

# **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM PROJECT**

## **COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM DURING COVID PANDEMIC**



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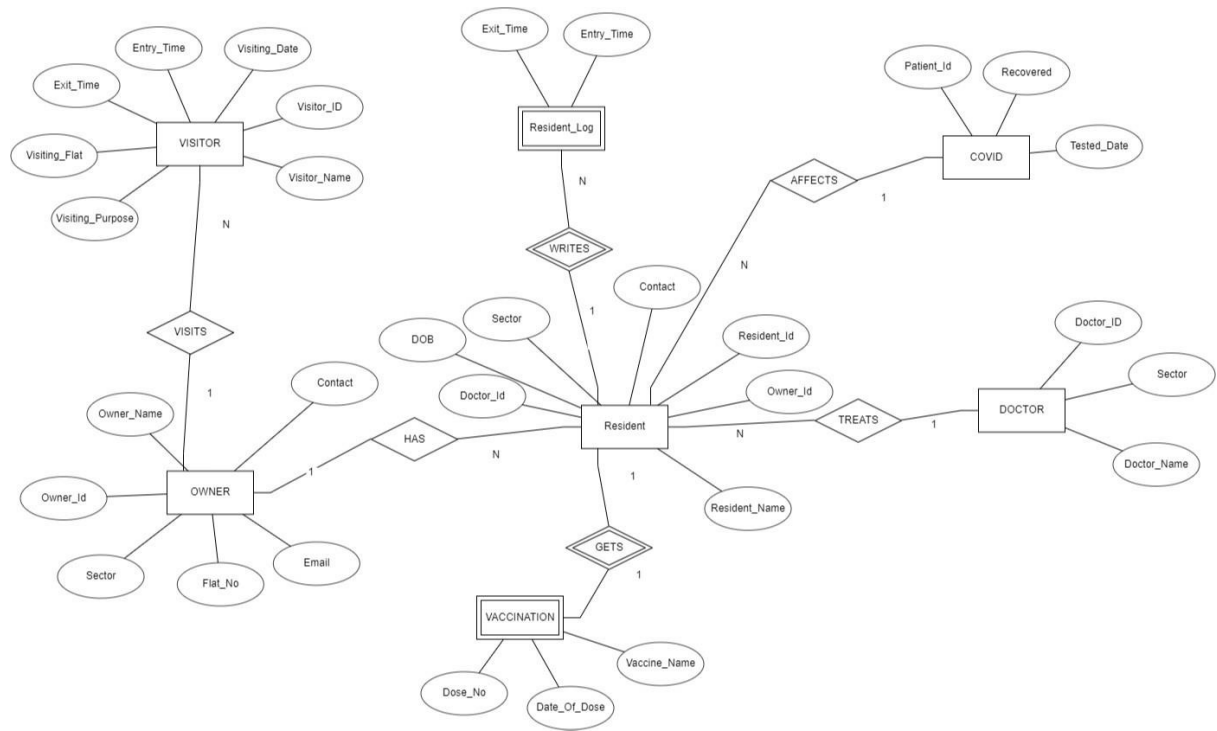
### **INTRODUCTION**

In this project, I have designed a Database Management System to organize and store information about a community during the pandemic. This database contains data about residents, doctors assigned to them, residents who have tested positive for Covid-19 and whether they have recovered, and details about resident's

vaccinations. It also stores information about the visitors and whom they are visiting. Through this project, we can efficiently store and retrieve crucial data that can avoid community transmission of Covid-19 by swiftly tracking down the source and isolating it.

### **ER MODEL ASSUMPTIONS**

- An Owner can have multiple Residents living in his/her house.
- A Resident can have only one Owner. Each Owner's house has a Flat Number.
- An Owner can have multiple Visitors.
- A Visitor can go to any Flat and any Sector.
- Each Resident can have multiple logs in ResidentLog, one for each time they leave the community area.
- A Resident can be tested positive or negative for Covid.
- Each Vaccination can be given to one Resident. A Resident can take more than one dose of vaccination.
- Each Resident is allotted a Doctor. A Doctor can be allotted to multiple Residents but only in one Sector.



# CREATION OF TABLES

## 1) OWNER:

```
1 • CREATE TABLE Owner(  
2     Owner_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
3     Owner_Name VARCHAR(50),  
4     Sector INT,  
5     Flat_No INT,  
6     Contact VARCHAR(20),  
7     Email VARCHAR(50)  
8 );  
9  
10
```

```
1 • INSERT INTO Owner VALUES (801, 'Aditya Verma', 2, 202, '9345728394', 'aditya@gmail.com'),  
2     (802, 'Rohan Sharma', 4, 402, '9562839237', 'rohan@gmail.com'),  
3     (803, 'Sai Viswanadh', 3, 303, '8725704689', 'sai@gmail.com'),  
4     (804, 'Adrika Dev', 2, 201, '9237534245', 'adrika@gmail.com'),  
5     (805, 'Rohit Singh', 1, 101, '9163790421', 'rohit@gmail.com'),  
6     (806, 'Tripti Patel', 1, 103, '8538019432', 'tripti@gmail.com'),  
7     (807, 'Kavya Sinha', 4, 403, '9327301999', 'kavya@gmail.com'),  
8     (808, 'Raj Singhania', 2, 203, '91000582249', 'raj@gmail.com'),  
9     (809, 'Varun Malhotra', 3, 302, '96231119056', 'varun@gmail.com'),  
10    (810, 'Vaibhav Malik', 3, 301, '8246678321', 'vaibhav@gmail.com'),  
11    (811, 'Mohammed Maaz', 1, 102, '9666777553', 'maaz@gmail.com'),  
12    (812, 'Sophia Charles', 4, 401, '8999302154', 'sophia@gmail.com');
```

