### **Assignment - 7 (Iterative control statements Part - 2)**

1. Write a program to find the Nth term of the Fibonnaci series.

```
Program -
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a = -1, b = 1, c, i, n;
   printf("Enter the value of n: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i = 1 ; i \le n ; i++)
        c = a + b;
        a = b;
        b = c;
 printf("%dth term of the fibonacci series is : %d",n,c);
    return 0;
}
```

### Output -

Enter the value of n: 5 5th term of the fibonacci series is: 3

2. Write a program to print first N terms of Fibonacci series Program -

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   int a = -1, b = 1, c, i, n;
   printf("Enter the value of n: ");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   printf("First %d terms of the fibonacci series\n",n);
   for(i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++)
        c = a + b;
       printf("%d ",c);
        a = b;
       b = c;
      }
   return 0;
}
```

### Output -

Enter the value of n: 10 First 10 terms of the fibonacci series 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34

3. Write a program to check whether a given number is there in the Fibonacci series or not.

```
Program -
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a = -1, b = 1, c, i, num, flag = 0;
    printf("Enter a number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    for (i = 1 ; i \le 15 ; i++)
      {
        c = a + b;
        printf("%d ",c);
        if(num == c)
             flag = 1;
        }
        a = b;
        b = c;
  if(flag)
    printf("\n%d is present in the fibonacci series", num);
  else
    printf("\n%d is not present in the fibonacci series", num);
    return 0;
}
Output -
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377
8 is present in the fibonacci series
```

### 4. Write a program to calculate HCF of two numbers

```
Program -
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
   int a , b , num , divisor , rem;

   printf("Enter two numbers: ");
   scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);

   if(a > b) {
      num = a;
      divisor = b;
   }
   else {
      num = b;
      divisor = a;
   }
}
```

```
rem = num % divisor;

while(rem)
{
    num = divisor;
    divisor = rem;
    rem = num % divisor;
}
    printf("HCF of (%d,%d) is %d",a,b,divisor);
    return 0;
}

Output -
Enter two numbers: 8 68
HCF of (8,68) is 4
```

5. Write a program to check whether two given numbers are co-prime numbers or not Program -

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a , b , num , divisor , rem;
    printf("Enter two numbers: ");
    scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
    if(a > b) {
        num = a;
        divisor = b;
    }
    else {
        num = b;
        divisor = a;
    }
    rem = num % divisor;
    while (rem)
        num = divisor;
        divisor = rem;
        rem = num % divisor;
    if(divisor == 1)
        printf("%d and %d are Co-prime numbers",a,b);
        printf("%d and %d are not Co-prime numbers",a,b);
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

### Output -

Enter two numbers: 3 5 3 and 5 are Co-prime numbers

6. Write a program to print all Prime numbers under 100 Program -

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   int i , x;
   printf("Prime numbers under 100 are :-\n");
   for(i = 2 ; i < 98 ; i++)
   {
      for(x = 2 ; x <= i ; x++)
      {
        if(i % x == 0)
           break;
      }
      if(i == x)
      printf("%d ",i);
   }
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

#### Output -

Prime numbers under 100 are :-

2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97

## 7. Write a program to print all Prime numbers between two given numbers Program -

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   int i , x , a , b , lower , upper;
   printf("Enter two numbers: ");
   scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);

   if(a < b)
   {
      lower = a;
      upper = b;
   }
   else
   {
      lower = a;
      upper = a;
   }
}</pre>
```

```
printf("All prime numbers between %d and %d are\n",lower,upper);
for(i = lower+1 ; i < upper ; i++)
{
    for(x = 2 ; x <= i ; x++)
    {
        if(i % x == 0)
           break;
    }
    if(i == x)
    printf("%d ",i);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

#### Output -

Enter two numbers: 1 50
All prime numbers between 1 and 50 are
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47

### 8. Write a program to find next Prime number of a given number Program -

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n , num , i;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    num = n;
    while(1)
    {
        n++;
        for(i = 2 ; i \le n ; i++)
            if(n % i == 0)
                break;
        if(i == n)
            printf("%d is next prime number after %d",n,num);
            break;
        }
    return 0;
}
```

9. Write a program to check whether a given number is an Armstrong number or not Program -

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n , num , digit , sum = 0;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    num = n;
    while(n)
        digit = n % 10;
        n = n / 10;
        sum = sum + (digit * digit * digit);
    }
    if(sum == num)
        printf("%d is an Armstrong number", num);
    else
        printf("%d is not an Armstrong number", num);
    return 0;
}
```

#### Output -

Enter a number: 371

371 is an Armstrong number

# 10. Write a program to print all Armstrong numbers under 1000 Program-

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   int i , num , digit , sum;

   for(i = 0 ; i <= 999 ; i++)
   {
      num = i;
      sum = 0;
      while(num) {
        digit = num % 10;
        num = num / 10;
        sum = sum + (digit * digit * digit);</pre>
```