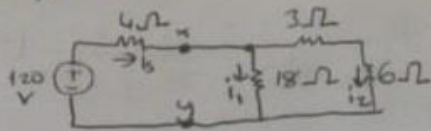


3.1) (PSPICE)



$$R_{eq} = 4 + \frac{(3+6) \cdot 18}{(3+6) + 18} = 10 \Omega$$

$$i_3 = \frac{120}{10} = 12 \quad i_1 = 4A$$

$$i_2 = 8A$$

a) $12A - 8A - 4A = 0$

$8A + 4A - 12A = 0$

b) Left loop

$$-120V + 12 \cdot 4V + 4 \cdot 18V = 0$$

Right loop

$$-18 \cdot 4V + 3 \cdot 8V + 6 \cdot 8V = 0$$

Outer loop

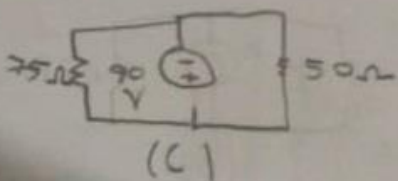
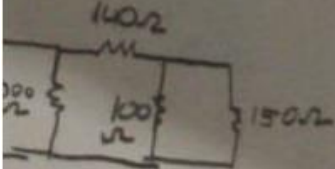
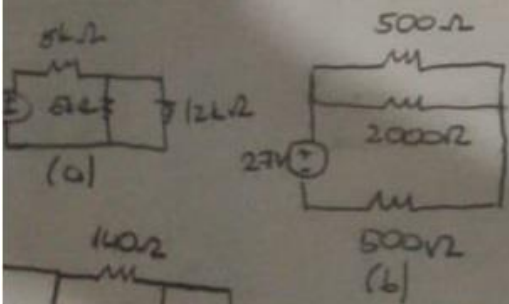
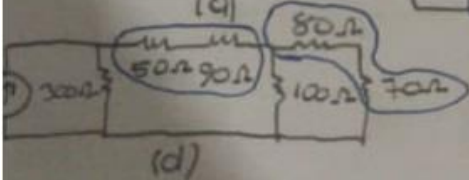
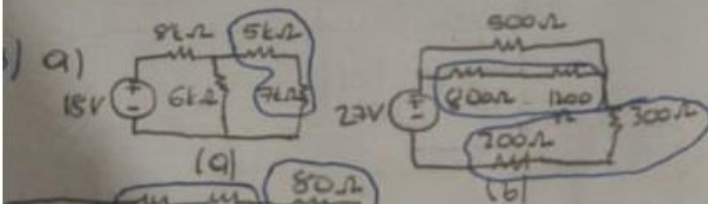
$$-120V + 12 \cdot 4V + 3 \cdot 8V + 6 \cdot 8V = 0$$

3.2) (PSMF)

a) $P_{4\Omega} = 12^2 \cdot 4 = 576W$ | $P_{3\Omega} = 8^2 \cdot 3 = 192W$ | $P_{18\Omega} = 4^2 \cdot 18 = 288W$ | $P_{6\Omega} = 8^2 \cdot 6 = 384W$

b) $P_{120V} = 120 \cdot 12 = 1440W$

c) $P_{120V} = P_{4\Omega} + P_{3\Omega} + P_{18\Omega} + P_{6\Omega} = 1440W$

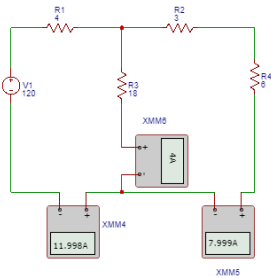
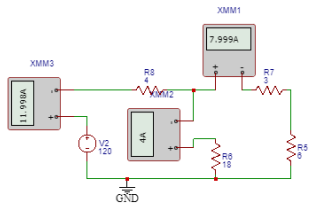


3.5) a) $\left(\frac{12 \cdot 6}{12+6} \right) + 8 = 12k\Omega$ (a)

$\left(\frac{500 \cdot 1000}{500+1000} \right) + 500 = 900\Omega$ (b)

(d) $\left(\left(\frac{150 \cdot 100}{150+100} \right) + 140 \right) \cdot 300$
 $\left(\frac{150 \cdot 100}{150+100} \right) + 140 + 300 = 280\Omega$ (d)

$\frac{75 \cdot 50}{75+50} = 30\Omega$ (c)

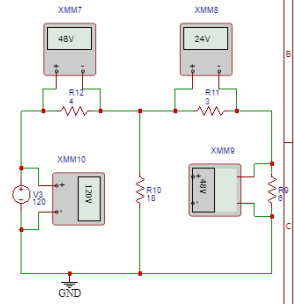
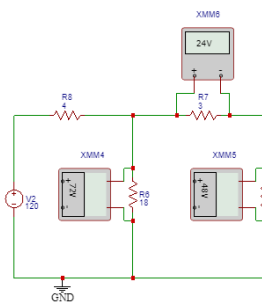
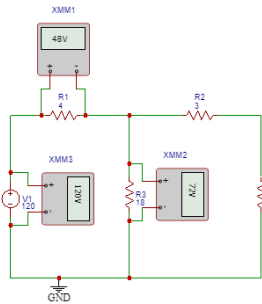


3.1-A

.tran 10m

LEFT LOOP:

RIGHT LOOP: OUTER LOOP:



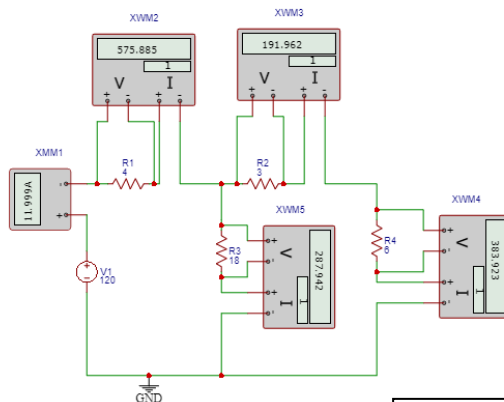
.tran 10m

3.1-B

TITLE: Sheet_1	REV: 1.0
Company: Your Company	Sheet: 1/1
Date: 2020-11-04	Drawn By: gokbeykeskin_4066

$$12 \times 120 = 1440W$$

$$576 + 192 + 288 + 384 = 1440W$$



.tran 110m

3.2

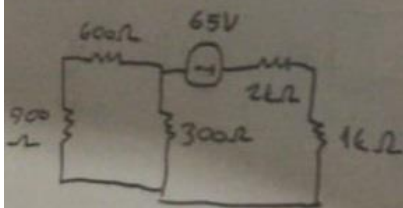
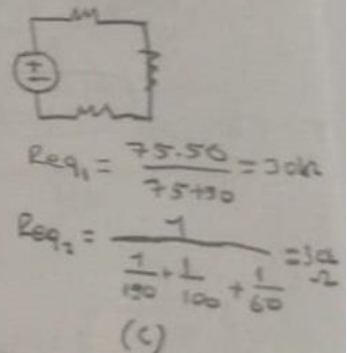
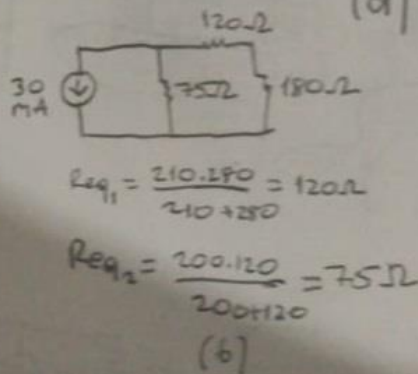
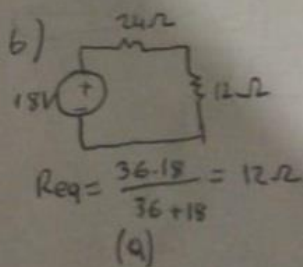
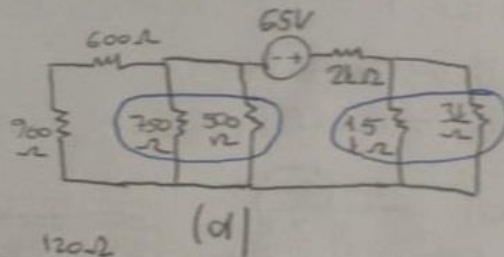
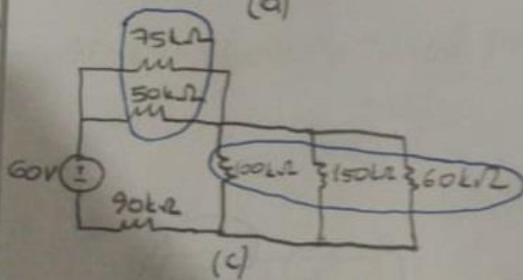
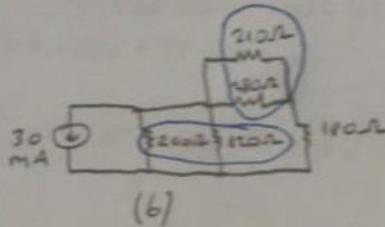
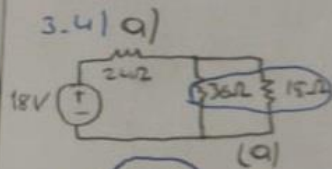
TITLE: Sheet_1	REV: 1.0
Company: Your Company	Sheet: 1/1