| Result Grid    |          |                |        |         |             |                   |
|----------------|----------|----------------|--------|---------|-------------|-------------------|
| Filter Rows:   |          |                |        |         |             |                   |
| Edit:          |          |                |        |         |             |                   |
| Export/Import: |          |                |        |         |             |                   |
| Wrap Cell      |          |                |        |         |             |                   |
|                | Owner_Id | Owner_Name     | Sector | Flat_No | Contact     | Email             |
| ▶              | 801      | Aditya Verma   | 2      | 202     | 9345728394  | aditya@gmail.com  |
|                | 802      | Rohan Sharma   | 4      | 402     | 9562839237  | rohan@gmail.com   |
|                | 803      | Sai Viswanadh  | 3      | 303     | 8725704689  | sai@gmail.com     |
|                | 804      | Adrika Dev     | 2      | 201     | 9237534245  | adrika@gmail.com  |
|                | 805      | Rohit Singh    | 1      | 101     | 9163790421  | rohit@gmail.com   |
|                | 806      | Tripti Patel   | 1      | 103     | 8538019432  | tripti@gmail.com  |
|                | 807      | Kavya Sinha    | 4      | 403     | 9327301999  | kavya@gmail.com   |
|                | 808      | Raj Singhanian | 2      | 203     | 91000582249 | raj@gmail.com     |
|                | 809      | Varun Malhotra | 3      | 302     | 96231119056 | varun@gmail.com   |
|                | 810      | Vaibhav Malik  | 3      | 301     | 8246678321  | vaibhav@gmail.com |
|                | 811      | Mohammed Maaz  | 1      | 102     | 9666777553  | maaz@gmail.com    |
|                | 812      | Sophia Charles | 4      | 401     | 8999302154  | sophia@gmail.com  |
| •              | NULL     | NULL           | NULL   | NULL    | NULL        | NULL              |

## 2) DOCTOR

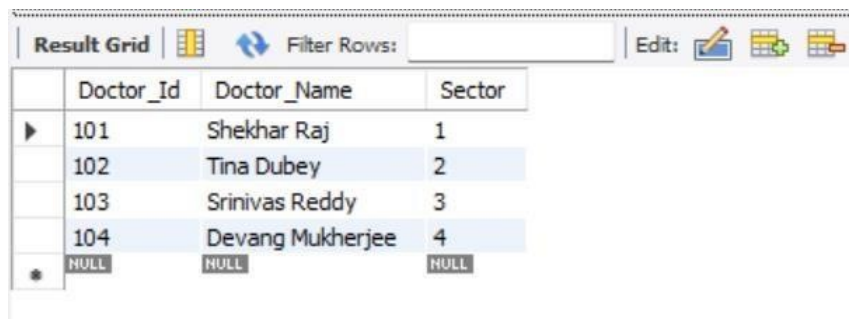
```

1 • CREATE TABLE Doctor(
2     Doctor_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
3     Doctor_Name VARCHAR(50),
4     Sector INT
5 );
6
7

```



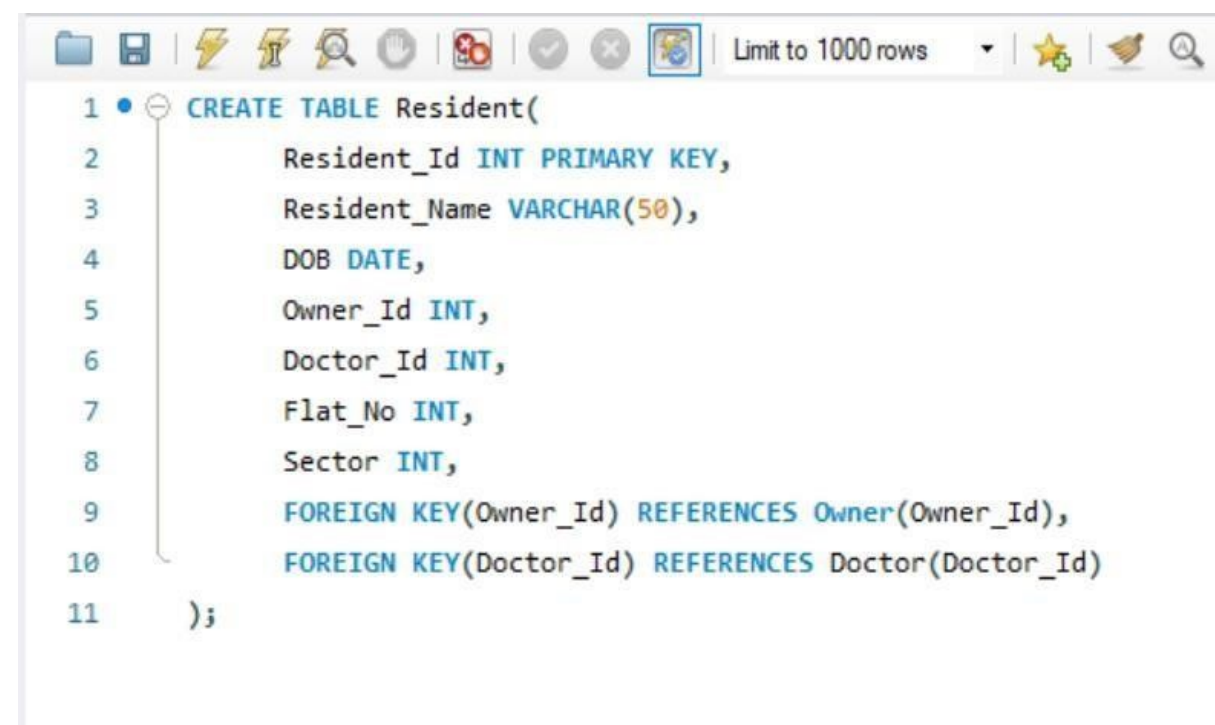
```
1 • INSERT INTO Doctor VALUES(101, 'Shekhar Raj', 1),
2                                     (102, 'Tina Dubey', 2),
3                                     (103, 'Srinivas Reddy', 3),
4                                     (104, 'Devang Mukherjee', 4);
```



