1. 3agauue (ua uue morne)

Peuu re ypabue uue Sin(x)/x=0

Peaceual

0.13: $x>0 \Rightarrow sin(x)=0$ Ombem: $x = \pi \cdot n$ gua movoro yenoro n.

A, Baganne (na miemorne)

Quin mpu npamone y=k1*x+b1, y=k8*x+b2, y=k3*x+b3, han y=k6,

nepecenanted onn b ognor torne mu met?

Penenne

PROBLEMUM SPABHENUS PRANDIX B CUCTEMS, PEMERUE KOTOPOÙ NOBBONUT OPPEDENUTE TOUNE KOOPDUNGTEN TOUKU PEPECEUEHUS PRANDIX!

 $\begin{cases} y = K1 \cdot x + b1 \\ y = K2 \cdot x + b2 \\ y = K3 \cdot x + b3 \end{cases}$

ECUU UNCTEMA GPABHENUÜT. - UMEET EBUHCTBENKOE PEUPEUUE, TO NPDMble NEPECEKAUTCA

- UMEET BECKOHEHHOE MHOKECTBO PEMEUUT, TO DP DMBIE COBNALABOT;
- HE UMEET PELLEUUÜ, TO DPAMBIE
 HE DEPECERAIOTCA (DPAMBIE DAPANTENBHB)
 MEXAU COSOÙ).
- 4. 3 a Banue * " [3 A B Q HUE LE NOTO H ON THE MOHUM)

 PEULUTE AND AUTUHECKU U NOTOM HUCKEHHO

 (B PPOTPAMME) SPABHEKUE, 3 ABUCQUEE

 OT RAPAMETPA A:

SÍN (Q + X)=0 NPU YCAOBUU: 0.012Q20,02 100 < X < 500,

Т.е. наво найти решение х кох Функцию параметра а - поетроить градик x = x/q). Если численным метовом не получается найти все ветви решения x/q), то оты изите хотя бы одну,

Pemenne

$$8in(a \cdot x) = 0 \Rightarrow a \cdot x = \pi \cdot n \quad nhu \quad a \neq 0 \Rightarrow$$

 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi \cdot n}{a}$
 $100 \le x \le 500 \Rightarrow 100 \le \frac{\pi n}{a} \le 500 \Rightarrow$

$$=$$
 $\frac{100 \, \text{c}}{11} < n < \frac{500 \, \text{c}}{1}$

$$0.01 \angle a \angle 0.02 = \frac{1}{11} \angle \frac{100a}{7} \angle \frac{2}{11} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{11} \angle \frac{500a}{7} \angle \frac{10}{11} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{11} \angle \frac{100a}{11} \angle \frac{10}{11} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{11}$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi} < \frac{100a}{\pi} < n \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} < n \Rightarrow n \ge 1$$

$$n < \frac{500a}{\pi} < \frac{10}{\pi} \Rightarrow n < \frac{10}{\pi} \Rightarrow n \leq 3$$

$$n=1$$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{\alpha}$ $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{x}$

$$n=2 \Rightarrow x = \frac{2\pi}{\alpha}$$
 $\alpha = \frac{2\pi}{x}$

$$n=3 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3\pi}{a} \quad \alpha = \frac{3\pi}{x}$$

$$a = \frac{\pi}{500} = 0.006$$
 $a = \frac{\pi}{100} = 0.0314$

$$X = \frac{11}{0.02} = 157$$
 $X = \frac{11}{0.01} = 314$

$$a \in (0.01; 0.02)$$
 $x \in (157; 314)$

$$a = \frac{2\pi}{500} = 0.013$$
 $a = \frac{2\pi}{100} = 0.06$

$$x = \frac{2\pi}{0.013} = 483$$
 $x = \frac{2\pi}{0.02} = 314$

$$a \in (0.013; 0.02)$$
 $x \in (314; 483)$

$$a = \frac{3\pi}{500} = 0.019$$
 $a = \frac{3\pi}{100} = 0.09$

$$X = \frac{3\pi}{0.02} = 471$$
 $X = \frac{3\pi}{0.019} = 496$

$$a \in (0.019; 0.02) \quad x \in (471; 496)$$

(0.01; 483) (0.019; 486) (0.01; 314) (0.02; 314)

(4)

0.01 0.02 Cu

17.6.2. Harte you & necessary necessary

49-3x+12=0 u 7y+x-14=0Prevenue $\cos \varphi = \frac{A_1A_2+B_1B_2}{\sqrt{A_1^2+B_1^2}}$ $\cos \varphi = \frac{4_17+(-3)\cdot 1}{\sqrt{4_2^2+B_2^2}}$

 $\cos \theta = \frac{4 \cdot 7 + (-3) \cdot 1}{\sqrt{4^2 + (-3)^2} \cdot \sqrt{7^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{25}{5 \cdot 7 \cdot 071} = 0.707$ Heatigent your α :

