Arthemetic G.NAGESWARAO SIR GNR ACADEMY OF COMPETITIVE EXAMS ABOVE BRUNDAVAN HOTEL, JAWAHAR NAGAR -HYDERABAD CELL:9160001177,9160001188

LAXMI SAI COMMUNICATIONS

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* Reasoning :

- 1 Number series 3 marks + 5 marks + 1 marks

 1 Number Analogy

 1 Number classification
- © coding Decoding-4 marks
- 6 letter Anology
- (1) Letter classification
- 8 word Analogy 5 marks
- word classification
- Calender 5 marks
- clocks & marks
- Oi rection test-3 mark
- Blood Relation_ 6 marks
- (1) seating Arrangments

Data based subjects

prow

v-)

B Ranking _ I marks	
(16) cabes (UV) - 5 marks	
Dice (NV) - 2 marks	Ion verbal
Counting Greenetrical figure. (NV)	+
19 pazzles - 5 marks + 3 marks	/ /
logical venn diagrams - 1 mark	
mathemetical operations	
Arithmetical Reasoning. (26) Alp	habet - 1 marks
Syllogism - 5 marks	
349 Statments, orguments - 5 marks	
Data Interpretation ** - 6 marks +	5 marks + 5 maxr
* Non verbal Reasoning	16 marks +5 mar
(Series)	21 mars
a Anology > 9 marks	
3 classification	
Mirror Images, water 2 mages _ 2 marks	

CHARCED HINTOR COMPRESSION OF COMPRE · ·

* Number * Series *

,			
	12-1	192-361	37-1369
?	2-4	20 - 400	38 - 1444
	32-9	2 - 441	39 - 1521
)	4-16	22 - 484 23 - 529	40-1600
)	5-25	$2y^{2}-576$	
)	6=36	25 - 625	412-1681
)	7=49	26-676	432 - 1164 432 - 1883 1849
·)	8 = 64	27-729	43 - 1849 1849 44 - 1848 1936
.)	92=81	28 - 784	45 - \$ 2025
·)	102=100	292 -841	462- 2116
. ′	11/=181	30 - 900	472- 2209
;) ()	122 = 144,	31 - 961	u8 ¹ - 2304
(:	13 = 169	32 - 1024	49 ¹ - 2401
(:	142=196	33 - 1089	50 - 2500
	15 = 225	342 - 1156	
	16 = 256	35 - 1225	
1 1	17 = 289	36-1296	
; . · · · ·	18 = 324		

* cabes:

$$13 - 1$$
 $23 - 8$
 $123 - 1728$
 $25^3 - 15625$
 $3^3 - 27$
 $13^3 - 8197$
 $26^3 - 17576$
 $3^3 - 69$
 $143 - 2749$
 $36^3 - 17576$
 $5^3 - 125$
 $15^3 - 375$
 $6^3 - 216$
 $16^3 - 4096$
 $7^3 - 343$
 $17^2 - 4913$
 $8^3 - 512$
 $18^3 - 5832$
 $9^3 - 729$
 $193 - 6859$
 $29 - 16$
 $29 - 16$
 $29 - 16$
 $29 - 16$

$$2^{9} - 16$$
 $2^{5} - 32$
 $2^{6} - 69$
 $2^{7} - 128$
 $2^{8} - 256$
 $2^{9} - 512$
 $2^{10} - 1029$

$$2^{11} - 2048$$
 $3^{4} - 81$ $5^{4} - 625$ $4^{5} - 1024$ $4^{6} - 4096$ $5^{4} - 625$ $5^{5} - 3125$ $5^{6} - 15625$ $5^{6} - 15625$ $5^{6} - 1296$ $3^{4} - 2187$ $4^{4} - 2461$ $3^{8} - 6561$ $6^{4} - 101000$ $6^{5} - 101000$

) * From 1 to 100; 2,3,5,7,11,13, 17,19,23,29,

31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73, 79,

83, 89, 97

* 1 200 යි 100 නිර හා 25 ලක් ආ දිංකුව මෙනේ.

¥ 1 to 25 →

* 26 to 50 → 6

* 51 to 75 \rightarrow 6

* 76 to 100 -> 4 25

* 300 Comp Forms: (Different by 2)

 \Rightarrow (3.5), (5.7), (11.13), (19,19), (29.31), (41.43),

(59,61), (71,73) Total 8 upto 100

* 1 poor 100 2650 3de coor posper = 8

* Even Numbers: FO FORDED

2,4,6,8,10 - ---

* odd Numbers: off poplo

1,3,5,7,9,11 ----

* Natural Nambers: part post w

1,2,3,4,5,6,

* N- series:

- (1) páro porte :- 1,2,3,4,5,6 ? (7)
- 2 50 5025er :- 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, ? (2)
- 3 33° FORMO :- 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, -1
- (9) co coo p pospo, . 2, 3, 5, 7 ? (1)

* N'- Series;

- (1) para porte : 1,4,9,16, 25, ? (36)
- (2) po pople : 4, 16, 36, 64, ? (00)
- 3) 35 poaso : 1,9, 25, 49, 81, 9 (121)
- (9) (Signif Fragres). : 4, 9, 25, 49, (21)

* N3-series:

- () நன்க நல்லை :- 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, ? (இi6)
- 2 po pospred: 8, 64, 216, 512, 1000, ? (1728)
- 3 93 p posper :- 1, 27, 125, 343, 729, 1331, ? (2197)
- (9) Carpo p pospos. :- 8, 27, 125, 343, ? (1331)

* n+1 - series;

- (1) parts porpor : 2,5,10,17,26,37, 9 (50)
- @ FO FORM := 5,17,37,65, ? (101) -: (104)
- 3 25 FORENEW = 2,10,26,50, 2 (971)
- (1) Compo Foaren. :- 5,10,26,50, ? (2) (1/41)

* n21 = Sexies:

O pand pool :- 0,3,8,15,24,35, ? (48)

(P) FO FORD : 3, 15, 35, 63, ... (99) (100-1)

(3) vor por :- 0.8, 24, us, - 80 (81-1)

(4) (5) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)

* n'tn - series;

(1) paro posper :- 2,6,12,20,30,42, -1 (56)

2 po posper :- 6, 120, 42, 72, 110, ? (56)

(3) B\$ \$ \$00000 :- 2, 12, 30, 56, ? (90)

(9) (500) PORDIEW :- 6, 12, 30, 56, ? (32) (:1771)

1x2=2

10X11 = 110

19X20 = 380

2×3=6

11X12=132

20x21 = 420

1. .

344=12

12×13 = 156

UX5=20

13X14 = 182

5x6 = 30

14x15 = 210

6×7 = 42

15×16 = 240

788= 56

16×17 = 272

8×9= 72

 $17 \times 18 = 306$

0 P = 01XP

18×19 = 342

* nin Series:

**

- (1) part posper: -0, 2, 6, 12, 20, 3.0, ? (12)
- (2) po posper & 2, 12, 30, 56, 90, 7 (32)
- 3) 25 posper :- 0, 6, 20, 42, 1
- (9) (20 pp) 70 pp) ; 2, 6, 20, 42, 7 (10)

- (1) part posp : 2,12,36,80, ? (50)
- @ FO FORD :- 12,80, 252, ? (576)
- 3 23 popp :- 2, 36, 150, = (392)
 - (y) (2) popp ;- 2, 36, 150, 392, (452)
- ** n3-n' series:
 - (1) Fatha Ford :- 0, 4, 18, 48, ? (100)
 - (2) po pospl & u, u8, 180, (448)
 - (3) vist Fossi :- 0, 18, 100, ? (294)
 - (a) (a) (p) p) :- (4, 18, 100, 294, ? (1210)

* my series:

① 节面的 节9到 :- 1.16, 81, 256, 625, 1 (1296)

(2) po possil :- 16, 256, ? (1296)

3 38 poad :- 1,81,625, ? (2401)

(4) (20 pop pap) : 16,81,625,2401, ? (4641)

** AP Arithematic progresion;

* Incresing prograsive series: (1.8)

EEX I.S: 4, 7,10,13,16,19,22 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

* Decresing prograsive sextes: (D.8)

 $\frac{D.8}{-3} - \frac{60}{3}, \frac{57}{5}, \frac{54}{5}, \frac{51}{4}, \frac{48}{5}, \frac{45}{45}$

* GI.P: Geometrical progression:

6,

*I.S: 2,418,16,32,64, 1 (198) 3,6,12,24,48,96, 1 (192) *D.S: 64,32,16,8,4,? 2

* Difference may be Natural, Even, odd, prime,
Multiple

 $9,3,5,8,13,21,34,\frac{9}{56}$ $2,3,5,8,13,21,34,\frac{9}{56}$ 2,3+3=5,3+5=8,5+8=13,-----2,3+3=5,3+5=8,5+8=13,-----

* mixed series:

1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 0, 7, 5, 9, 6, 9, 1)

(2) 1,1,1,2,4,8,3,9,27,4,16,64, 3,19,27,4,16,64, * product & Addition | substraction | Alternate:

① 3,7,13,27,53,?[07] $x_{2+1}, x_{2-1}, x_{2+1}$

9 8, 17, 69, 415, 9 (3321) X2+1 X4+1 X6+1 X8+1 X10+1

(5) 8, 8, 24, 120, 840, 9 (7560) XI X3 X5, X7 X9 XII

* Number Anology;

-) (1) 4: 12:: 5: <u>15</u>
 - ② 3:5 :: 7: <u>9</u>
 - 3 23:8::34:81 : $2^3=8$, $3^4=81$
 - 9 23:5::34: 7 : 2+3=5, 3+4=7
 - (5) $42:2:63:\frac{2}{2}:\frac{4}{2}=2,\frac{6}{3}=2$
 - © 16-4 36-9 © 19:12:: 63: 25

CHRACADENT OF COMPELITINE ETAMS

* classification: (oddman out) (987) 505) = 9

① 2 ② Y ③ 6. ① 9 V

⇒ කාගය ක්ලේක විශ අත්ත කිරෙස් ක්වෙස් ත ක්රේක්ක දෙන අවූත කිරෙස් ගත

(3) (1) 3 (2) 5 (3) 7 (4) 9V

3,5,7 prime Numbers. 9 20000 5000.

(y) (1) 16 (2) 24 (3) 32 (9) 62 V

16,24,32 verb 4 独身 400名のかいできかの 50月 62 vb かいできる 400名のがいなめ。

5 0 8 2 12 3 16 9 26

8,12,16 లను ఆ బాగించాలు మేతలం. కాంగి 26 నుండుం జాంగించాలు డ్యామ్. © (12) (2) 14 (3) 13 (4) 17

21, 13, 17 20 odd numbers. But 14 is Even Numbers.

* Coding - De coding *

A B C D E F G H I J K L M

ZIXWVUTSRQPON

A to 2

16

Boy

Jack & Queen

Climag

Kapil Dev

DOWRY

LOV E

Even

MOOD

Ean

Goat

HORSE

A = 1 (8) 27

2 = 26 (61) 0

A B C D E F GI H I J K L M

NO P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Dancing Owen, EAR

Ant, Box, CAP, Fish, GIATE, Hunt, Ivory,

Thong work,

MASTER ROGTER

RETSAM

RETSOR

MASITER ROSITER

TERIMAS

TERIROS

MAISTIER
ROISTIER
AMTSRE
ORTSRE

Norrim Images: M.I A. I B -1 D -H \mathcal{I} J-K -

THE TOWN A, H, I, M, O, T, U, V, W, X, Y O Thought work Images work 300.

- * EFFECTIVE DB DEORPS MITTOT Image po
 - B FYITCFFE
- CTIVE ®
- * INFORMATIONS 43 45,0098 Mirror Image possible?

INFORMATIONS

INFORMATIONS

⇒ word හි Mirror et අතාවිර්මිණි ගාව අවුර්ට නාශා නාජාණාවෙ.

