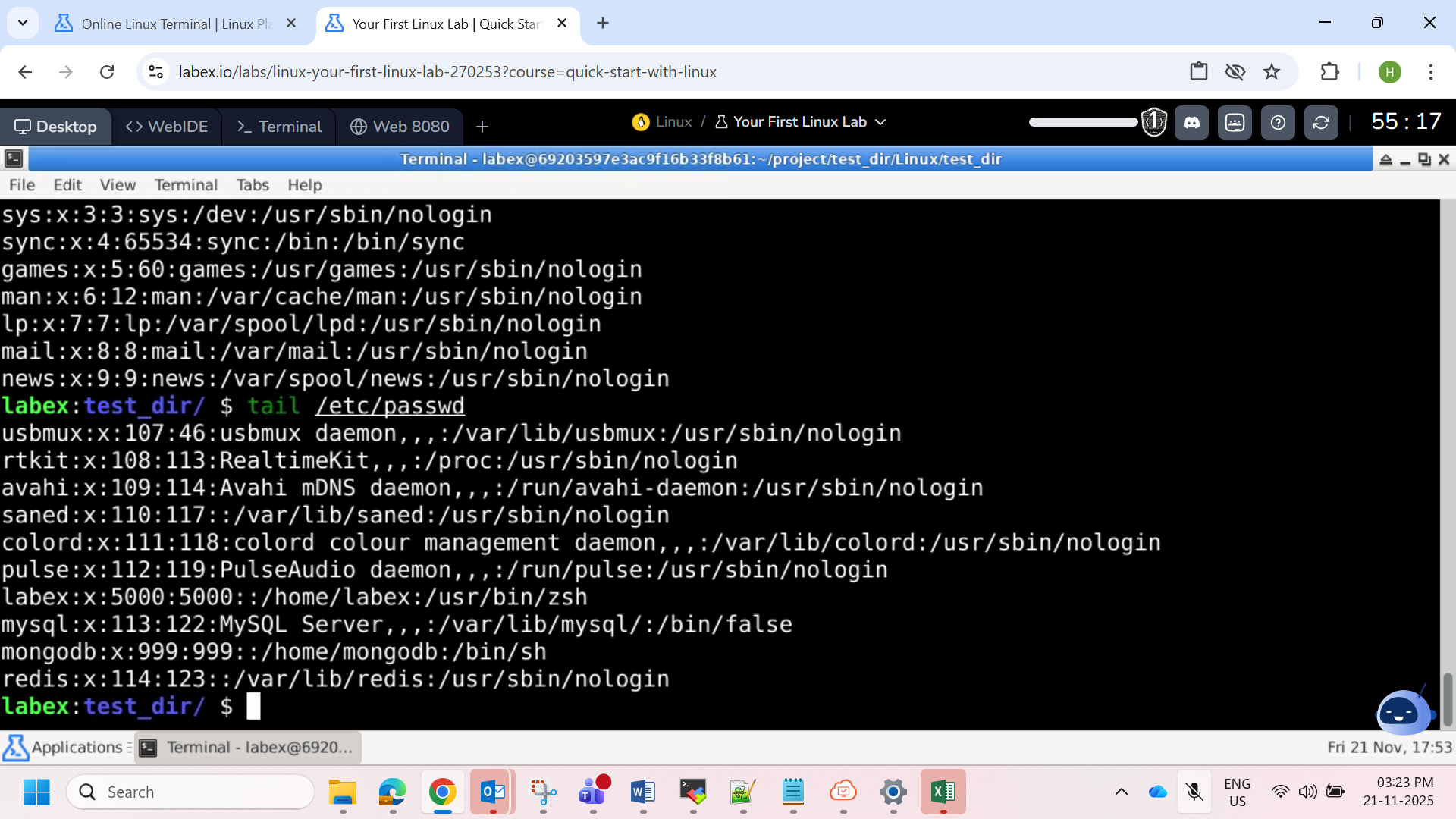
Use cat to display the contents of /etc/passwd.



Display only the first 5 lines of /etc/passwd using head.