 $\Delta' = \arccos(0.707) = 45,009^{\circ}$ Ombem: $\Delta = 45,005^{\circ}$

17.6.4. Heuru yron & menegy nparmound $x = \sqrt{2}$ a $x = -\sqrt{3}$

 $tg P = \frac{k_2 - K_1}{1 + K_1 * k_2}$ $K_1 = 0; K_2 = 0 \Rightarrow tg d = \frac{0 - 0}{1 + 0.0} = 0 \Rightarrow d = 0^{\circ}$ Ombern: $d = 0^{\circ}$

Выясиите тип привых второго no pirgra, no poregeunoex ypabulueureur 17,6,5, y2-2x-2y-5=0 17.6,6, 3x2+5y2+12x-30y+42=0 17.6.7. 2x2 -y2 +6y-7=0 17.6.8. 2x2-3y2-28x-42y-55=0 Pennenne, 17.65, Dano - 2x + y^2 - 2y - 5 = 0 200 yfabneaue uneer bug; a11 1x 2 + 2a12 xy + 2a13x + a22 y2 + 2a23 y + a33 = 0 2ge: aH =0, a12 =0, a13 =-1, a22=1, a23=-1, a33=-5 Borrucueur anhegereurenes; 1 = arr 922 $\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \quad \Delta = 0 \implies$ = $(g-1)^2 = 2x+6$ y12 = 2x+6

Ответ: уравичие явичется параболеой

17.6.6. Dano 3x2 + 12x + 5y2 - 30y + 42 = 0 Tro ypabnenne muler ling; a11. x2+2a,2 xy+2a13 x +a22 y2+2a23 y+a33=0 ege: a11=3, a12=0, a13=6, a22=5, a23=-15, a33=42 Bornemen enpeganerene A = | an a12 | $A = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{vmatrix}$ $A = 15 \neq 0$

Heirgen vent h nanouvrecuoù emirenen nochgunat

an xo + an yo + an =0 an xo + an yo + an =0

подставши коз удиненты

$$3 \times 0 + 6 = 0$$
 => $\times 0 = -2$; $y_0 = 3$

Тем самым перешен к уравнению в системе координей 0/x/y/

a33 + a11 x12 + 2a12 x y + a22 y 12 = 0

zge a 33 = 9,3 × 0 + 923 y 0 + 933

a 33 = 6 x0 - 15 y0 + 42

a'33 = -15

 $= 3x^{12} + 5y^{12} - 15 = 0$

Ombem: ypalueune abureren neuencover

$$\frac{\overline{\chi}^{2}}{\left(\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{3}\right)^{2}} + \frac{\overline{y}^{2}}{\left(\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{15}\right)^{2}} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}\sqrt{15}$$

14.6.7. Дано 2x2-y2+6y-7=0 (-2,3)

To ypabnenue uneem lug:

 $a_{11} \times^{2} + \lambda a_{12} \times y + \lambda a_{13} \times + a_{22} y^{2} + 2a_{23} y + a_{33} = 0$ $1ge a_{11} = 2, a_{12} = 0, a_{13} = 0, a_{22} = -1, a_{23} = 3, a_{33} = -7$ $Burucuuu enpequui Teue A = |a_{11} a_{12}|$

(F)

Kacigem Beath KOROKUTECKOU COCTELECO

anxo+an yo + an =0 an xo +an yo + an =0

Тем самоми перенам к уравичению в онотеме, кограният обху

083 + 911 x 2+ 2012 x 4 + 9 + 922 4 =0

290 a'33 = a, 3 x0 + a23 40 + a33

Q'33 = 340 - 7

=> 2.0212-y12+2=0

Ombon: ypabnemie aburera rune poo uci

ueurp nononureenoù merenno nookgaver 6 morne 0 (0,3)

17.6.8. Dano 2x2-3y2-28x-42y-55=0 Ime yperfreezere uncer larg

anx2+2anxy+2anx+anxy2+2any+an=0 290 an=2, an=0, an=-14, an=-3, an=-21, an=-55

Burnemus enpequenteres A = | an or

 $\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \quad \Delta = -6 \neq 0$

э находим центр кононической системог координат



an xo+an yo + an =0 an xo+an yo + an =0

 $2x_0 - 14 = 0$ $x_0 = 7$, $y_0 = -7$

Τει εαιίναι περειαια κ γραθιείανο β ειεπεία κου βρίκατ Ο'x'y'

 $a'_{33} + q_{11}x'^{2} + 2q_{12}x'y' + q_{22}y'^{2} = 0$ $2ge \quad a'_{33} = q_{13}x_{0} + q_{23}y_{0} + q_{33}$ $a'_{33} = -14x_{0} - 21y_{0} - 55$

 $a'_{33} = -6$ $= 2 x 1^{2} - 341^{2} - 6 = 0$

Ombem: gpabueune Abarerar unepronoù $\frac{\overline{y}^2}{\frac{\overline{y}^2}{3} - \frac{\overline{y}^2}{2} = 1$

υ επτρ κακοκινα εκού ενετείεσε κορρανικό 6 τουνε 0 (7,-7)