3.5) b) $R = 1.12000 \Omega$ $P = 18 \cdot (0.005)^2 = 27 \text{ mW}$ (a)
 $i = 15 \text{ mA}$

$27 = i \cdot 900 \Omega$ $P_b = 27 \cdot (0.005)^2 = 810 \text{ mW}$ (b)
 $i = 30 \text{ mA}$

$90 = i \cdot 30 \Omega$ $P_c = 90 \cdot 0.3 = 270 \text{ W}$ (c)
 $i = 3 \text{ A}$

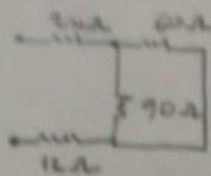
$(0.03)^2 \cdot 120 = 108 \text{ mW}$ (d)



$R_{eq1} = \frac{750 \cdot 500}{750 + 500} = 300 \Omega$

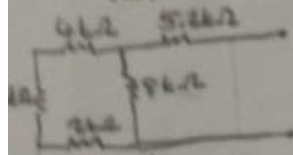
$R_{eq2} = \frac{1.5 \cdot 3}{1.5 + 3} = 1k \Omega$

3.8) (PSPICE)



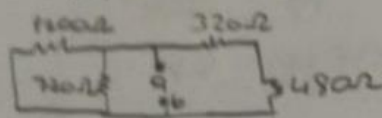
(a)

$$R_{eq} = \frac{6 \cdot 12}{6 + 12} = 4 \Omega$$



(b)

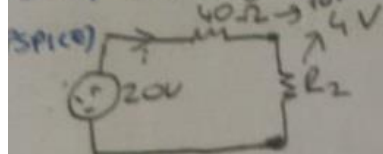
$$\left(\frac{(6 + 4 + 2) \cdot 8}{(6 + 4 + 2) + 8} \right) + 5.2 = 10 \Omega$$



(c)

$$\frac{(320 + 480) \cdot \frac{120 \cdot 720}{120 + 720}}{(320 + 480) + \frac{120 \cdot 720}{120 + 720}} = 288 \Omega$$

3.13) Initially:

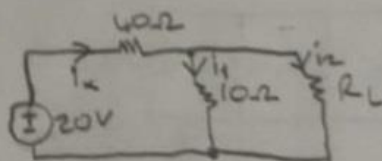


$$-20 + 40i + 4 = 0$$

$$i = \frac{16}{40} = 0.4 \text{ A}$$

$$V_0 = i \cdot R_2 =$$

$$4 = 0.4 \cdot R_2 \Rightarrow R_2 = 10 \Omega$$



$$V_{10\Omega} = V_{RL} = 3 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{10\Omega} = 10 \cdot i_1 \Rightarrow i_1 = 0.3 \text{ A}$$

For left loop:

$$-20 + 40 \cdot i_x + 10 \cdot 0.3 = 0$$

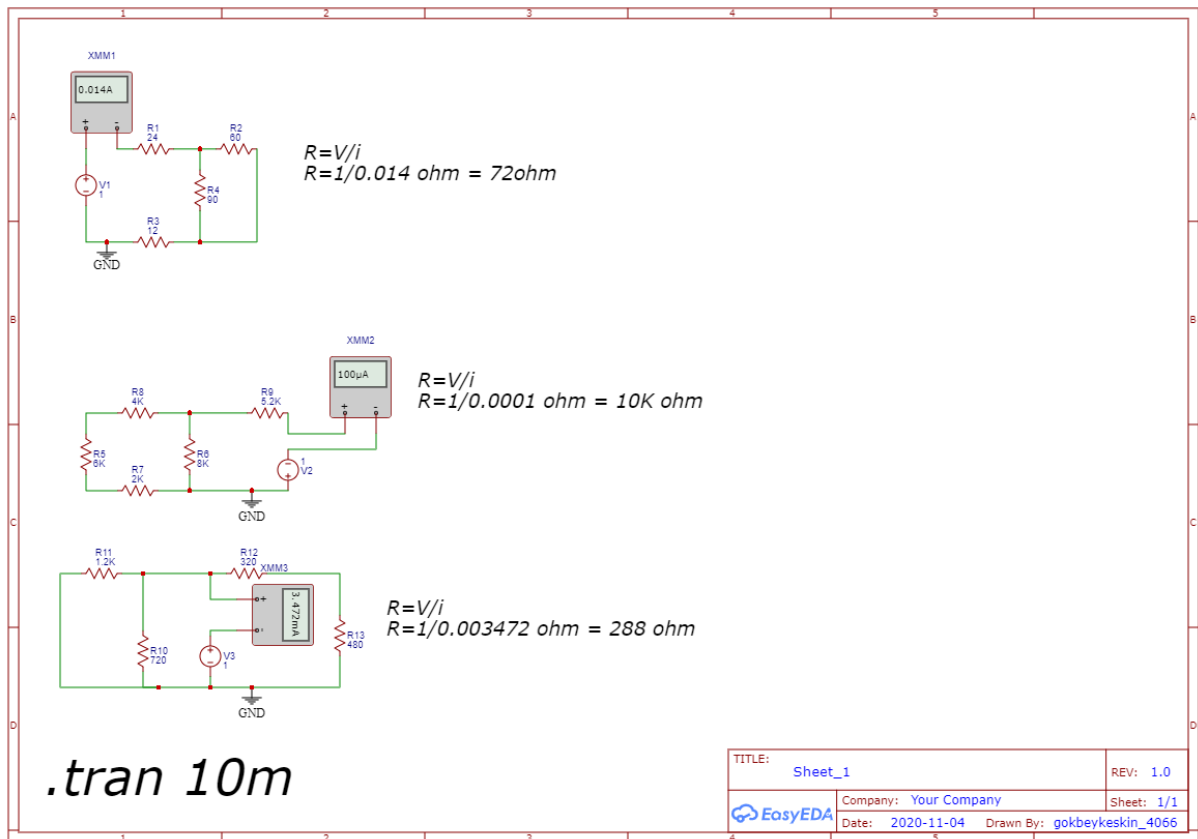
$$i_x = \frac{17}{40} \text{ A} = 0.425 \text{ A}$$

