#### **CASE PROJECT: BANKING**

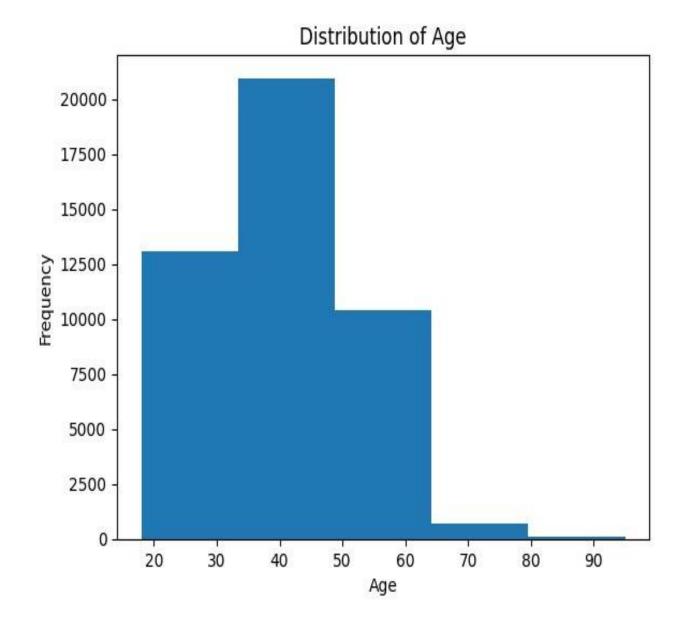
```
# importing libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Load the Dataset
df = pd.read csv('banking data.csv')
df.shape
(45216, 19)
#unique counts in each column
df.nunique()
                  77
age
job
                  12
                   3
marital
                  3
marital status
education
                  4
                  2
default
               7168
balance
                  2
housing
loan
                  2
                  3
contact
day
                  31
month
                 12
                318
day month
duration
               1573
                 48
campaign
                 559
pdays
                 41
previous
poutcome
                  4
                   2
dtype: int64
```

#### **Answers:**

### 1.- What is the distribution of age among the clients?

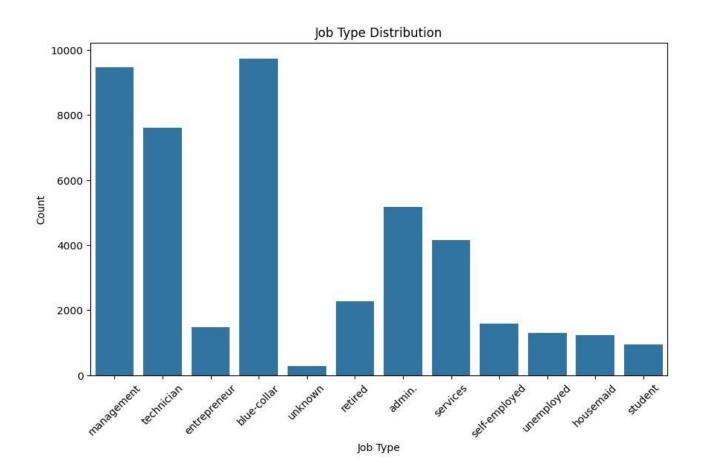
```
#plot histogram

plt.hist(df['age'], bins=5)
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Distribution of Age')
plt.show()
```