Result Grid

|   | Doctor_Id | Doctor_Name      | Sector |
|---|-----------|------------------|--------|
| ▶ | 101       | Shekhar Raj      | 1      |
|   | 102       | Tina Dubey       | 2      |
|   | 103       | Srinivas Reddy   | 3      |
|   | 104       | Devang Mukherjee | 4      |
| * | NULL      | NULL             | NULL   |

### 3) RESIDENT



```
1 • CREATE TABLE Resident(
2     Resident_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
3     Resident_Name VARCHAR(50),
4     DOB DATE,
5     Owner_Id INT,
6     Doctor_Id INT,
7     Flat_No INT,
8     Sector INT,
9     FOREIGN KEY(Owner_Id) REFERENCES Owner(Owner_Id),
10    FOREIGN KEY(Doctor_Id) REFERENCES Doctor(Doctor_Id)
11 );
```





#### 4) VISITORS

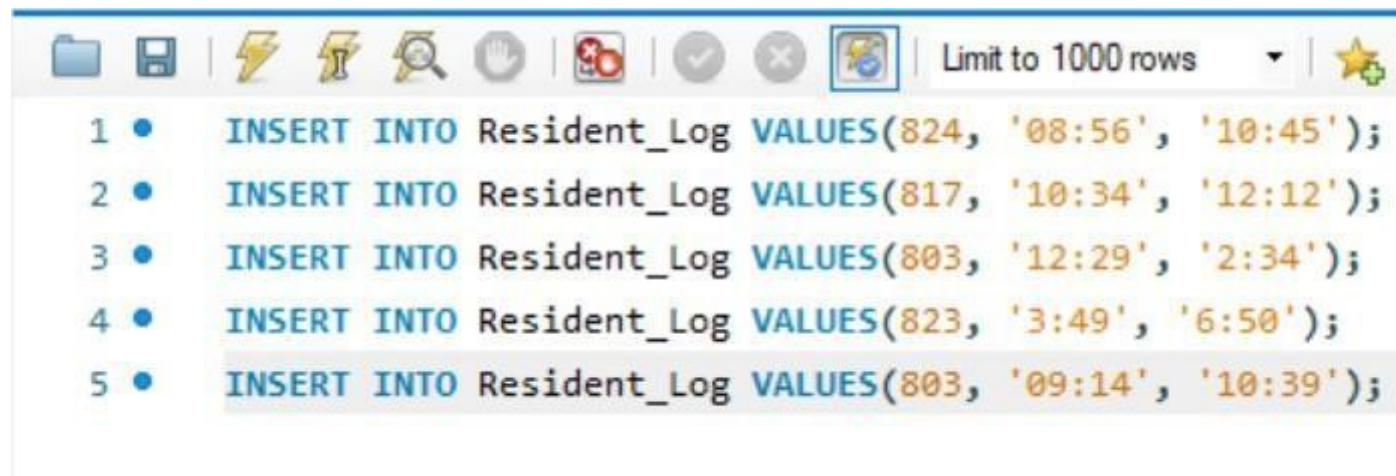
```
1 CREATE TABLE Visitor(  
2     Visitor_Id INT,  
3     Visitor_Name VARCHAR(50),  
4     Visiting_Flat_No INT,  
5     Visiting_Date DATE,  
6     Visiting_Purpose VARCHAR(50),  
7     Entry_Time VARCHAR(10),  
8     Exit_Time VARCHAR(10),  
9     FOREIGN KEY(Visiting_Flat_No) REFERENCES Owner(Flat_No),  
10    PRIMARY KEY(Visitor_Id,Entry_Time)  
11 );
```

```
1 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1201, 'Sheela', 301, '2021-01-23', 'House Keeping', '08:22', '2:35');
2 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1202, 'Ramu', 103, '2021-01-23', 'Food Delivery', '01:35', '1:52');
3 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1203, 'Kalyani', 202, '2021-01-24', 'House Keeping', '07:54', '12:34');
4 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1204, 'Ramesh', 401, '2021-01-25', 'Gardening', '08:22', '2:35');
5 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1205, 'Rupa', 303, '2021-01-25', 'Visiting', '12:36', '3:39');
6 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1206, 'Suresh', 402, '2021-01-25', 'Food Delivery', '20:20', '20:35');
7 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1207, 'Chintu', 101, '2021-01-26', 'House Keeping', '10:19', '1:48');
8 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1208, 'Rajni', 103, '2021-01-27', 'Cook', '12:12', '1:56');
9 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1201, 'Sheela', 202, '2021-01-23', 'House Keeping', '03:22', '4:35');
10 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1202, 'Ramu', 303, '2021-01-23', 'Food Delivery', '02:35', '3:52');
11 • INSERT INTO Visitor VALUES (1204, 'Ramesh', 401, '2021-01-25', 'Gardening', '05:22', '6:35');
```