* Water Images:

A B C D E F G H I J K L M
Y B C D E E C H I I K I W

NobørSIONMXYZ

Note: C, D, E, H, I, K, O, X & plead to strain

యేటి 420 400 మెల్లీస్ట్రాఫ్ . మెల్లేం Images <u>8</u> ప్రేశ్మేయి.

* BAGI po water Images po on abolic?

* Mirror Irrage 20000 Water Irrages of 2000999!

CHR RCROHNT OF COMPRETINE HARMS

MASTER - Down B Look Complementary
NZHGVI OLLP Letter DOWN.

complementary pairs

- EAGILE + Sequence ≈ Letters
- 3 EAGILE DZFKD

BRAKE SE JE BOARD

(11)
$$CAT = 72$$
 for $30x5 = 150$ $30x5 = 150$

(12) CAT = 12 +
$$\frac{30}{2}$$
 = 12 $\frac{30}{2}$ = 15

D SYS/TEM
SYS/MET TO SE TO BE

FRACTION -CARFINOIT

(Ol)

€ NEARER

AENIRER + + wish

2 2 1 P = 198 2 AP = 246 + wid VIP = ?

③ FULFNHW -のおの CRICKET 3 当底 中心的的 EULGH もおの もの 8 当底 もわめのの.

文EBRA P 52102362 新電視 COBRA P Dero

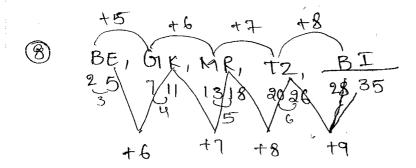
$$219 = 198 \Rightarrow 33 \times 6$$

$$2AP \Rightarrow A2K$$
 $12611 = 38+3$

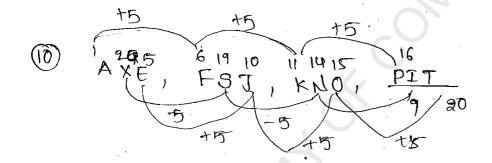
complementary retters.

AN, BO, CP, DQ, ER

Set-II complementary series.







- (1) 20 7 19 18919 PKO 14 13 13 TGS, RIQ, PKO, NMM
 - @ POK B ROP @ PRO @
- 19 H 18 J, J17G1, L16D, N15A, P14X, R390
 8 10 10 7 19 4 14 16 14 18 21

- (1) DKM, FJP, HIS, JHV, LGY
 - @ IGY BLGY OIGZ @ HGY
- (15) AYBZC, DWEXE, GIUTT VI, JSKTI, MONRO

@ MONRO BMOORN O NOMOR @ OMONR

CHRACADENT OF COMPETITIVE EXAMPS

* LETTER ANOLOGY *

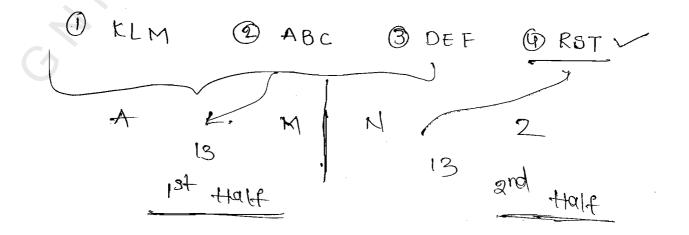
CHRACKDEINT OF COMPETITIVE ETAMES

* Letter classification *

1) AE QUA 3 IO QIEV



Complementary series pairs.



GHRACADENT OF COMPETITIVE EXAMPS

- ೧ ನಾಡುಲ್ : ಮುಗಡೆ ಹಿಂದಂ : ವಾಶ್ಚಿಮಾಲಾಕು : ಗುಂಡ
- Q U.P: Lacnow: M.P: Bopal.
- 3 Leg: Angle: Hand: wrist
- @ [ELEPHNT] Elephant: Howdah :: HORSe: HOOF
- 6 wrist: Elbow: Antle: knee (3003000)
 - 6 ocein: car: pourh: Floor: Wipe
- 7 cells: Tissues: : Atoms: molicules.



* calendar * (30/3068)

* century -> 100 years duration -

year ordinary year 365 days
Leap year 366 days.

* Leap year means last two digits of ayear must divisible by 4

* Months -> J F M A M J J A 3 0 N D 31 28/29 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31 30 31

* Days > Sun, mon, Tues, wed, tha, Fri, Sat

* Every year must contains 52 weeks. I day

* Centeury Leap year 400, 800, 1200, 1600, 2000, 2400 --

* with table Recal

* 5th Table Recal

4th table		7th table
1 X4 = 4		1×7=7
2×4=8		2×7 = 14
3×4 = 12		3×7 = 21
UX9 = 16		487 = 28
5×4 = 20		5 1 2 35
6X4 = 24		6x7 = 42
7x4 = 28		$PV = \Gamma X \Gamma$
8x4= 32		8×7 = 56
9X4 = 36		$9 \times 7 = 63$
		1047 = 7401
$10 \times 4 = 40$		17 = 7x11
11x4= ug	4	12×7 = 84
12 x y = u8		13×7 = 91
13 X4 = 52		14×7 = 98
14X4 = 18 56		15×7 = 105
15xy = 60		16X7 = 112
16 X4 = 64	22xy = 88	17 x7 = 119
17 X4 = 68	23 X 4 = 92	18×7 = 126
18×4 = 72	24x4 = 96	19×7 = 133
1984 = 76	25X4 = 100	20×7=140
20 X 4 = 80	,	~~~ (- 140

21X4 = 84

* odd, days; - '2नक किथि।

Odd days in January = ? Feb

Sol:
$$\frac{3}{3} \rightarrow \text{odd days}$$

2) Total Number of odd days in Jan, Feb, mar, Apr to getber ? (in ordinary year)

3 How many odd days in 100 days!

*	Month:	J	F	M	A	M	t	J	A	S	0	N	D	
·	Days :-	31	28 (68) 29	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31	
00	yd gant?	3 0	3 1	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3) }

1 How many add days are there in 1400 years?

1400 - 3 -> odd days 50%).

1000 - 1099 -> 2:

1100 - 1199 -> 0

శ్రీత్రిశ్రాల క్రామ్	Century
0-99 > 6	1200 -1299 -> 6
100-199-> 4	1300 - 1399 → y
200 - 299→ 2	1400 -1499-> 2
300 - 399 → 0	1500 - 1599->0
400 - 499 -> 6.	1600 - 1699 -> 6
500 - 599 -> y	1700 - 1799-> 4
600 - 699 -> 2	1800 - 1899 -> 2
700 - 799-> a	1900 - 1999 ->0
800 - 899 -> 6	2000 – 2099 → 6
	2100 -2199->4
900 - 999-> 4	9900 9999 \

codes

2200 - 2299 → 2

2300 - 2399->0

2400 - 24 99->6

* Month Code: 0336 1462 5035

* Formala: year + No. of Leap year + Date + month. code + conc.

+ century code.

=> Year + No. of Leap year + Date + months. code + contary. code.

Feb 700% 29 542 complete +ourstoup stooms and day get to stoom to stoom and day get suggest to stoom t

(i)

sol:

Formula = year + No. of loop year + Date + M.c + C.C

 $\Rightarrow \frac{66+16+12+3+4}{3} = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4}{5} = \frac$

3+2+5+3+4

3 wednes day

4)66 (16

(2)

16-04-1879 යි ජස පත්රාත.

year + No. of leap year + Date + M.C + C.C

906 - 60

79+19+16+6+2

2 5 2 6 2

10 = 3

3 work 20060.

3 16th Ja

July 1776 a on my -wordson.

Sol:

76+19+16+6+4

6 5 8 6 4

> 16 7 2 Thesday.

(4) 1483 - 26Th _ oct. 20 or 20 or

Solir year + No. of leap year + Date + M.C + C.C

$$\frac{12}{7} = 5$$
 Friday

**

15-08-1947 368 -0からの?

801; incs 2000.

30lo year + No. of leap year + Date + M.c + C.C.

03 +00 +23 +3+6

3 2 3 6 3 <u>yr</u> 7

⇒ 0 sunday

(1) 4th June 2002 2 260 40 600 B.

Year + No. of leap year + Dade + (200) m.c + c.c

02 + 00 + 4 + 4 + 6

) (8) 17th June 1998

98 + 24 + 17 + 4 + 0 3 3 4 > 3 w \$ 20 60.

9 28th may 2006 2008 - 4000000.

06+1+28+1+6 6 + + X, 6

11 + 4 なもある。

10 15th Aug 2010

3 2 1 8 30 Sunday

Note: වතුරු Date නැතු 18t වුඩු නාගත ජන එග කාරයි. එබ Leap විංක්ෂ්වරං එගාම හිව ජන ජුදිංශ කාහා -ස්මාවං.

(

්. පාදා දිනාග හරා නාර්ග — රාර්ථාරාව.

**

15 Aug 2020 2 0 00

* Method - Il's

බැම්වා ග සුව හතුවාදා පිට පුවාණ පුදුවාදුව ඇතුවාදුව කියිවාදුව නු ඇති දුණුවෙද්

Solor Mai Apr may June July 300 Aug 8ept (300 Aug 9 by 300 31 30 31 31 16 30 3 4 2 + 3 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 2

18 7 18 (2 4 odd days,

数 w で 約

<u>-Ansis</u> කය් නාජව පත්තු ජාවෙත,

(2) 16Th April wednesday tower 22 August 27 of 82?

Sol:-

> 7)9(1 7 2 -odd days

thus Fridays

Ars: Friday

3 In a year, 17th sep thusday travel June 4th.

3015 June July Book Aug sept

2015 31 31 17

5 3 3 3

⇒ 14 ⇒ 7)14(2
19 obd day.

் 'o' க்ற same day - மக்கல்லை. *K

Jos Bargo soup Todoso o Sept

(5) 21st Nov Friday Downed 22nd July and ober 25 prop! Aug July sept oct Nov ಕಾಳಿಕ ಭಂಭಿಯ 30 31 31 9 2 + 3 . ಹುಂಗ್ಗವಾಕ<u>ಂ</u> 3 ಮಂಗ್ಗವಾರಂ _ ಅವು ಎಂದ

6 monday vaves April 19th 2 ord spoon. Feb 20th

Sol: Feb Marchi APY 19 868)9 ಖರಿಕ್ಕೆ ಕಟ್ಟ 168) 2 5

> ම්බ්ණාමේ 1+3+5 = 9 \$ m 10 & 500 2+3t = 10 2 1) ioi (1 2章型- 如为到60/初的到60。

* model -III:

1) Jan 1, 2007 Morday Havor. Jan 1, 2008 a) of the

එන්නෙන!

Solo

07 diff

rues day to to to to to.

② Jan 1, 2008 河面 Tuesday towed Jan 1, 2009 河面。

Sol;

08 09

(3)

08 10300 leap your 300069

100 TO

ಗುರು ಎಂ60 ಕಾಶುತುಂದ

Marchi 1st 2008 Tues day Gowed Marchi 1st, 2009 2 අති එකිකුංග. wednesday - 436) 3000. ಧೀಯವಿ೦ 3೮ ರಾಟ marchi 13+ 30% 1 - ಉಮಿತು೦೩. 2011 April 1 Friday ward 2012 April - පුතුණාව . අංකාගත් 1-1-2012 න ලංක ආක්ෂාන? **(5)**

リーか

5-- BP

2000 0000 co

G008 (36 C)

01-02-2012 2007 20060 000 12-2-2016 20 048? 16+4+12+3+6 12+3+1+3+6 41 25 actual 700 actual m G OE 3= : leap year 30 \$, 0 Ψ 70හනාර0. 3 → 2007\$ ග්රාක්ර එකුජාංශ. ුවර 20 , 7 – 3 – 2016 බ ණඩ - පාර්ණාව. 01-02-2012 12+3+1+3+6 るナビナトナリナる 2+4+0+9+6 5+3+1+3+6 =1 Jop leapyen 11 = 4 20p leap year 3 0 8 7008 2000 80 -U\$)300. OR - 2

* Model - IV ;

- ① 2003 කි රිංක්ප්රාංග නාලාල් රියිමේ කාණයේ නි රිංක්ප්රාං නාලාල් කියා කිරුවාගා දි
 - (1) 2012 (2) 2014 (3)

Note:

නිගුගෙන්ග , නිගදුර, ලිහි (ජිතාන්), අපු , අගත , අගත රාජ්ය බහුගේ

* Same calendars :

1 කාර්ලේ ි පිලබාල.
2 කාර්ලේ 11 පිලබාල.
3 කාර්ලේ 11 පිලබාල.
0 කාර්ලේ 28 පිලබාල.
(හ)

⇒ ఖామైన స్ట్రాంట్ భువ్యాతుంటే మురు విష్ణుడు పట్టుంటే తెబస్ట కేవాలంటే ఇంటం నెండు అంకెలను ఆతే భాశం చాలం. అష్టుడు మిగిలే గోపాలను టట్టు పేస్తే చేస్తున్న విధంగాం కేబలు కేవాలం.