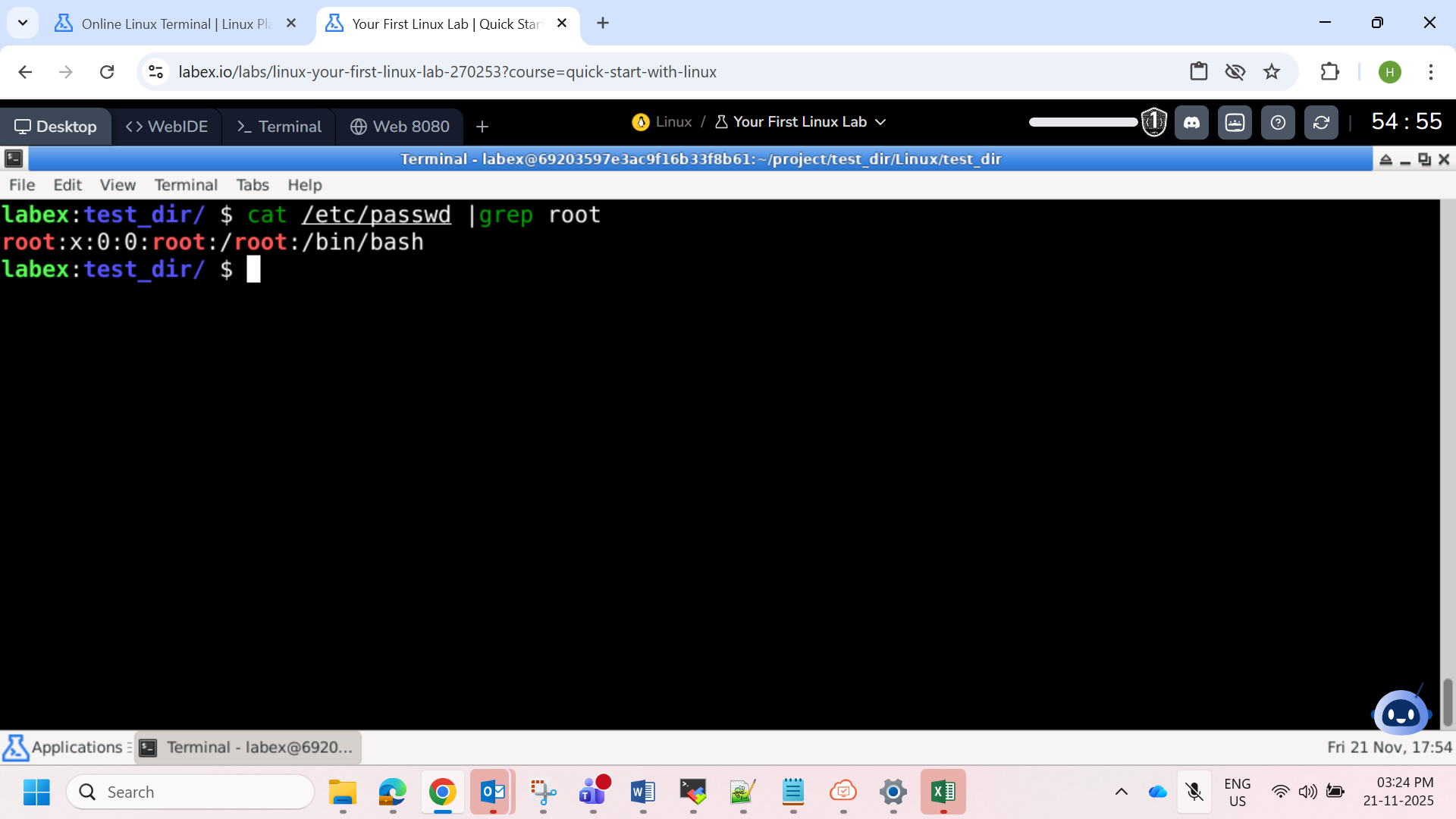


Display only the last 5 lines of /etc/passwd using tail.



