Go Generics



Gwendal Leclerc(OVHcloud)

Meetup Golang Rennes – May 31st, 2022



Who am I?

- Full Stack developer since 2013
- Go developer since 2015

Domain Team @OVHcloud since 2017







gwleclerc



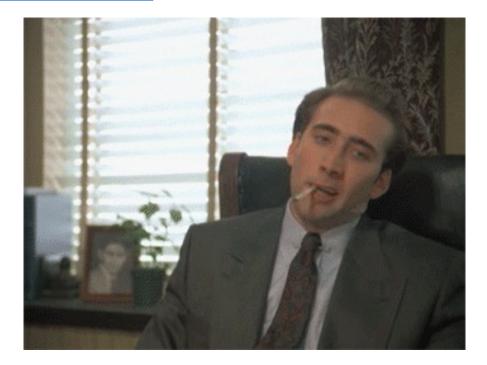
@Skillo1989



gwendal-leclerc-02555b92

Why are we talking about this?

Because it has been released in Go 1.18!



Why so much time?

"do you want slow **programmers**, slow **compilers** and bloated binaries, or slow **execution** times?"

— Russ Cox, 2009

https://golang.org/doc/faq

Go was intended as a language for writing server programs that would be easy to maintain over time. [...] The design concentrated on things like scalability, readability, and concurrency. **Polymorphic programming did not seem essential** to the language's goals at the time, and so was left out for simplicity.

Generics are convenient but **they come at a cost in complexity** in the type system and run-time. We haven't yet found a design that gives value proportionate to the complexity, although we continue to think about it. Meanwhile, Go's built-in maps and slices, plus the ability to use the empty interface to construct containers (with explicit unboxing) mean in many cases it is possible to **write code that does what generics would enable**, if less smoothly.

Use case: func index(s?, x?) int

Ad-hoc implementations

```
func indexString(s []string, x string) int
func indexInt(s []int, x int) int
```

- Use []interface{}, interface{}
 - the <u>slice has to be converted</u> manually beforehand...
 - do types really match?

What about functional paradigms?

→replaced by loops



How to code without generics?

```
type Interface interface {
   // Len is the number of elements in the collection.
   Len() int
   // Less reports whether the element with index i
   // must sort before the element with index j.
   Less(i, j int) bool
   // Swap swaps the elements with indexes i and j.
   Swap(i, j int)
```

https://golang.org/pkg/sort

- Not always possible
- Code duplication to implement the interface...



Now, this is over!







Syntax

```
func filter[T any](s []T, pred func(T) bool) []T {...}

filter[int](s, f)
filter(s, f)  // type inferred automatically
```

- backwards-compatible with Go < 1.18
- square brackets to <u>avoid ambiguities</u>
 - a, b = w < x, y > (z)
- official tutorial on go.dev



Demo

https://gotipplay.golang.org/



Constraints

- we often need to constrain the type with an interface
- any replaces interface{}
- comparable allows to use == and !=
- constraints may include a set of types

```
type ordered interface {
  // be able to use '<' and '>'
  ~int | ~float64 | ~rune | ~string
}
```

many other <u>options</u>

Standard library

Probably in 3 steps, to evaluate usage and needs:

- constraints: Integer, Ordered, ...
- Add basic libraries (currently experimental)
 - **slices**: Index, Compare, ...
 - maps: Keys, Equal, ...
- Add extra libraries (streams? Filter, Map, Reduce, ...)
 - currently third-party like <u>juniper</u>

To go further: github proposals



Implementation

- "slow programmers"
- "slow compilers and bloated binaries"

design/generics-implementation-stenciling

"slow execution times"

design/generics-implementation-dictionaries

Using a mix of both:

design/generics-implementation-gcshape

Performance issues in some cases!







Logo credits: Renee French DC Comics