① 2025 පුහුමංල්වි ස්පර්ව විණාක ස්ප්වාද්ව!

4) 25 (6 - 24 - 7 6 3evance.

2025+6 = 2031 d 2000 2000.

ඔ 2018 නාලා ශ්රීත්ව ක්රාත්ත ක්රාත්ත ක්රාත්ත.

Soli

$$2018+11 = 2029$$

③ 2023 මා ටිංශිසි කාරට වඩාග් ක්කුත?

() 2016 క్రాలెండర్ మంట ఎమ్డుడు వస్తున్న

28 මිව මාතා ම පුද්ධ මාතා teap year එයා නිංකාල. එග මාම නිසි 28 සි භන්ෂාත 40 විටතාල ලි 1872 මුයාගිරේ ප්රාකාපි බනුගැන ස්ප්පාර්ව ?

1872+28 = 1900

-: 1900 知面 Fon 30粒 30粒 . 28 多 知故的不 40 p 30面 · 1872 +40 = 1912 Fon 40数数0品

© २०१५ ज्यास्क वह के ८९०० है हैं।। ज्यास्क हैं कि भेक १

2014-1947=67 years Gap.

111

67 et 300 go 901 17 Dolona.

LATTI

1111

V

(F)

12 5 m dono al doop.

Note:

- ① හම ආකාරන දිගැන් එදුන්ව, එම්හරි මානායිවින භාමිත හින්ගෙන.
- ම නම මන ලිගාගේ එදාර්ථව, ස්වී ලිගෙ මාලිට ශිරීම

Do wow.

Feb - 0

may -3

Apr - 2

may - 3

June - 2

Jaly -3

Aug - 3

leap year

Jan -3

Feb -01

mar - 3

AP6 - 2

may - 3

June -2

July - 3

Sep - 2.

NOV - 9_

000 - 3

April, July

sept, dec weber Down .

3000000 Wiston Dodonar. Eacept 31

ි විත්තු දාන්නාව කාර්ත්වේ 10 0et 2013 .

 $\frac{80 \text{ N}}{30}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2$

** नेट्रंपूर्क न्वर्टिक किया नाड उन्हों.

turesday satarday on \$.

Thursday

Ex: Dec 31, 2000

米 2016 po おもかいが paoので Pood かいままかの かずいで ふるいで からずのの かがの pood かいで かいままが からずの pood からがで かいままが からがってい かいがってい Nov 1, 2016 は 2nd 3nd です。

100 17 000 10

= 16+4+1+3+6 =2 めったないもの。

-428 7

* २०१५, Dec 30% है स्टाउनिक.

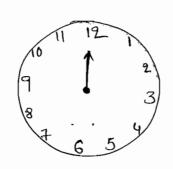
1-12-2014

14 +3+1+5+6

Rock Ord odoras TT Euro Carp (1)

मार्ग, 1415, 2184, 2875 जिल्ला प्रवक्टि के कुल.

* clocks * (xaovoso) *



1. శుక గెంటండ్ సిమిమేల ఇగుల్లో 360 చెందును. (or) 60 సిమిమేలల్ సిమిమేల ఇగుల్లో 360 చెందును

 $\frac{*}{*}$ $\frac{*}$

3. Tobo 2000 12 70000 360 200000000000.

4. Note the supply 1 noted $\frac{360}{12} \Rightarrow 30^\circ$ where $\frac{360}{12}$

5. 他言 Tobed Total おいいない でかい おいめ!

「おかっ = 360-30

= 330°

6. ಗಂಟಲ ಮುಲ್ಲ ಹಿತ ಕ್ರಮಿಸ್ಕಂಟ 1 ಹೆಯ್ದರು.

मिर्ट प्रभव्या हिल्ला क्राज्य ने ने क्राज्य इंगाल

 $43 \text{ fro} = 6 - \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 5 \frac{1}{2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{11}{2} \text{ From } \text{ F$

*** I marry

	· -	
	12 70 Work	24 Tologo
28 paro resulto/concidence/o	11	22
क्रिक रहें कर्तिन केटका opposit (0) 180 (0) प्रिंग हेक्ट केटका (0) Straight line.	. 14	22
eorom Éoros [90]	2-2-	24

() Time கூறை 11 තිනව 12 ත්වතුන් ක්වෙන தலந்திற

(2) 5 , 6 0000 තාරාග් තාභාග තුය දින හින දින මුවේ ව

① సమయం 5 గంటల. 6 గంటల ముట్సులు రెందు ముల్లు ఎ

ವಿಘಾರ್ ವಿತಿಭಿತಂಳು.

80k- Approx - 5:25

 $-5h25\frac{25}{4}$ mint

Exact - 5h 27 3 mint

② సమయం 8-9 గంటల పంద్ర రెండు ముల్లులు ఎమ్మేహ్ వికి భవించు కోనును.

Solv 8:40 Approx

Eaact = 8h 40 40

= 8h 43 7 mint

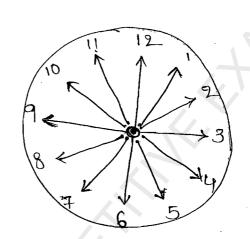
తే సమయం 9-10 గాంటం మట్లు రెందు ముట్లు ఎమ్ముడు ఎక్కెటించించుకానును ?

> -Approa - 9:45 9h45x

Exact > 9h 49 in min

नः जिल्लाति व्यव्हृत्वादि 🛠

වතාපිසාත නිංග්ත.



Approx - 8:10

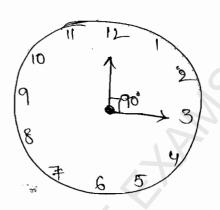
Eaact 8h 10 10 mint

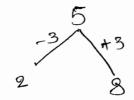
Approx > 10:20

Eaact -> 10h 20 20 min

10h 21 9 mins

4 500000 2000 po go go go





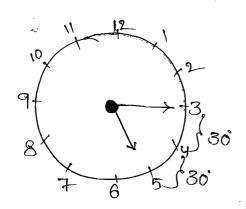
- 1) 5h 10 10 min
- 3 5h 40 40 mint

2 - 8 nowe sub) 3306356 vouson solvenes.

- (1) 7h 20 20 min or 7h 21 9 min
- 2) 7h 50 50 min (or) 7h 59 6 mints

अध्यक्षेत्र क्षेत्रक्षेत्र अध्यक्ष

- **
- 1) what is the angle blw two hands when 5:15



angle blw two hands when 11:55

- @is
- (3) 11: 58

(1) 11:59

* correct time:

(T) Consect time රම්පාර රමයි 65 Pri වරා මත් ක්ෂාවූ තත්ව ක්ෂාවූතා තාහා ජාවෙන. ජානිත් අදිත්වරට බරයි වේගම (Or) බරයි fast.

Sol: సంయాన్ గడియాందండు 60 సి.. ఆ ముల్ల ముల్ల మాట్లు మాట్ల ముల్ల కేంట్లో మాల్ల చేస్తున్న ముల్ల కేంట్లో ముల్ల చేస్తున్న ముల్ల మాట్లు మాట

65 p110

Grain =
$$65\frac{5}{11} - 65 \Rightarrow \frac{5}{11}$$

$$65 \text{ min} - \frac{5}{11}$$

$$84 \text{ his} - \frac{1}{11}$$

$$\frac{24\times60}{65}\times\frac{5}{11}\Rightarrow\frac{1440}{143}$$

3 ව ග වෙර 5 sec වරුත් ෆ් සිත්වාලා ව සැත්තු 7 තමන स्विन विकालक न्यांक्रिक न्यांक्रिक विस् సమయం చరుబక్కే అమ్దుడు సంతాని సమయం అంత న

soli 7 Am 20020 4:15 P.M 2050 3000 = 9:15 min

(raxord) # x 72 2000 3 911 ver 5 sec = correct time watched 3 min

$$\frac{185}{3600}$$
 h = $\frac{3}{60}$ non

$$\frac{37}{720} hx = \frac{1}{20} hx$$

$$\frac{37}{4} \text{ hr} - 9$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{37}{4} \times \frac{369}{37} \times \frac{1}{20}$$

= 9 hrs

7,8,9.10.11.12.1.2.345

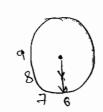
7 4 hrs correct time 450000, P.M

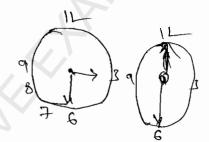
సేక గడియారం స్టామవారం 7 గంగ స్ట్రెఫ్ స్ట్రామయం చూసంచాంది. ¹⁷ ఏ గడిచాంరం యాటి 24 గంగుకి 15 సిగ్ కోలప్రాతుంది. తరువాత సుక వారం ఉదయం ఓ గడిమారం 6 గంగులగా స్ట్రామయం -చూపిస్ట్ చించ్ స్టామ్ స్ట్రామ్ ప్రామామం ఎంతే!

M·C



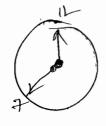






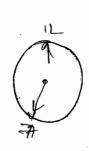
Care

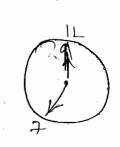
C.C











ファかららのA

G NR ACADEMY OF COMPRESSION OF COMPR

* Blood Relation * (85 Foword) 6 marks

A3P 4013 A1P व्याश्वी र्डिण

को जिस्के में के किस्क पार्ट के किस्क विश्व पार्टिक प

Agp स्टार्ड A.P व्याप्टि .

A5P 4008 AIP र्कार्ड डार्किश.

Cತಿಂದ ವಾಟಲ್ ವಿದ k, m ಹುತ್ತು ಕುತ್ತ ಕ್ರಾ ಹೆಂದುತುಂದ,

ANSI MODNETRES TI-

M9N5K3J

(3) A+B ものもの A,B るかから さののの A-B ものもの A,B るからし A,B るからし ながり A,B るからし かんり A,B るからし がりり A,B るからし ろりかり A,B ものもの A,B るかいらし ぎゃかり

4008 M, Taust 400022.

THENAXM Q

@ MXN-87.T

3 MX3-NXT USOSOR TO MESON TO M

③ A ටියාජ්ර ජාත්තරා කිසි, ලව ව්යාධ්‍ය අත්රාණ ජාත්රා ජාත්රා කිසිය. ජාත්රා ව හි වියාජර විස්රාලිර් ළව ව්යාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් සහ ව්යාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් වේ වියාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් සහ ව්යාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් සහ ව්යාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් සහ ව්යාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් සහ ව්යාධ්‍ය වේ විස්රාලිර් සහ වියාධ්‍ය වීම වියාධ්‍ය

- (4) MIN ಹಾಗಾರ್ ಕ್ರಂದ್ರಿ ಭಾರಾಯ ಗಿ. V ಹಾಗ್ಗಳ ಕ್ರಮಕ್ತು MIP ತಿ ಭಾರ್ಥ ಕ್ರಂದ್ರಾರ್ ಕ್ರಾಂಥಾಯ ಗ್ರಿಸಿ ಕ್ರಮಕ್ತು ರವಹ ಸಂಭಾಲ ಕುರ್ನರಂ.
 - (T) . र. ० व्यक्षि केष्ट्र.
 - ම N බාර්ජ ජාතරාහ , M දි ක්රේක්ත ව .
 - 3 N क्याड्रेट इंग्डिंग्ड्र, v क्याड्रेट क्रिक्रेक्ट.
- P, V BUSH AHOOE. V.