[illegible]

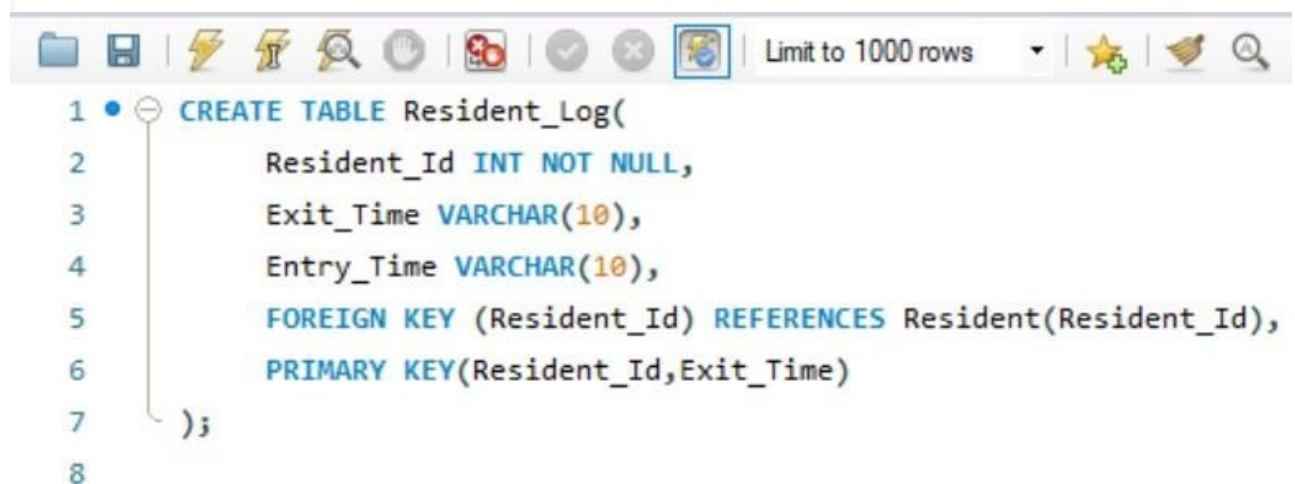


## 5) RESIDENT LOG



A screenshot of a SQL editor window. The toolbar at the top includes icons for file operations, execution, and search, along with a dropdown menu set to 'Limit to 1000 rows'. The editor contains five lines of SQL code, each preceded by a line number and a bullet point. The code consists of five INSERT statements into the 'Resident\_Log' table, each with a unique 'Resident\_Id' and two time values.

```
1 • INSERT INTO Resident_Log VALUES(824, '08:56', '10:45');
2 • INSERT INTO Resident_Log VALUES(817, '10:34', '12:12');
3 • INSERT INTO Resident_Log VALUES(803, '12:29', '2:34');
4 • INSERT INTO Resident_Log VALUES(823, '3:49', '6:50');
5 • INSERT INTO Resident_Log VALUES(803, '09:14', '10:39');
```



A screenshot of a SQL editor window showing the CREATE TABLE statement for the 'Resident\_Log' table. The toolbar at the top is similar to the one in the previous screenshot. The editor contains a single line of SQL code, preceded by a line number and a bullet point. The code defines the table structure with columns for 'Resident\_Id', 'Exit\_Time', and 'Entry\_Time', and includes foreign key and primary key constraints.

```
1 • CREATE TABLE Resident_Log(
2     Resident_Id INT NOT NULL,
3     Exit_Time VARCHAR(10),
4     Entry_Time VARCHAR(10),
5     FOREIGN KEY (Resident_Id) REFERENCES Resident(Resident_Id),
6     PRIMARY KEY(Resident_Id,Exit_Time)
7 );
8
```

|   | Resident_Id | Exit_Time | Entry_Time |
|---|-------------|-----------|------------|
| ▶ | 803         | 09:14     | 10:39      |
|   | 803         | 12:29     | 2:34       |
|   | 817         | 10:34     | 12:12      |
|   | 823         | 3:49      | 6:50       |
|   | 824         | 08:56     | 10:45      |
| • | NULL        | NULL      | NULL       |

## 6) COVID

```

1 • CREATE TABLE Covid(
2     Patient_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
3     Tested_Date DATE,
4     Recovered CHAR,
5     FOREIGN KEY(Patient_Id) REFERENCES Resident(Resident_Id)
6 );

```

```

1 • INSERT INTO Covid VALUES(816,'2021-01-25','N');
2 • INSERT INTO Covid VALUES(809,'2021-01-26','Y');
3 • INSERT INTO Covid VALUES(822,'2021-01-26','Y');
4 • INSERT INTO Covid VALUES(804,'2021-01-27','N');

