### STAT4870 Week3

Anton Yang

2024-09-06

#### 2.2 Stationarity

```
library("astsa")
library("xts")

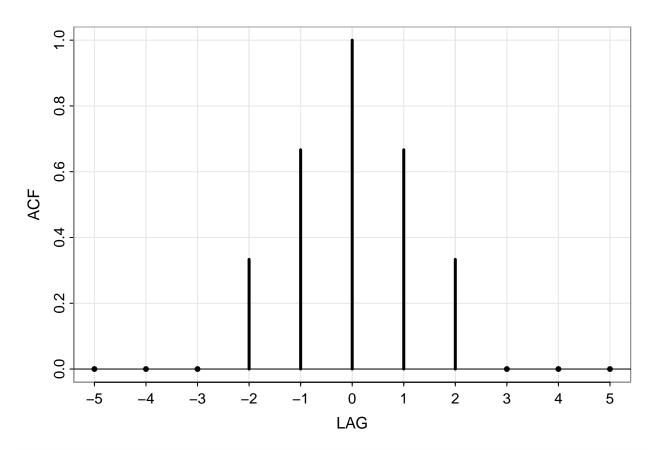
## Loading required package: zoo

## ## Attaching package: 'zoo'

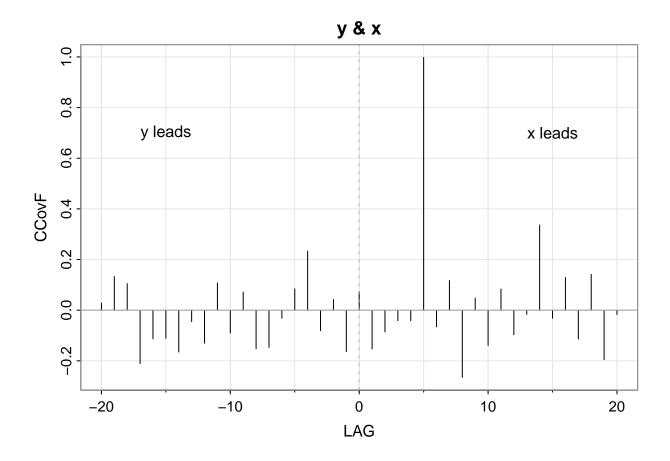
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

## as.Date, as.Date.numeric

ACF <- c(0,0,0,1,2,3,2,1,0,0,0)/3
LAG <- -5:5
tsplot(LAG, ACF, type="h", lwd=3, xlab="LAG")
abline(h=0)
points(LAG[-(4:8)], ACF[-(4:8)], pch=20)
axis(1, at=seq(-5, 5, by=2))</pre>
```



```
x <- rnorm(100)
y <- lag(x,-5) + rnorm(100)
ccf2(y, x, ylab="CCovF", type="covariance")
text(c(-15,15),.7,c("y leads","x leads"))</pre>
```

