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Part 1 Basic Commands:

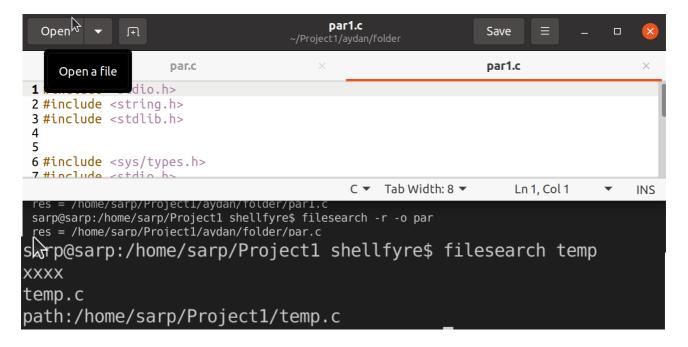
For this part I implemented my own exec function. The starter code was already parsed in a struct. I used the command struct to get the data. Command->args contained args and command->name contains the main command which will be executed. I gave the arguments and command name to a function and used streat function with "/bin/". Then I executed the command with its arguments using execv(). For the background part I checked whether the command is in background or not using the command structure. If it is in the background I made the parent process wait.

```
sarp@sarp:~/Project1$ ./shell
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ ls
     cronjob joke.cron Makefile
                                 Module.symvers pstraverse.c
                                                          pstraverse.mod
                                                                         pstraverse.mod.o shell
aydan job
             joke.sh modules.order
                                               pstraverse.ko pstraverse.mod.c
                                                                         pstraverse.o
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ pand
/home/sarp/Project1
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$
larp@sarp:~/Project1$ ./shell
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ pwd &
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ /home/sarp/Project1
```

Part 2 Custom Commands:

Filesearch:

For the filesearch command I checked the arguments. If there is "-r" option I called my recursive function. If there is "-o" option I opened the file using xdg-open. If there are no options then it checks the current directory. To find all matching file names I used regex expressions



sarp@sarp:~/Project1\$./shell
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre\$ filesearch -r par
res = /home/sarp/Project1/aydan/folder/par.c
res = /home/sarp/Project1/aydan/folder/par1.c

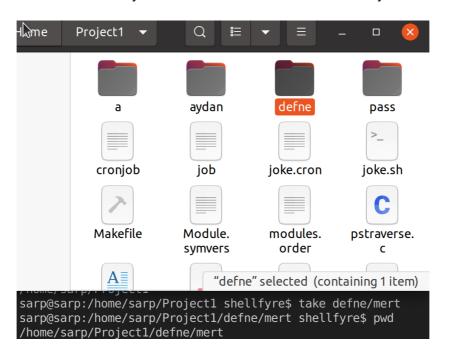


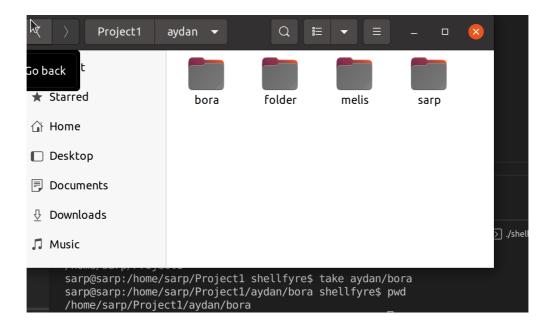
Cdh command:

I ran out of time for this command but I added my ideas about how to implement in my code file.

Take command:

To implement take I command first I took the current directory using getcwd function. I tokenized the user input with "/" delimiter. If the current directory combined with first token does not exists. I create a new directory. After last token I switch to the newly created directory.





```
sarp@sarp:~/Project1$ ./shell
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ take aydan
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1/aydan shellfyre$ pwd
/home/sarp/Project1/aydan
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1/aydan shellfyre$ exit
```

Joker command:

In order to implement this command I checked the discussion board and used the answer in stack overflow. I wrote the job to a new file and then executed the crontab using excel function.

sarp@saᢔ:/home/sarp/Project1/defne/mert shellfyre\$ joker sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1/defne/mert shellfyre\$ crontab -l */15 * * * * XDG_RUNTIME_DIR=/run/user/\$(id -u) noti<u>f</u>y-send "\$(curl https://icanhazdadjoke.com/)"



Your awesome command:

Dna command (sarp):