```

|   | Patient_Id | Tested_Date | Recovered |
|---|------------|-------------|-----------|
| ▶ | 804        | 2021-01-27  | N         |
|   | 809        | 2021-01-26  | Y         |
|   | 816        | 2021-01-25  | N         |
|   | 822        | 2021-01-26  | Y         |
| ● | NULL       | NULL        | NULL      |

## 7) VACCINATION

```

1 • CREATE TABLE Vaccination(
2     Resident_Id INT,
3     Vaccine_Name VARCHAR(30),
4     Dose_No INT,
5     Date_Of_Dose DATE,
6     FOREIGN KEY(Resident_Id) REFERENCES Resident(Resident_Id),
7     PRIMARY KEY(Resident_Id,Dose_No)
8 );

```

```

1 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(801, 'Covishield', 1, '2021-01-02');
2 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(812, 'Covaxin', 1, '2021-01-13');
3 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(810, 'Covaxin', 1, '2021-01-13');
4 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(825, 'Covishield', 1, '2021-01-14');
5 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(814, 'Covaxin', 1, '2021-01-25');
6 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(813, 'Covishield', 1, '2021-01-25');
7 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(806, 'Sputnik', 1, '2021-01-25');
8 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(801, 'Covishield', 2, '2021-02-02');
9 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(810, 'Covaxin', 2, '2021-02-13');
10 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(812, 'Covaxin', 2, '2021-02-13');
11 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(820, 'Covishield', 1, '2021-02-14');
12 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(825, 'Covishield', 2, '2021-02-15');
13 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(813, 'Covishield', 2, '2021-02-25');
14 • INSERT INTO Vaccination VALUES(814, 'Covaxin', 2, '2021-02-25');

```

|   | Resident_Id | Vaccine_Name | Dose_No | Date_Of_Dose |
|---|-------------|--------------|---------|--------------|
| ▶ | 801         | Covishield   | 1       | 2021-01-02   |
|   | 801         | Covishield   | 2       | 2021-02-02   |
|   | 806         | Sputnik      | 1       | 2021-01-25   |
|   | 810         | Covaxin      | 1       | 2021-01-13   |
|   | 810         | Covaxin      | 2       | 2021-02-13   |
|   | 812         | Covaxin      | 1       | 2021-01-13   |
|   | 812         | Covaxin      | 2       | 2021-02-13   |
|   | 813         | Covishield   | 1       | 2021-01-25   |
|   | 813         | Covishield   | 2       | 2021-02-25   |
|   | 814         | Covaxin      | 1       | 2021-01-25   |
|   | 814         | Covaxin      | 2       | 2021-02-25   |
|   | 820         | Covishield   | 1       | 2021-02-14   |
|   | 825         | Covishield   | 1       | 2021-01-14   |
|   | 825         | Covishield   | 2       | 2021-02-15   |
| • | NULL        | NULL         | NULL    | NULL         |

## NORMALISATION

### 1) OWNER

**Functional Dependencies:**

Owner\_Id → Owner\_Id,Owner\_Name,Flat\_No,Sector,Email,Contact



Flat\_No → Flat\_No, Owner\_Id, Owner\_Name, Sector, Email, Contact

**Closure OF Owner\_Id:**

Owner\_Id<sup>+</sup> = { Owner\_Id, Owner\_Name, Flat\_No, Sector, Email, Contact }

**Closure OF Flat\_No:**

Flat\_No<sup>+</sup> = { Flat\_No, Owner\_Id, Owner\_Name, Sector, Email, Contact }

**Candidate Keys:** Owner\_Id, Flat\_No

**Primary keys:** Owner\_Id

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (OwnerID, DoorNo) for the relation

## 2) DOCTOR

**Functional Dependencies:**

DoctorID → DoctorID, Doctor Name, Sector

Sector → Sector, DoctorID, Doctor Name **Closure**

**of DoctorID:**

DoctorID<sup>+</sup> = { DoctorID, Doctor Name, Sector }

**Closure of Sector:**

Sector<sup>+</sup> = { Sector, DoctorID, Doctor Name }

**Candidate Keys:** DoctorID, Sector

**Primary Key:** DoctorID

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (DoctorID, Sector) for the relation

## 3. RESIDENT

**Functional Dependencies:**

ResidentID → ResidentName, OwnerID, DoctorID, DOB, Sector, Flat\_No

DoorNo → Sector

Doctor\_Id → Sector

**Closure of ResidentID:**

ResidentID<sup>+</sup> = { ResidentName, OwnerID, DoctorID, DOB, Sector, Flat\_No }