 P, V BUSH AHOOE. V.

 P O H

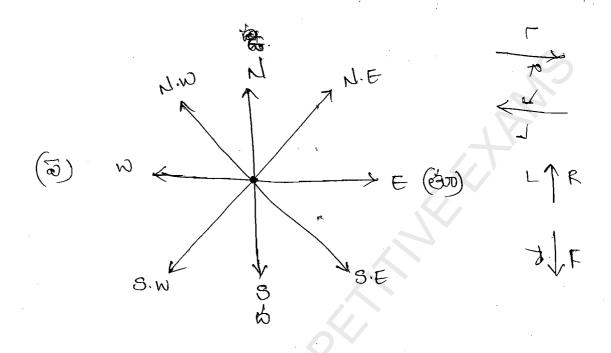
 M = V \ P

Brother in law

JI . ವಾಗ್ಯ ಮುರ್ಕಿ ನಿಹಿಧಿ ಮರ್ಥು ಕಂಠಹಾ ಭವಾತಿ ತುರ್ಚಿ ತ್ರವಾ ಕ್ರಮ್ ಸ್ಟ್ರಾಪ್ ಪ್ರಾಪ್ಟ್ ಕ್ರಂಡ್ಸ್ තියාරාය් කාර්ය මෙන් එස් හිස් විරාධ්ය. අත්තු කාර්ය දී කිරාරාජාගෙන!

GMP ACADEMY OF COMPETITIVE EXTRAPS

* Direction Test *



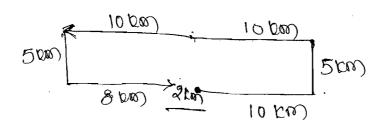
The then travels 5 km towards the North.

He then travels 5 km towards the North.

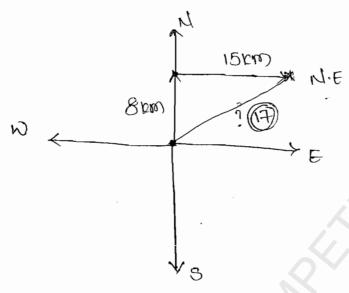
He then travels 1 km and travel for 20 km.

He then travels two left turn and travels for the form the start in the from the starting place.

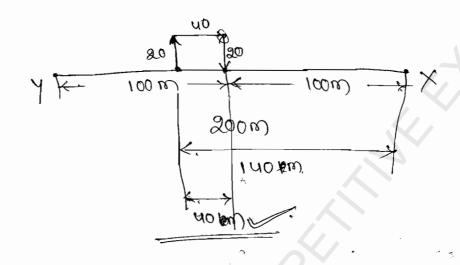
Soli



Sameex walks 8 km towards what then turns right walk walk 18 km. How for in what direction is the from the starting point?



$$5 = 8+15$$
 $5 = \sqrt{64+225} \Rightarrow \sqrt{289}$
 $= 17+10$



* model - II : (Angle based)

500 500 500 E

accède ul - notivo

2) A man walls towards the west direction 25 km.

eurder then he turns left direction 180 under them

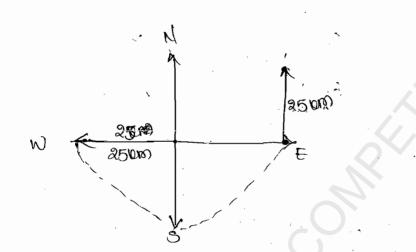
he walls towards the 25km north direction again

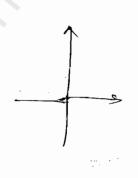
he walls towards the 25km north direction again

he turns right direction 180 what is the possition

of the inam.

501:-



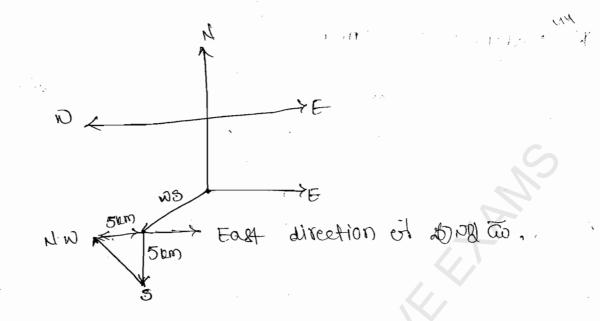


A man walks towards south direction lock and the terms left direction walk towards 10:1cm. condex than he turns 135' right direction walk towards south direction 5 km. under than he turns towards south direction 5 km. under than he turns left direction 925' walk towards East direction

5 km. what is the position of the man of distance blw

the starting point & Ending point

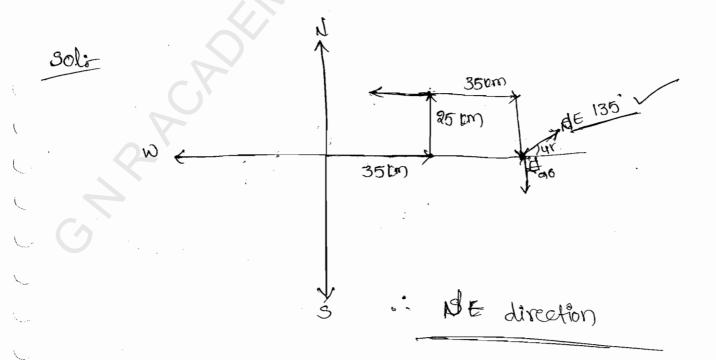
Sol-



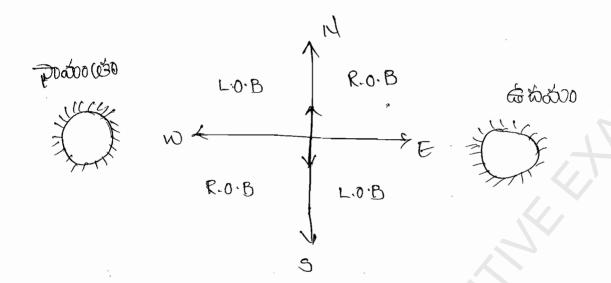
And then he walks towards north direction 35 km.

And then he walks towards north direction 25 km. He term 90 left direction. He walks 35 km East direction.

Again he turns right direction 25 km walks towards again he turns 135 left direction. What is the south. He turns 135 left direction. What is the possition of the man.



* model-III: - (Images) :-



· .

•

. ••

.

CHRENTOR COMPETITIVE TRANS

* cubes * quipmen

(1) -అగ్గేవి మంయు బక్టే విజంగా తుగ్గ 125 ఘాగాలను శుక్షణాని యాగర్ అక్షణాని వర్గం అక్ష పెట్ట్ల యాగ్రాని -చేయుక్తుక్తు ఎన్ని -అన్న ఈనాలు ఈవస్థరం ఈవుతాయి. (Cover -చేయడానికి)?

solve

5x5x 5 = 125 +L+L +L

318 ಪ್ರಾಲ ದಾರಿಕ ಕ್ಯೂಕ್ರಾಬ

/ කාවුම එක්රීම එක්වමාංග.

- क्षित्र क्षित्रक क्षित्रक क्षित्रक हिन्द्र क्षित्रक क्षत्रक क्षित्रक क्षित्रक क्षित्रक क्षित्रक क्षित्रक क्षत्रक क्षत्रक

0 9 0 8 0 7 0 6 6 10

 $2x2x2 = 2^3$



<u>-8</u>

3 %5 क्ष्मार पडिक्किरिक्रा प्राचन डिक्किरिक्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र

19

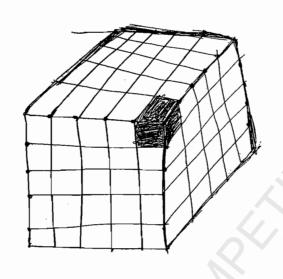
(中) 205 両内のみ 255 如2000年50月 10月0日 3000日 250円 10月0日 355 (中) 44 (電) 56.
 (中) 205 両内のみ 255 (中) 44 (電) 56.

10 निष्ट्र हिन्द्र 11 विष्ट्र केन्द्रिक.
10 निष्ट्र है है है है कि कि केन्द्रिक केन्द

(5) what is the maximum No. of 8 dontical pieces a cube can be cord into by 13 cats
(10) 120 (2) 140 (3) 180 (4) 150 (5) 1592

,										
	j	2	3	y	5	6				
	2									
	3									
	9									
	5						•			

25×6=150



$$5 \times 5 \times 5 = 5^3 = n^3$$

$$\# \Rightarrow 2$$
 phase pointing = $12(n-2) \Rightarrow 12(5-2) \Rightarrow 36$

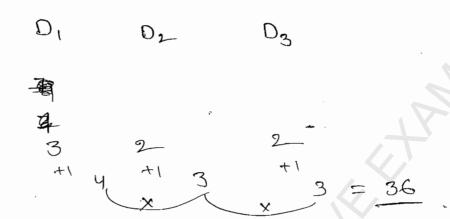
$$4 \Rightarrow 0$$
 phase painting = $(n-2)^2 = (5-2)^2 = 3^2 = 97$

A what is the list No. of cuts required to cute a cute into ay identical pices.

(1) 2 (2) 4 (3) 6 (9) 8 (3) 9

cuts Dimention | Dimention 2 Dimention 3 = 8Cats 1 -> 3 - 27 3 cuts 2 -> 4 64 4 CWt3 3 125 5 5 X 5 cuts 4 = 246 G G × X Cuts 5

6 8 505063 D_{1} D_{2} D_{3} 24 O1200 \rightarrow 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 +1 2 +1 2 \Rightarrow 20 \times \Rightarrow 3 2 1 \Rightarrow 1 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 4 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 4 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 2 \Rightarrow 4 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 4 \Rightarrow 4 \Rightarrow 3 \Rightarrow 4 \Rightarrow



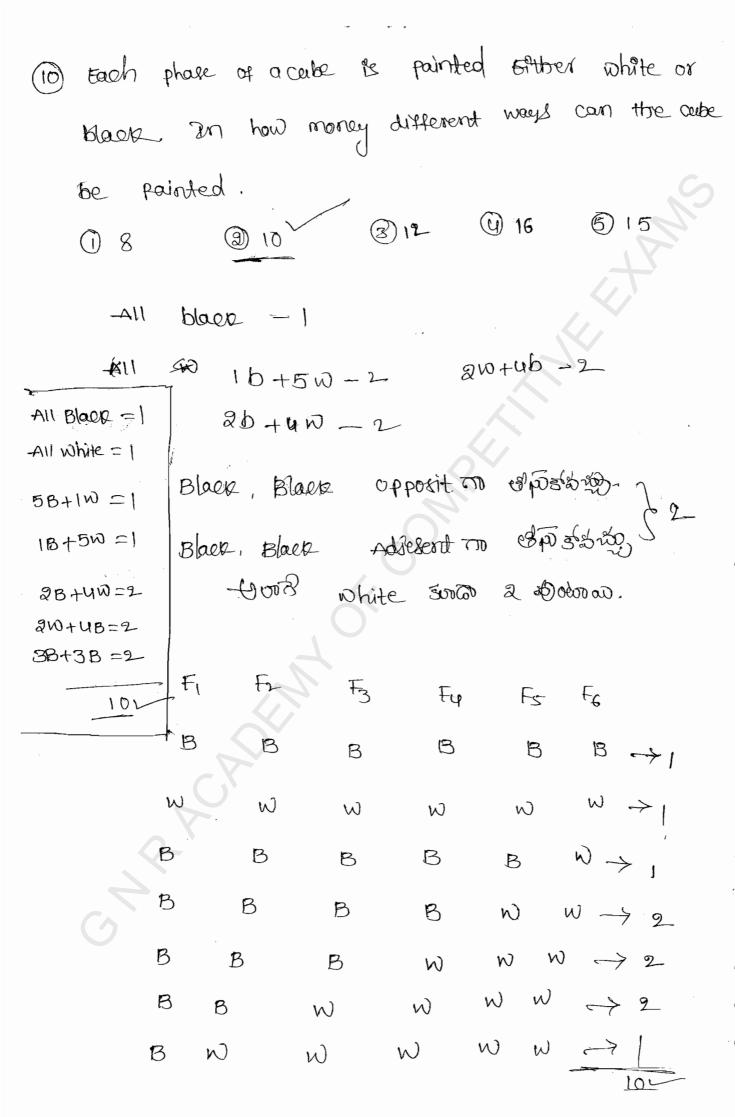
- 9) what is the Use no of identical cabe bould each of dimentions 2cm x 4 cmx5 contract are required to form a cabe.
 - ① 160 ② 240 ③ 220 <u>③ 200</u> ⑤ 210

