A Sleep Tracking App for a Better Night's Rest

1.INTRODUCTION

Overview

Here's a simple sleeping track that you can follow to help you ease into a better night's sleep:

Set a consistent bedtime and wake-up time: Try to go to bed and wake up at the same time every day, even on weekends.

Create a relaxing pre-sleep routine: Spend the last hour or so before bed doing relaxing activities such as taking a warm bath, reading a book, or listening to calming music.

Avoid stimulating activities before bed: Avoid using electronic devices such as smartphones, tablets, or laptops in the hour before bed, as the blue light can interfere with your sleep.

Keep your bedroom cool, dark, and quiet: Make sure your bedroom is cool and comfortable, with minimal noise and light to create a relaxing sleep environment.

Avoid caffeine, alcohol, and large meals before bedtime: Try to avoid consuming caffeine or alcohol in the evening, as well as large meals, as they can interfere with your sleep.

Use relaxation techniques: Practice relaxation techniques such as deep breathing, meditation, or progressive muscle relaxation to help you unwind and calm your mind before bed.

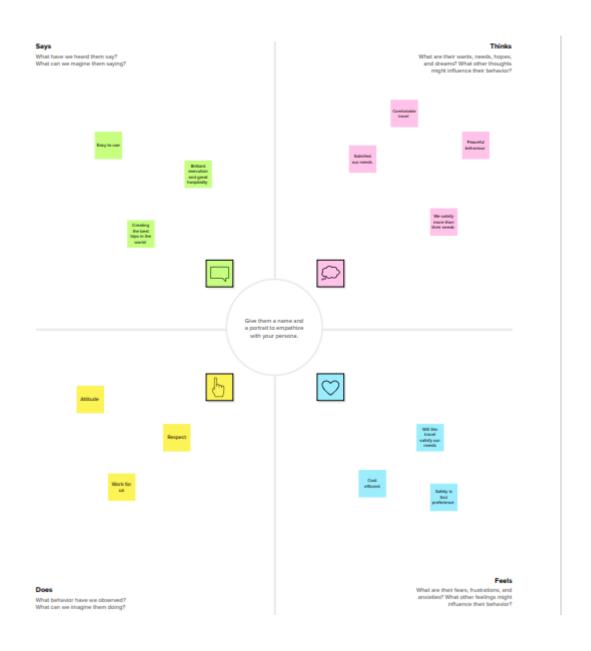
Consider using white noise or a sleep-inducing soundtrack: If you find it difficult to fall asleep, try using white noise or a sleep-inducing soundtrack to help you relax and drift off to sleep.

Purpose

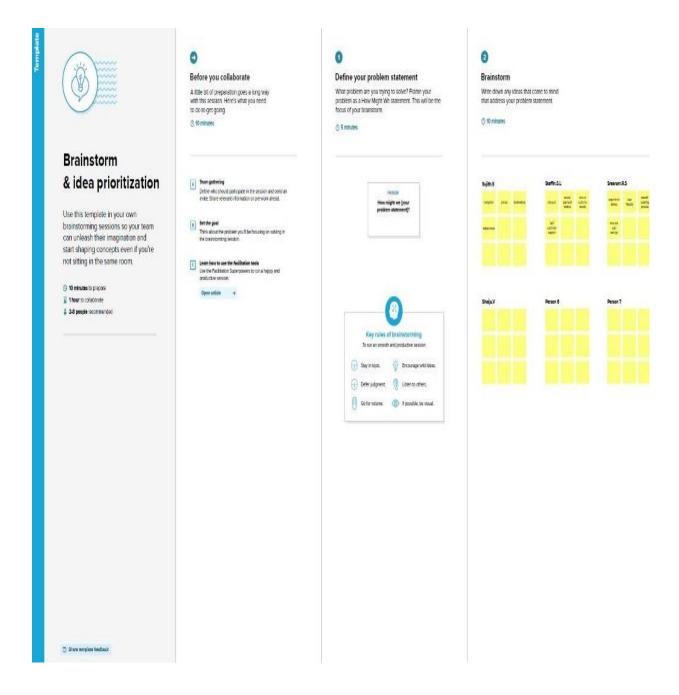
The purpose of the sleeping track I provided is to help individuals establish healthy habits and behaviors that promote better sleep. Getting a good night's sleep is essential for overall health and wellbeing, and following a consistent sleeping routine can improve sleep quality, increase daytime alertness, and enhance mental and physical performance. By incorporating these tips into your daily routine, you can create a sleep-conducive environment and improve the quantity and quality of your sleep, leading to a happier, healthier, and more productive life.