**Closure of DoorNo:** DoorNo<sup>+</sup> =

{ Flat\_No, Sector }

**Closure of Doctor\_Id:**

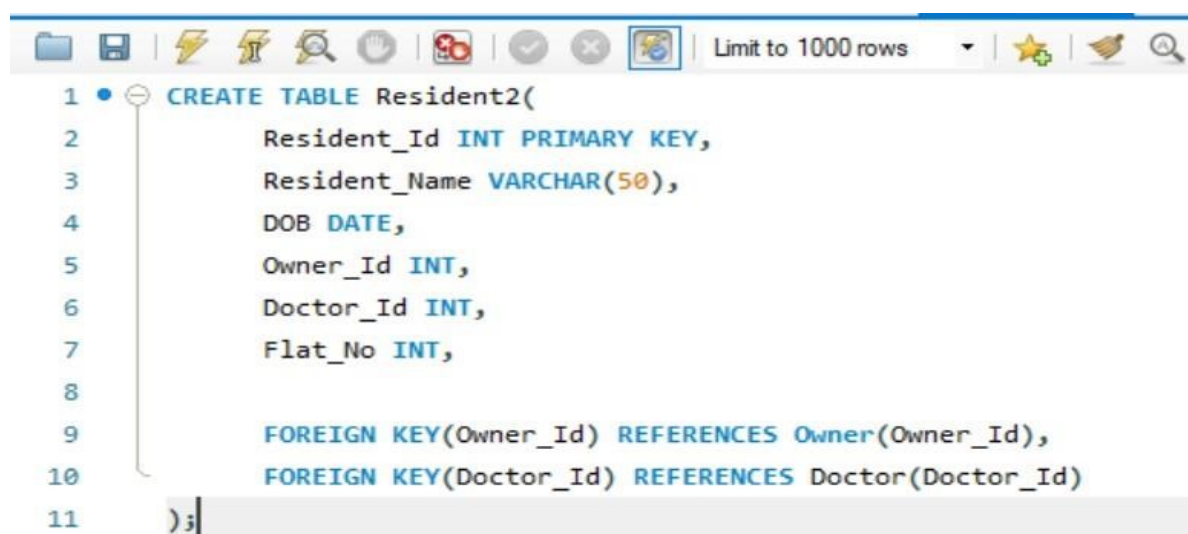


Doctor\_Id<sup>+</sup> = {Doctor\_Id, Sector}

**Candidate Keys:** ResidentID

**Primary Key:** ResidentID

The given relation is not in BCNF because the LHS of the functional dependencies Flat\_No → Sector and Doctor\_Id → Sector i.e Flat\_No and Doctor\_Id is not a super key. The given relation is not in 3NF because the transitive functional dependencies exists. In the functional dependencies (Flat\_No → Sector and Doctor\_Id → Sector) both the LHS and RHS are non - prime attributes and therefore the relation is not in 3NF. The given relation is in 2NF because there are no partial dependencies, i.e., the proper subset of any candidate key doesn't determine a non prime attribute. To convert the given relation to a higher normal form, we decompose it into the following relations Resident2, Area , Doctor\_Allotment.



```
1 CREATE TABLE Resident2(  
2     Resident_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
3     Resident_Name VARCHAR(50),  
4     DOB DATE,  
5     Owner_Id INT,  
6     Doctor_Id INT,  
7     Flat_No INT,  
8  
9     FOREIGN KEY(Owner_Id) REFERENCES Owner(Owner_Id),  
10    FOREIGN KEY(Doctor_Id) REFERENCES Doctor(Doctor_Id)  
11 );
```

```

1 • INSERT INTO Resident2 VALUES (801, 'Aditya Verma', '1972-02-15',801,102, 202),
2                                     (802, "Rohan Sharma", '1992-11-12', 802,104, 402),
3                                     (803, 'Sai Viswanadh' , '1975-07-25',803, 103, 303),
4                                     (804, 'Adrika Dev', '1969-02-19',804, 102, 201),
5                                     (805, 'Rohit Singh', '1982-12-14',805, 101, 101),
6                                     (806, 'Tripti Patel', '1987-09-26', 806, 101, 103),
7                                     (807, 'Kavya Sinha', '1972-03-03',807, 104, 403),
8                                     (808, 'Raj Singhania', '1989-10-28',808, 102, 203),
9                                     (809, 'Varun Malhotra', '1965-08-09',809, 103, 302),
10                                    (810, 'Vaibhav Malik', '1986-06-19',810, 103, 301),
11                                    (811, 'Mohammed Maaz', '1976-07-05',811, 101, 102),
12                                    (812, 'Sophia Charles', '1982-12-17',812, 104, 401),
13                                    (813, 'Diya Verma', '1973-09-05',801, 102, 202),
14                                    (814, 'Sanket Verma', '2002-04-30', 801,102, 202),
15                                    (815, 'Rahul Sharma', '1973-12-13',802, 104, 402),
16                                    (816, 'Abhay Dev', '1969-09-18',804 ,102, 201),
17                                    (817, 'Anchal Singh', '1981-05-30',805, 101, 101),
18                                    (818, 'Raunak Singh', '2005-10-24',805, 101, 101),
19                                    (819, 'Saina Malhotra', '1967-12-23',808, 102, 302),
20                                    (820, 'Mohammad Razia', '1978-04-19',810, 103, 102),
21
22                                    (821, 'Steve Charles', '1982-01-17',812,104, 401),
23                                    (822, 'Shrey Sinha', '1971-08-11',807, 104, 403);

```

|  | Resident_Id | Resident_Name  | DOB        | Owner_Id | Doctor_Id | Flat_No |
|--|-------------|----------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------|
|  | 801         | Aditya Verma   | 1972-02-15 | 801      | 102       | 202     |
|  | 802         | Rohan Sharma   | 1992-11-12 | 802      | 104       | 402     |
|  | 803         | Sai Viswanadh  | 1975-07-25 | 803      | 103       | 303     |
|  | 804         | Adrika Dev     | 1969-02-19 | 804      | 102       | 201     |
|  | 805         | Rohit Singh    | 1982-12-14 | 805      | 101       | 101     |
|  | 806         | Tripti Patel   | 1987-09-26 | 806      | 101       | 103     |
|  | 807         | Kavya Sinha    | 1972-03-03 | 807      | 104       | 403     |
|  | 808         | Raj Singhania  | 1989-10-28 | 808      | 102       | 203     |
|  | 809         | Varun Malhotra | 1965-08-09 | 809      | 103       | 302     |
|  | 810         | Vaibhav Malik  | 1986-06-19 | 810      | 103       | 301     |
|  | 811         | Mohammed Maaz  | 1976-07-05 | 811      | 101       | 102     |
|  | 812         | Sophia Charles | 1982-12-17 | 812      | 104       | 401     |
|  | 813         | Diya Verma     | 1973-09-05 | 801      | 102       | 202     |
|  | 814         | Sanket Verma   | 2002-04-30 | 801      | 102       | 202     |
|  | 815         | Rahul Sharma   | 1973-12-13 | 802      | 104       | 402     |