$$i_x = i_1 + i_2$$

$$0.425 = 0.3 + i_2 \Rightarrow i_2 = 0.125$$

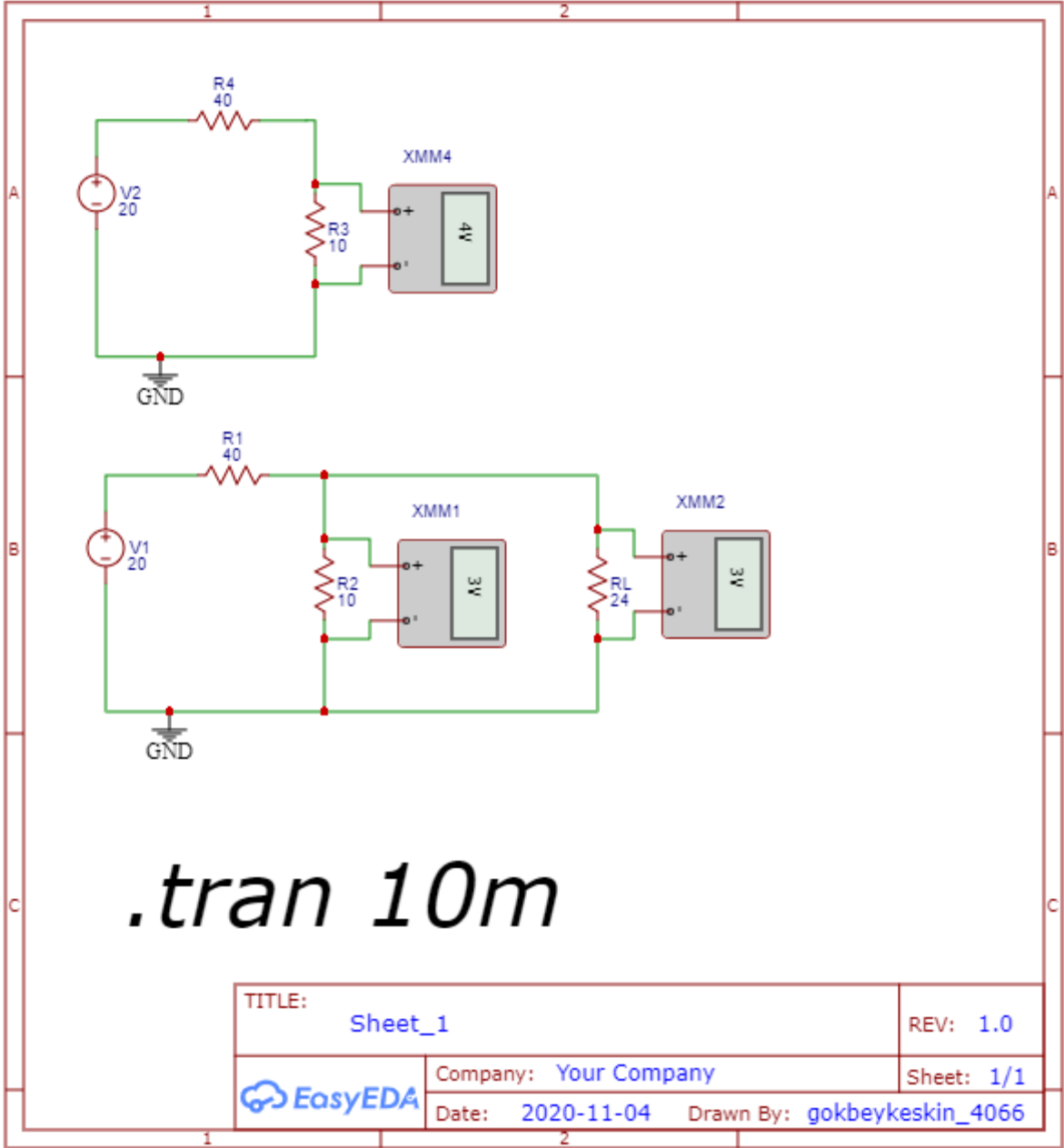
$$V_{RL} = R_L \cdot i_2$$

$$3 = R_L \cdot 0.125 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{R_L = 24 \Omega}}$$

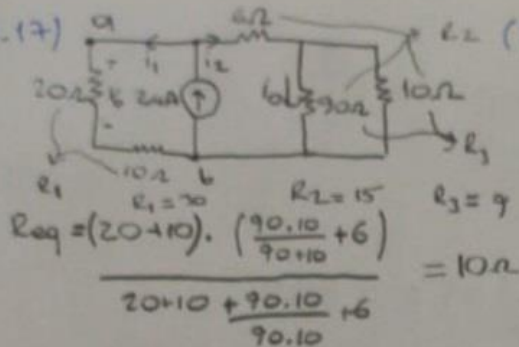


3.8

3.13



3.17)



$$V = i \cdot R$$

$$P = V \cdot i = i^2 R$$

$$i_1 = \frac{20 \cdot 10}{30} = 0,8A \quad i_2 = \frac{20 \cdot 10}{15} = 1,6A$$

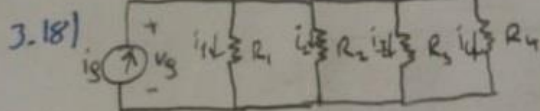
$$a) \quad i_0 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 9}{90} = 0,16A$$

$$V_0 = 0,8 \cdot 20 = 16V$$

$$b) \quad (1,6)^2 \cdot 6 = 15,36W$$

$$c) \quad V_{2,4A} = V_{9\Omega} = 0,8 \cdot 30 = 24V$$

$$P_{2,4A} = 24 \cdot 2,4 = 57,6W$$



$$i_5 = 50mA \quad V_5 = 25V \quad i_1 = 0,6i_2 \quad i_3 = 2i_4$$

$$i_4 = 4i_1$$

$$i_1 + i_2 + i_3 + i_4 = 50mA$$

$$0,6i_2 + i_2 + 2i_2 + 2,4i_2 = 50mA \Rightarrow i_2 = 8,33mA$$

$$i_1 = 5mA \quad i_3 = 16,67mA \quad i_4 = 20mA$$

$$V = i \cdot R$$

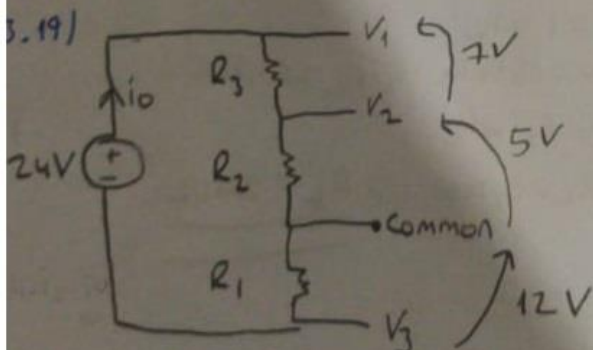
$$25 = 0,005 \cdot R_1 \Rightarrow R_1 = 5k\Omega$$

$$25 = 0,00833 \cdot R_2 \Rightarrow R_2 = 3k\Omega$$

$$25 = 0,01667 \cdot R_3 \Rightarrow R_3 = 1,49k\Omega$$

$$25 = 0,020 \cdot R_4 \Rightarrow R_4 = 1,25k\Omega$$

3.19)



