

# Introduction to ML Productionization

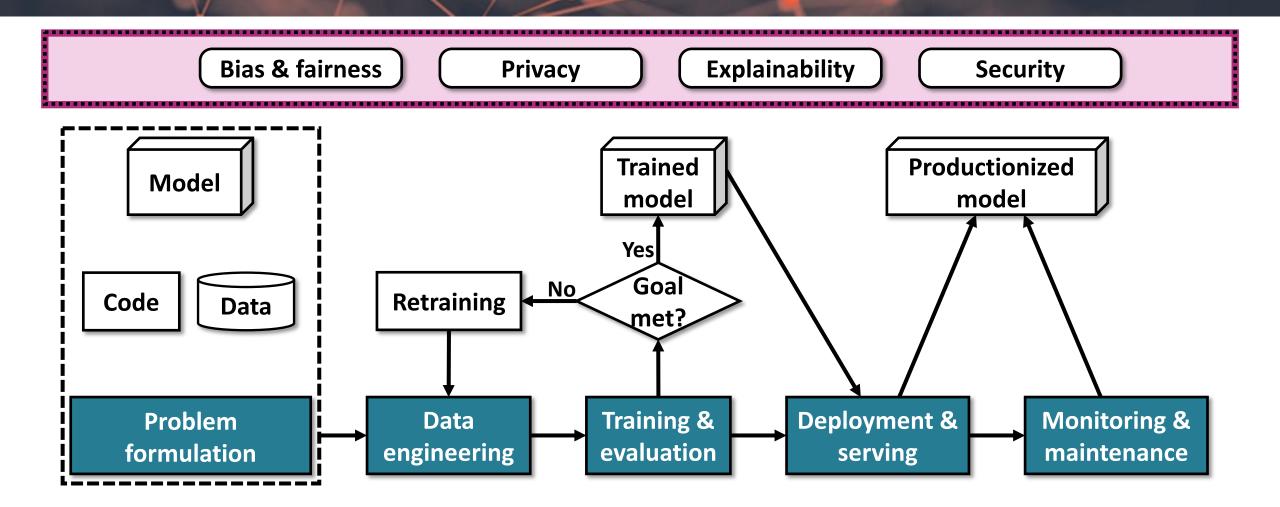
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## Schedule

- [Lecture] Intro to ML Lifecycle 15 min
- [Lab] Build an end-to-end ML system 30 min
  - » <a href="https://github.com/goldmermaid/MLU-MLOps-Lab">https://github.com/goldmermaid/MLU-MLOps-Lab</a>
- Q&A 15 min



# The ML lifecycle

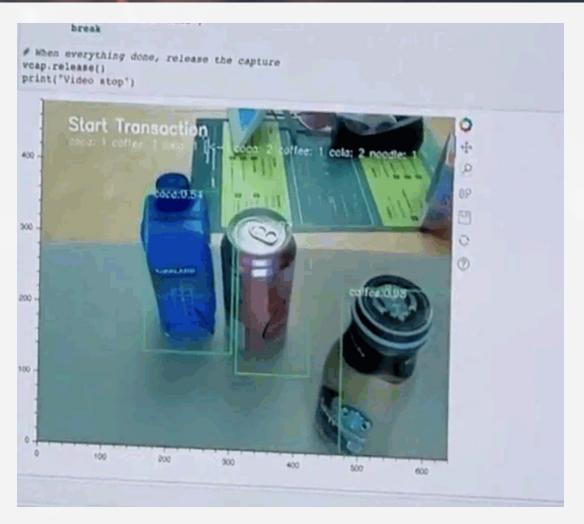




# A Simple ML System

Suppose that we are building a visual search system:







## A Simple ML System - Problem Formulation

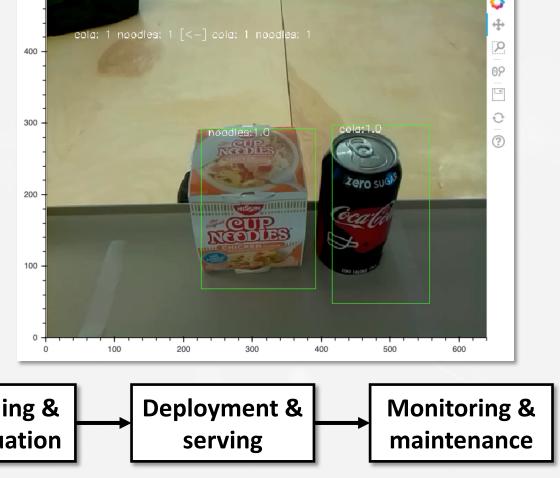
- 1. What are the inputs and outputs?
- 2. How to measure this ML system's performance?
- 3. What are the hardware/software requirements?
  - a. Batch inference, online inference or both?
  - b. On-premise, cloud based or both?
  - c. Which one is more cost efficient?





# A Simple ML System - Data Engineering

- Data Ingestion
  - » Web sourcing
  - » Simulating
  - » Manually collecting
- Data Processing
  - » Cleaning, labeling, etc.
  - » Feature engineering
  - » Data augmentation



**Problem** formulation

**Data** engineering

**Training &** evaluation



# A Simple ML System - Data Engineering

#### Data Ingestion, Processing, and Transforming

```
1 import boto3
  from IPython.display import clear output, Image, display, HTML
   import numpy as np
   import cv2
   import base64
 6 from bokeh.plotting import figure
   from bokeh.io import output notebook, show, push notebook
   import time
   import json
10 output notebook()
   STREAM NAME = "pi4-001"
   kvs = boto3.client("kinesisvideo")
   # Grab the endpoint from GetDataEndpoint
   endpoint = kvs.get data endpoint(
       APIName="GET HLS STREAMING SESSION URL",
       StreamName=STREAM NAME
   )['DataEndpoint']
 8 print(endpoint)
```

```
while(True):
        ## Test frame by frame
        ret, frame = vcap.read()
        if frame is not None:
            start = time.time()
            frame = cv2.flip(frame, -1)
            # Use the trained YOLO model
10
11
            class IDs, scores, bounding boxes = objectDetection.detect image yolo(frame)
12
            frame, hand cnt, no hand cnt, start trans,
           in trans, curr item cnt, msg, msg2 = detection result process(
13
14
                frame, objectDetection.classes, class IDs, scores,
15
                bounding boxes, hand cnt, no hand cnt, start trans,
16
                in trans, curr item cnt, max item cnt, pre msg, pre msg2)
17
18
            # Display the resulting frame
10
           player(frame)
20
        else:
21
            print("Frame is None")
22
           break
23
24 # When everything done, release the capture
25 vcap.release()
26 print("Video stop")
```

# A Simple ML System - Modeling

#### training\_object\_detector.ipynb

#### **Training an Object Detector**

```
1 def train model(train dataset, epochs=50):
       ctx = mx.qpu(0)
       net = gcv.model zoo.get model('ssd 512 resnet50 v1 custom',
                                      classes=train dataset.classes,
                                      transfer='coco')
       net.collect params().reset ctx(ctx)
       width, height = 512, 512 # suppose we use 512 as base training size
       gcv.utils.random.seed(233)
       batch size = 16 # 32 for p3.2xlarge, 16 for p2.2xlarge
10
11
       num workers = 4
12
       with autograd.train mode():
13
           _, _, anchors = net(mx.nd.zeros((1, 3, height, width), ctx))
14
       anchors = anchors.as in context(mx.cpu())
15
       train transform = SSDDefaultTrainTransform(width, height, anchors)
       batchify fn = Tuple(Stack(), Stack(), Stack())
16
17
       train loader = mx.gluon.data.DataLoader(
18
           train dataset.transform(train transform),
19
           batch size,
2.0
            shuffle=True,
           batchify fn=batchify fn,
21
22
           last batch='rollover',
23
           num workers=num workers)
```

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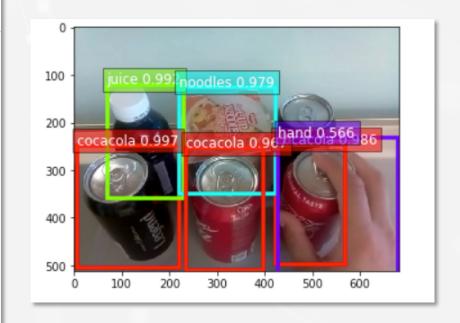