|   |      |                |            |      |      |      |
|---|------|----------------|------------|------|------|------|
|   | 816  | Abhay Dev      | 1969-09-18 | 804  | 102  | 201  |
|   | 817  | Anchal Singh   | 1981-05-30 | 805  | 101  | 101  |
|   | 818  | Raunak Singh   | 2005-10-24 | 805  | 101  | 101  |
|   | 819  | Saina Malhotra | 1967-12-23 | 808  | 102  | 302  |
|   | 820  | Mohammad Razia | 1978-04-19 | 810  | 103  | 102  |
| ▶ | 821  | Steve Charles  | 1982-01-17 | 812  | 104  | 401  |
|   | 822  | Shrey Sinha    | 1971-08-11 | 807  | 104  | 403  |
| • | NULL | NULL           | NULL       | NULL | NULL | NULL |

### Functional Dependencies:

Resident\_Id  $\rightarrow$  Resident\_Id, Resident\_Name, Owner\_Id, Doctor\_Id, DOB, Flat\_No

### Closure of ResidentID:

ResidentID<sup>+</sup> = {Resident\_Id, Resident\_Name, Owner\_Id, Doctor\_Id, DOB, Flat\_No}

**Candidate Keys:** Resident\_Id

**Primary Key:** Resident\_Id

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (Resident\_Id) for the relation.

## 4)AREA

```

1 • CREATE TABLE Area(
2     Flat_No INT PRIMARY KEY,
3     Sector INT
4 );

```

```

1 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (101, 1);
2 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (102, 1);
3 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (103, 1);
4 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (201, 2);
5 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (202, 2);
6 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (203, 2);
7 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (301, 3);
8 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (302, 3);
9 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (303, 3);
10 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (401, 4);
11 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (402, 4);
12 • INSERT INTO Area VALUES (403, 4);

```

|   | Flat_No | Sector |
|---|---------|--------|
| ▶ | 101     | 1      |
|   | 102     | 1      |
|   | 103     | 1      |
|   | 201     | 2      |
|   | 202     | 2      |
|   | 203     | 2      |
|   | 301     | 3      |
|   | 302     | 3      |
|   | 303     | 3      |
|   | 401     | 4      |
|   | 402     | 4      |
|   | 403     | 4      |
| ★ | NULL    | NULL   |