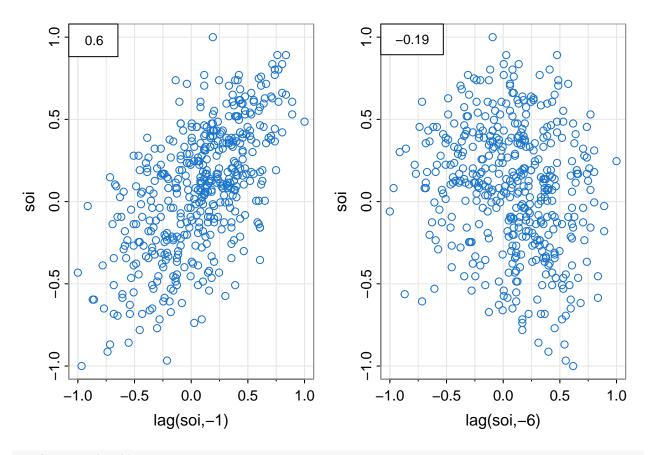


#### 2.3 Estimation of Correlation

```
(r <- round( acf1(soi, 6, plot=FALSE), 2))</pre>
```

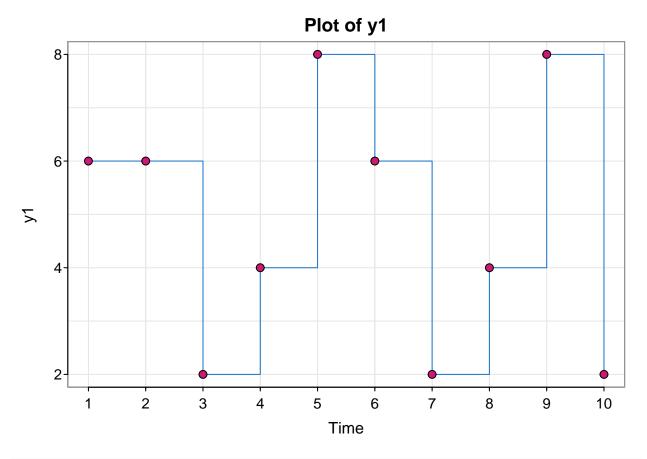
```
## [1] 0.60 0.37 0.21 0.05 -0.11 -0.19
```

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
tsplot(lag(soi,-1), soi, col=4, type='p', xlab='lag(soi,-1)')
legend("topleft", legend=r[1], bg="white", adj=.45, cex = 0.85)
tsplot(lag(soi,-6), soi, col=4, type='p', xlab='lag(soi,-6)')
legend("topleft", legend=r[6], bg="white", adj=.25, cex = 0.8)
```



```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

```
set.seed(101011)
x1 <- sample(c(-2,2), 11, replace=TRUE)
y1 <- 5 + filter(x1, sides=1, filter=c(1,-.5))[-1]
tsplot(y1, type="s", col=4, xaxt="n", yaxt="n",main="Plot of y1")
axis(1, 1:10); axis(2, seq(2,8,2), las=1)
points(y1, pch=21, cex=1.1, bg=6)</pre>
```

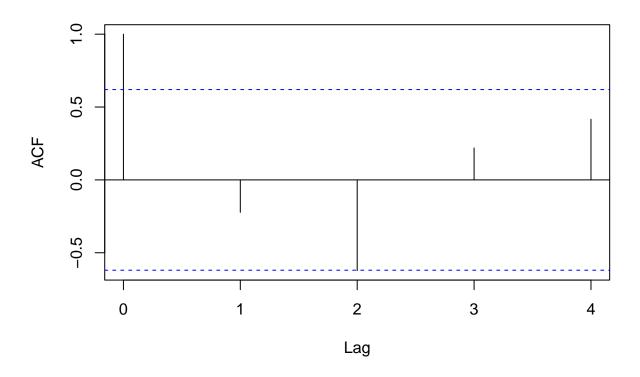


```
acf(y1, lag.max=4,plot=FALSE)
```

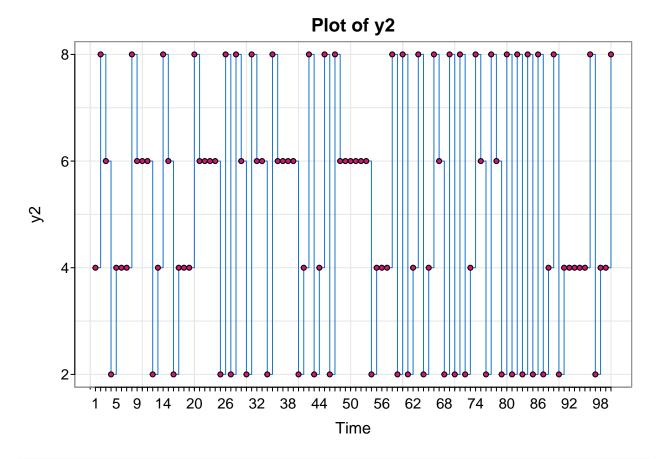
```
##
## Autocorrelations of series 'y1', by lag
##
## 0 1 2 3 4
## 1.000 -0.223 -0.623 0.219 0.416
```

acf(y1, lag.max=4)

## Series y1



```
x2 <- sample(c(-2,2), 101, replace=TRUE)
y2 <- 5 + filter(x2, sides=1, filter=c(1,-.5))[-1]
tsplot(y2, type="s", col=4, xaxt="n", yaxt="n",main="Plot of y2")
axis(1, 1:100); axis(2, seq(2,8,2), las=1)
points(y2, pch=21, cex=0.7, bg=6)</pre>
```