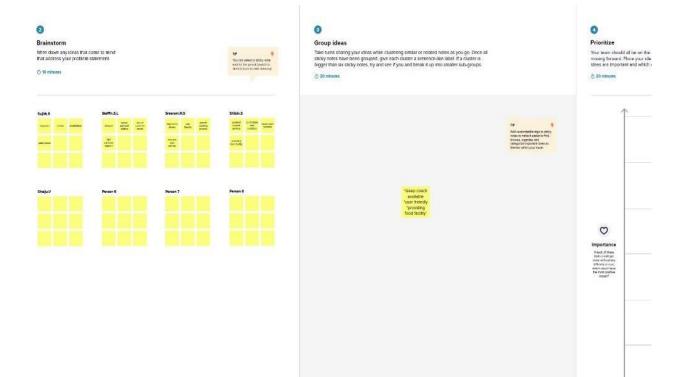
2. Problem Definition & Design Thinking

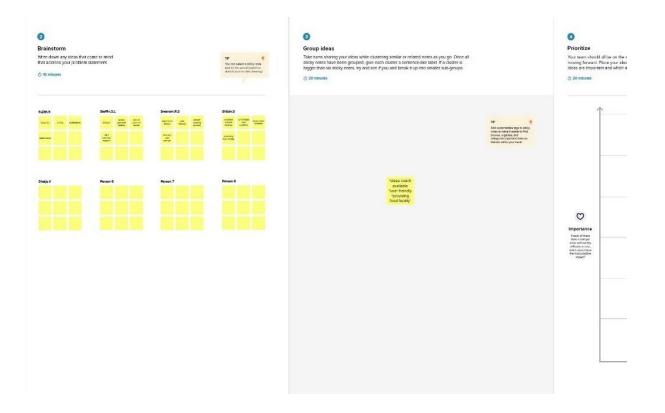
2.1 Empathy Map



2.2 Ideation and Brainstorming Map

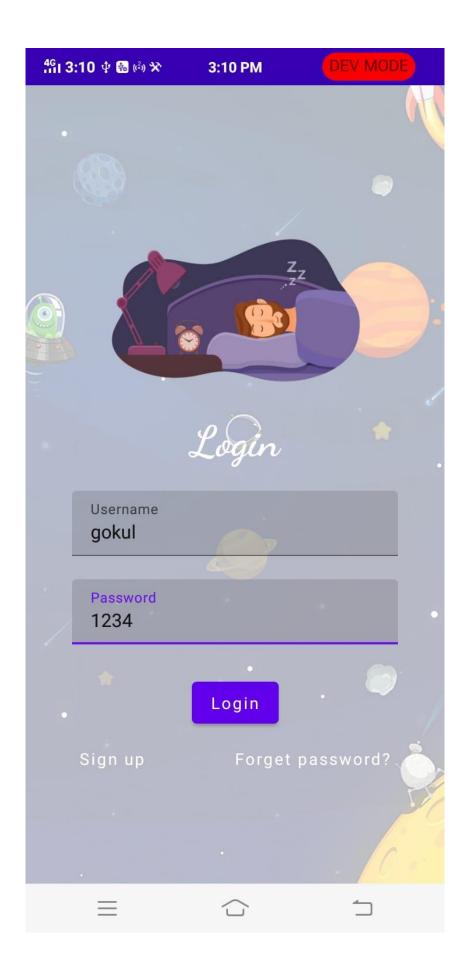


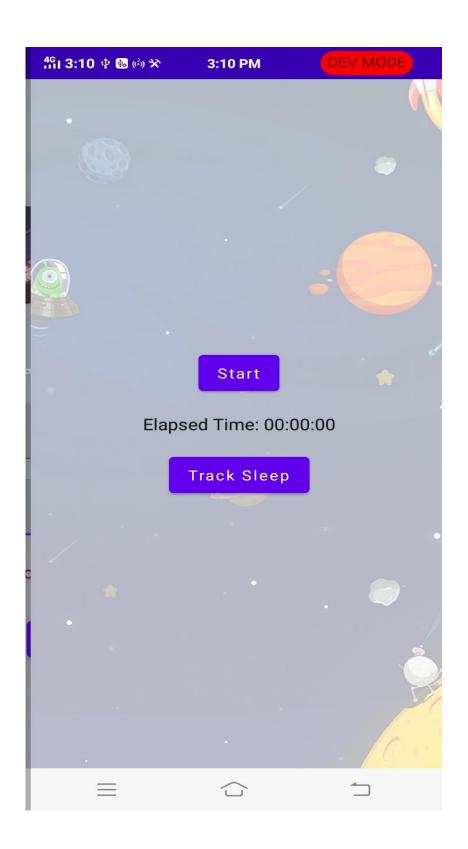




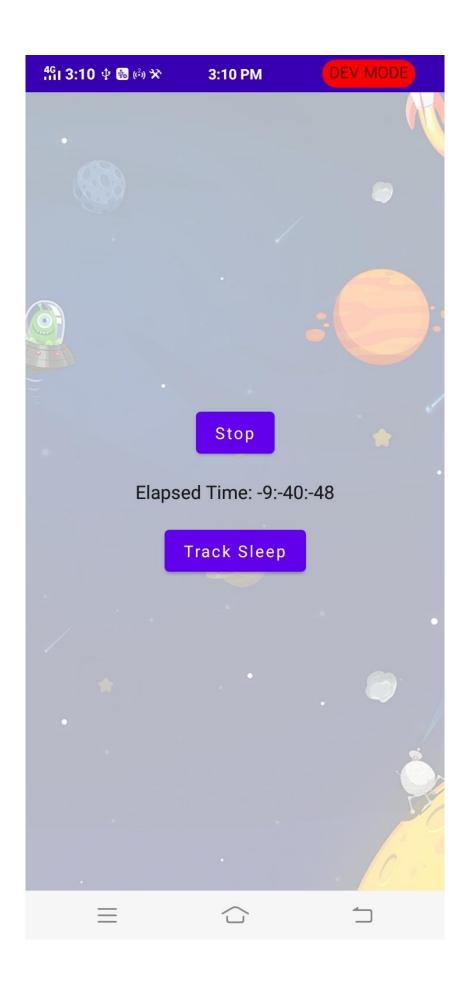
RESULT

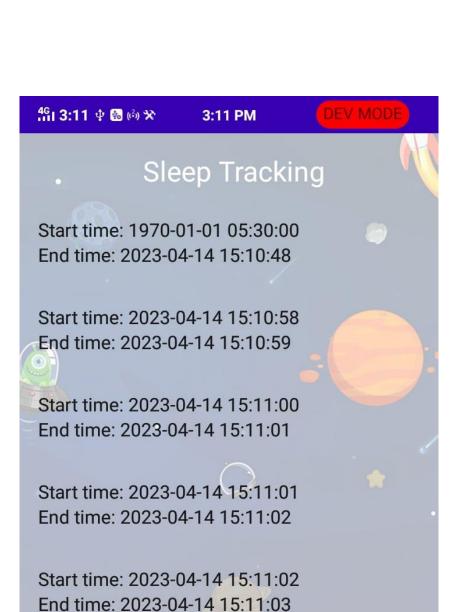












ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

Advantages

- Advantages of technology: Technology has made our lives easier and more convenient by providing us with faster and more efficient ways of doing things. It has improved communication, transportation, healthcare, and many other areas of life.
- Advantages of education: Education is essential for personal growth and development. It provides individuals with knowledge and skills that are necessary for success in life. Education also opens up opportunities for better jobs and higher salaries.
- Advantages of teamwork: Working in teams can be beneficial for achieving common goals. It allows individuals to share ideas, skills, and resources, and can lead to more creative solutions. Teamwork also promotes better communication and collaboration.
- Advantages of diversity: Diversity in a workplace or community can lead to a range of benefits, including increased creativity, improved problem-solving, and better decision-making. It can also promote a more inclusive and tolerant society.
- Advantages of exercise: Regular exercise has numerous benefits, including improved physical health, mental

health, and overall well-being. It can reduce the risk of chronic diseases such as diabetes, heart disease, and obesity, and can also improve mood and cognitive function.

Disadvantages

- Disadvantages of technology: Technology can be addictive and can lead to a sedentary lifestyle. It can also be expensive and may contribute to social isolation. Additionally, technology can create security and privacy concerns.