#### 2.- How does the job type vary among the clients?

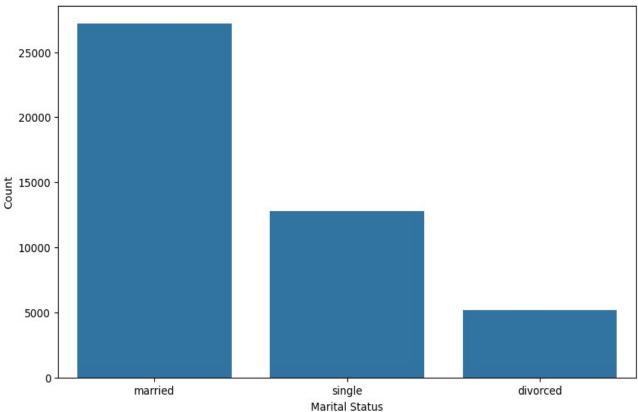
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(x='job', data=df)
plt.xlabel('Job Type')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Job Type Distribution')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11],
 [Text(0, 0, 'management'),
  Text(1, 0, 'technician'),
  Text(2, 0, 'entrepreneur'),
 Text(3, 0, 'blue-collar'),
 Text(4, 0, 'unknown'),
  Text(5, 0, 'retired'),
 Text(6, 0, 'admin.'),
  Text(7, 0, 'services'),
  Text(8, 0, 'self-employed'),
 Text(9, 0, 'unemployed'),
Text(10, 0, 'housemaid'),
  Text(11, 0, 'student')])
```



#### 3.- What is the marital status distribution of the clients?

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.countplot(x='marital', data=df)
plt.xlabel('Marital Status')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Marital Status Distribution')
plt.show()
```

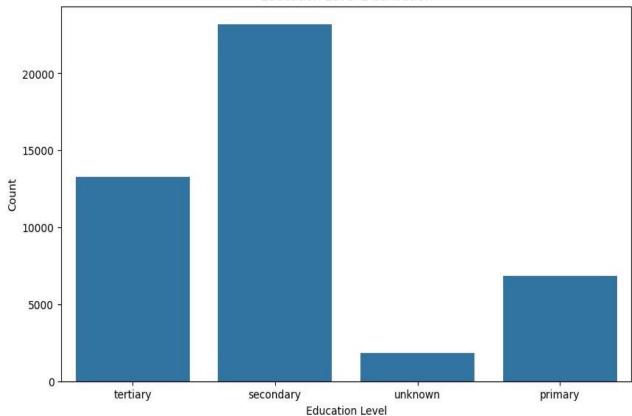
#### Marital Status Distribution



### 4.- What is the level of education among the clients?

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(x='education', data=df)
plt.xlabel('Education Level')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Education Level Distribution')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Education Level Distribution')
```

#### **Education Level Distribution**



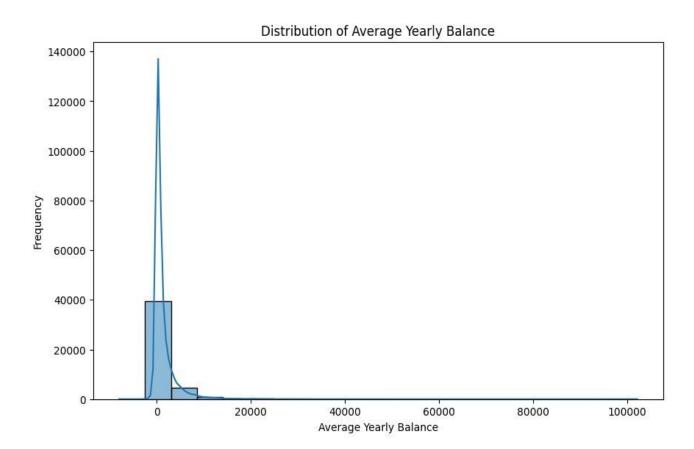
#### 5. What proportion of clients have credit in default?

```
#proportion of clients have credit
default_proportion = df['default'].value_counts(normalize=True)
print(default_proportion)

default
no     0.981975
yes     0.018025
Name: proportion, dtype: float64
```

### 6. What is the distribution of average yearly balance among the clients?

