

Problem 8.1: Compute the following Integrals

(a) $\int \frac{1}{(x+1) \cdot (2x-3)} dx$ \longrightarrow I prefer to write it like this from the beginning

$$\int -\frac{1}{5(x+1)} + \frac{2}{5(2x-3)} dx$$

$$= -\int \frac{1}{5(x+1)} dx + \int \frac{2}{5(2x-3)} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{5} \cdot \ln(|x+1|) + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \ln(|2x-3|) + C$$

(b) $\int \frac{1}{x^2+2x+3} dx$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2+2x+1+2} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(x+1)^2+2} dx$$

$$\swarrow t = x+1$$

$$\int \frac{1}{t^2+2} dt$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

\swarrow Simplify or
substitute "t" with
"x+1"

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}x+\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{2} + C$$

Problem 8.1: © $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(x-1)} dx$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}x - \sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x - \sqrt{x}} dx \Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}}} dx$$

$$t = \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\int \frac{2}{t^2 - 1} dt$$

$$2 \cdot \int \frac{1}{t^2 - 1} dt$$

$$2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{t-1}{t+1} \right)$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1} \right)$$

$$\ln(|\sqrt{x}-1|) - \ln(\sqrt{x}+1) + C$$

Problem 8.2: Compute the following Integrals:

$$a) \int \frac{2x^2 + 41x - 91}{(x-1)(x+3)(x-4)} dx$$

$$\int \frac{4}{x-1} - \frac{7}{x+3} + \frac{5}{x-4} dx$$

$$\int \frac{4}{x-1} dx - \int \frac{7}{x+3} dx + \int \frac{5}{x-4} dx$$

$$4 \ln(|x-1|) - 7 \ln(|x+3|) + 5 \ln(|x-4|) + C$$

$$b) \int \frac{x^2}{(x+2)^2 \cdot (x+4)^2} dx$$

$$\int -\frac{2}{x+2} + \frac{1}{(x+2)^2} + \frac{2}{x+4} + \frac{4}{(x+4)^2} dx$$

$$-\int \frac{2}{x+2} dx + \int \frac{1}{(x+2)^2} dx + \int \frac{2}{x+4} dx + \int \frac{4}{(x+4)^2} dx$$

$$-2 \ln(|x+2|) + \left(-\frac{1}{x+2}\right) + 2 \ln(|x+4|) + \left(-\frac{4}{x+4}\right)$$

$$-2 \ln(|x+2|) - \frac{5x+17}{x^2+6x+8} + 2 \ln(|x+4|) + C$$

Problem 8.2: $\odot \int \frac{2x^2 - 3x - 3}{(x-1)(x^2 - 2x + 5)} dx$

$$\int -\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{3x-2}{x^2-2x+5} dx$$

$$-\int \frac{1}{x-1} dx + \int \frac{3x-2}{x^2-2x+5} dx$$

$$-\ln(|x-1|) + \frac{3}{2} \cdot \ln(|x^2-2x+5|) + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right)}{2} + C$$

Problem 8.3:

a) $\int \frac{x+1}{x\sqrt{x-2}} dx$

$$\int \frac{2(u^2+3)}{u^2+2} du$$

$$2 \cdot \int \frac{u^2+3}{u^2+2} du$$

$$2 \cdot \int \frac{u^2}{u^2+2} du + \int \frac{3}{u^2+2} du$$

$$2\left(-\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{u}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + u + \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{u}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right)$$

Substitue $u = \sqrt{x-2}$

$$2\left(-\sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(x-2)}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(x-2)}}\right) + \sqrt{x-2} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(x-2)}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(x-2)}}\right)\right) + C$$

Problem 8.3: ⑥

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt[3]{1+x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt[3]{u}} du$$

$$\int \frac{3v^2}{1+v} dv$$

$$3 \cdot \int \frac{v^2}{1+v} dv$$

$$w = (1+\sqrt[3]{1+x})$$

$$3 \cdot \int \frac{(w-1)^2}{w} dw \Rightarrow 3 \cdot \int w - 2 + \frac{1}{w}$$

$$3 \left(\int w dw - \int 2 dw + \int \frac{1}{w} dw \right) \quad \text{Applying the Sum Rule}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{w^2}{2} - 2w + \ln|w| \right)$$

Substitute back

$$3 \left(\frac{(1+\sqrt[3]{1+x})^2}{2} - 2(1+\sqrt[3]{1+x}) + \ln|1+\sqrt[3]{1+x}| \right) + C$$

Problem 8.3: (c) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+e^x}} dx$

$$\int \frac{2}{w^2-1} dw \quad \boxed{w = \sqrt{1+e^x}}$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{w^2-1} dw$$

$$2 \cdot \left(- \int \frac{1}{w^2-1} dw \right)$$

$$2 \cdot \left(- \left(\frac{\ln(|w+1|)}{2} - \frac{\ln(|w-1|)}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$- \ln(|w+1|) + \ln(|w-1|)$$

$$- \ln(|\sqrt{1+e^x}+1|) + \ln(|\sqrt{1+e^x}-1|) + C$$

Problem 8.4: a) $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{(x^2+1)^2} dx$

$$f = x^2 + 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{2t^2} dt$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{t^2} dt$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{t} \right)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2x^2+2} \Big|_0^1$$



$$-\frac{1}{2 \cdot 1^2 + 2} - \left(-\frac{1}{2 \cdot 0^2 + 2} \right) = -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$$

Problem 8.4: (b) $\int_0^{16} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+9}-\sqrt{x}} dx$

$$\int_0^{16} \frac{1 \cdot (\sqrt{x+9} + \sqrt{x})}{(\sqrt{x+9}-\sqrt{x}) \cdot (\sqrt{x+9} + \sqrt{x})} dx$$

$$\int_0^{16} \frac{\sqrt{x+9} + \sqrt{x}}{9} dx$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\int_0^{16} \sqrt{x+9} dx + \int_0^{16} \sqrt{x} dx \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x+9} \cdot |x+9|}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} \cdot |x|}{3} \right)$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{x+9} \cdot |x+9| + 2\sqrt{x} \cdot |x|}{27} \bigg|_0^{16} = 12$$

Problem 8.4. (C)

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} x \cos(x) dx$$

$$x \cdot \sin(x) - \int \sin(x) dx$$

$$x \cdot \sin(x) - (-\cos(x))$$

$$\left[x \cdot \sin(x) + \cos(x) \right] \Big|_0^{\pi/2}$$



$$\frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - (0 \sin(0) + \cos(0))$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} - 1$$

THE END