- Disadvantages of education: Education can be expensive and not accessible to everyone. It can also be stressful and may lead to academic pressure and anxiety. Additionally, education can sometimes create a sense of elitism and social inequality.
- Disadvantages of teamwork: Working in teams can sometimes lead to conflict and disagreements. It can also be difficult to manage team dynamics and ensure equal participation. Additionally, team members may have different priorities and goals.
- Disadvantages of diversity: Diversity can sometimes lead to misunderstandings and cultural clashes. It can also create challenges in communication and decision-making.

Additionally, diversity may sometimes lead to discrimination and prejudice.

• Disadvantages of exercise: Exercise can sometimes lead to injuries or health issues if done improperly. It can also be time-consuming and difficult to maintain a regular routine. Additionally, exercise may not be accessible to everyone due to physical limitations or financial constraints.

APPLICATIONS

- Customized Travel Planning: With a personalized travel planning app, users can create custom travel itineraries that cater to their preferences and interests. Users can input details about their budget, preferred activities, and travel dates, and the app will provide recommendations for accommodations, attractions, restaurants, and other activities that suit their interests.
- Real-time Tracking: Travelers can use the app to track their itinerary, monitor flight or train schedules, and receive real-time updates about changes or delays. This can help them stay on schedule and make necessary adjustments on the go.
- Location-based Recommendations: The app can use location data to provide personalized recommendations for nearby

attractions, restaurants, and events. This feature can help travellers discover new places and experiences they may not have otherwise known about.