```
#distribution of average yearly balance
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['balance'], bins=20, kde=True)
plt.xlabel('Average Yearly Balance')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Distribution of Average Yearly Balance')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Distribution of Average Yearly Balance')
```



7. How many clients have housing loans?

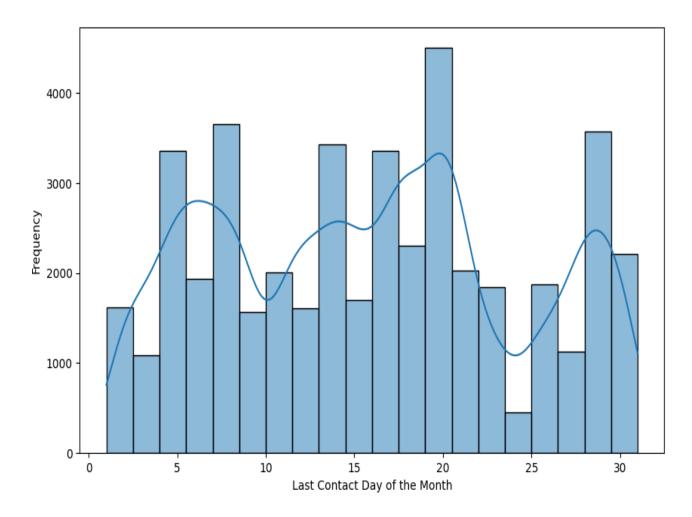
8. How many clients have personal loans?

**9.** What are the communication types used for contacting clients during the campaign?

```
communication_types=df['contact'].unique()
print(communication_types)
['unknown' 'cellular' 'telephone']
```

### 10. What is the distribution of the last contact day of the month?

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['day'], bins=20, kde=True)
plt.xlabel('Last Contact Day of the Month')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')
```

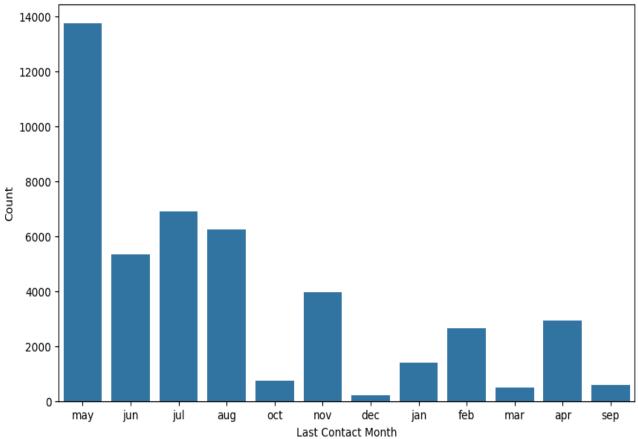


# 11. How does the last contact month vary among the clients?

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

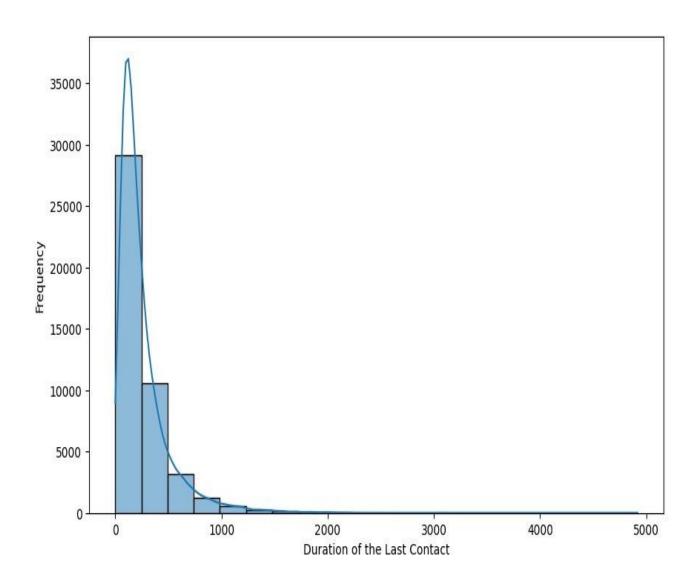
```
sns.countplot(x='month', data=df)
plt.xlabel('Last Contact Month')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Last Contact Month Distribution')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Last Contact Month Distribution')
```

#### Last Contact Month Distribution



### 12. What is the distribution of the duration of the last contact?

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['duration'], bins=20, kde=True)
plt.xlabel('Duration of the Last Contact')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')
```



## 13. How many contacts were performed during the campaign for each client?