$$V = i \cdot R$$

$$7 = 3,33 \cdot R_3 \Rightarrow R_3 = 2,1\Omega$$

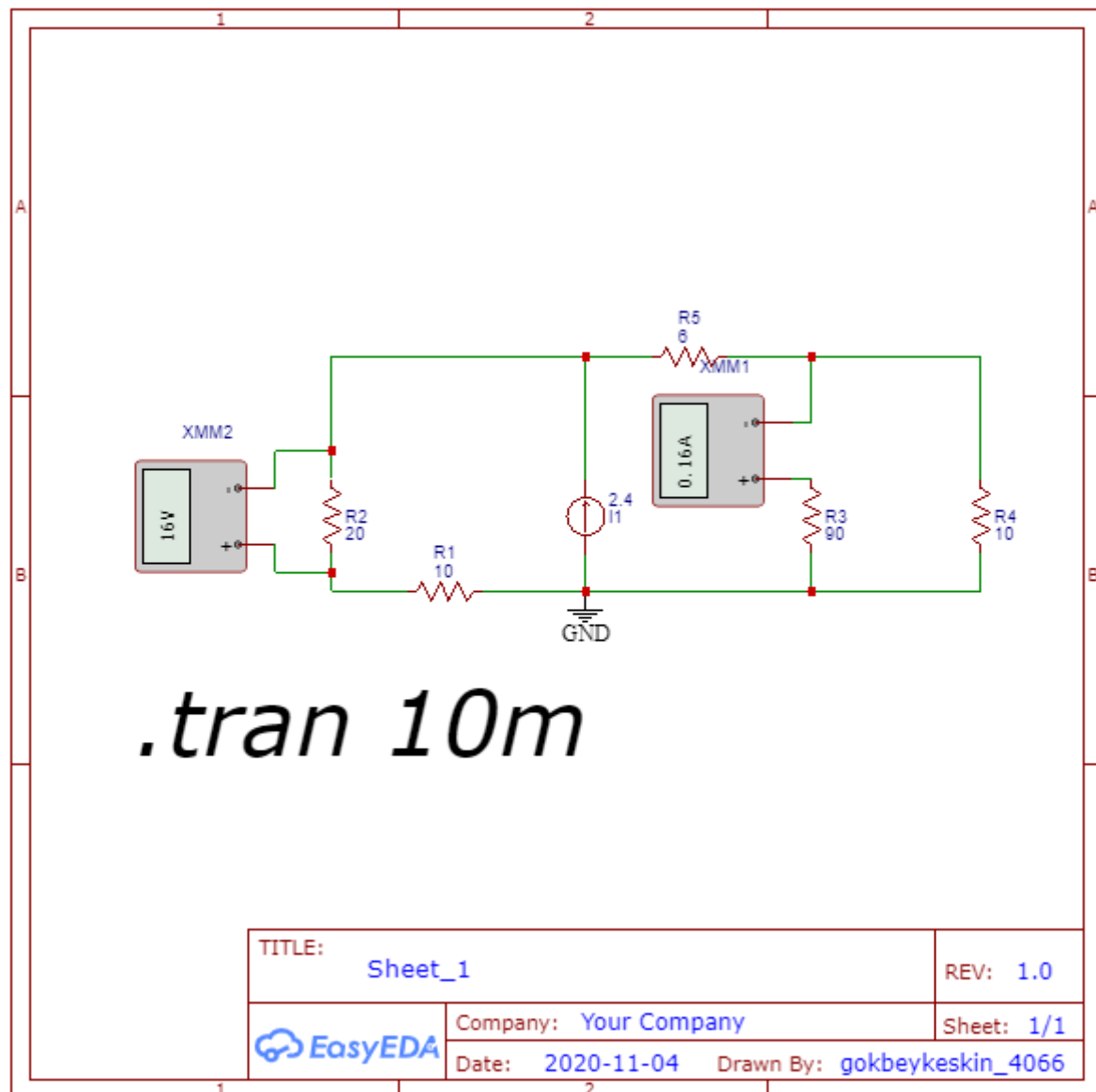
$$5 = 3,33 \cdot R_2 \Rightarrow R_2 = 1,5\Omega$$

$$12 = 3,33 \cdot R_1 \Rightarrow R_1 = 3,6\Omega$$

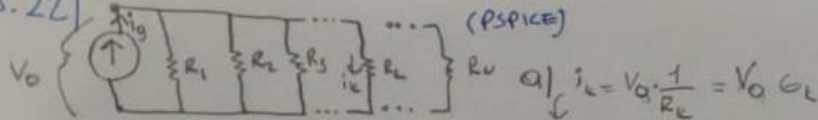
$$24 \cdot i_0 = 80W$$

$$i_0 = 3,33A$$

3.17

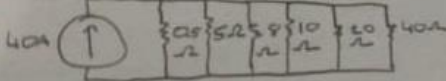


3.22)



$$i_k = V_0 \cdot \frac{1}{R_k} = V_0 G_k$$

b)



$$i_{5\Omega} = \frac{40 \cdot \frac{1}{5}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{40}} = 32A$$

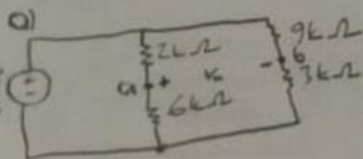
$$i_g = i_1 + i_2 + i_3 + \dots + i_N$$

$$i_g = V_0 G_1 + V_0 G_2 + \dots + V_0 G_N = V_0 (G_1 + G_2 + \dots + G_N)$$

$$\Rightarrow V_0 = \frac{i_g}{(G_1 + G_2 + \dots + G_N)} \Rightarrow V_0 \cdot G_k = \frac{i_g \cdot G_k}{(G_1 + G_2 + \dots + G_N)}$$

$$i_k = \frac{i_g \cdot G_k}{(G_1 + G_2 + \dots + G_N)}$$

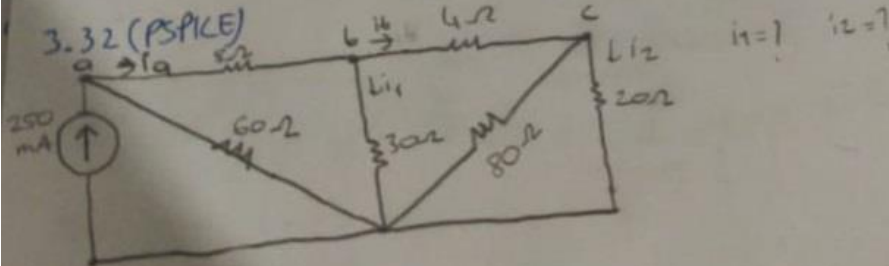
3.28) (PSPICE)



$$V_k = V_{ab} = \frac{a}{(6+2)} - \frac{b}{(9+3)} = 9V$$

$$b) V_x = \frac{V_s \cdot 6}{8} - \frac{V_s \cdot 3}{12} = \frac{V_s}{2}$$

3.32) (PSPICE)



d)

$$R_{cd} = \frac{20 \cdot 80}{20 + 80} = 16\Omega$$

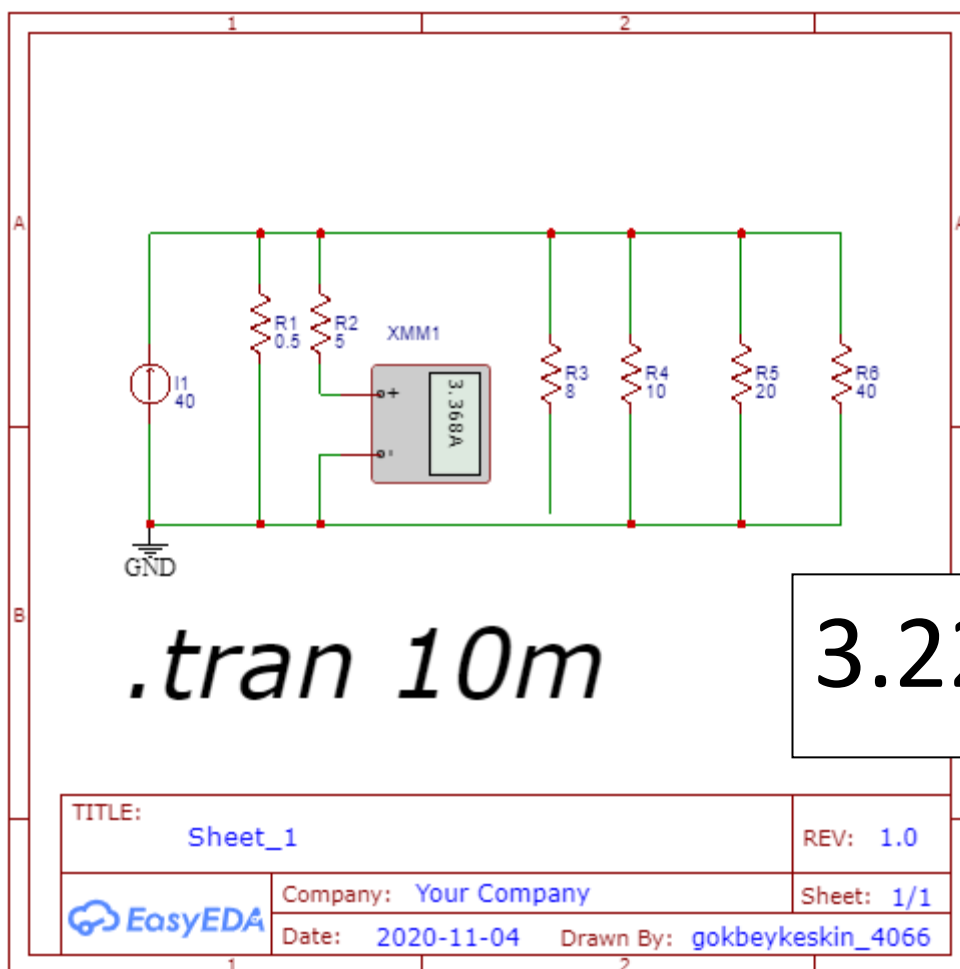
$$R_{bd} = \frac{(16+4) \cdot 30}{(16+4) + 30} = 12\Omega$$