• Social Sharing: Users can share their travel plans, experiences, and recommendations with friends and family through social media or within the app. This can help build a community of travellers and provide useful insights and tips for others planning similar trips.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, a Personalized Travel Planning and Tracking App developed in android studio can offer a wide range of benefits for both travellers and tourism industry professionals. With features such as customized travel planning, real-time tracking, location-based recommendations, social sharing, and analytics, the app can help users create personalized itineraries that cater to their interests and preferences, while also providing valuable insights for tourism industry professionals. As more people turn to technology for travel planning and organization, the development of such apps is likely to become increasingly important in the tourism industry.

FUTURE SCOPE

- Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning: Integrating AI
 and machine learning capabilities into the app could allow it
 to learn from user behaviour and provide even more
 personalized recommendations and travel plans.
- Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality: Incorporating VR and AR technologies into the app could allow users to experience destinations and attractions virtually before they arrive, helping them make more informed travel decisions.
- Blockchain Technology: Implementing blockchain technology could help enhance the security and privacy of user data and transactions, which is especially important in the travel industry.
- Smart City Integration: Integrating with smart city technologies could allow the app to provide even more detailed and accurate recommendations based on real-time data about traffic, weather, and other factors.
- Sustainability and Responsible Tourism: As more travellers become conscious of the impact of their travel on the environment and local communities, the app could integrate features that promote sustainable and responsible tourism practices, such as eco-friendly accommodations and tours.

Overall, the future scope of a Personalized Travel Planning and Tracking App developed in android studio is vast, and there are many opportunities to continue enhancing and improving the app to meet the evolving needs of travellers and the tourism industry.

Appendix

A. Source code

AndroidManifest.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
          <manifest
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
         xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools">
         <application
         android:allowBackup="true"
    android:dataExtractionRules="@xml/data extraction rules"
         android:fullBackupContent="@xml/backup rules"
         android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
         android:label="@string/app name"
         android:supportsRtl="true"
         android:theme="@style/Theme.ProjectOne"
         tools:targetApi="31">
         <activity
         android:name=".TrackActivity"
         android:exported="false"
         android:label="@string/title activity track"
```

```
android:theme="@style/Theme.ProjectOne" />
         <activity
         android:name=".MainActivity"
         android:exported="false"
         android:label="@string/app name"
         android:theme="@style/Theme.ProjectOne" />
         <activity
         android:name=".MainActivity2"
         android:exported="false"
         android:label="RegisterActivity"
         android:theme="@style/Theme.ProjectOne" />
         <activity
         android:name=".LoginActivity"
         android:exported="true"
         android:label="@string/app name"
         android:theme="@style/Theme.ProjectOne">
         <intent-filter>
         <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN"
/>
         <category
android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
         </intent-filter>
```

```
</activity>
</application>
```

</manifest>

AppDatabase.kt

package com.example.projectone

import android.content.Context
import androidx.room.Database
import androidx.room.Room
import androidx.room.RoomDatabase

```
@Database(entities = [TimeLog::class], version = 1,
exportSchema = false)
abstract class AppDatabase : RoomDatabase() {
```

abstract fun timeLogDao(): TimeLogDao

```
companion object {
private var INSTANCE: AppDatabase? = null
fun getDatabase(context: Context): AppDatabase {
val tempInstance = INSTANCE
if (tempInstance != null) {
return tempInstance
}
synchronized(this) {
val instance = Room.databaseBuilder(
context.applicationContext,
AppDatabase::class.java,
"app_database"
).build()
INSTANCE = instance
return instance
```

LoginActivity.kt

package com.example.projectone

import android.content.Context import android.content.Intent import android.os.Bundle import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity import androidx.activity.compose.setContent import androidx.compose.foundation.Image import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.* import androidx.compose.material.* import androidx.compose.runtime.* import androidx.compose.ui.Alignment import androidx.compose.ui.Modifier import androidx.compose.ui.draw.alpha import androidx.compose.ui.graphics.Color import androidx.compose.ui.layout.ContentScale import androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource import androidx.compose.ui.text.font.FontFamily import androidx.compose.ui.text.font.FontWeight import androidx.compose.ui.unit.dp import androidx.compose.ui.unit.sp

```
import androidx.core.content.ContextCompat
import
com.example.projectone.ui.theme.ProjectOneTheme
```

```
class LoginActivity : ComponentActivity() {
          private lateinit var databaseHelper:
UserDatabaseHelper
          override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
          databaseHelper = UserDatabaseHelper(this)
          setContent {
          ProjectOneTheme {
          // A surface container using the 'background' color from
the theme
          Surface(
          modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
          color = MaterialTheme.colors.background
          ) {
          LoginScreen(this, databaseHelper)
          }
```

```
}
          @Composable
          fun LoginScreen(context: Context, databaseHelper:
UserDatabaseHelper) {
          var username by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          var password by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          var error by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          val imageModifier = Modifier
          Image(
          painterResource(id = R.drawable.sleeptracking),
          contentScale = ContentScale.FillHeight,
          contentDescription = "",
          modifier = imageModifier
          .alpha(0.3F),
          Column(
          modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
          horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHorizontally,
          verticalArrangement = Arrangement.Center
          ) {
```

Image(

