

Packet Tracer - VLSM Design and Implementation Practice Topology

You will receive one of three possible topologies.

Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
Branch-1	G0/0	192.168.72.129	255.255.255.240	N/A
	G0/1	192.168.72.97	255.255.255.224	N/A
	S0/0/0	192.168.72.145	255.255.255.252	N/A
Branch-2	G0/0	192.168.72.65	255.255.255.224	N/A
	G0/1	192.168.72.1	255.255.255.192	N/A
	S0/0/0	192.168.72.146	255.255.255.252	N/A
Room-114	VLAN 1	192.168.72.130	255.255.255.240	192.168.72.129
Room-279	VLAN 1	192.168.72.98	255.255.255.224	192.168.72.97
Room-312	VLAN 1	192.168.72.66	255.255.255.224	192.168.72.65
Room-407	VLAN 1	192.168.72.2	255.255.255.192	192.168.72.1
PC-A	NIC	192.168.72.142	255.255.255.240	192.168.72.129
PC-B	NIC	192.168.72.126	255.255.255.224	192.168.72.97
PC-C	NIC	192.168.72.94	255.255.255.224	192.168.72.65
PC-D	NIC	192.168.72.62	255.255.255.192	192.168.72.1

Objectives

Part 1: Examine the Network Requirements

Part 2: Design the VLSM Addressing Scheme

Part 3: Assign IP Addresses to Devices and Verify Connectivity

Background

In this activity, you are given a /24 network address to use to design a VLSM addressing scheme. Based on a set of requirements, you will assign subnets and addressing, configure devices and verify connectivity.

Instructions

Part 1: Examine the Network Requirements

Step 1: Determine the number of subnets needed.

You will subnet the network address 192.168.72.0/24. The network has the following requirements:

Room-114 LAN will require 7 host IP addresses

Room-279 LAN will require 15 host IP addresses

Room-312 LAN will require 29 host IP addresses

Room-407 LAN will require 58 host IP addresses

How many subnets are needed in the network topology? 5

Step 2: Determine the subnet mask information for each subnet.

- a. Which subnet mask will accommodate the number of IP addresses required for Room-114 ?

255.255.255.240/28

How many usable host addresses will this subnet support?

14 (192.168.72.97 - 192.168.72.110)

- b. Which subnet mask will accommodate the number of IP addresses required for Room-279 ?

255.255.255.224 /27

How many usable host addresses will this subnet support?

30 (192.168.72.65 - 192.168.72.94)

- c. Which subnet mask will accommodate the number of IP addresses required for Room-312 ?

255.255.255.248 /29

How many usable host addresses will this subnet support?

7 (172.168.72.113 - 172.168.72.118)

- d. Which subnet mask will accommodate the number of IP addresses required for Room-407 ?

255.255.255.192 /26

How many usable host addresses will this subnet support?

62 (172.168.72.1 - 172.168.72.62)

- e. Which subnet mask will accommodate the number of IP addresses required for the connection between Branch-1 and Branch-2 ?

255.255.255.252/30

Part 2: Design the VLSM Addressing Scheme

Step 1: Divide the 192.168.72.0/24 network based on the number of hosts per subnet.

- Use the first subnet to accommodate the largest LAN.
- Use the second subnet to accommodate the second largest LAN.
- Use the third subnet to accommodate the third largest LAN.
- Use the fourth subnet to accommodate the fourth largest LAN.
- Use the fifth subnet to accommodate the connection between Branch1 and Branch2.

Step 2: Document the VLSM subnets.

Complete the **Subnet Table**, listing the subnet descriptions (e.g. [[S1Name]] LAN), number of hosts needed, then network address for the subnet, the first usable host address, and the broadcast address. Repeat until all addresses are listed.

Subnet Table

Subnet Description	Number of Hosts Needed	Network Address/CIDR	First Usable Host Address	Broadcast Address
Room-407 LAN	58	192.168.72.0/26	192.168.72.1	192.168.72.63
Room-312 LAN	29	192.168.72.64/27	192.168.72.65	192.168.72.95
Room-279 LAN	15	192.168.72.96/27	192.168.72.97	192.168.72.127
Room-114 LAN	7	192.168.72.128/28	192.168.72.129	192.168.72.143
WAN LINK	2	192.168.72.144/30	192.168.72.145	192.168.72.147

Step 3: Document the addressing scheme.

- Assign the first usable IP addresses to Branch-1 for the two LAN links and the WAN link.
- Assign the first usable IP addresses to Branch-2 for the two LAN links. Assign the last usable IP address for the WAN link.
- Assign the second usable IP addresses to the switches.
- Assign the last usable IP addresses to the hosts.

Part 3: Assign IP Addresses to Devices and Verify Connectivity

Most of the IP addressing is already configured on this network. Implement the following steps to complete the addressing configuration.

Step 1: Configure IP addressing on the Branch-1 router LAN interfaces.

Step 2: Configure IP addressing on the Room-312 switch, including the default gateway.

Step 3: Configure IP addressing on PC-D, including the default gateway.

Step 4: Verify connectivity.

You can only verify connectivity from Branch1, Room-312, and PC-D. However, you should be able to ping every IP address listed in the **Addressing Table**.

Branch-1

```
en
conf t
int g0/0
ip add 192.168.72.129 255.255.255.240
no shut
int g0/1
ip add 192.168.72.97 255.255.255.224
no shut
```

Room-312

```
en
conf t
int vlan 1
ip add 192.168.72.66 255.255.255.224
no shut
ip def 192.168.72.65
```

PC-D

```
IP Address: 192.168.72.62
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192
Default Gateway: 192.168.72.1
```