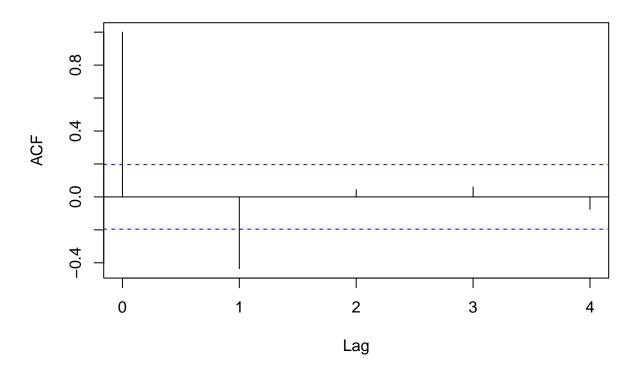


```
acf(y2, lag.max=4, plot=FALSE)
```

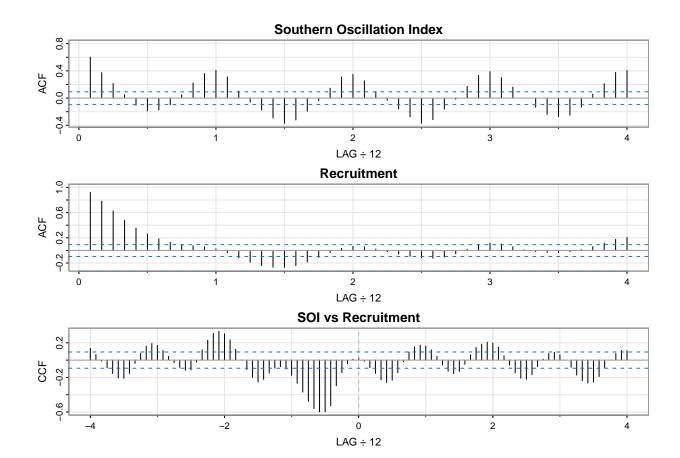
```
##
## Autocorrelations of series 'y2', by lag
##
## 0 1 2 3 4
## 1.000 -0.435 0.043 0.061 -0.075
```

acf(y2, lag.max=4)

### Series y2



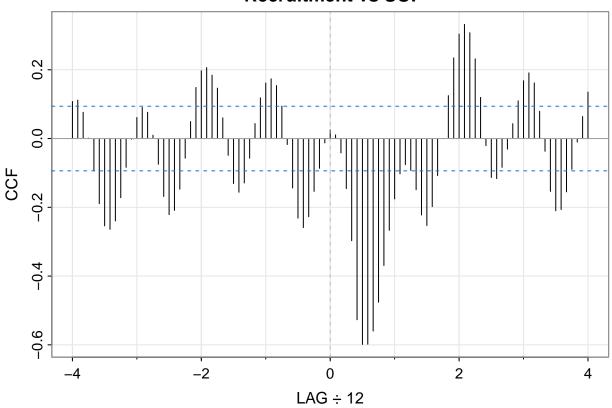
```
op<-par(mfrow=c(3,1))</pre>
acf1(soi, 48, main="Southern Oscillation Index")
  [1]
       0.60 0.37 0.21 0.05 -0.11 -0.19 -0.18 -0.10 0.05 0.22 0.36
                                                                        0.41
        0.31 0.10 -0.06 -0.17 -0.29 -0.37 -0.32 -0.19 -0.04 0.15
        0.25  0.10 -0.03 -0.16 -0.28 -0.37 -0.32 -0.16 -0.02  0.17
## [25]
                                                                  0.33
                                                                        0.39
        0.30  0.16  0.00 -0.13 -0.24 -0.27 -0.25 -0.13  0.06  0.21  0.38
acf1(rec, 48, main="Recruitment")
## [1] 0.92 0.78 0.63 0.48 0.36 0.26 0.18 0.13 0.09 0.07 0.06 0.02
## [13] -0.04 -0.12 -0.19 -0.24 -0.27 -0.27 -0.24 -0.19 -0.11 -0.03 0.03 0.06
## [25] 0.06 0.02 -0.02 -0.06 -0.09 -0.12 -0.13 -0.11 -0.05 0.02 0.08 0.12
## [37] 0.10 0.06 0.01 -0.02 -0.03 -0.03 -0.02 0.01 0.06 0.12 0.17 0.20
ccf2(soi, rec, 48, main="SOI vs Recruitment")
```



par(op)