5cm xucm xacm

5. 4.2 L.cm

Number of case boids required = $\frac{20 \times 20 \times 20}{5 \times 4 \times 2}$

= 200

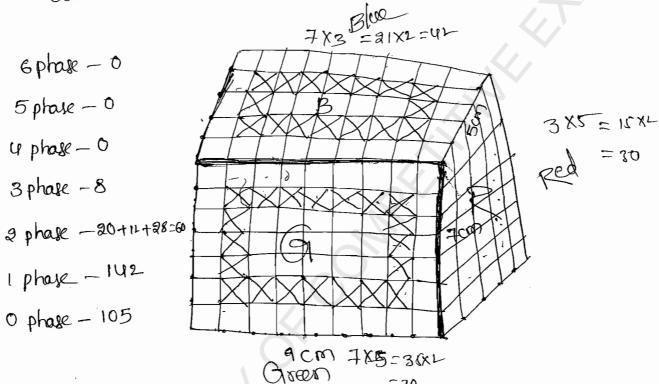


(1) ಒತ ತಮ್ಮ ಹುದ್ದು ಹುದ್ದಮ ಹುತ್ತು ಕಲತ್ತು 9Cmx7cmx5cm) ന കാർ ഗീരെ മക്കന ക്ക് ക്ക്കർ ഒര

ತಾರ್ಯ ಎದುಕ್ರದು ಭಾಖಗಾಲಕು

.9,7,5 LCM =315

-30%



= 70

- @ 142 @ 2000 DOOD. 201 @ 15
- 3 ක්ෂාවේ රාග් කින්මයි හිංගි.
- බහාම 4 ජන්ධත් ප්රත්ශ් ද ජාගනාවේ ප්රත් ස්ස්ථාවයිද් 30 Mes. 7+7+7+7 = 28

(අ) බළු දිගත්ත්වෙව වූ ක්යානාවෙන රංග ක්යාවෙ කිවෙ.

60

ම බවු ණස්තා ස්ගතුස්ගෙන එවිග ස්තේ ස්තේස්ත

105

7 O.

2 4

6 4

දෙන නආආය නුදු දුංණු නුෂ ;

solo

2

4/5

3/2

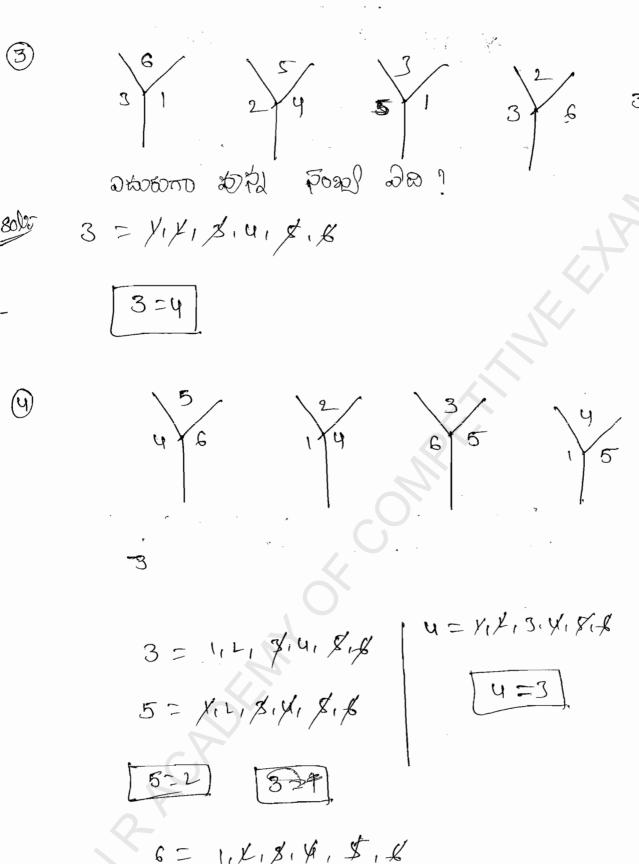
3/1

y ණ වසානා ත ත් ති තිබෙනු විස?

Solv

3 = X1 /1 /1 /1 / 5 16

4=1



6=1, X, 8, 4, \$, \$



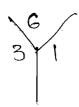
ම 250 වනාභා වන!

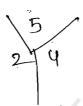
2= 1/2/3,215,6

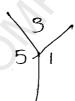
5=メルタメガラ

5=2

<u>6</u>





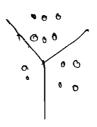


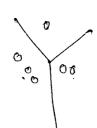
350

विकारिक का विकारिक विकारिक

7







350 200000

3 = /1/1/2, 4, 5, 6

2= 47,3,4,5,8

24

WALLEY WAS A

2-5 , 3

8 3 5 4 6 6 5 3 1 D 20050 podo

ධස්ගමස්තර ක්යානාව කොලු 7 භාතුම්ගම .

sol- D

9 1/3 3/2 4/5 3/5 2 2005 pows

වසාර්ජාජා ක්ගතාව කාල්ග අ තක්ව

Solv DV

が たち きちからが 40 あいの みのりかい ましか、ものか Nag 17 あ つのら 17 あ つりのか こ たのは ものら 17 あ つりのか たのは もらり でりのあ みのもり

solo

-696 0000 = 40-17+1

= 24

-Another Rank = class total Non- Rank +1

මා වාජ ප්රත්ෂිත් පිට්ටෙන් Rank බස්න තිරෙසි 18 න් මාර්යා ජාසි කිරෙසි 30 ක මාණ . එහෙත් එ ජර් රිසින් බරේ කිරෙසි කිලාන්නුව පිරණ ?,

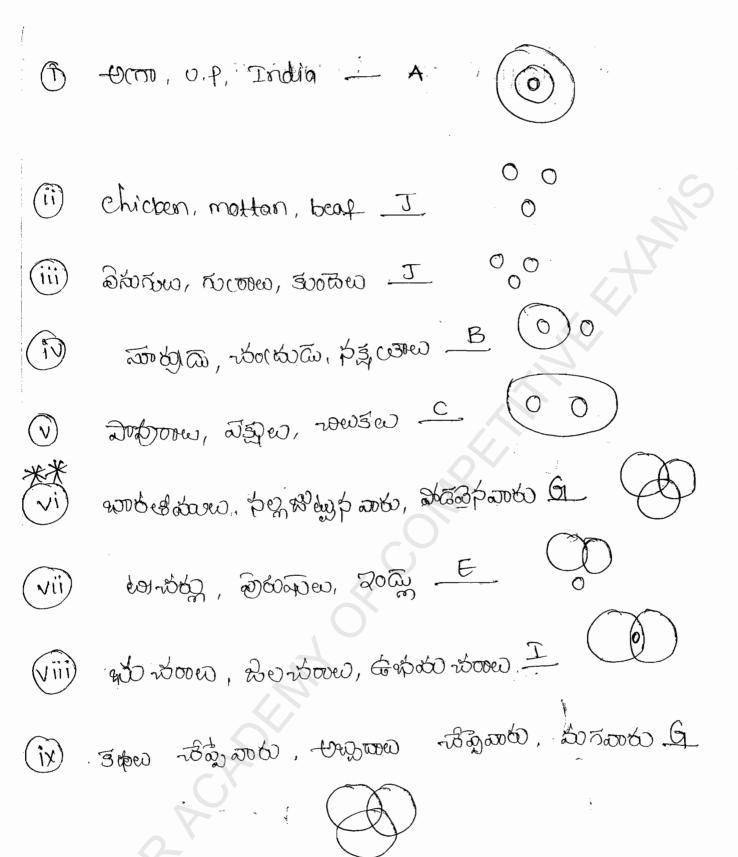
solv

(Rank + Rank) - 1 = class

18+30 -1

= 47 2000 2000 500.

GARRELLINE COMPRELITION OF COM



* Alphabet *

- - 1 Rumbustions
 - 2 Rumanian
 - 3 Rumour
- ⇒ 2,1,4,3,5

(9) Rumple

- 14 CHARLENT OF COMPETITIVE EXAMPS

* Statements and conclusion *

O Capippen: statements.

ව चिल्ल डिंग का भग्ने कि डाका.

ಕೃಷ್ಣ ಕ್ರಮ್ಮು ಕ್ರಾಪ್ತು.

Conclusion: pootro

- ා දුන් නදහාණ අදාද්ධාණ 20%)
- 2. ರಗು ಭವರಾಪ ಚಿತ್ರುಪ
- 3. 3/2 000 00 00 000 L
- प. जिल्ला कर्निक के छिल.

मिलिट प्रमुक्ति क्षेत्र कार्य कार्य

(श्री किंद्र हुए के किंद्र का किंद्

कि किया के किया उत्हिल.

A+A = A

(on) 20 1/2 2000 2 (pm)

ද දුර් දුරුග ඉරියාග (හා අත් ඉරියාග දෙගුග.

*								
Ì	Type of	F80 18)	Distribution					
	proposition_	O _X	3	-				
	A	All 'S' 13 'P'		×	7			
	E	No's is p						
	J	some 's' is p	×	×				
	0	some's is not p	×	· /				

Propositions	Conclusions
A	
A	A/I
AE	E/o
IA	T
-40	0
E I	0
EE	No conclusion
TT	No conclusion
0 0	to conclusion
€ 0	No conclusion
IO	No conclusion.

EXT

A > All boars are pens E > NO boa is pen

T o some board are pend

0 -> some bordes are not pen.

भे () चार्किल क्षेत्र कुर्धिकाल (४)

@ [500P] with (A)

A+A=A/1

. (१९) क्रिक्ट क्रिक क्रिक्ट क्रिक व

* (1) उड्डाक्टी (A)

(A) जिल्लानिक विकासका ने कि

IJA = A+A

उड्डाध्य १९३६ (००) इस १८ मिल्ल इड्डाल.

(A) पूर्व-16 एवं केवल कि कि

(වී) ව්යට්ටෙර්ට (ක්රෑදු (A)

Not possible

* (1) त्राक्का विकास (A)

(A) (अ हेळ भू (कि)का) (B)

A+A = A/I

र्टिल्या काश्री काश्रीका (वर्ष) क्षेत्र काश्रीका प्राच्या .

* (A) किएकेंग्रेश कार्का (A)

(E) स्वर्कात क्रिका क्रिका क्रिका

(∵ 30 b) = €

xtool pos E/o

All books are pens (A).

Some chairs are clocks (E)

No Dustexs is Rock (E)

Some cares are not drinks (O)

A -> I A X, A

I X, A

* 2 - model ">

All books are clocks (A)

All books are clocks (A)

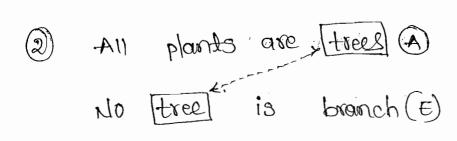
All books are clocks (A)

some books are clock (I)

* II - model &

All dogs are tools (A)

No dog is clock (80) - No clock is dog



A+E =E

* Model - III:

I = A + I

Some ministers are dogs.