```
#How many contacts were performed during the campaign
contact counts=df['campaign'].value counts()
print(contact counts)
campaign
      17548
2
      12506
3
       5521
4
        3522
5
       1764
6
       1291
7
        735
8
         540
9
         327
10
         266
11
         201
12
         155
13
         133
14
          93
15
          84
16
          79
17
          69
18
          51
19
          44
20
          43
21
          35
22
          23
25
          22
23
          22
24
          20
29
          16
28
          16
26
          13
31
          12
27
          10
           9
32
30
           8
33
           6
           5
34
36
           4
           4
35
           3
43
```

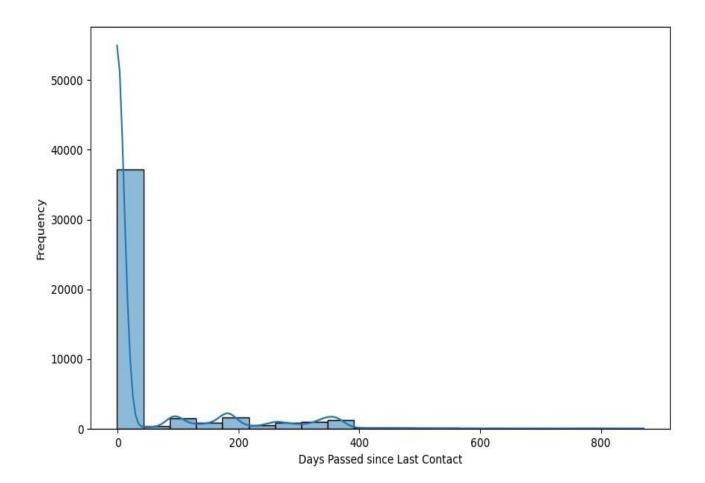
```
37
50
            2
41
46
58
            1
55
            1
63
            1
51
            1
39
44
            1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

# 14. What is the distribution of the number of days passed since the client was last contacted from a previous campaign?

```
# distribution number of days passed from a previous campaign?

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df['pdays'], bins=20, kde=True)
plt.xlabel('Days Passed since Last Contact')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')

Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')
```



# 15. How many contacts were performed before the current campaign for each client?

```
df['previous'].value counts()
previous
   36956
       2772
2
       2106
3
       1142
4
        715
5
         459
6
         278
7
        205
8
        130
9
         92
10
         67
11
         65
12
         44
13
         38
15
          20
14
          19
17
          15
16
          13
19
          11
20
```

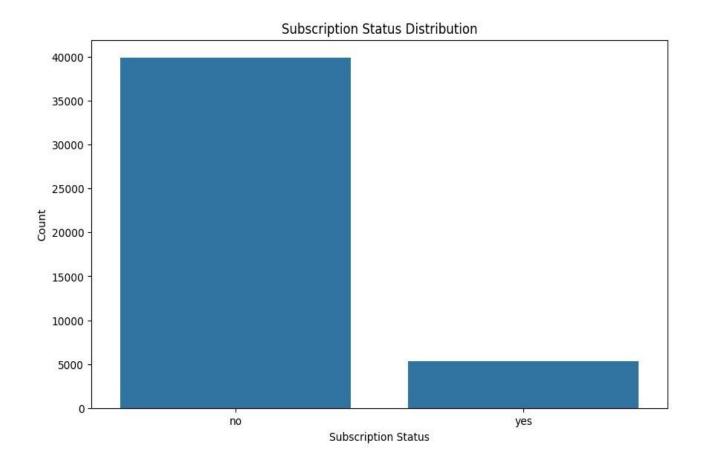
```
23
            8
            6
18
22
            5
24
27
21
29
25
30
38
37
26
28
51
275
58
32
40
55
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

### 16. What were the outcomes of the previous marketing campaigns?

```
df['poutcome'].unique()
array(['unknown', 'failure', 'other', 'success'], dtype=object)
```

### 17. What is the distribution of clients who subscribed to a term deposit vs. those who did not

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(x='y', data=df)
plt.xlabel('Subscription Status')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Subscription Status Distribution')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Subscription Status Distribution')
```



# 18. Are there any correlations between different attributes and the likelihood of subscribing to a term deposit?

```
numeric_columns = df.select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
correlation_matrix = numeric_columns.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title('Correlation Matrix')
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Correlation Matrix')
```