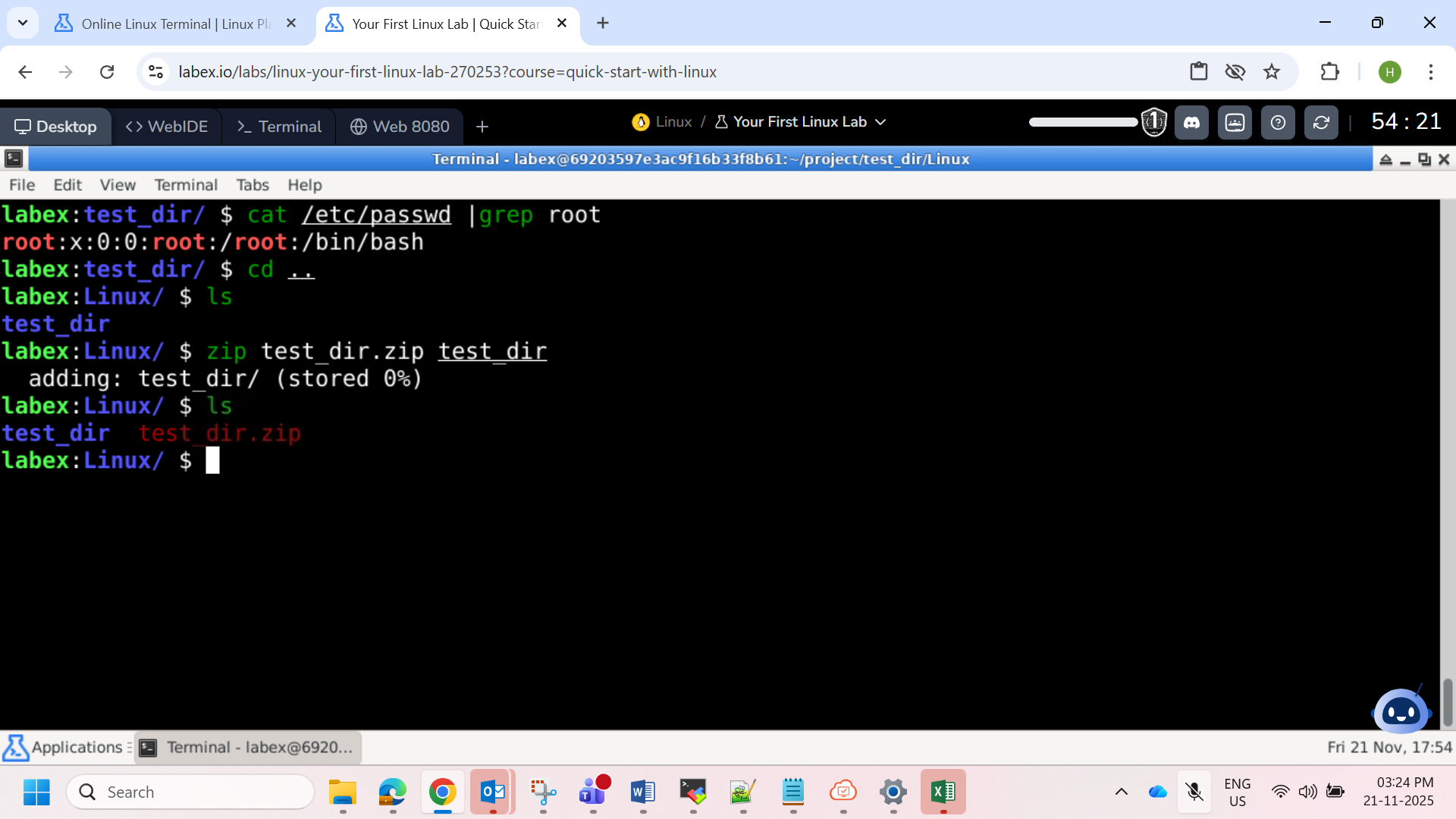
3.Searching for Patterns

Use grep to find all lines containing the word "root" in /etc/passwd.