```
painter = painterResource(id = R.drawable.sleep),
contentDescription = "",
modifier = imageModifier
.width(260.dp)
.height(200.dp)
Text(
fontSize = 36.sp,
fontWeight = FontWeight.ExtraBold,
fontFamily = FontFamily.Cursive,
color = Color. White,
text = "Login"
)
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(10.dp))
TextField(
value = username,
onValueChange = { username = it },
label = { Text("Username") },
modifier = Modifier.padding(10.dp)
.width(280.dp)
```

```
TextField(
value = password,
onValueChange = { password = it },
label = { Text("Password") },
modifier = Modifier.padding(10.dp)
.width(280.dp)
)
if (error.isNotEmpty()) {
Text(
text = error,
color = MaterialTheme.colors.error,
modifier = Modifier.padding(vertical = 16.dp)
Button(
onClick = {
```

```
if (username.isNotEmpty() &&
password.isNotEmpty()) {
          val user =
databaseHelper.getUserByUsername(username)
          if (user != null && user.password == password) {
          error = "Successfully log in"
          context.startActivity(
          Intent(
          context,
          MainActivity::class.java
          //onLoginSuccess()
          } else {
          error = "Invalid username or password"
          }
          } else {
          error = "Please fill all fields"
          }
          modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 16.dp)
          ) {
```

```
Text(text = "Login")
}
Row {
TextButton(onClick = {context.startActivity(
Intent(
context,
MainActivity2::class.java
)}
{ Text(color = Color.White,text = "Sign up") }
TextButton(onClick = {
/*startActivity(
Intent(
applicationContext,
MainActivity2::class.java
)
)*/
})
{
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(60.dp))
Text(color = Color.White,text = "Forget password?")
```

MainActivity.kt

package com.example.projectone

import android.content.Intent
import android.icu.text.SimpleDateFormat
import android.os.Bundle
import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity
import androidx.activity.compose.setContent
import androidx.compose.foundation.Image
import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.*
import androidx.compose.material.Button
import androidx.compose.material.MaterialTheme
import androidx.compose.material.Surface

import androidx.compose.material.Text
import androidx.compose.runtime.*
import androidx.compose.ui.Alignment
import androidx.compose.ui.Modifier
import androidx.compose.ui.draw.alpha
import androidx.compose.ui.layout.ContentScale
import androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource
import androidx.compose.ui.unit.dp
import androidx.core.content.ContextCompat
import
com.example.projectone.ui.theme.ProjectOneTheme
import java.util.*

class MainActivity : ComponentActivity() {

private lateinit var databaseHelper: TimeLogDatabaseHelper

override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
 super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
 databaseHelper = TimeLogDatabaseHelper(this)

```
databaseHelper.deleteAllData()
          setContent {
          ProjectOneTheme {
          // A surface container using the 'background' color from
the theme
          Surface(
          modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
          color = MaterialTheme.colors.background
          ) {
          MyScreen(this,databaseHelper)
          }
          @Composable
          fun MyScreen(context: Context, databaseHelper:
TimeLogDatabaseHelper) {
          var startTime by remember { mutableStateOf(0L) }
          var elapsedTime by remember { mutableStateOf(0L) }
          var isRunning by remember { mutableStateOf(false) }
          val imageModifier = Modifier
          Image(
          painterResource(id = R.drawable.sleeptracking),
```

```
contentScale = ContentScale.FillHeight,
contentDescription = "",
modifier = imageModifier
.alpha(0.3F),
)
Column(
modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHorizontally,
verticalArrangement = Arrangement.Center
) {
if (!isRunning) {
Button(onClick = {
startTime = System.currentTimeMillis()
isRunning = true
}) {
Text("Start")
//databaseHelper.addTimeLog(startTime)
}
} else {
Button(onClick = {
elapsedTime = System.currentTimeMillis()
isRunning = false
```

```
}) {
          Text("Stop")
          databaseHelper.addTimeLog(elapsedTime,startTime)
          }
          Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(16.dp))
          Text(text = "Elapsed Time: ${formatTime(elapsedTime)}
- startTime)}")
          Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(16.dp))
          Button(onClick = { context.startActivity(
          Intent(
          context,
          TrackActivity::class.java
          )
          ) }) {
          Text(text = "Track Sleep")
          }
```

}