D All larries one tracks (A)
Some tracks are Jeeps (I)

ಇಲಾ ರಾಯಾತುದರು ತಾತು ನಿ.

some trucks are Jeeps 1

All larries are truebs A

Not possible

(No allinement)

*IV-Model:

1 All students are intelligent (A)

somet Rahul is not intelligent (0)

-A+0=0

Rahal is not a student (0)

① බිබඹු නිහැක දියිනා නිස්න (E) මතු හෙහිතුර් ක්කුතිම දියිනාගත නිරමාගෙ (I)

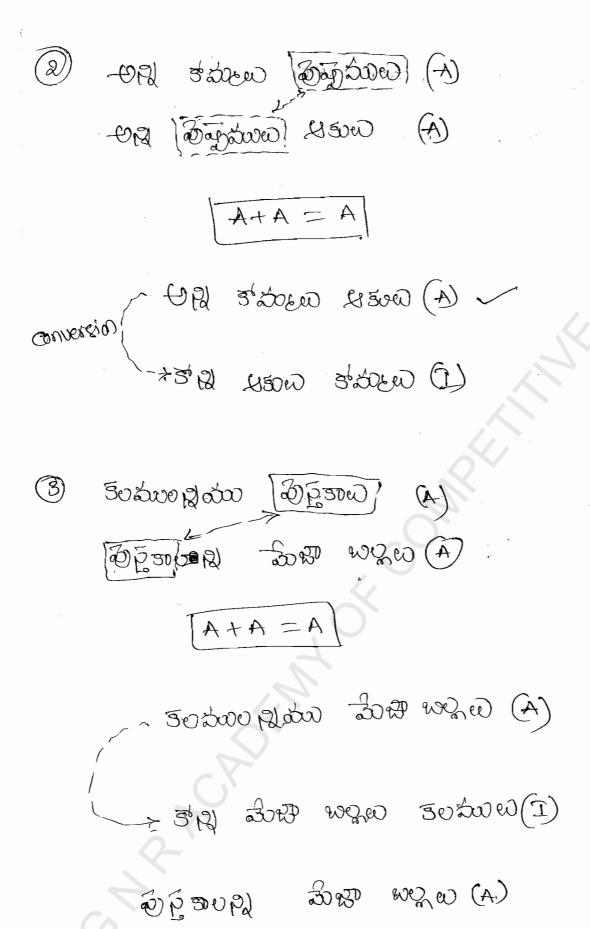
ने क्षाप्त होता

- (1) අත කම්පුද පුණිණ වර්ටුණා නාසා.
- ම ධ ධුවූ දිහැලි කමැලිදුරිසි මාස්ථ 🗴
- (iii) ඇති එක්වූත නම්ශ්රී පු X
- (i) අඩු නම්නුර් ක්ලින්න බඩුමහ. X

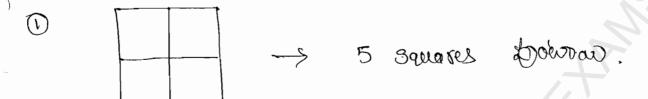
E+1 =0

(a) 3/2/3000.

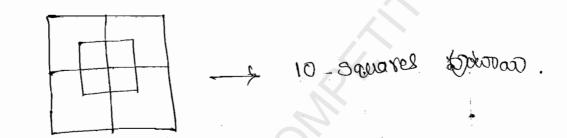
්. දුන් නමුලිද දාව්නුණ වර්මන වාදා.

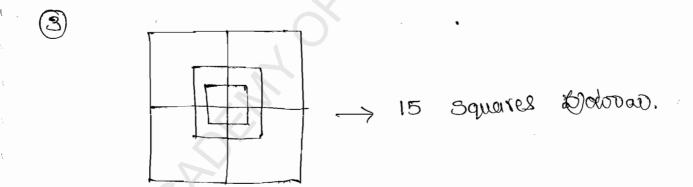


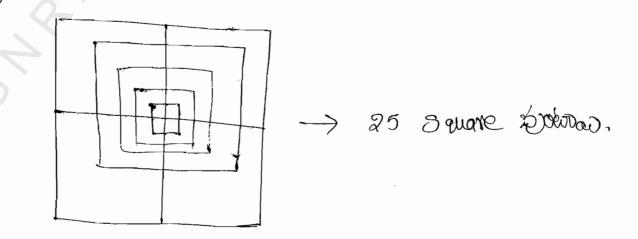
ఇట్ల ప్రస్తేవాలు చెంది అర్దాలు (A)



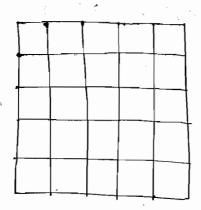
2





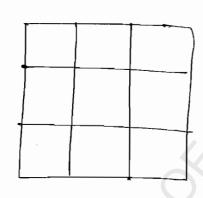


(5)



\$ 55 squares Down a.

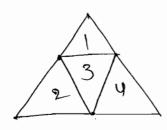
(6)



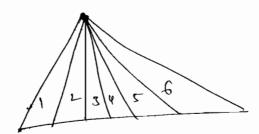
= 14 square Bolovan .

(7)



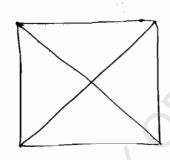


8



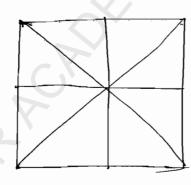
6+5+4+3+2+1 = 21 CB (DPW DPJa).

(9)



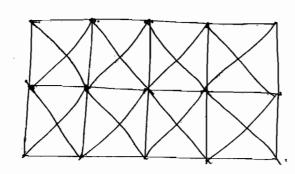
-> 8 (1840) Down .

10)

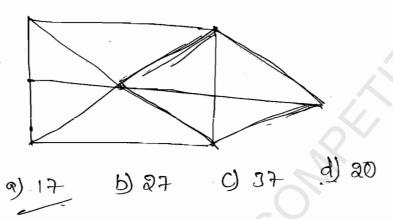


-> 16 C8 \$ 50 50 6000.

(I)



(19)



* Mathametical operations *

①
$$100 \div 100 \times 10 - 10 \div 10 + 10 = 9$$

(2)
$$100 + 100 \div 100 \times 100 - 100 \div 100 = 3$$

$$7+108 \div 2-4$$
 $\Rightarrow 7+54-4$

5 a\$b = ab + a + b then 5\$7

5X7+5+7

= 35+5+7

means

means -

means X

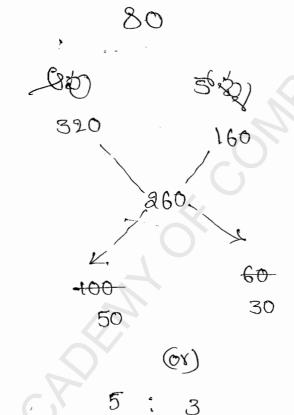
moans + , then 2/X14+7-9-2

315-14

CHREATHY OF COMPETITIVE EXPANS

* Arithemetical Reasoning *

sol:

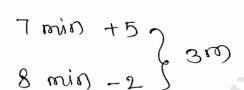


 $80 \times 4 = 320$ $80 \times 2 = 160$

& 50 € 5 ×80 \$ 50

3 8 = 3 x 80 = 30

$$1 \text{ min} + 5$$
 $2 \text{ min} - 2$
 $3 \text{ min} + 5$
 $4 \text{ min} - 2$
 $3 \text{ min} + 5$
 $3 \text{ min} + 5$



कार्योहिक देवकार्य कार्याक किल्पान के के किल्पान के के

③ 10 වඩාක්ෂණ 10 හාධා රියිසිහි 11 හාධා රියිස්කුවසි බමේ විනානාං ගැන්නෙම.

Sola 10 වක්කේ කිරාජාංච.

* Seating Arrangement *

JLR CR

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Ć.;

CHRACADEMY OF COMPETITIVE EXTRACTOR OF COMPETI

GARACIDEINA OF COMPRESSION OF COMPRE

CHRACADEMY OF COMPETITIVE EXPRES

pure mosts,

- i) λ and ω
- 2) M@Sw
- 3) 36 600
- 4) Zeh860
- 5) 20 gr Spel

CHRACADEMY OF COMPRETITIVE EXPANS

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, B = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$$
 $+9 \text{ and } B$

$$A \cup B = 7$$

$$A \triangle B = (A - B) \cup (B - A)$$

$$= \{1,2\} \cup \{5,6\}$$

: M= universal set

Mote:
$$AUA^{C} = M$$

$$A \cap A^{C} = \emptyset$$

$$A\Delta B = (A-B)U(B-A) = (AUB) - (ADB)$$

3) If
$$A = \{1,5,7,9,10\}$$
 then $n(A) = ?$

If
$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$
 then number of subsett V

Of A is ______

$$=2^5 \Rightarrow 32$$

$$=$$
 6 0 \rightarrow ordex of A

कारी विकास के के विकास विकास

* Laws:

i)
$$\left(A^{c}\right)^{c} = A$$

$$ii)$$
 $H^{c} = \phi$

iii)
$$\phi^{c} = M$$

$$(AUB) = A^{e}AB^{e}$$

De morgan laws

- i) AUM = M
- ii) ANM = A
- iii) $AU\phi = A$
- iv) $An\phi = \phi$

- 6 Idempotent laws: Cos 200 à posser.
 - i) AUA = A
 - AnA = A
- * Finet Set: Dow's pares

* Infinet set: + vão avá paves.

* singleton set: - DE souré pares

* Some Rales:

(2) A-(BUC) = (A-B) N(A-C)

3 A-(BNC) = (A-B) U(A-C)

* write the subset of A = [1/1/3]

Subset = $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{1,2\}, \{2,3\}, \{3,1\}, \{3,1\}, \{2,3\}, \{2,3\}, \{3,1$

Notes

- i) cකිය වනය කවුවන් අපුවනාග
- ii) kurp) වනාශ රකුණු වනාශදු සුනු දිනාශ,

①
$$A = [1,2,3]$$
 $P(A) = ?$

$$n\left[P(A)\right] = 2^{n} \Rightarrow 2^{3} = 8$$

7~

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then

$$\Rightarrow A+B = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 11 \\ 13 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow A-B = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -5 \\ -5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 9 \\ 12 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2A = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 16 \\ 18 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow AB = \begin{bmatrix} 41 & 34 \\ 73 & 62 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} u & 5 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then $-A = \frac{1}{2}$

$$-A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -5 \\ -6 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

-A \$1 A 20036 FOSEP Deration to

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A' = \frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & q \end{bmatrix}$$

ad - bc p කාශා වසුරෙන එහෙන .

① Eas
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then $A' = ?$

$$\vec{A} = \frac{1}{15-2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{A}' = \frac{1}{13} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$
 then adjoint $A = \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}^{33}$

Ear
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 adi $A = ?$

adj
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -4 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$*A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then $|A| = ?$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 9 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow 2 - 36 = 0$$

$$\alpha = 6$$
 (os) $\alpha = \pm 6$

$$A^{\dagger} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 \\ 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

* Chames (progressions) *

Example:

H.P:
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{11}$, $\frac{1}{14}$, $\frac{1}{17}$

d= t2-t1

$$= 3 + 39 \times 9$$

$$n^{\prime} = 10^{\prime} \Rightarrow 100$$

$$n(n+1) = 20(20+1)$$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[2a + (n-1)d \right]$$

$$S_{20} = \frac{20}{2} \left[2 \times 4 + (20-1) \times 3 \right]$$

33×3=99

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} \left[a + l \right]$$

$$=\frac{33}{2}\left[3+99\right]$$

$$=\frac{33}{2}\left[+02\right]$$

$$= 1683$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{100x(100+1)}{2}$$

$$\Sigma n^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$
 $n=10$

$$= \frac{10(10+1)(2x10+1)}{6}$$

* AM a,b v 405 abb b00 = $\frac{a+b}{2}$

① U,20 405 2001 200 2003?