### Functional Dependencies:

Flat\_No → Sector

**Closure of DoorNo:** Flat\_No<sup>+</sup> = {Flat\_No, Sector}

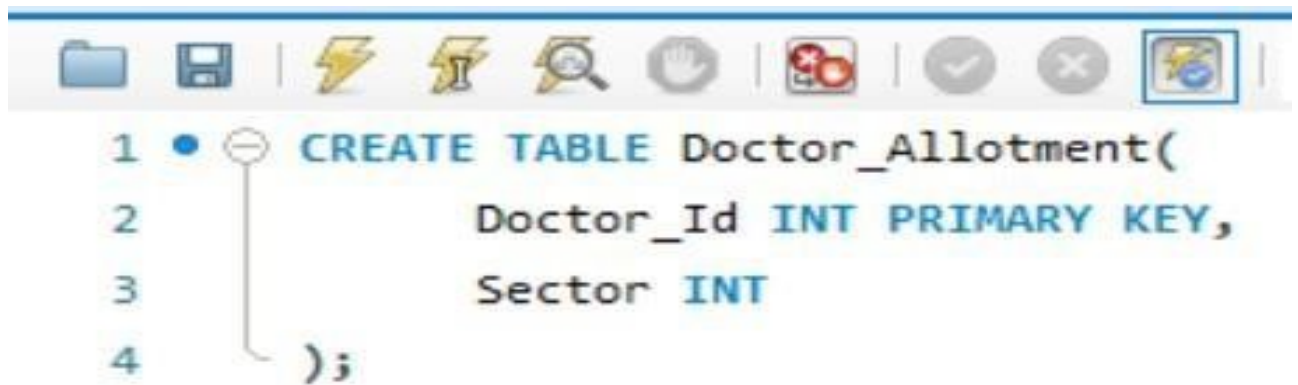
**Candidate Keys:** Flat\_No

**Primary Key:** Flat\_No

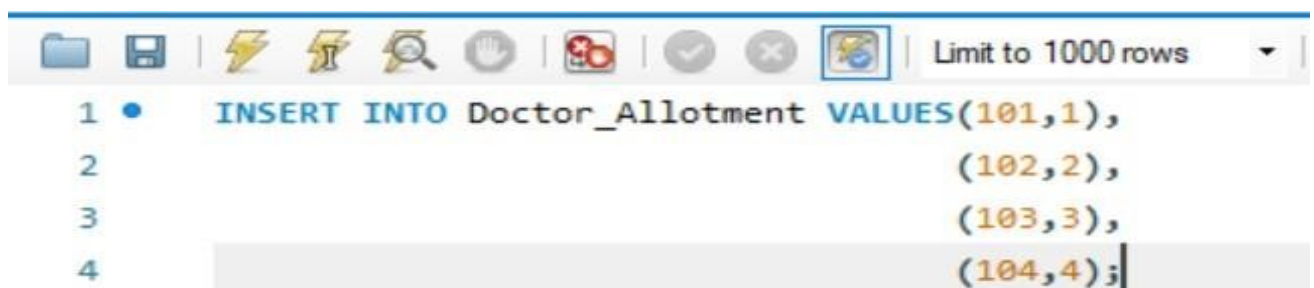
The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (Flat\_No) for the relation.



## 5)DOCTOR\_ALLOTMENT



```
1 CREATE TABLE Doctor_Allotment(  
2     Doctor_Id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
3     Sector INT  
4 );
```



```
1 INSERT INTO Doctor_Allotment VALUES(101,1),  
2                                     (102,2),  
3                                     (103,3),  
4                                     (104,4);
```

|   | Doctor_Id | Sector |
|---|-----------|--------|
| ▶ | 101       | 1      |
|   | 102       | 2      |
|   | 103       | 3      |
|   | 104       | 4      |
| ● | NULL      | NULL   |

### Functional Dependencies:

Doctor\_Id  $\rightarrow$  Sector

Sector  $\rightarrow$  Doctor\_Id

**Closure of Doctor\_Id:** Doctor\_Id<sup>+</sup> = {Doctor\_Id, Sector}

**Closure of Sector:** Sector<sup>+</sup> = {Sector, Doctor\_Id}

**Candidate Keys:** Doctor\_Id, Sector

**Primary Key:** Doctor\_Id

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (Doctor\_Id) for the relation.



To Ensure the Functional dependencies are preserved lets

$F1 = \text{Resident\_Id} \rightarrow \text{Resident\_Id}, \text{Resident\_Name}, \text{Owner\_Id}, \text{Doctor\_Id}, \text{DOB}, \text{Flat\_No}.$

$F2 = \text{Flat\_No} \rightarrow \text{Flat\_No}, \text{Sector}$

$F3 = \text{Doctor\_Id} \rightarrow \text{Doctor\_Id}, \text{Sector}$

$F1 \cap F2 \cap F3 \neq \text{NULL}$  and

$F1 \cap F2 = \text{Flat\_No}$  which is Candidate key in  $F2$

$F1 \cap F3 = \text{Doctor\_Id}$  which is candidate key in  $F3$

Therefore no functional dependencies are lost

**Hence the decomposition is lossless**

## 6)VISITOR

**Functional Dependencies:**

$\{\text{Visitor\_Id}, \text{Entry\_Time}\} \rightarrow \text{Visitor\_Id}, \text{Visitor\_Name}, \text{Entry\_Time}, \text{Exit\_Time}, \text{Visiting\_Purpose}, \text{Visiting\_Date}, \text{Visiting\_Flat\_No}$

**Candidate\_Key:**  $\{\text{VisitorID}, \text{Entry\_Time}\}$

**Primary Key:**  $\{\text{VisitorID}, \text{Entry\_Time}\}$

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (VisitorID, Entry\_time) for the relation.

## 7. RESIDENTLOG

**Functional Dependencies:**

$\{\text{Resident\_Id}, \text{Exit\_Time}\} \rightarrow \{\text{ResidentID}, \text{Exit\_Time}, \text{Entry\_Time}\}$

**Closure of {ResidentID, TimeOfDep}:**

$\{\text{ResidentID}, \text{TimeOfDep}\}^+ = \{\text{ResidentID}, \text{Exit\_Time}, \text{Entry\_Time}\}$

**Candidate Keys:**  $\{\text{ResidentID}, \text{Exit\_Time}\}$

**Primary Key:**  $\{\text{Resident\_Id}, \text{Exit\_Time}\}$

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys ( $\{\text{Resident\_Id}, \text{Exit\_Time}\}$ ) for the relation.

## 8. COVID

### Functional Dependencies:

Patient\_Id  $\rightarrow$  Patient\_Id, Patient\_Name, Recovered, Tested\_Date

**Closure of Patient\_Id:** Patient\_Id<sup>+</sup> = {Patient\_Id, Patient\_Name, Recovered, TestDate}

**Candidate Keys:** PatientID

**Primary Key:** PatientID

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys (PatientID) for the relation.

## 9. VACCINATION

### Functional Dependencies:

{Resident\_Id, Dose\_No}  $\rightarrow$  Resident\_Id, Dose\_No, Vaccine\_Name, Date\_Of\_Dose

**Closure of {Resident\_Id, Dose\_No}:** {Resident\_Id, Dose\_No}<sup>+</sup> = {Resident\_Id, Dose\_No, Vaccine\_Name, Date\_Of\_Dose}

**Candidate Keys:**

{Resident\_Id, Dose\_No}

**Primary Key:**

{Resident\_Id, Dose\_No}

The given relation is in its highest normal form i.e, BCNF, since the LHS of all the functional dependencies are superkeys ({Resident\_Id, Dose\_No}) for the relation.

## RELATIONAL SCHEMA WITH NORMALISED TABLES