$$i_a = \frac{250 \cdot 60}{12 + 8 + 60} = 187.5mA$$

$$i_1 = \frac{187.5 \cdot 20}{30 + 20} = 75mA$$

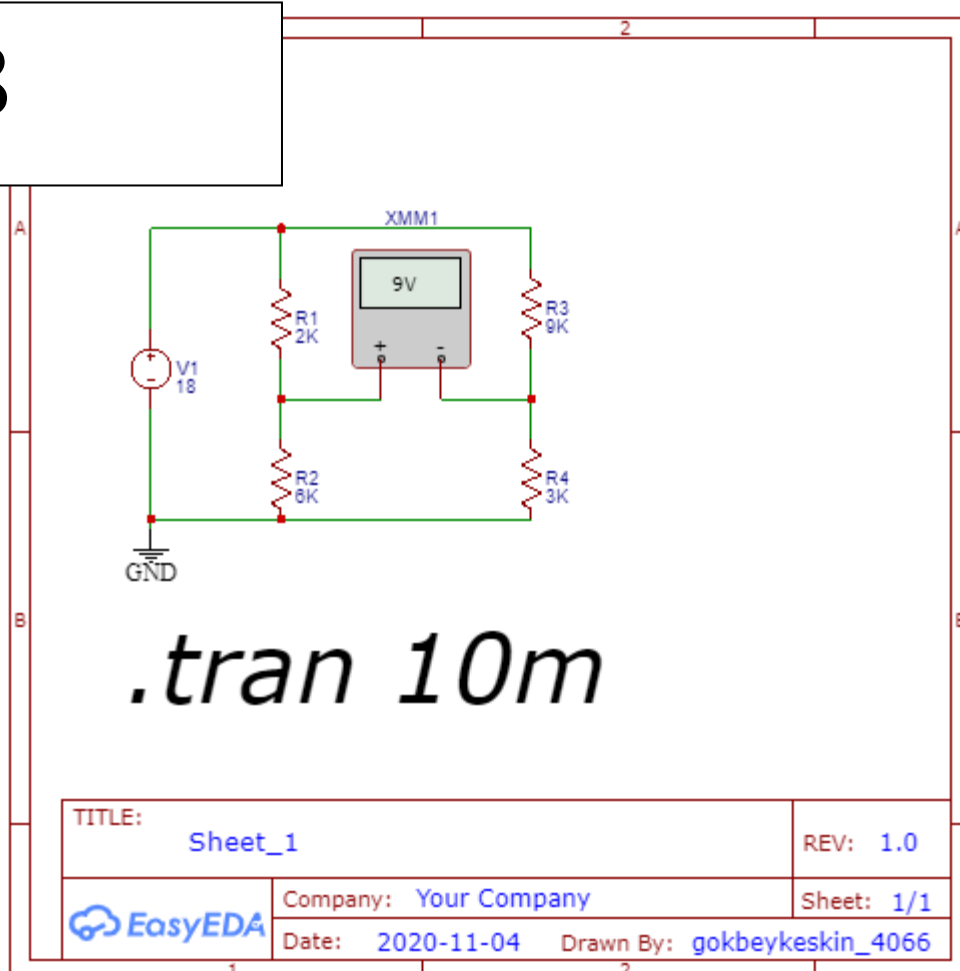
$$i_2 = \frac{187.5 \cdot 80}{80 + 20} = 90mA$$

$$i_L = 187.5mA - 75mA = 112.5mA$$

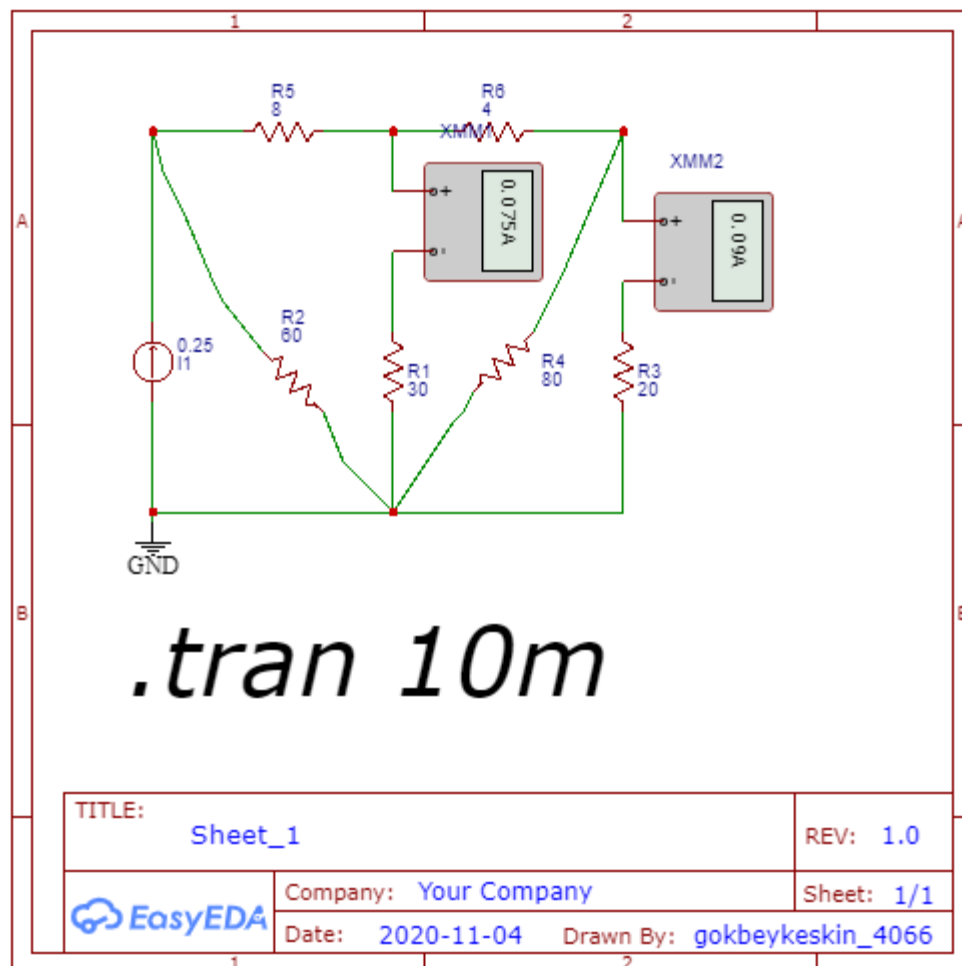


3.22

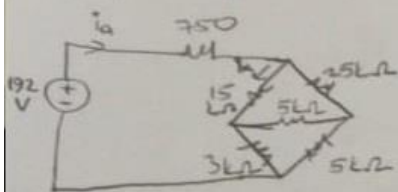
3.28



3.32



3.52) (PSPICE)



$$P_{3k\Omega} = ?$$

Circuit is balanced because

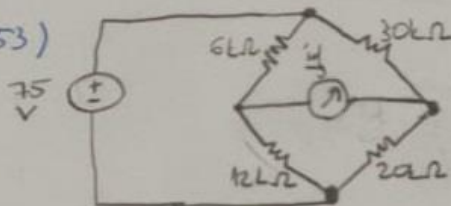
$$15 \cdot 5 = 25 \cdot 3 = 75 \quad \text{so, there is no current in } 5k\Omega \text{ resistor.}$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{(15+3) \cdot (25+5)}{(15+3) + (25+5)} + 0,75 = 12k\Omega$$