-'. A.M = 4+24 2,

 $= \frac{28}{2}$

A.M = 14

* GI.P 5

$$t_n = a \cdot x^{n-1}$$

$$a = y$$

$$\gamma = \frac{t_2}{t_1}$$

$$Y = \frac{8^{1}}{4} = 2$$

$$3n = a \cdot \left[x^{n} - 1 \right]$$

$$S_{20} = 2 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 2-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 2.\left(2^{10}\right)$$

* It r=1, then Sn=na

E2: (1) 2+2+2+2+ ---- 200 5 toxo 300 300 200 200 31

නාජුං කම්!

$$a = 1$$

$$=\frac{1}{\frac{9-1}{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{1}$$

So E 2

* G.m of aib = Jaxb

<u> සිකරේ</u> 8 ක්ලෙක්වා 128 ව තත කිල්ඩුකාල බලල්?

$$= \sqrt{8 \times 128}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{1}{a+(n-1)d}$$
 $a = 1$
 $d = \frac{1}{2} - 1$

(2)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{8}$ ---- 10 \$5 \$5\$ \$60 \$20\$ \$\frac{3}{2}\$? $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ \$\frac{1}{8}\$ \$\frac{1}{8}\$

$$t_{10} = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\#$$
 Him of a,b = $\frac{2ab}{a+b}$

$$H \cdot M = \frac{2 \times 20 \times 30}{20 + 30}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 60 / 0}{5 / 0} \Rightarrow 24$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 2400}{100} \Rightarrow 48$$

Note:

* Binary System;

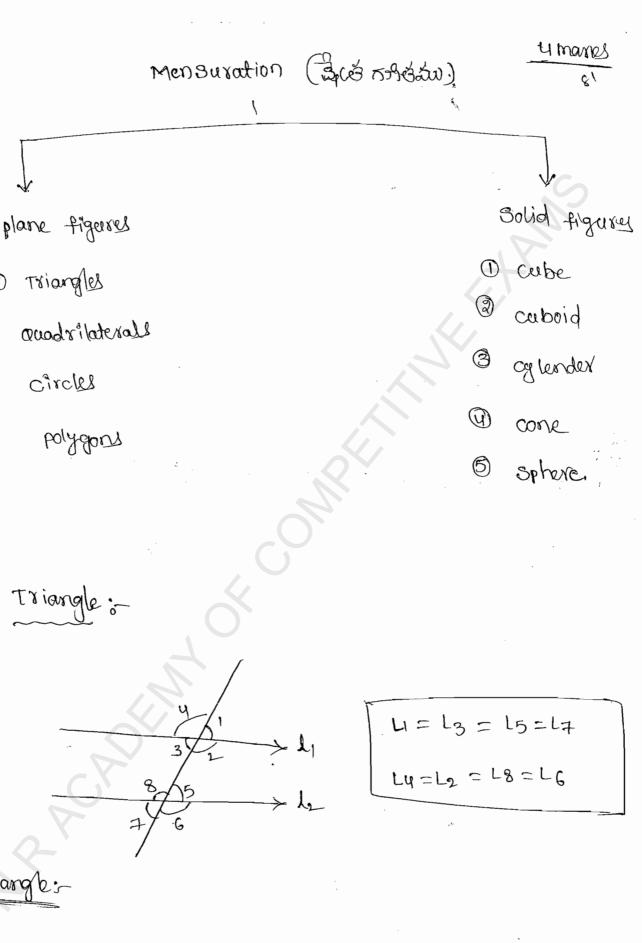
① න වල් විය ලික් කිරෙන් සින් කිරීම දී

(10101)2

ම ස්ත්ර විරවේ 125 හි විකාර්මාර් මේ විරවා නාර්ග නරම?

(1111101)2

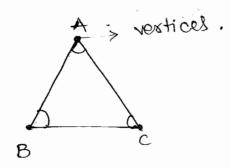
CHARCELLING COMPETITIVE EXPRES



Triangle:

3

(4)



A, B, CW ADON

AB, BC, CA, W for Toll W.

LA, LB, LC SOTTIED. LA+CB+LC = 180

** (1800 B) 25 (1800 B) 3 50 TOWN 1:2:3 (2000 B) 500 B) WAY (2000 B) 200 B) (2000 B)

1:2:3

12 22 32

6x=180

Ø = 30°

200 = 3×30 ⇒ 90°

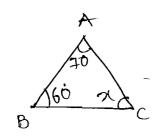
2) bes cestable of 3 strong 2:2:1 sold articol 2:2:1 sold articol 2:2:1 [1:1:2]

22 22 23 73. [1:1:2]

52=180

2 = 36' V.

1: 1: 2 ua = 180 a = us us, us, 90



troup x = ?

70+60+9 =180

マ= 50)

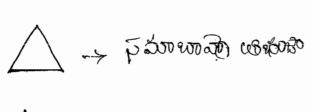
* වගා දිසාක් ආගකර විභාව එ ජාත්ತ් භාගතාර සා කිර කිල් కිංග්රු – භාමගත්ර (C.P.B)

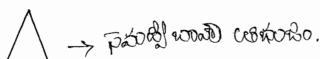
米 <u>39</u> 万知問知の成 る知の 如何可意。 知の知め 一句の当かから 号octoo 中の知め、(I.A.B)

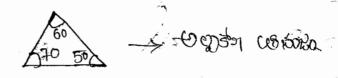
* කළුතුම මිනව ආත්තුදු නම්කත්ත ත්රාත්මු මිගේල්ල්ලා මිගේත කොරුණා එවෙන්න. සිදුවුම ලි මේ කියෙනුණා.

米 (ලුදුගුණ පුද්ලා ක්වේදා අවදේශ අවදා දුරුණ ත්වේදා දුරුණ දුරුණ දුරුණ දුරුණ දුරුණ

* 25 හාතු හා ප්රත් නිව ත්තන් තිබෙන ප්රත්වූ වෙත්තන් ගතුන් පිරෙන්න පමණන් ක්රියාන්ත මෙර යමණන්වු යි හෙතුන් කිරීමාව හිත්තන්වූ.







ii)
$$\vec{p}$$
 \vec{b} $\vec{b$

(V)

Северого छलां ७० =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 base x height $=\frac{1}{2}$ bxh

(V)

$$\frac{abc}{4R}$$

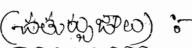
(R- ಪಠ ಪ್ರಾಧಾರ್ಥ)

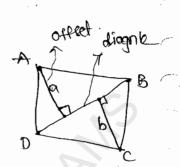
Vi

(vii)

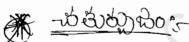
= 1 x ಲಂಬತೆಗಾಗಿ ತಂಗಿ ಕಾಗು ಭಾಗಾಲ ೦೪೦.

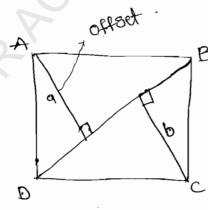
Viii





©
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{$





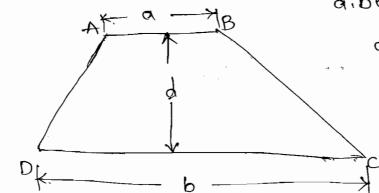
$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times d \times (a+b)$$

(3) <u>Barbani</u>

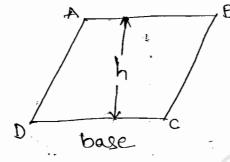
a.bev ठ०का निकालंड काम्डाक.

d = 20000

 $T = \frac{1}{2} \times d \times (a+b)$



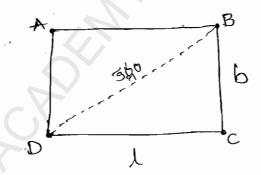
(3) ව්නාල්ර ක්රාභාදා -



= base x'height.



816 vojos (Feetangle)



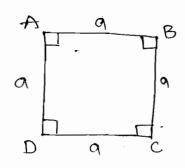
Smolo = Lxb

-Driewstos = 2[1+6]

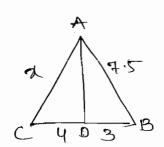
300 250 = 117b

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times d_1 \times d_2$$

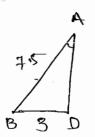
© 2540660 °-



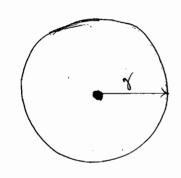
*







* circles (Dogw) ;



Asea =
$$TTSY'(OS)$$
 $TTdY'$

क्षेत्र युवक = व्यार (वर) मन

* 48 20 30 30 3



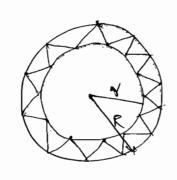
$$= \frac{36}{7} \times \Upsilon$$



Area =
$$\frac{3^{\circ}}{360} \times 117^{\circ}$$

L= length of the arc

* Area of a circular path:



$$A = \pi \left[(R+y) (R-y) \right]$$

W = R-Y

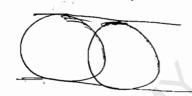
स रियम हिक्न रिवरी स





तिकार्य कुकन हिन्दी . O.

2



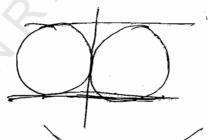
निग्धी किन्न निज्यी - 2

3



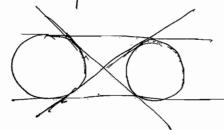
For Spe Ford + 1

9



किनी हिक्क हेक्नी ने उ

(3)



िक्षेत्र किका हिन्द्री → 4.

* polygons: (woodsporter)

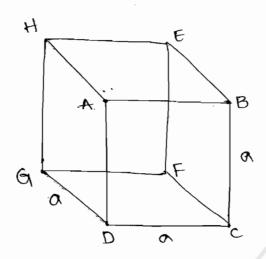
(P) % 3 x 3 0 post; n (n-3)

a b

= 5×7 > 35 3 gw Down.

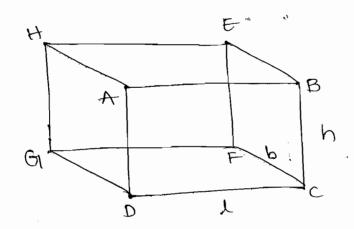
* Solids ;

1 Cube:



- ① උබ්ප්ර්ම්ව ම අවතුර = 40²
- $\widehat{\mathbb{Q}}$ ଦିବ୍ଦିର୍ଗ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ୟ ବ୍ରହ୍ୟ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ମ ବ୍ରହ୍ୟ ବ୍ରହ୍
- (iii) က်ာဉ်စ်ဝင်္ဘာရည်း = Q3

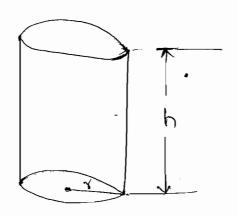
* Capoid (& poposo):



प्रस्थ प यह का का का का का

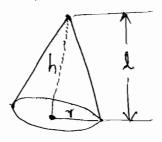
$$3$$
 $4xbxb$ = $1xbxb$

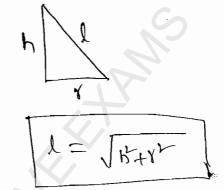
* cylender (20050):



- ① නිශ්ෂා <u>වි</u>ශාවාර = වා TYh
- Φοῦφἱο ஹπυρο = 2πγ h + 2πγ
 = 2πγ (h+γ)
 = 2πγ [γ+h]
 - 3 popososono (vollume) = Trib

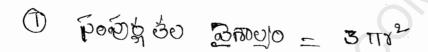
* <u>Cone</u>: - #05000 (#09000)





- ① උන්ප්රේම නුකාවාo = TTYL
- (3) $\sqrt[3]{3}$ $\sqrt[3]{3}$

- Ο ρංණ දූ ජව මු කුවුර = 4πγ
 - (a) $\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{3$
 - * Hemi sphere: ((& of of & sou):



* Probability * (5000000)

5 marks

Factorial:

$$6! = 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 720$$

or noitenidmos *

$$\frac{5x_{5}}{2}$$
 $\frac{9}{5}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{10}{2}$

$$\frac{10}{3} = \frac{10 \times 9 \times 8^4}{3 \times 1} =$$

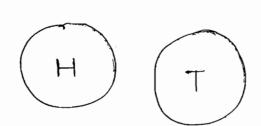
$$(ii)$$
 $11cy = \frac{11\times10\times9\times8}{4\times3\times2\times1}$

* permitation:

05P2 = 5x4 = 20

- 1 7P2 = 7×6=42
- (iii) 9 B = 9x8x7 = 504
- iv) upy = 4x3x2x1 = 4!
- O coins: 200 / children
- @ playing cards
- 3 Number cards
- (9) calendar
- 6 Dice
- 6 objects
- (7) Arrangements

1) coins: 500 lehildren.



