

Qualification Round 2016

A. Counting Sheep

B. Revenge of the Pancakes

C. Coin Jam

D. Fractiles

Contest Analysis

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Submissions

Counting Sheep

7pt | Correct 26558/29356 users

correct (90%) 8pt | Correct

25729/26216 users correct (98%)

Revenge of the Pancakes

10pt Correct

22527/23686 users correct (95%)

10pt Incorrect

21383/22147 users correct (97%)

Coin Jam

10pt Not attempted 13361/15342 users correct (87%)

20pt | Not attempted

6297/9111 users correct (69%)

Fractiles

10pt | Not attempted 8250/9708 users correct (85%) 25pt | Not attempted

2356/4955 users correct (48%)

 Top Scores 	
Lewin	100
Endagorion	100
xiaowuc1	100
xyz111	100
HellKitsune123	100
h4tguy	100
ivan.popelyshev	100
burunduk3	100
Nicolas16	100
ctunoku	100

Problem A. Counting Sheep

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the <u>Quick-Start Guide</u> to get started.

Small input
7 points

Large input
8 points

Solve A-small

Solve A-large

Problem

Bleatrix Trotter the sheep has devised a strategy that helps her fall asleep faster. First, she picks a number $\bf N$. Then she starts naming $\bf N$, $2 \times \bf N$, $3 \times \bf N$, and so on. Whenever she names a number, she thinks about all of the digits in that number. She keeps track of which digits (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,and 9) she has seen at least once so far as part of any number she has named. Once she has seen each of the ten digits at least once, she will fall asleep.

Bleatrix must start with **N** and must always name $(i + 1) \times \mathbf{N}$ directly after $i \times \mathbf{N}$. For example, suppose that Bleatrix picks $\mathbf{N} = 1692$. She would count as follows:

- N = 1692. Now she has seen the digits 1, 2, 6, and 9.
- 2N = 3384. Now she has seen the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9.
- 3N = 5076. Now she has seen all ten digits, and falls asleep.

What is the last number that she will name before falling asleep? If she will count forever, print INSOMNIA instead.

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow. Each consists of one line with a single integer **N**, the number Bleatrix has chosen.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing Case #x: y, where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the last number that Bleatrix will name before falling asleep, according to the rules described in the statement.

Limits

 $1 \le T \le 100$.

Small dataset

 $0 \le N \le 200$.

Large dataset

 $0 \le N \le 10^6$.

Sample

Input	Output
5	Case #1: INSOMNIA
0	Case #2: 10

1 Case #3: 90 2 Case #4: 110 11 Case #5: 5076 1692

In Case #1, since $2 \times 0 = 0$, $3 \times 0 = 0$, and so on, Bleatrix will never see any digit other than 0, and so she will count forever and never fall asleep. Poor sheep!

In Case #2, Bleatrix will name 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. The 0 will be the last digit needed, and so she will fall asleep after 10.

In Case #3, Bleatrix will name 2, 4, 6... and so on. She will not see the digit 9 in any number until 90, at which point she will fall asleep. By that point, she will have already seen the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, which will have appeared for the first time in the numbers 10, 10, 2, 30, 4, 50, 6, 70, and 8, respectively.

In Case #4, Bleatrix will name 11, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66, 77, 88, 99, 110 and then fall asleep.

Case #5 is the one described in the problem statement. Note that it would only show up in the Large dataset, and not in the Small dataset.

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