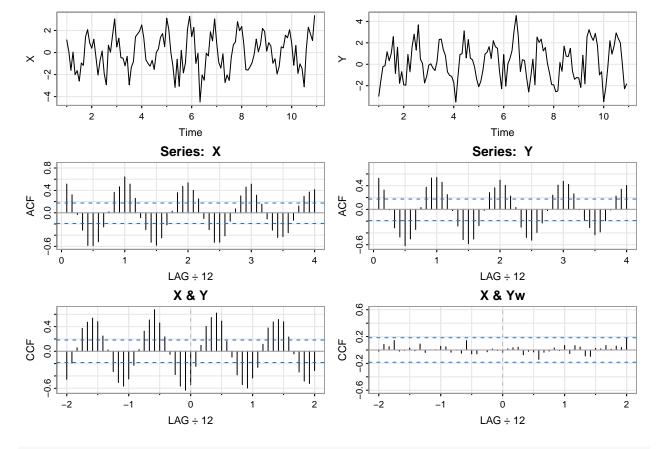
ccf2(rec,soi, 48, main="Recruitment vs SOI")

### **Recruitment vs SOI**



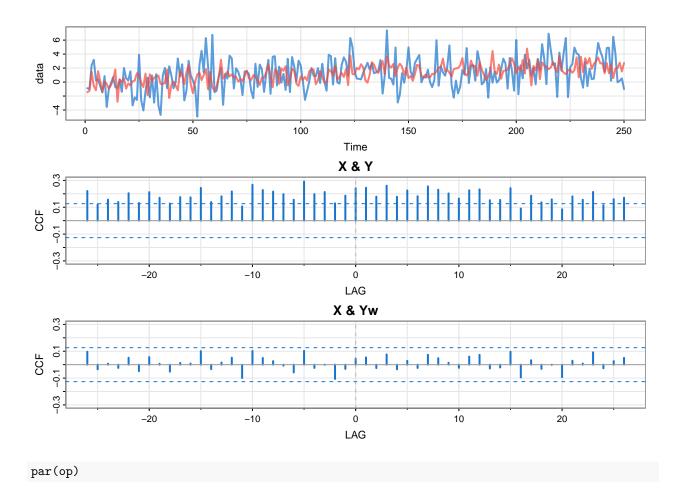
```
set.seed(1492)
num <- 120
t <- 1:num
X <- ts( 2*cos(2*pi*t/12) + rnorm(num), freq=12 )</pre>
Y \leftarrow ts(2*cos(2*pi*(t+5)/12) + rnorm(num), freq=12)
Yw \leftarrow resid(lm(Y \sim cos(2*pi*t/12) + sin(2*pi*t/12), na.action=NULL))
op<-par(mfrow=c(3,2))</pre>
tsplot(X)
tsplot(Y)
acf1(X, 48)
         0.51 0.32 -0.03 -0.31 -0.58 -0.59 -0.52 -0.25
                                                                            0.64
   [1]
                                                          0.02
                                                                0.36
                                                                      0.46
        0.51  0.26 -0.09 -0.30 -0.53 -0.58 -0.45 -0.21  0.03  0.36
## [13]
                                                                     0.47
                                                                            0.53
## [25]
        0.40 0.25 -0.10 -0.30 -0.53 -0.53 -0.41 -0.15 0.07
                                                                0.30
                                                                      0.46
                                                                            0.51
## [37]
        0.31  0.16  -0.11  -0.31  -0.44  -0.42  -0.36  -0.13  0.12  0.30
                                                                     0.37
acf1(Y, 48)
   [1] 0.53 0.33 -0.01 -0.31 -0.47 -0.62 -0.50 -0.34 0.03 0.38 0.53
                                                                            0.54
        0.46 0.25 -0.02 -0.28 -0.51 -0.58 -0.50 -0.27 -0.02 0.28 0.37
                                                                            0.49
## [25]
        0.41 0.22 0.03 -0.30 -0.48 -0.52 -0.39 -0.23 -0.02 0.24 0.41
                                                                            0.48
        0.42 0.26 -0.01 -0.18 -0.31 -0.43 -0.38 -0.19 -0.01 0.23 0.34 0.40
```

```
ccf2(X, Y, 24)
ccf2(X, Yw, 24, ylim=c(-.6,.6))
```