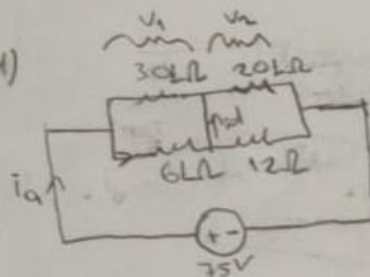
$$i_a = \frac{192V}{12k\Omega} = 16mA \quad i_x = \frac{16 \cdot 30}{48} = 10mA$$

$$P_{3k\Omega} = 10^2 \cdot 3 = 300mA$$

3.53)



(unbalanced)
 $i_d = ?$



$$R_{eq} = \frac{30 \cdot 6}{30+6} + \frac{20 \cdot 2}{20+2} = 12,5k\Omega$$

$$i_a = \frac{75V}{12,5k\Omega} = 6mA$$

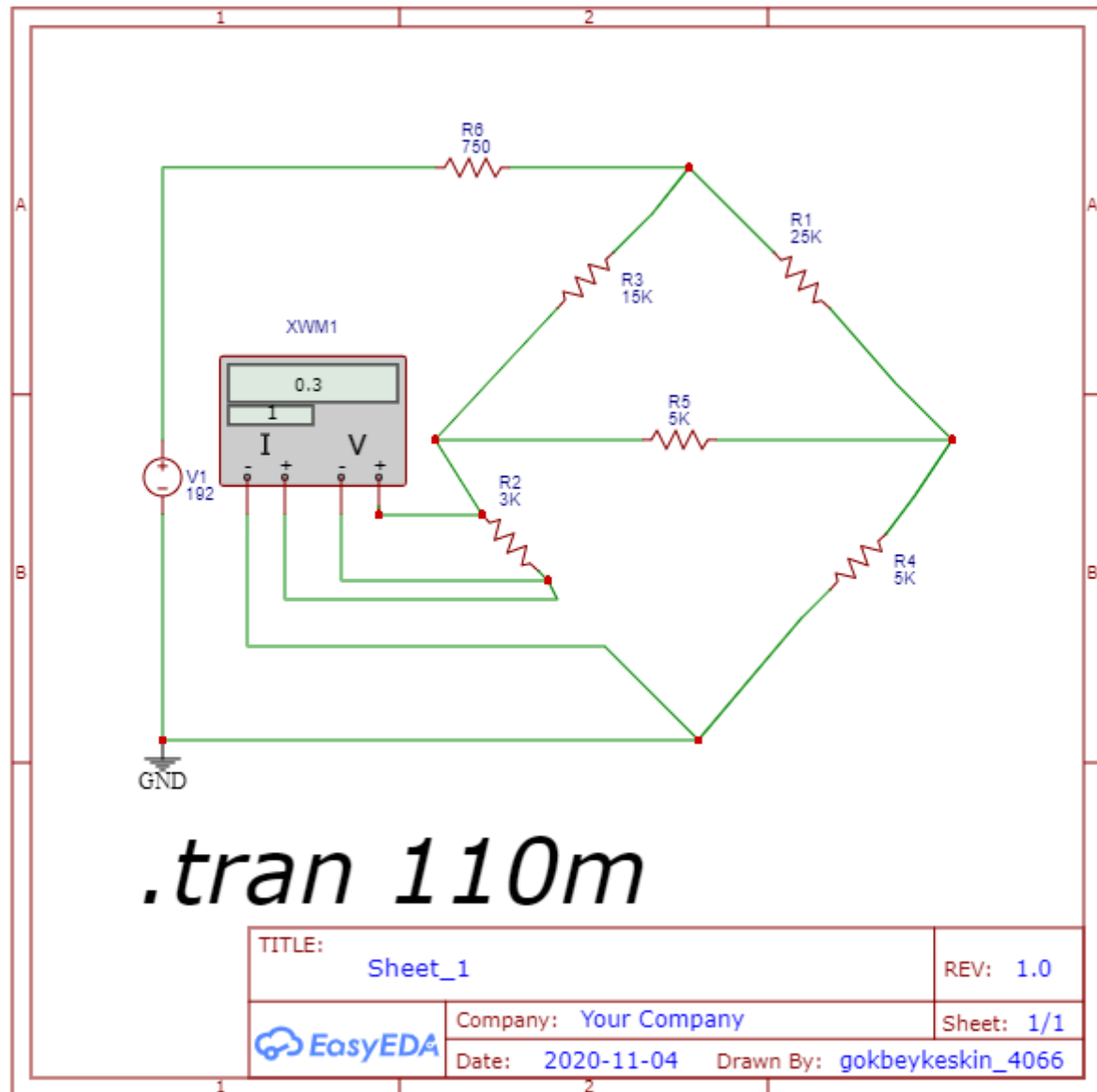
$$V_1 = 6mA \cdot 5k\Omega = 30V$$

$$V_2 = 6mA \cdot 7,5k\Omega = 45V$$

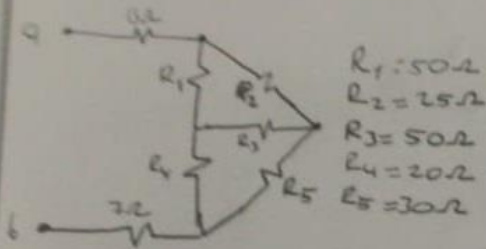
$$i_d = i_{6k\Omega} - i_{12k\Omega}$$

$$i_d = \frac{30V}{6k\Omega} - \frac{45V}{12k\Omega} = 1,25mA$$

3.52

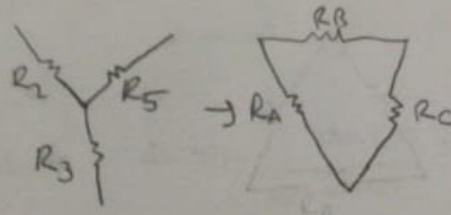


3.58/ (PSICE)



$$\begin{aligned} R_1 &= 50\Omega \\ R_2 &= 25\Omega \\ R_3 &= 50\Omega \\ R_4 &= 20\Omega \\ R_5 &= 30\Omega \end{aligned}$$

a)

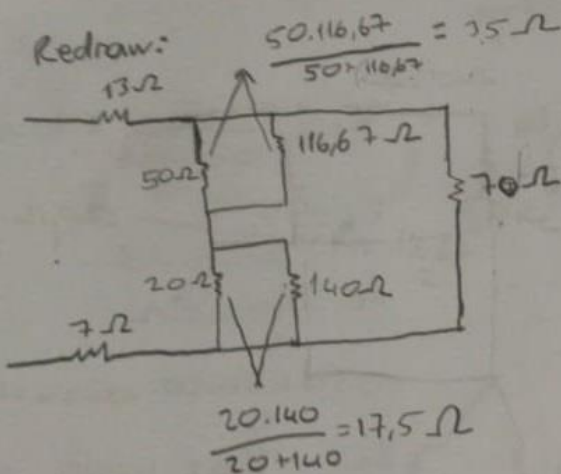


$$R_A = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3 + R_2 \cdot R_5 + R_3 \cdot R_5}{R_5} = 116,67\Omega$$

$$R_B = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3 + R_2 \cdot R_5 + R_3 \cdot R_5}{R_3} = 70\Omega$$

$$R_C = \frac{R_2 \cdot R_3 + R_2 \cdot R_5 + R_3 \cdot R_5}{R_2} = 140\Omega$$

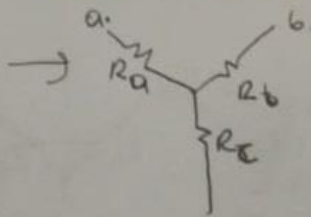
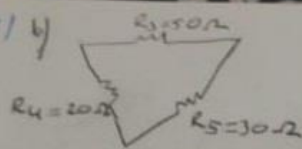
Redraw:



$$\frac{20 \cdot 140}{20 + 140} = 17,5\Omega$$

$$R_{eq} = \frac{70 \cdot (35 + 17,5)}{70 + (35 + 17,5)} + 13 + 7 = 50\Omega$$

3.58/4)