Probability = chance (6055070)

⇒ සිංගත්වල් එදින 0 ← P ← 1 කාතුල් ක්රමෙන .

(1) 6 नार्मिक कार्कित विश्वविद्ध विश्वविद्ध विश्वविद्ध हैं। कि एक प्राप्तिक कि क्षिप्त के कि एक प्राप्तिक कि कि

- po spostos!

i) lus whate source outside the two to $\frac{1}{26} = \frac{1}{64}$

 \bigcirc 1 head $=\frac{6c_1}{6u}$

 $\frac{6c_2}{64}$

 $= \frac{6c_3}{64}$

 $\frac{9}{9}$ 4 head $\frac{664}{64}$

 $vi) 5 head = \frac{6c_5}{64}$

= 6cg

$$= \frac{6c_3 + 6c_2 + 6c_1 + 6c_0}{64}$$

$$= \frac{6cy}{6y}$$

- (13) odd Nember of heads = $\frac{1}{2}$
- Note: Fox any nember of coins
- ම 5 කැනිසේ තාලත් නිර්වර්ණණ
 - i) a tail of prabability = $\frac{500}{25} = \frac{1}{32}$

GMPACADEINT OF COMPETITIVE EXPANS

2) playing cards:

Total cards = 52

Red cards = 26, Black cards = 26

Olamond Hearts (Clubs) (3 podes)

=> A, J, K, Q OPO HONOUX cards Codoood. or letter

cards - භාවත්ව. වාජ්ර Set දි (13) කාරයේඛා

4 sets 3 - 16 5000000.

=> phase numbers in each set - 9 cards.

4 sets 8 - 36 cards bottom.

⇒ cose symbol gitem high with & cord Dolwow.

> Face cards in each set - 3 cards

4x3=12 cards (4 sets 8)

- D It one card is drawn at random from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards, then find the probability of getting.
 - i) what is the probability of getting a red card? $\Rightarrow \frac{26}{52}$ Red cards = 26

 Total cards = 52
- (ii) A diamond card ? $\Rightarrow \frac{13}{52}$
- (iii) A king card? $\frac{4}{52}$
- iv) A black oueen ?
- A diamond Jocky?

A number card?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{36}{52}$$

(vii)

A phase card?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{12}{52}$$

Viii

A letter card?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{16}{52}$$

A jouoby or A King?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{8}{52}$$

(X) A diamond card and A spard cord?

0

(Xi) A diamand and and outer ?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{52}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{12}{52}$$

$$\frac{26+13-13}{52}$$
Red Cards = 26

diamand cards = 13

$$\Rightarrow \frac{26}{52}$$
 ; Red & diamound combination = 13.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{13+4-1}{52}$$

diamand and ting combination is 1 card

* Number cards:

(ii) An odd number =
$$\frac{50}{100}$$
= $\frac{1}{100}$

(iii) prime number =
$$\frac{25}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$$

(iv) even, prime neumber =
$$\frac{1}{100}$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 odd prime number = $\frac{2u}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{6}{25}$

(vi) Perfect square
$$=\frac{10}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{10}$$

(vii) perfect cabe =
$$\frac{4}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{25}$$

(i) A multiple of
$$6 = \frac{16}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{4}{25}$$
 ... 99 $16\times6=96$

(2) A number more than
$$92 = \frac{8}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{25}$$

(xi) A number which is eastly divisable by 5'
$$= \frac{20}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{5}$$

$$(xii)$$
 A 3 digit number = $\frac{1}{100}$ (100)

(Xiii) A number having units digit is
$$3 = \frac{10}{100}$$

(xiv) A number having at least one of its digit is
$$9$$

$$= \frac{19}{100}$$

$$= \frac{19}{100}$$

$$= \frac{19}{100}$$

$$= \frac{19}{100}$$

A number is a multiple of 8 or
$$6 = \frac{12+16-4}{100}$$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{24}{100}$ $= \frac{6}{25}$

$$8, 16, 20, 32, 40, 48, 56, 64, 72, 80.88, 96 \rightarrow 8$$

6,12,18, (20), 30,36, 42, (18), 54, 60,66, (12), 78, 84, 90, (6) >6

A number is multiple of 10 or 20.

$$= \frac{10+5-5}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{10}{100}$$
$$= \frac{1}{10}$$



A number is multiple of 11 or 7,

$$= \frac{9+14-1}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{32}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{11}{50}$$

$$= \frac{11}{50}$$



A number is a martiple of "11" and 7".

A number is a multiple of 8 and 12.

100 GHRACADEINT OF COMPETITION OF COMPET

* calender:

Year Vear
$$\rightarrow$$
 365 \rightarrow 1 odd day.

Leap year \rightarrow 366 \rightarrow 2 odd day.

$$\bigcirc$$
 54 Sunday = 0
 \bigcirc 53 Sunday = $\frac{1}{7}$

(3) 53 Sunday or 53 monday =
$$\frac{1+1}{7}$$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{2}{7}$

$$=\frac{1+1+1}{7} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{7}$$

- © 52 Sunday = 1
- **

Exactly 52 Sundays = 6

6.0 1-1

- 8) 53 Sunday and 52 mondays = 1
-)
- (.

(...

<u>(</u>

.

* Leap year:

- 1 54 Sunday = 0
- 3 53 Sunday = $\frac{2}{7}$
- 3 53 Sundays or 53 mondays = 4
- (9) 53 Sunday and 53 monday = $\frac{1}{7}$
- (S,M) (M,T) (T,W) (W,Th), (Th,F) (F,S) (S,S)
 - (5) 53 Sunday and 53 monday 53 tuesday = 0
 - © 53 monday and 53 thusday = 0
- 9 52 sandays = 1
- 8 Exactly 52 Sundays = $\frac{5}{7}$

ී 53 තිබ ක්ක්තාමා මේ

(9) 53 Sundays and 52 mondays.

= 1

* Dice : (Dowsen)

6 sware

$$\Rightarrow$$
 1 \rightarrow cube

(2) An even number
$$=\frac{3}{6}$$

3 An odd number =
$$\frac{3}{6}$$

(9) A prime number =
$$\frac{3}{6}$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 A multiple of $2 = \frac{3}{6}$

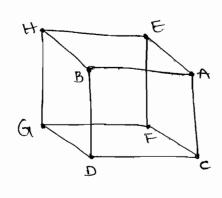
6 A multiple of
$$3 = \frac{2}{6}$$

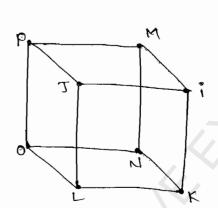
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 A perfect square = $\frac{2}{6}$

(8) A perfect cube =
$$\frac{1}{6}$$

9 A number more than
$$9 = \frac{2}{6}$$
 [:[6,6]

* 2 Dice;





$$S = \sum_{(1,1)} (1,2) (1,3) (1,4) (1,5) (1,6) \\ (2,1) (2,2) (2,3) (2,4) (3,5) (2,6) \\ (3,1) (3,2) (3,3) (3,4) (3,5) (3,6) \\ (4,1) (4,2) (4,3) (4,4) (4,5) (4,6) \\ (5,1) (5,2) (5,3) (5,4) (5,5), (5,6) \\ (6,1) (6,2) (6,3) (6,4) (6,5) (6,6) \\ \end{array}$$

① Even number on the 2 dice =
$$\frac{9}{36}$$

② odd number on the 2 dice =
$$\frac{9}{36}$$

(3) prime number on the 2 dice =
$$\frac{9}{36}$$

The Even number on 1 dice odd nembers on amother dice =
$$\frac{18}{36}$$

(5) same number on the 2 dice =
$$\frac{6}{36}$$

Different numbers on the 2 dice $=\frac{30}{36}$

Different numbers on the 3 dice = $\frac{120}{216} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{9}$ 3 dice volled.

sum of the numbers on the 2 dice:

Total	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chance	1	2.	3	4	5	6	5	4	3	2	1

Sum of the number of on the 2 dice is 's'

Sum of the number on the 2 dice is $11 = \frac{2}{36}$

Sum of the number on the 2 dice eastly q

$$=\frac{4}{36}$$

Sum of the number on the 2 dice at least 10

$$=\frac{4+3+2+1}{36}$$

(9) Klumber 5 on any one of the dice
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{11}{36}$$

 \therefore At least 5 on 1 dice = $\frac{11}{36}$

(10) Exactly 15 on one dice =
$$\frac{10}{36}$$

B = 5

one ball is drawn at random, then find the prabability to getting.

Total balls = 12

3 A Black ball =
$$\frac{5}{12}$$

(9) A Red or Green ball' =
$$\frac{3+4!}{12} \Rightarrow \frac{7}{12}$$

(5) A Giveen or Black ball =
$$\frac{4+5}{12} \Rightarrow \frac{9}{12}$$

6 A Black or Red ball =
$$\frac{5+3}{12} \Rightarrow \frac{8}{12}$$

8

* Arrangements:

112,

(1111)	(1 23)	(M 2)	(M 3)	* 4	
(222)	(132)	(121)	(131)	332	
(333)	(231)	(2-11)	(311)	323	
	(213)	(223)	(331)	233	
3	(321)	(232)	(313)	3	
	(312)	(322)	(133)		
2-	<u>(6)</u>	(G)	(221)		
			(212)		
			(122)		
			(P)		

Total = 27

Using digits 1,2,3;4,5,6 *

How many	with Repetation	without Repetation
1-digit	61	68
2 - digit	61	G P2
3 - digit	6 ³	6 p3
u- digit	64	6 Py
5 - digit	6 ⁵	6 p 5
6- digit	e	6 P6
7- digit	6-7	Not possible
8 - digit	e ₈	" "
9 - digit	69	1/ 11

How many	with Repetation	without Repetation
i – digit	6×7-1	7P, - 6P0
2 - digit	6×7 ²⁻¹	7p2 - 6p,
3 - digit	6x 73-1	7P3 - 6P2
4 - digit	6x 74-1	7Py - 6P3
5 - digit	6×7 ⁵⁻¹	7P5 - 6P4
6 - digit	6×7 ⁶⁻¹	7P6 - 6P5
7 - digit	6 X 7 ⁷⁻¹	7P7 - 6P6
8 - digit	1-8 F X 3	7P8 - 6P7
9 - digit	ex 1 d-1	7Pg - 6P8
}		
		\\

O In how many works the letters of the word CHAIR can be arranged.

30l=5! =5x4x3x2x1

- (2) FAN 3!
- 3 BOARD 5!
- (f) CLASS 5!
- 5 INDEPENDENCE 12!
 3!2!4!
- @ 4 Boys and 8 Girls are seaded together in ?
- There are 4 boys and 3 Gurls. In how morney ways all the boys seat to gether!

solir

⇒ 2×41×31

er Boys and 3 gists

(ii) Alternate boys and girls ?

→ 1X4!X3!

Report of Completining States of the Completinin (

CARROLLINA OF COMPENSATION OF