#### par(op)

```
set.seed(90210)
num <- 250
t <- 1:num
X <- .01*t + rnorm(num,0,2)
Y <- .01*t + rnorm(num) # x and y are uncorrelated!
op<-par(mfrow=c(3,1))
tsplot(cbind(X,Y), spag=TRUE, col=astsa.col(c(4,2),.7), lwd=2, ylab='data')
ccf2(X, Y, ylim=c(-.3,.3), col=4, lwd=2)
Yw <- resid(lm(Y~t)) # whiten Y by removing trend
ccf2(X, Yw, ylim=c(-.3,.3), col=4, lwd=2)</pre>
```

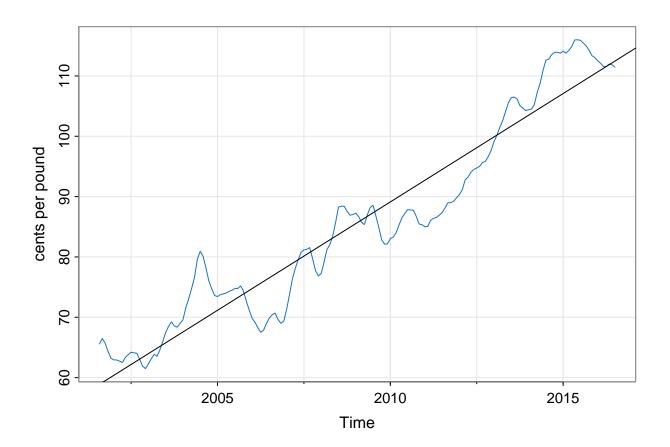


#### 3.1 Ordinary Least Squares for Time Series

```
library(astsa)
data(chicken)
summary(fit <- lm(chicken~time(chicken), na.action=NULL))</pre>
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = chicken ~ time(chicken), na.action = NULL)
##
## Residuals:
##
                1Q
                    Median
  -8.7411 -3.4730 0.8251 2.7738 11.5804
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                 -7.131e+03 1.624e+02
                                        -43.91
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## time(chicken)
                  3.592e+00 8.084e-02
                                          44.43
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

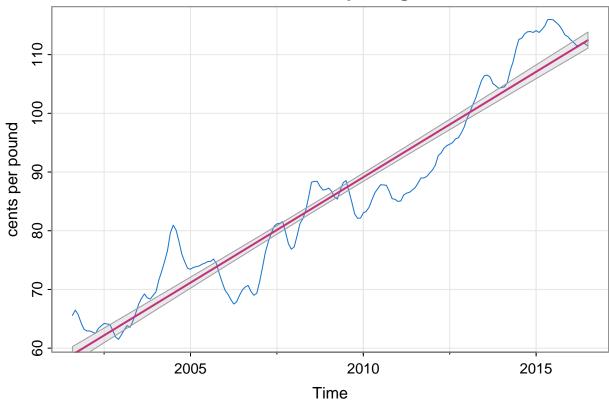
```
## Residual standard error: 4.696 on 178 degrees of freedom ## Multiple R-squared: 0.9173, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9168 ## F-statistic: 1974 on 1 and 178 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
tsplot(chicken, ylab="cents per pound",col=4)
abline(fit)
```



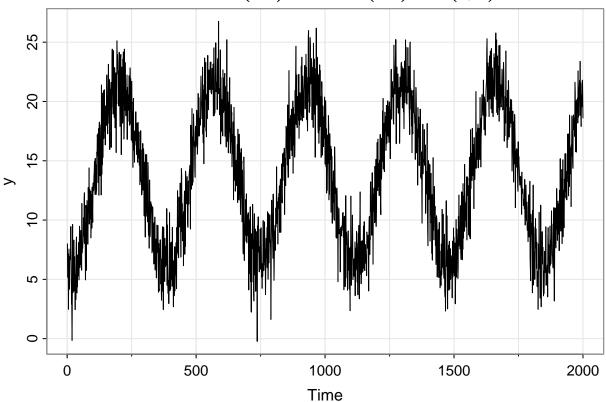
# astsa version 1.5 has a new trend script that can produce Figure 3.1 with 95% CIs as follows:
trend(chicken, ylab="cents per pound",main="function 'trend' in package astsa")

# function 'trend' in package astsa