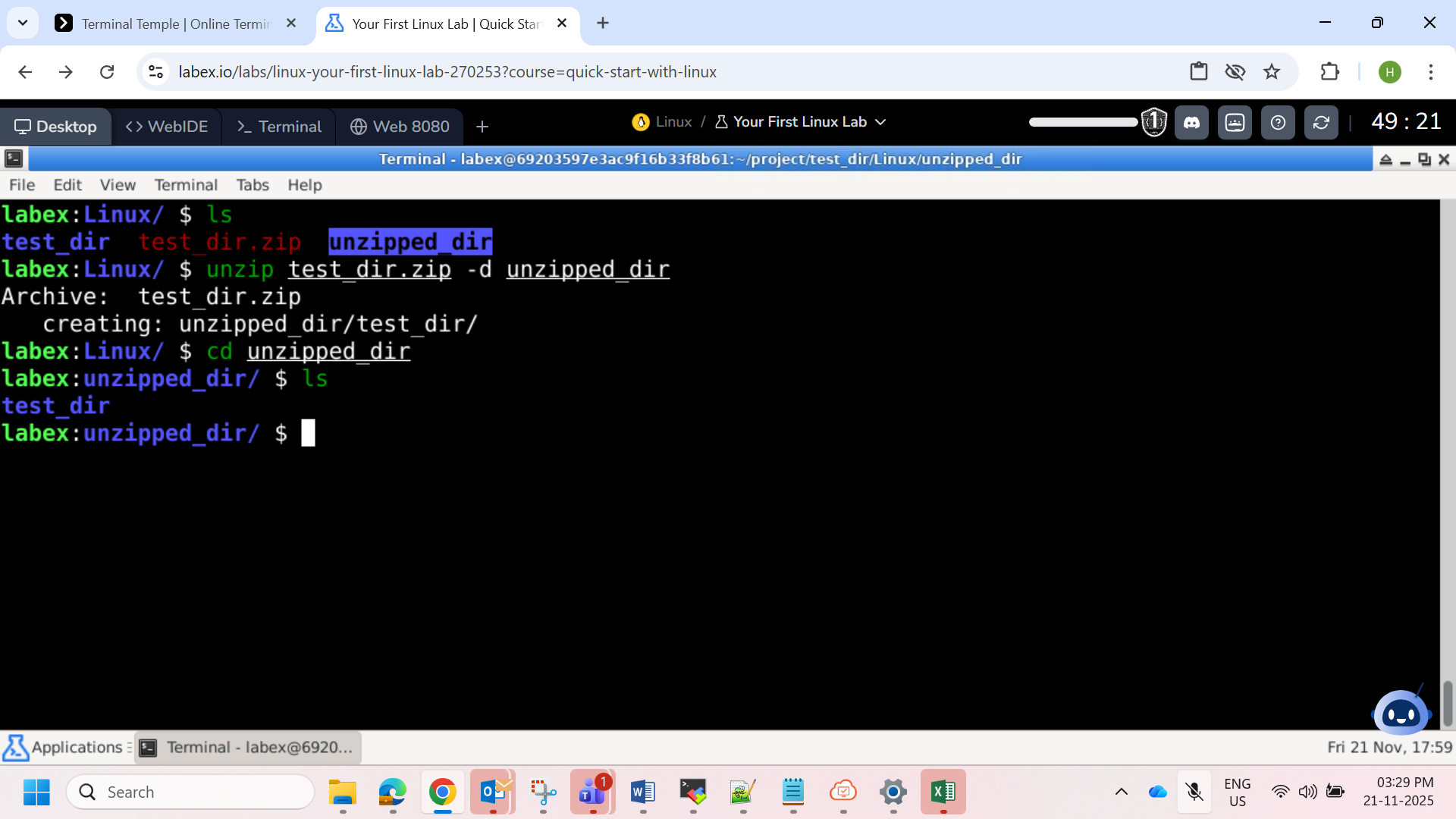


4. Zipping and Unzipping

Compress the test\_dir directory into a file named test\_dir.zip using zip.



Unzip test\_dir.zip into a new directory named unzipped\_dir.