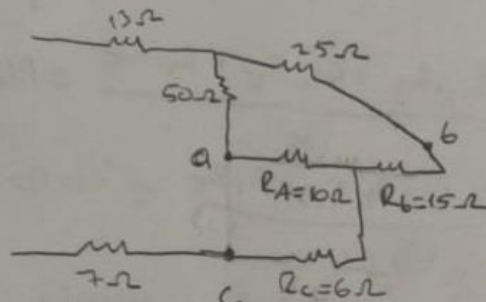


$$R_a = \frac{50 \cdot 20}{50 + 20 + 30} = 10 \Omega$$

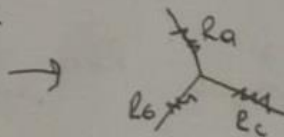
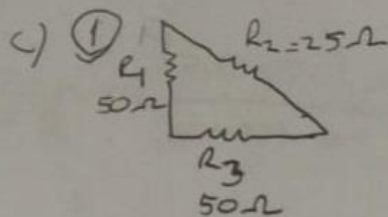
$$R_b = \frac{50 \cdot 30}{50 + 20 + 30} = 15 \Omega$$

$$R_c = \frac{20 \cdot 30}{50 + 20 + 30} = 6 \Omega$$

Redraw



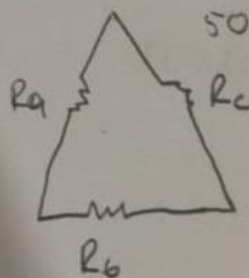
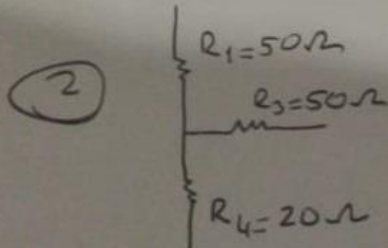
$$R_{eq} = 13 + 7 + 6 + \frac{(15 + 25) \cdot (50 + 10)}{(15 + 25 + 50 + 10)} = 50 \Omega$$



$$R_a = \frac{50 \cdot 25}{50 + 50 + 25} = 10 \Omega$$

$$R_b = \frac{50 \cdot 50}{50 + 50 + 25} = 20 \Omega$$

$$R_c = R_a = 10 \Omega$$



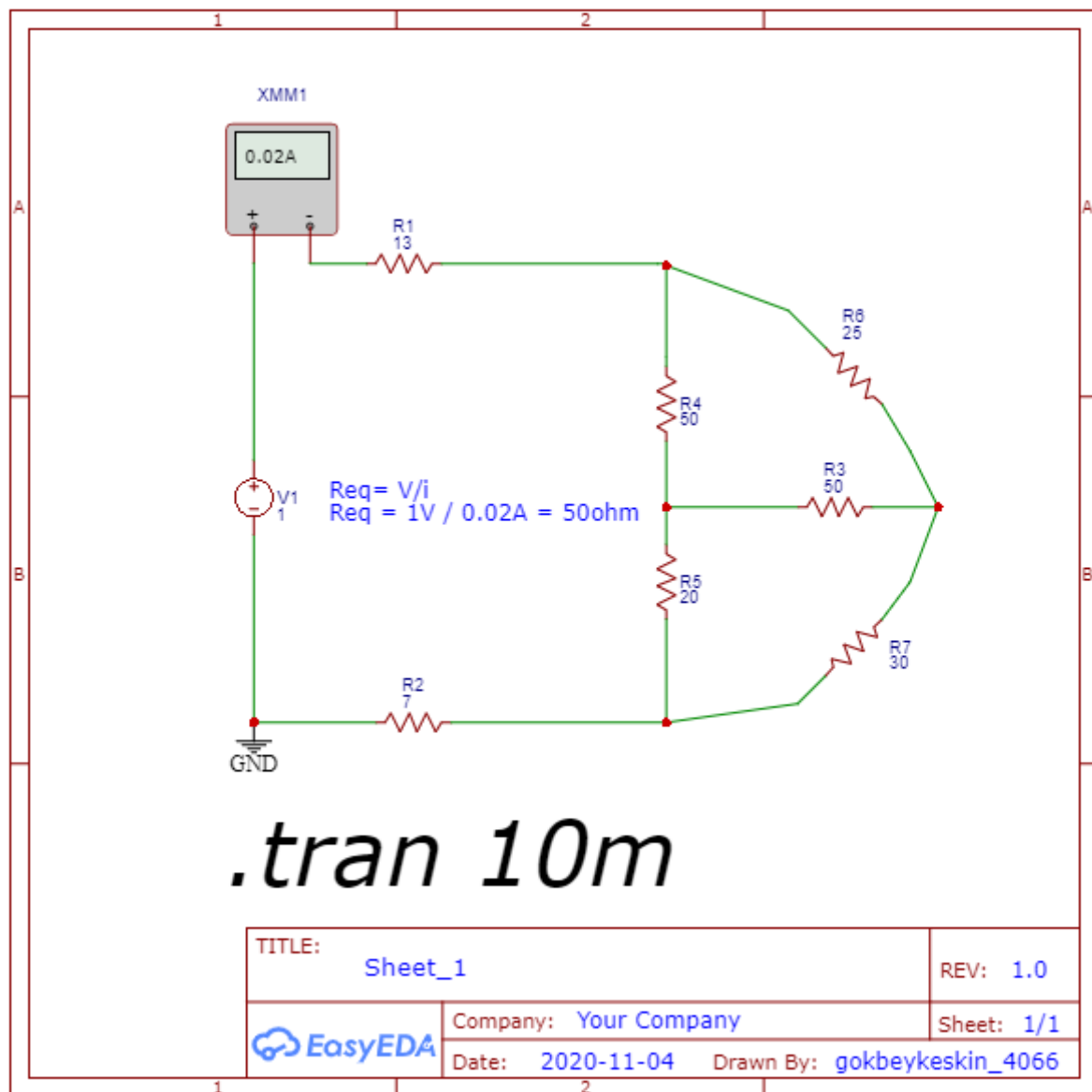
$$50 \cdot 50 + 50 \cdot 20 + 50 \cdot 20 = 4500$$

$$R_a = \frac{4500}{50} = 90 \Omega$$

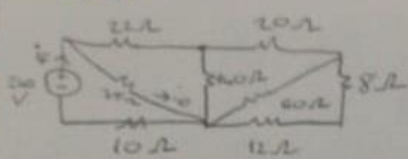
$$R_b = \frac{4500}{50} = 90 \Omega$$

$$R_c = \frac{4500}{20} = 225 \Omega$$

3.58



3.62) (ASPIKE)



$$i_0 = ? \quad P_{140\Omega} = ?$$

$$\frac{(12+8) \cdot 60}{20+100} + 20 = 35\Omega + \frac{35 \cdot 40}{35+140} = 28\Omega$$

$$+ 28 + 22 = 50\Omega \Rightarrow \frac{50 \cdot 75}{50+5} + 10 = 40\Omega$$

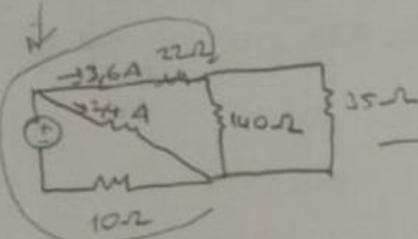
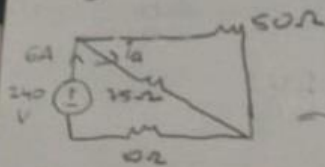
$$R_{eq} = 40\Omega$$

$$i_c = \frac{240V}{40\Omega} = 6A$$

KVL for left loop:

$$-240 + i_a \cdot 35 + 6 \cdot 10 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow i_a = 2.4A$$