```
n<-2000
t <- (1:n)/365.25
w <- rnorm(n,sd=2)
b0 <- 14;b1<- -2.5;b2<- -7.24
y <- b0+b1*sin(2*pi*t) + b2*cos(2*pi*t) + w
tsplot(y,main=expression(14-2.5*sin(2*pi*t) -7.24*cos(2*pi*t) + wn(0,4)))</pre>
```

## $14 - 2.5\sin(2\pi t) - 7.24\cos(2\pi t) + wn(0, 4)$



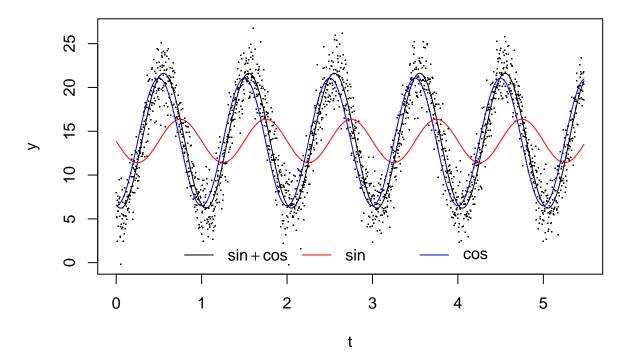
```
# modeling
mdl1 <- lm(y~sin(2*pi*t) + cos(2*pi*t))
summary(mdl1)</pre>
```

```
##
## lm(formula = y \sim sin(2 * pi * t) + cos(2 * pi * t))
##
## Residuals:
               1Q Median
##
      Min
## -6.6341 -1.3651 -0.0181 1.3936 6.4789
##
## Coefficients:
##
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                  13.92032
                              0.04504 309.08
                                                <2e-16 ***
## sin(2 * pi * t) -2.47711
                              0.06355 -38.98
## cos(2 * pi * t) -7.28698
                              0.06362 -114.54
                                                <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.007 on 1997 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.88, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8798
## F-statistic: 7320 on 2 and 1997 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

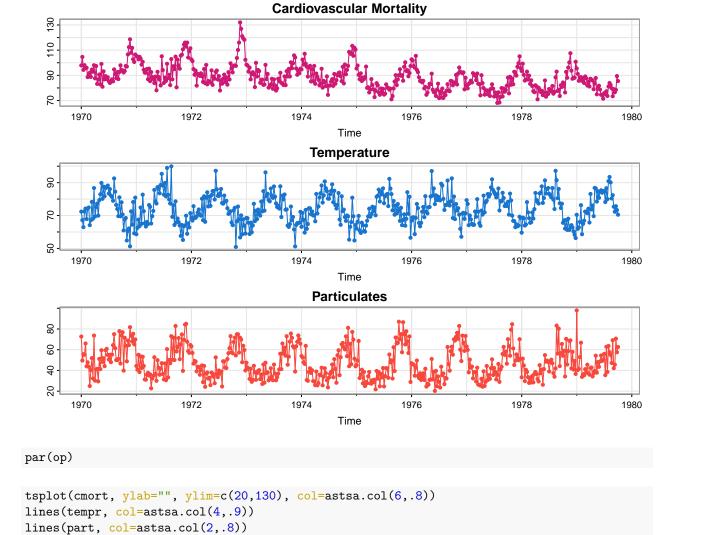
```
mdl2 <- lm(y~sin(2*pi*t))
summary(mdl2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim sin(2 * pi * t))
## Residuals:
       Min
                 1Q Median
                                  3Q
## -13.8470 -4.8295 0.0408 4.8087 12.0599
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                             0.1239 112.14
## (Intercept)
                 13.8918
                                               <2e-16 ***
## sin(2 * pi * t) -2.4782
                               0.1748 -14.18
                                               <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 5.522 on 1998 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.09139, Adjusted R-squared: 0.09094
## F-statistic: 201 on 1 and 1998 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
mdl3 <- lm(y~cos(2*pi*t))
summary(mdl3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim cos(2 * pi * t))
##
## Residuals:
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -8.3686 -1.9056 -0.0416 1.8589 8.9513
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                             0.05955 231.36
## (Intercept)
                  13.77707
                                               <2e-16 ***
                                              <2e-16 ***
## cos(2 * pi * t) -7.28734
                              0.08440 -86.34
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.663 on 1998 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7886, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7885
## F-statistic: 7455 on 1 and 1998 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
merge(AIC(mdl1,mdl2,mdl3),BIC(mdl1,mdl2,mdl3),by='row.names',all=TRUE)
##
    Row.names df.x
                         AIC df.y
## 1
         mdl1 4 8468.152 4 8490.555
## 2
         mdl2
                 3 12514.363
                               3 12531.166
       mdl3
                 3 9597.611
## 3
                               3 9614.413
```

```
plot(t,y,pch='.',main=expression(b[0]+b[1]*sin(2*pi*t) + b[2]*cos(2*pi*t) + w[t]))
lines(t,predict(mdl1))
lines(t,predict(mdl2),col='red')
lines(t,predict(mdl3),col='blue')
legend("bottom",c(expression(sin + cos),expression(sin),expression(cos)),
bty='n',ncol=3,lty=1,col=c("black","red","blue"))
```