```
private fun startTrackActivity(context: Context) {
          val intent = Intent(context, TrackActivity::class.java)
          ContextCompat.startActivity(context, intent, null)
          }
          fun getCurrentDateTime(): String {
          val dateFormat = SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd
HH:mm:ss", Locale.getDefault())
          val currentTime = System.currentTimeMillis()
          return dateFormat.format(Date(currentTime))
          }
          fun formatTime(timeInMillis: Long): String {
          val hours = (timeInMillis / (1000 * 60 * 60)) % 24
          val minutes = (timeInMillis / (1000 * 60)) \% 60
          val seconds = (timeInMillis / 1000) % 60
          return String.format("%02d:%02d:%02d", hours,
minutes, seconds)
          }
```

}

RegisterActivity.kt

package com.example.projectone

import android.content.Context import android.content.Intent import android.os.Bundle import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity import androidx.activity.compose.setContent import androidx.compose.foundation.Image import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.* import androidx.compose.material.* import androidx.compose.runtime.* import androidx.compose.ui.Alignment import androidx.compose.ui.Modifier import androidx.compose.ui.draw.alpha import androidx.compose.ui.graphics.Color import androidx.compose.ui.layout.ContentScale import androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource

```
import androidx.compose.ui.text.font.FontWeight import androidx.compose.ui.unit.dp import androidx.compose.ui.unit.sp import androidx.compose.ui.unit.sp import androidx.core.content.ContextCompat import com.example.projectone.ui.theme.ProjectOneTheme
```

```
RegistrationScreen(this,databaseHelper)
          @Composable
          fun RegistrationScreen(context: Context,
databaseHelper: UserDatabaseHelper) {
          var username by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          var password by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          var email by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          var error by remember { mutableStateOf("") }
          val imageModifier = Modifier
          Image(
          painterResource(id = R.drawable.sleeptracking),
```

```
contentScale = ContentScale.FillHeight,
contentDescription = "",
modifier = imageModifier
.alpha(0.3F),
Column(
modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHorizontally,
verticalArrangement = Arrangement.Center
) {
Image(
painter = painterResource(id = R.drawable.sleep),
contentDescription = "",
modifier = imageModifier
.width(260.dp)
.height(200.dp)
Text(
fontSize = 36.sp,
fontWeight = FontWeight.ExtraBold,
```

```
fontFamily = FontFamily.Cursive,
color = Color. White,
text = "Register"
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(10.dp))
TextField(
value = username,
onValueChange = { username = it },
label = { Text("Username") },
modifier = Modifier
.padding(10.dp)
.width(280.dp)
)
TextField(
value = email,
onValueChange = { email = it },
label = { Text("Email") },
modifier = Modifier
```

```
.padding(10.dp)
.width(280.dp)
)
TextField(
value = password,
onValueChange = { password = it },
label = { Text("Password") },
modifier = Modifier
.padding(10.dp)
.width(280.dp)
)
if (error.isNotEmpty()) {
Text(
text = error,
color = MaterialTheme.colors.error,
modifier = Modifier.padding(vertical = 16.dp)
)
```

```
Button(
          onClick = {
          if (username.isNotEmpty() &&
password.isNotEmpty() && email.isNotEmpty()) {
          val user = User(
          id = null,
          firstName = username,
          lastName = null,
          email = email,
          password = password
          databaseHelper.insertUser(user)
          error = "User registered successfully"
          // Start LoginActivity using the current context
          context.startActivity(
          Intent(
          context,
          LoginActivity::class.java
```

```
} else {
          error = "Please fill all fields"
          }
          },
          modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 16.dp)
          ) {
          Text(text = "Register")
          Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(10.dp))
          Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(10.dp))
          Row() {
          Text(
          modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 14.dp), text =
"Have an account?"
          )
          TextButton(onClick = {
          })
          {
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(10.dp))
Text(text = "Log in")
}

private fun startLoginActivity(context: Context) {
  val intent = Intent(context, LoginActivity::class.java)
  ContextCompat.startActivity(context, intent, null)
}
```

TimeDatabaseHelper.kt

package com.example.projectone

import android.annotation.SuppressLint
import android.content.ContentValues
import android.content.Context
import android.database.Cursor
import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase

import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteOpenHelper import java.util.*

```
class TimeLogDatabaseHelper(context: Context):
SQLiteOpenHelper(context, DATABASE NAME, null,
DATABASE VERSION) {
         companion object {
         private const val DATABASE NAME = "timelog.db"
         private const val DATABASE VERSION = 1
         const val TABLE NAME = "time logs"
         private const val COLUMN ID = "id"
         const val COLUMN START TIME = "start time"
         const val COLUMN END TIME = "end time"
         // Database creation SQL statement
         private const val DATABASE CREATE =
         "create table $TABLE NAME ($COLUMN_ID
integer primary key autoincrement, "+
         "$COLUMN START TIME integer not null,
$COLUMN END TIME integer);"
         }
```

```
override fun onCreate(db: SQLiteDatabase?) {
         db?.execSQL(DATABASE CREATE)
         }
         override fun on Upgrade (db: SQLiteDatabase?,
oldVersion: Int, newVersion: Int) {
         db?.execSQL("DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
$TABLE NAME")
         onCreate(db)
         }
         // function to add a new time log to the database
         fun addTimeLog(startTime: Long, endTime: Long) {
         val values = ContentValues()
         values.put(COLUMN START TIME, startTime)
         values.put(COLUMN END TIME, endTime)
         writableDatabase.insert(TABLE NAME, null, values)
         }
         // function to get all time logs from the database
         @SuppressLint("Range")
```