5. Downloading Files

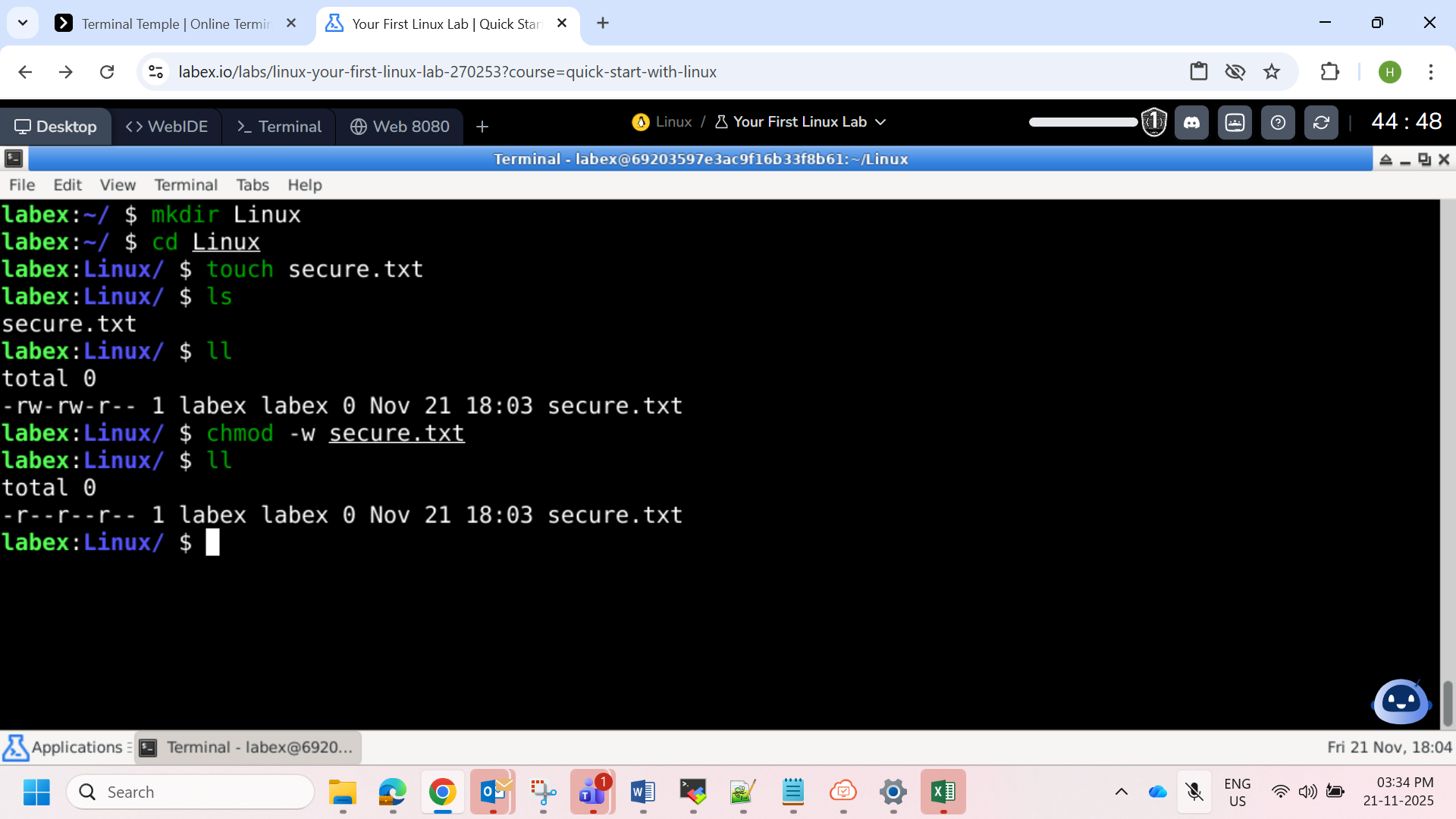
Use wget to download a file from a URL (e.g., <https://example.com/sample.txt>).