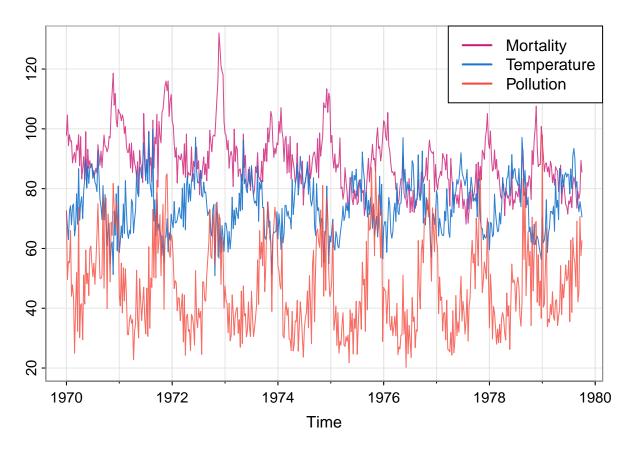
## $b_0 + b_1 \sin(2\pi t) + b_2 \cos(2\pi t) + w_t$



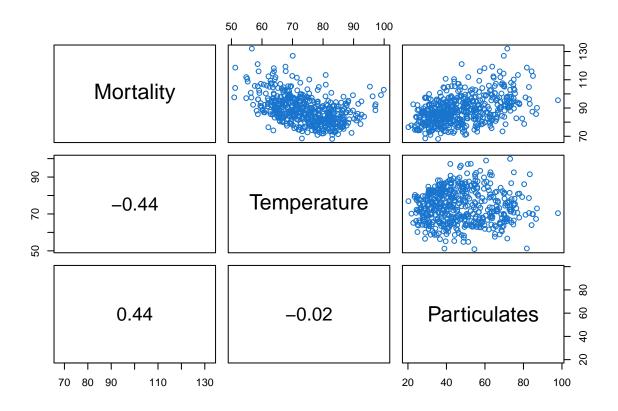
```
op<-par(mfrow=c(3,1))
tsplot(cmort, main="Cardiovascular Mortality", col=6, type="o", pch=19, ylab="")
tsplot(tempr, main="Temperature", col=4, type="o", pch=19, ylab="")
tsplot(part, main="Particulates", col=2, type="o", pch=19, ylab="")</pre>
```



legend("topright", legend=c("Mortality", "Temperature", "Pollution"), lty=1, lwd=2, col=c(6,4,2), bg="wd"



```
panel.cor <- function(x, y, ...){
par(usr = c(0, 1, 0, 1))
r <- round(cor(x, y), 2)
text(0.5, 0.5, r, cex = 1.75)
}
pairs(cbind(Mortality=cmort, Temperature=tempr, Particulates=part), col=4, lower.panel=panel.cor)</pre>
```