```
fun getTimeLogs(): List<TimeLog> {
         val timeLogs = mutableListOf<TimeLog>()
         val cursor = readableDatabase.rawQuery("select * from
$TABLE NAME", null)
         cursor.moveToFirst()
         while (!cursor.isAfterLast) {
         val id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN ID))
         val startTime =
cursor.getLong(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN START TIM
E))
         val endTime =
cursor.getLong(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN END TIME)
         timeLogs.add(TimeLog(id, startTime, endTime))
         cursor.moveToNext()
         }
         cursor.close()
         return timeLogs
         }
         fun deleteAllData() {
         writableDatabase.execSQL("DELETE FROM
$TABLE NAME")
         }
```

```
fun getAllData(): Cursor? {
          val db = this.writableDatabase
          return db.rawQuery("select * from $TABLE_NAME",
null)
          }
          data class TimeLog(val id: Int, val startTime: Long, val
endTime: Long?) {
          fun getFormattedStartTime(): String {
          return Date(startTime).toString()
          }
          fun getFormattedEndTime(): String {
          return endTime?.let { Date(it).toString() } ?: "not
ended"
TimeLog.kt
          package com.example.projectone
```

import androidx.room.Entity import androidx.room.PrimaryKey import java.sql.Date

```
@Entity(tableName = "TimeLog")
data class TimeLog(
@PrimaryKey(autoGenerate = true)
val id: Int = 0,
val startTime: Date,
val stopTime: Date
)
```

Time Log Dao.kt

package com.example.projectone

import androidx.room.Dao import androidx.room.Insert

```
@Dao
interface TimeLogDao {
  @Insert
  suspend fun insert(timeLog: TimeLog)
}
TrackActivity.kt
```

package com.example.projectone

import android.icu.text.SimpleDateFormat
import android.os.Bundle
import android.util.Log
import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity
import androidx.activity.compose.setContent
import androidx.compose.foundation.Image
import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.*
import androidx.compose.foundation.lazy.LazyColumn
import androidx.compose.foundation.lazy.LazyRow
import androidx.compose.foundation.lazy.items
import androidx.compose.material.MaterialTheme

import androidx.compose.material.Surface
import androidx.compose.material.Text
import androidx.compose.runtime.Composable
import androidx.compose.ui.Modifier
import androidx.compose.ui.draw.alpha
import androidx.compose.ui.graphics.Color
import androidx.compose.ui.layout.ContentScale
import androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource
import androidx.compose.ui.unit.dp
import androidx.compose.ui.unit.sp
import
com.example.projectone.ui.theme.ProjectOneTheme
import java.util.*

class TrackActivity : ComponentActivity() {

private lateinit var databaseHelper: TimeLogDatabaseHelper

override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)

```
databaseHelper = TimeLogDatabaseHelper(this)
          setContent {
          ProjectOneTheme {
          // A surface container using the 'background' color from
the theme
          Surface(
          modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
          color = MaterialTheme.colors.background
          ) {
          //ListListScopeSample(timeLogs)
          val data=databaseHelper.getTimeLogs();
          Log.d("Sandeep" ,data.toString())
          val timeLogs = databaseHelper.getTimeLogs()
          ListListScopeSample(timeLogs)
```

```
@Composable
          fun ListListScopeSample(timeLogs:
List<TimeLogDatabaseHelper.TimeLog>) {
          val imageModifier = Modifier
          Image(
          painterResource(id = R.drawable.sleeptracking),
          contentScale = ContentScale.FillHeight,
          contentDescription = "",
          modifier = imageModifier
          .alpha(0.3F),
          )
          Text(text = "Sleep Tracking", modifier =
Modifier.padding(top = 16.dp, start = 106.dp), color =
Color.White, fontSize = 24.sp)
          Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(30.dp))
          LazyRow(
          modifier = Modifier
          .fillMaxSize()
          .padding(top = 56.dp),
```

```
horizontal Arrangement = Arrangement. Space Between \\
          ){
          item {
          LazyColumn {
          items(timeLogs) { timeLog ->
          Column(modifier = Modifier.padding(16.dp)) {
          //Text("ID: ${timeLog.id}")
          Text("Start time:
${formatDateTime(timeLog.startTime)}")
          Text("End time: ${timeLog.endTime?.let {
formatDateTime(it) }}")
```