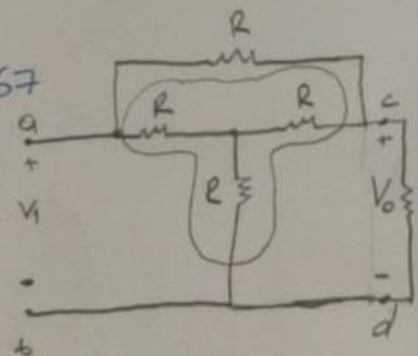


$$\text{KVL: } -240 + 35 \cdot i_a + 140 \cdot i_{140\Omega} + 6 \cdot 10 = 0$$

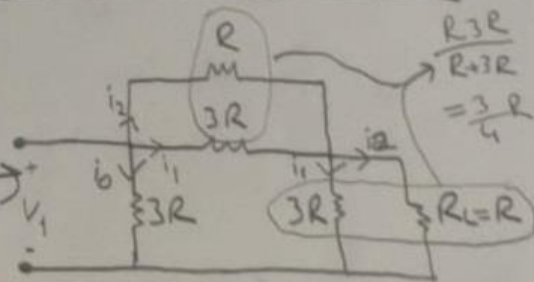
$$\Rightarrow i_{140\Omega} = 0.72A$$

$$P_{140\Omega} = 0.72^2 \cdot 140 = 72.576W$$

3.67



a)



$$R_{eq} = \left(\frac{3}{4}R + \frac{3}{4}R \right) \parallel 3R = R$$

b)

$$-V_1 + 3R \cdot \frac{2}{3} i_2 = 0 \quad \text{KVL: } -V_1 + 3R i_0 = 0$$

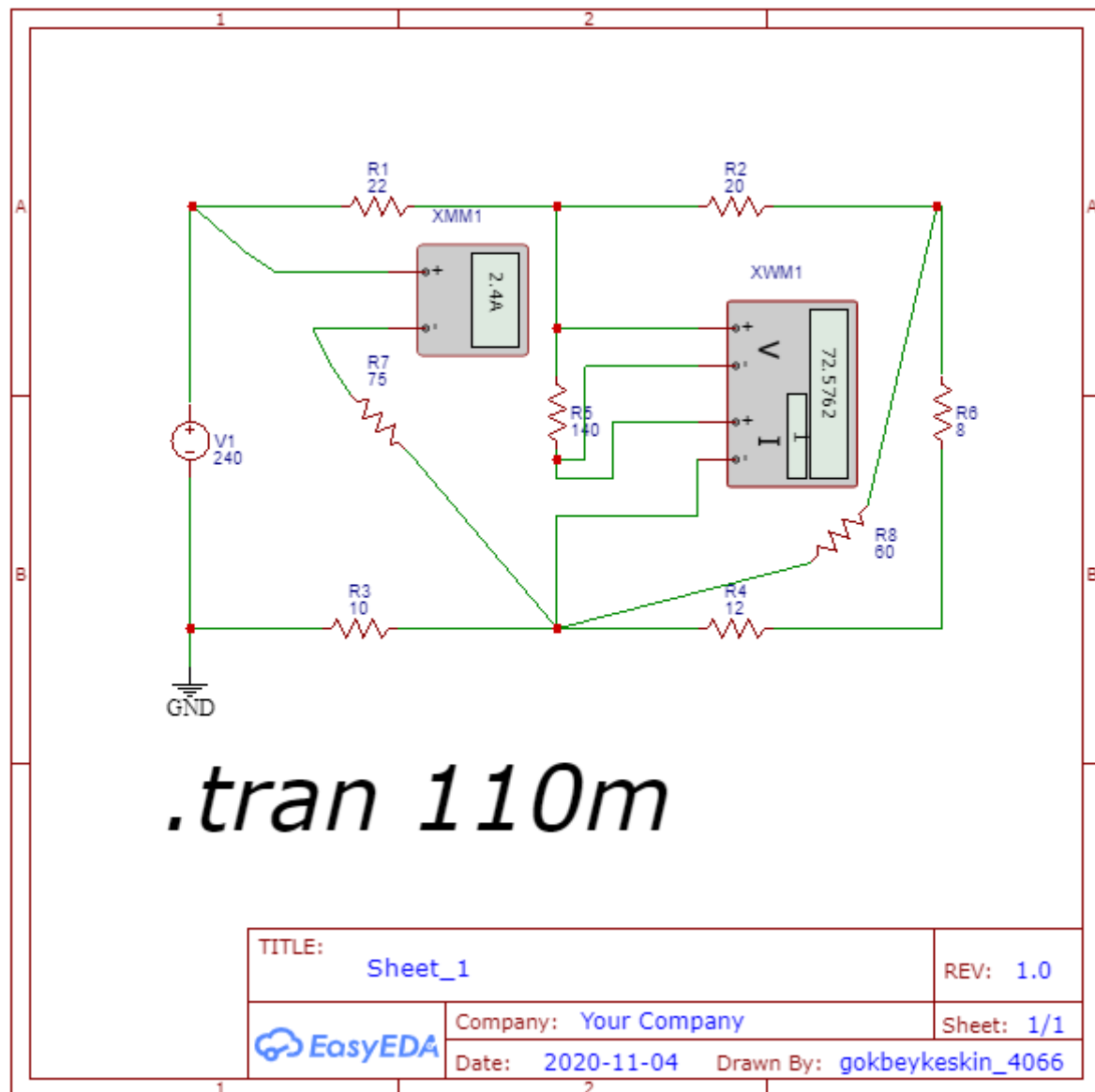
$$\Rightarrow V_1 = 2R i_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1}{2} = V_0 \Rightarrow \frac{V_0}{V_1} = 0.5$$

$$-V_1 + 3R i_1 + 3R i_1 = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 2i_1 = i_0 \\ i_0 = \frac{2}{3} i_2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$-V_1 + 3R i_1 + R i_2 = 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 3i_1 = i_2 \end{array} \right\}$$

3.62



3.73) a) $V_x = \alpha \cdot V_s$
 (PSPICE) $1V = \alpha \cdot 5V \Rightarrow \underline{\alpha = 0,2}$

b) $V_y = \beta \cdot V_s$
 $3,75V = \beta \cdot 5 = \beta = \underline{0,75}$

b) $x = (1 - \alpha) \cdot R_x = 0,8 \cdot 480 = \underline{384}$

$y = (1 - \beta) \cdot P_y = 0,25 \cdot 800 = \underline{200}$

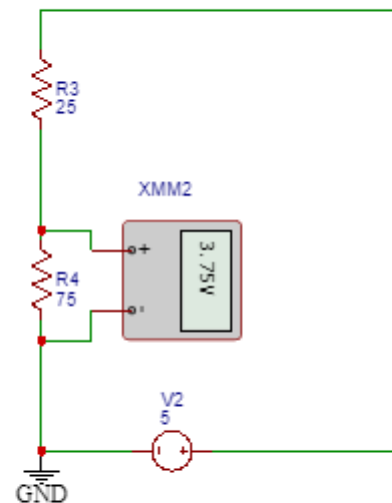
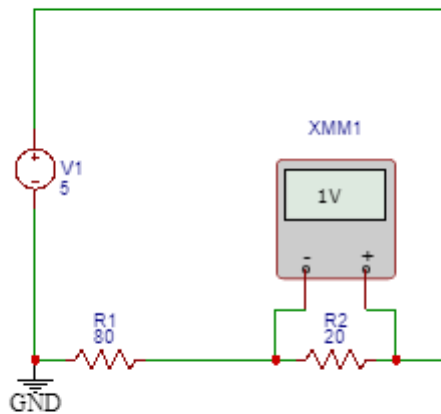
3.74) $x = (1 - \alpha) \cdot R_x$
 (PSPICE) $480 = (1 - \alpha) \cdot 640 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0,25$

$V_x = \alpha \cdot V_s = 0,25 \cdot 8V = 2V$

$y = (1 - \beta) \cdot P_y$

$192 = (1 - \beta) \cdot 1024 \Rightarrow \beta = 0,8125$

$V_y = \beta \cdot V_s = 0,8125 \cdot 8V = 6.5V$



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3.73

TITLE:

Sheet_1

REV: 1.0

EasyEDA

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Sheet: 1/1

Date: 2020-11-04

Drawn By: gokbeykeskin_4066

3.74

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