# A Simple ML System - Testing

#### test object detector.ipynb

#### Validating a Model

```
def validate(net, test dataset, ctx):
       if isinstance(ctx, mx.Context):
           ctx = [ctx]
       size = len(test dataset)
       metric = gcv.utils.metrics.voc detection.VOC07MApMetric(
           iou thresh=0.5, class names=test dataset.classes)
       net.collect params().reset ctx(ctx)
       metric.reset()
       width, height = 512, 512
10
       batch size = 4
11
       batchify fn = Tuple(Stack(), Pad(pad val=-1))
12
       val loader = mx.gluon.data.DataLoader(
13
           test dataset.transform(SSDDefaultValTransform(width, height)),
14
           batchify fn=batchify fn, batch size=batch size, shuffle=False,
           last batch='rollover', num workers=0)
15
```



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# Deployment & Serving

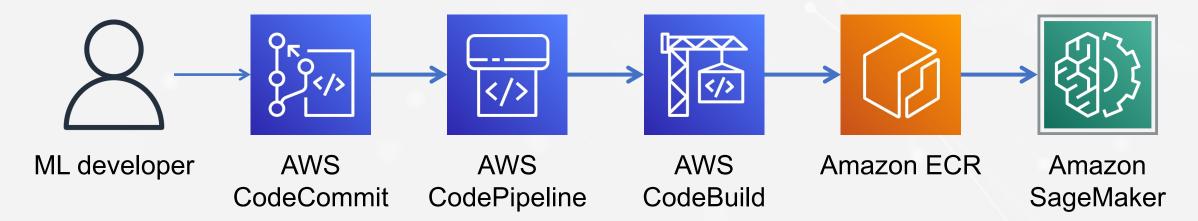
```
while(True):
       ## Test frame by frame
       ## ...
       ret, frame = vcap.read()
       if frame is not None:
           start = time.time()
           frame = cv2.flip(frame, -1)
10
           # Use the trained YOLO model
11
           class IDs, scores, bounding boxes = objectDetection.detect image yolo(frame)
           frame, hand cnt, no hand cnt, start trans,
12
           in_trans, curr_item_cnt, msg, msg2 = detection_result_process(
13
14
               frame, objectDetection.classes, class IDs, scores,
15
               bounding boxes, hand cnt, no hand cnt, start trans,
               in trans, curr item cnt, max item cnt, pre msg, pre msg2)
16
17
                                                        10 class ObjectDetection():
18
           # Display the resulting frame
                                                        11
                                                                def init (self):
19
           player(frame)
                                                                    self.classes = ['cocacola', 'juice', 'noodles', 'hand'] # , 'cocacola-zero'
                                                        12
20
       else:
                                                                    self.net = model zoo.get model('ssd 512 resnet50 v1 custom',
                                                        13
21
           print("Frame is None")
                                                                                                     classes=self.classes, pretrained base=False)
                                                        14
22
           break
                                                        15 #
                                                                      self.net = model zoo.get model('yolo3 darknet53 custom',
23
                                                        16 #
                                                                                                       classes=self.classes, pretrained base=False)
   # When everything done, release the capture
                                                                    param files = ([x for x in os.listdir('.') if x.endswith('.params')])
   vcap.release()
                                                        17
26 print("Video stop")
                                                        18
                                                                    selected = param files[0]
                                                                    self.net.load parameters(selected)
                                                        19
                                                                    self.ctx = mx.qpu(0)
                                                        20
          VideoStream.ipydb
                                                                    self.net.collect params().reset ctx(self.ctx)
                                                        21
```

MACHINE LEARNIN



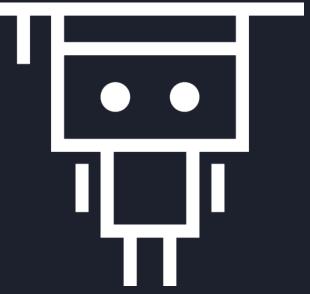
### Lab Exercise

In this exercise, we will create an MLOps pipeline using CloudFormation



Lab instructions: https://github.com/goldmermaid/MLU-MLOps-Lab





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# Thank you!