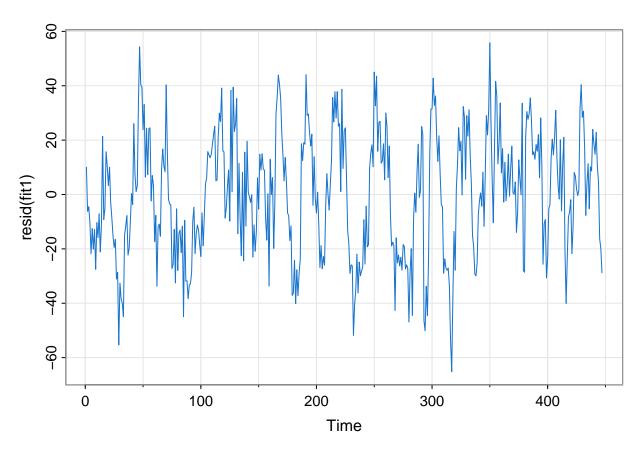
```
temp <- tempr-mean(tempr)</pre>
temp2 <- temp^2</pre>
trend <- time(cmort)</pre>
fit <- lm(cmort~ trend + temp + temp2 + part, na.action=NULL)</pre>
summary(fit)
##
## lm(formula = cmort ~ trend + temp + temp2 + part, na.action = NULL)
##
## Residuals:
                       Median
        \mathtt{Min}
                  1Q
                                     3Q
## -19.0760 -4.2153 -0.4878
                                 3.7435 29.2448
##
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 2.831e+03 1.996e+02
                                       14.19 < 2e-16 ***
## trend
               -1.396e+00 1.010e-01 -13.82 < 2e-16 ***
## temp
               -4.725e-01 3.162e-02 -14.94 < 2e-16 ***
## temp2
                2.259e-02 2.827e-03
                                         7.99 9.26e-15 ***
## part
                2.554e-01 1.886e-02
                                        13.54 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
```

##

## Residual standard error: 6.385 on 503 degrees of freedom

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5954, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5922
## F-statistic: 185 on 4 and 503 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
summary(aov(fit))
                Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
##
## trend
                1 10667
                            10667 261.62 <2e-16 ***
## temp
                1
                     8607
                             8607 211.09 <2e-16 ***
                     3429
                             3429
                                    84.09 <2e-16 ***
## temp2
                1
## part
                1
                     7476
                             7476 183.36 <2e-16 ***
## Residuals
              503 20508
                               41
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
summary(aov(lm(cmort~cbind(trend, temp, temp2, part))))
                                    Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
##
                                     4 30178
                                                 7545
                                                          185 <2e-16 ***
## cbind(trend, temp, temp2, part)
                                   503 20508
## Residuals
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
num <- length(cmort)</pre>
AIC(fit)/num - log(2*pi)
## [1] 4.721732
BIC(fit)/num - log(2*pi)
## [1] 4.771699
fish <- ts.intersect( rec, soiL6=lag(soi,-6) )</pre>
summary(fit1 <- lm(rec~ soiL6, data=fish, na.action=NULL))</pre>
##
## lm(formula = rec ~ soiL6, data = fish, na.action = NULL)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -65.187 -18.234
                   0.354 16.580 55.790
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 65.790
                             1.088
                                     60.47
                                             <2e-16 ***
## soiL6
               -44.283
                             2.781 -15.92
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 22.5 on 445 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3629, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3615
## F-statistic: 253.5 on 1 and 445 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
tsplot(resid(fit1), col=4)
```



```
library(dynlm)
summary(fit2 <- dynlm(rec~ L(soi,6)))</pre>
```

```
##
## Time series regression with "ts" data:
## Start = 1950(7), End = 1987(9)
##
## Call:
## dynlm(formula = rec ~ L(soi, 6))
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
## -65.187 -18.234
                     0.354 16.580
                                    55.790
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 65.790
                             1.088
                                     60.47
                                              <2e-16 ***
                             2.781 -15.92
## L(soi, 6)
                -44.283
                                              <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '***, 0.001 '**, 0.01 '*, 0.05 '.', 0.1 ', 1
##
## Residual standard error: 22.5 on 445 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3629, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3615
```

## F-statistic: 253.5 on 1 and 445 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16