

# **AZURE TOPIC- MACHINE LEARNING**

## **CLOUD COMPUTING-**

Azure Machine Learning is a cloud service for accelerating and managing the machine learning (ML) project lifecycle. ML professionals, data scientists, and engineers can use it in their day-to-day workflows to train and deploy models and manage machine learning operations (MLOps).

You can create a model in Machine Learning or use a model built from an open-source platform, such as PyTorch, TensorFlow, or scikit-learn. MLOps tools help you monitor, retrain, and redeploy models..

## **Enterprise-readiness and security**

Machine Learning integrates with the Azure cloud platform to add security to ML projects.

Security integrations include:

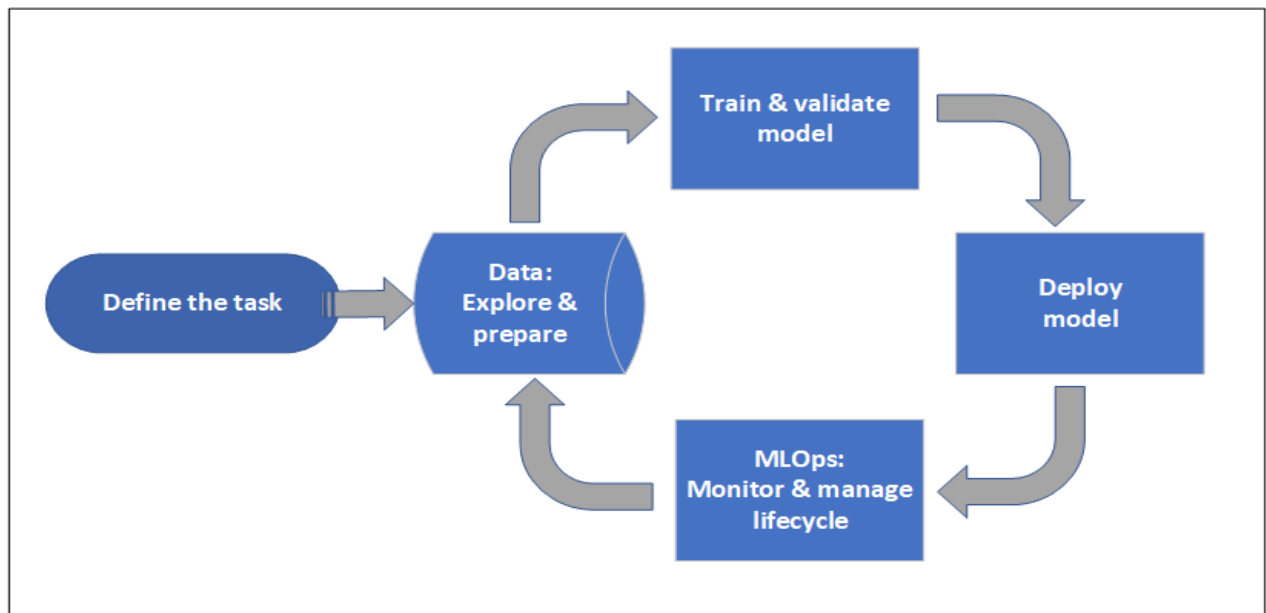
- Azure Virtual Networks with network security groups.
- Azure Key Vault, where you can save security secrets, such as access information for storage accounts.
- Azure Container Registry set up behind a virtual network.

## **Machine learning project workflow**

Typically, models are developed as part of a project with an objective and goals. Projects often involve more than one person. When you experiment with data, algorithms, and models, development is iterative.

## **Project lifecycle**

The project lifecycle can vary by project, but it often looks like this diagram.



A workspace organizes a project and allows for collaboration for many users all working toward a common objective. Users in a workspace can easily share the results of their runs from experimentation in the studio user interface. Or they can use versioned assets for jobs like environments and storage references.

When a project is ready for operationalization, users' work can be automated in an ML pipeline and triggered on a schedule or HTTPS request.

You can deploy models to the managed inferencing solution, for both real-time and batch deployments, abstracting away the infrastructure management typically required for deploying models.

## Train models

In Azure Machine Learning, you can run your training script in the cloud or build a model from scratch. Customers often bring models they've built and trained in open-source frameworks so that they can operationalize them in the cloud.

## Open and interoperable

Data scientists can use models in Azure Machine Learning that they've created in common Python frameworks, such as:

- PyTorch
- TensorFlow
- scikit-learn

- XGBoost
- LightGBM

Other languages and frameworks are also supported:

- R
- .NET

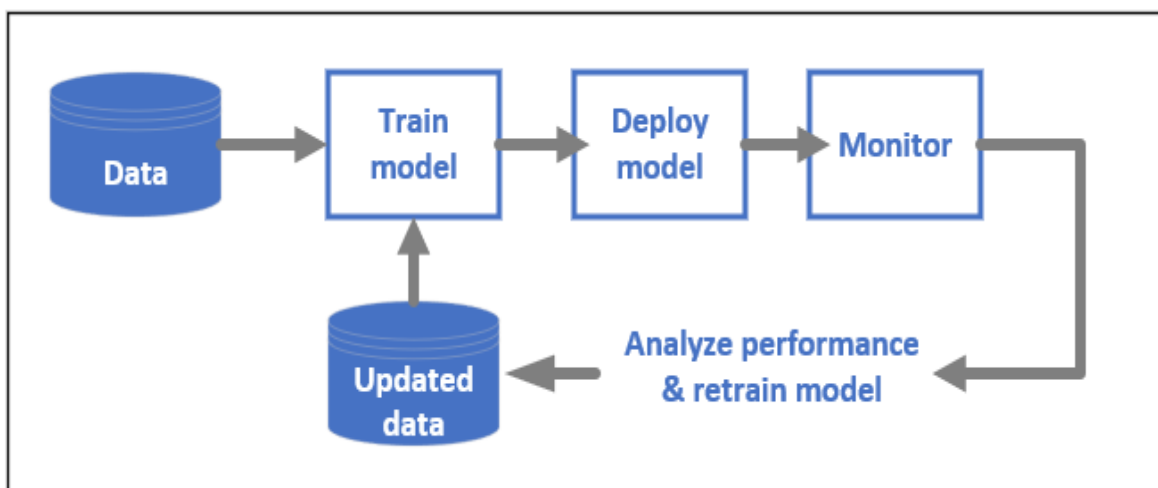
## Deploy models

To bring a model into production, you deploy the model. The Azure Machine Learning managed endpoints abstract the required infrastructure for both batch or real-time (online) model scoring (inferencing).

## MLOps:DevOps for machine learning

DevOps for ML models, often called MLOps, is a process for developing models for production. A model's lifecycle from training to deployment must be auditable if not reproducible.

## ML model lifecycle



## Some key features enabling MLOps include:

- git integration.
- MLflow integration.

- Machine learning pipeline scheduling.
- Azure Event Grid integration for custom triggers.
- Ease of use with CI/CD tools like GitHub Actions or Azure DevOps.