This command shuffles a dna string. Whenever you run the dna command it gives you a new string of nucleotides. After it gives you a random dna string, it waits for user to enter the other sde of the dna string. For example program gives you string AGGCTGC. User should enter TCCGACG because of basic biology. Adenin combines with Thymin and Guanin combines with Cytosin. If you mismatch some parts program give you the wrong indexes. If you mismatch the length of the dna string you automatically fail the dna test.

```
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ dna
shuffled GTGATAGC
Enter your result:
aaaaaaaaa
You failed
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ dna
shuffled GCTTTTTA
Enter your result:
AAAAAAAA
input: AAAAAAAA
wrong at index: 0
Wrong at index: 1
Wrong at index: 7
Come back after you study
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$
```

```
Sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ dna
shuffled GAGTGGTG
Enter your result:
CTCACCAC
input: CTCACCAC
You passed nucleotide test
```

Letters command (Tutku):

For this command I implemented a function that takes a string as input from the user. After taking the input, the function takes every character one by one and counts how many of that character is in the entire string, and prints the amount at the end for every different character. For example: if the first letter is "a", the code keeps 1 as the amount for character "a" and checks the rest of the word to see if there is any other "a"s. If not, code prints the amount of letter "a" and moves onto the second letter. The code does this operation until all the letters are checked individually.

```
tutku@tutku-VirtualBox:/home/tutku/Desktop/Comp-304-Project-1-main/Project1 shellfyre$ letters
Enter a word:
There are 2 of letter a .
There are 1 of letter m .
There are 2 of letter a .
There are 2 of letter a .
There are 1 of letter g .
There are 1 of letter e .
There are 2 of letter d .
There are 2 of letter d .
There are 1 of letter o .
There are 1 of letter n .
tutku@tutku-VirtualBox:/home/tutku/Desktop/Comp-304-Project-1-main/Project1 shellfyre$
```

```
tutku@tutku-VirtualBox:/home/tutku/Desktop/Comp-304-Project-1-main/Project1 shellfyre$ letters
Enter a word:
There are 5 of letter k
There are 5 of letter k .
There are 5 of letter k .
There are 5 of letter k .
There are 5 of
              letter
There are 2 of letter g .
There are 2 of letter g .
There are 1 of letter h
There are 4 of
              letter d .
There are 4 of
              letter d .
There are 4 of letter d .
There are 4 of letter d .
tutku@tutku-VirtualBox:/home/tutku/Desktop/Comp-304-Project-1-main/Project1 shellfyre$
```

Part 3 Kernel Module:

In order to load the kernel module I used the exec function and insmod. It runs the bfs or dfs algorithm according to the given input in kernel space. Program deletes the module when "exit" command is typed in to the shell.

```
sarl@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ pstraverse 1 -d
installing module ...
[sudo] password for sarp:
install complete
sarp@sarp:/home/sarp/Project1 shellfyre$ exit
deleted module
```

```
4965.584992] Hello, World!
4965.584996] root: 1
4965.584999] pid: 416 pname: systemd-journal
4965.585000] pid: 453 pname: systemd-udevd
4965.585001] pid: 622 pname: multipathd
4965.585002] pid: 684 pname: systemd-timesyn
4965.585002] pid: 728 pname: systemd-network
4965.585003] pid: 730 pname: systemd-resolve
4965.585004] pid: 769 pname: accounts-daemon
4965.585004] pid: 771 pname: avahi-daemon
4965.585005] pid: 797 pname: avahi-daemon
4965.585006] pid: 773 pname: dbus-daemon
4965.585006] pid: 774 pname: NetworkManager
4965.585007] pid: 779 pname: irgbalance
4965.585008] pid: 781 pname: networkd-dispat
4965.585008] pid: 783 pname: polkitd
```

```
[ 4586.095711] pid: 1941 pname: gsd-printer
[ 4586.095712] pid: 1935 pname: spice-vdagent
[ 4586.095713] pid: 2108 pname: seahorse
[ 4586.095714] pid: 2105 pname: gnome-calendar
[ 4586.095715] pid: 2521 pname: gvfsd-metadata
[ 4586.095715] pid: 5138 pname: nautilus
[ 4586.095715] pid: 1497 pname: gnome-keyring-d
[ 4586.095716] pid: 6447 pname: fprintd
[ 4588.722792] Goodbye, World!
```

References:

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https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/sprintf-in-c/

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tion%20performs%20the,is%20returned%20for%20a%20failure.

https://tldp.org/LDP/lkmpg/2.4/html/x856.html

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