```
private fun formatDateTime(timestamp: Long): String
{
         val dateFormat = SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd
HH:mm:ss", Locale.getDefault())
         return dateFormat.format(Date(timestamp))
          }
User.kt
         package com.example.projectone
         import androidx.room.ColumnInfo
         import androidx.room.Entity
         import androidx.room.PrimaryKey
         @Entity(tableName = "user table")
         data class User(
         @PrimaryKey(autoGenerate = true) val id: Int?,
         @ColumnInfo(name = "first name") val firstName:
String?,
         @ColumnInfo(name = "last name") val lastName:
String?,
         @ColumnInfo(name = "email") val email: String?,
```

```
@ColumnInfo(name = "password") val password:
String?,
UserDao.kt
         package com.example.projectone
         import androidx.room.*
         @Dao
         interface UserDao {
         @Query("SELECT * FROM user_table WHERE email
= :email")
         suspend fun getUserByEmail(email: String): User?
         @Insert(onConflict = OnConflictStrategy.REPLACE)
         suspend fun insertUser(user: User)
```

```
@Update
suspend fun updateUser(user: User)

@Delete
suspend fun deleteUser(user: User)
}
UserDatabase.kt

package com.example.projectone
```

import androidx.room.Database import androidx.room.Room import androidx.room.RoomDatabase

```
@Database(entities = [User::class], version = 1)
abstract class UserDatabase : RoomDatabase() {
```

```
companion object {
          @Volatile
          private var instance: UserDatabase? = null
          fun getDatabase(context: Context): UserDatabase {
          return instance ?: synchronized(this) {
          val newInstance = Room.databaseBuilder(
          context.applicationContext,
          UserDatabase::class.java,
          "user_database"
          ).build()
          instance = newInstance
          newInstance
UserDatabaseHelper.kt
```

abstract fun userDao(): UserDao

package com.example.projectone

import android.annotation.SuppressLint
import android.content.ContentValues
import android.content.Context
import android.database.Cursor
import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase
import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteOpenHelper

```
companion object {
    private const val DATABASE_VERSION = 1
    private const val DATABASE_NAME =
"UserDatabase.db"
```

private const val TABLE_NAME = "user_table"

```
private const val COLUMN ID = "id"
        private const val COLUMN FIRST NAME =
"first name"
        private const val COLUMN LAST NAME =
"last name"
        private const val COLUMN EMAIL = "email"
        private const val COLUMN PASSWORD =
"password"
        }
        override fun onCreate(db: SQLiteDatabase?) {
        val createTable = "CREATE TABLE $TABLE NAME
("+
        "$COLUMN ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY
AUTOINCREMENT, "+
        "$COLUMN FIRST NAME TEXT, "+
        "$COLUMN LAST NAME TEXT, "+
        "$COLUMN EMAIL TEXT, " +
        "$COLUMN PASSWORD TEXT" +
        ")"
        db?.execSQL(createTable)
        }
```

```
override fun on Upgrade (db: SQLiteDatabase?,
oldVersion: Int, newVersion: Int) {
         db?.execSQL("DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
$TABLE NAME")
         onCreate(db)
         }
         fun insertUser(user: User) {
         val db = writableDatabase
         val values = ContentValues()
         values.put(COLUMN FIRST NAME, user.firstName)
         values.put(COLUMN LAST NAME, user.lastName)
         values.put(COLUMN EMAIL, user.email)
         values.put(COLUMN PASSWORD, user.password)
         db.insert(TABLE NAME, null, values)
         db.close()
         }
         @SuppressLint("Range")
         fun getUserByUsername(username: String): User? {
```

```
val db = readableDatabase
         val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM
$TABLE NAME WHERE $COLUMN FIRST NAME = ?",
arrayOf(username))
         var user: User? = null
         if (cursor.moveToFirst()) {
         user = User(
         id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN ID)),
         firstName =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN_FIRST_NA
ME)),
         lastName =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN LAST NA
ME)),
         email =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN EMAIL)),
         password =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN PASSWOR
D)),
         cursor.close()
         db.close()
         return user
         @SuppressLint("Range")
```

```
fun getUserById(id: Int): User? {
         val db = readableDatabase
         val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM
$TABLE NAME WHERE $COLUMN ID = ?",
arrayOf(id.toString()))
         var user: User? = null
         if (cursor.moveToFirst()) {
         user = User(
         id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN ID)),
         firstName =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN_FIRST_NA
ME)),
         lastName =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN LAST NA
ME)),
         email =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN EMAIL)),
         password =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN PASSWOR
D)),
         )
         cursor.close()
         db.close()
         return user
         }
```

```
@SuppressLint("Range")
         fun getAllUsers(): List<User> {
         val users = mutableListOf<User>()
         val db = readable Database
         val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM
$TABLE NAME", null)
         if (cursor.moveToFirst()) {
         do {
         val user = User(
         id =
cursor.getInt(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN_ID)),
         firstName =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN FIRST NA
ME)),
         lastName =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN LAST NA
ME)),
         email =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN EMAIL)),
         password =
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN PASSWOR
D)),
         users.add(user)
```

```
} while (cursor.moveToNext())
}
cursor.close()
db.close()
return users
}
```