That Ip is not accessible from my vm but I know the command as like above

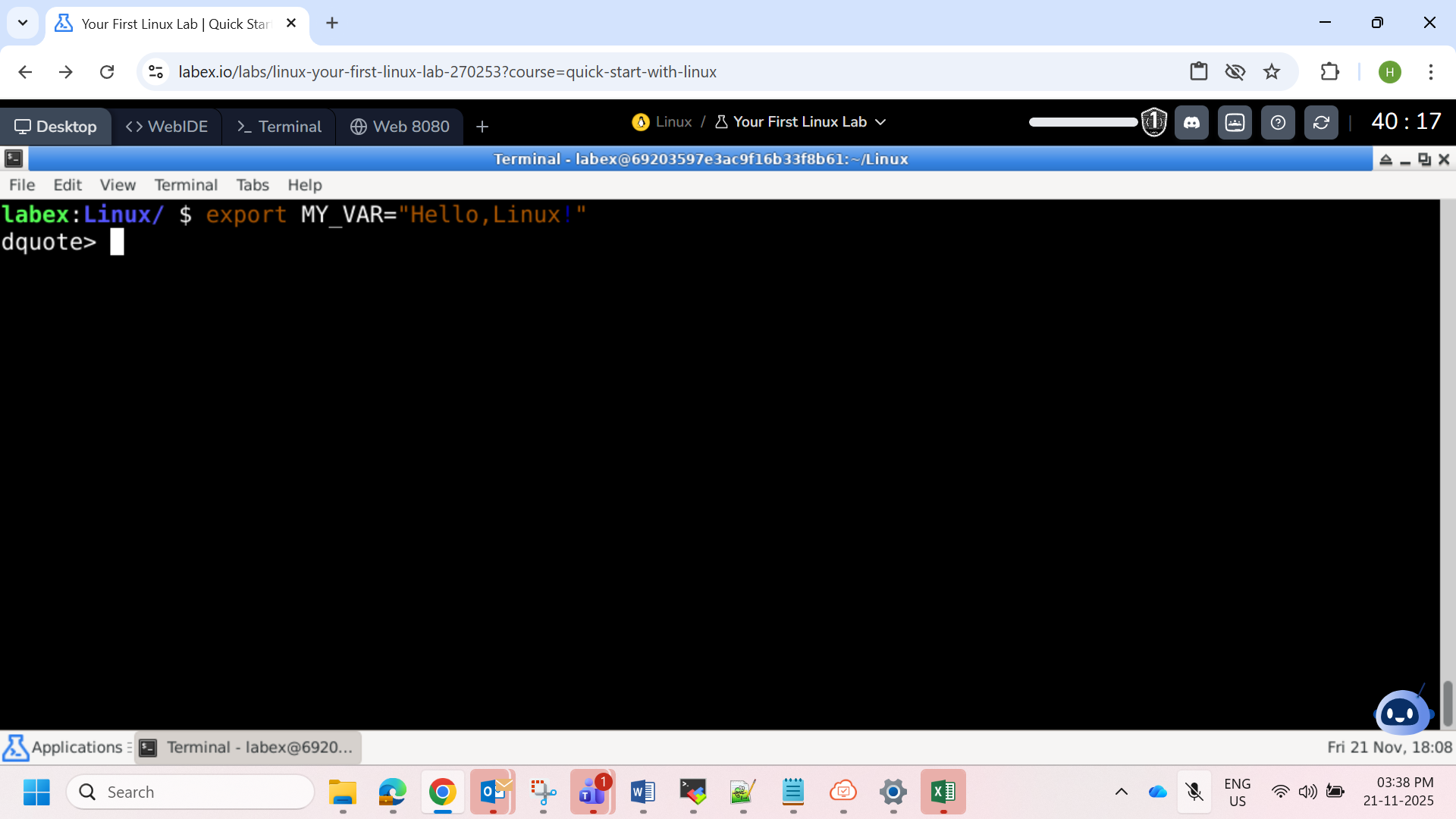
6. Changing Permissions

Create a file named secure.txt and change its permissions to read-only for everyone using chmod.



7. Working with Environment Variables

Use export to set a new environment variable called MY\_VAR with the value "Hello, Linux!".



**Submission Guidelines -:** Attach Screenshots or command along with explanation and submit in doc(google doc or microsoft doc) format also attach github repo link