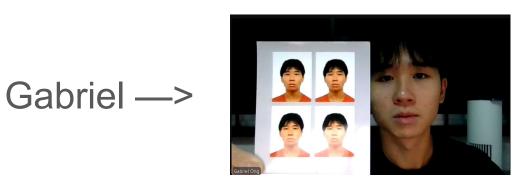
Tort class participation

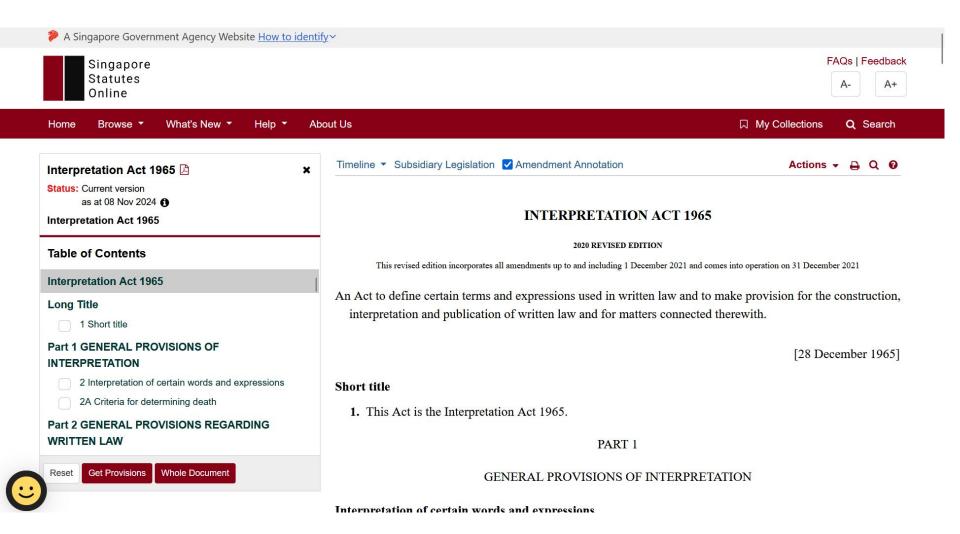


What are some tort-related statutes



Oh, you study law? Name ten statutes.

How do you read your statutes?

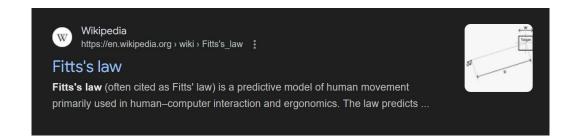


Skill hunter



What does skill hunter do?

- Formats SSO statutes
- Show defined terms in-line
- Save time!!!
- Fittz law!!!!!!!!!





Limitation Act

Limitation Act 1959

Limitation Act 1959 @

Long Title 👙

Part 1 6

- 1. Short title 🦔
- 2. Interpretation 😹
- 3. Saving for other limitation laws

Limitation not to operate as a

- 4. bar unless specially pleaded

Part 2 🐮

- (3) An action upon any judgment snail not be brought after the expiration of 12 years from the date on which the judgment became enforceable and no arrears of interest in respect of any judgment debt shall be recovered after the expiration of 6 years from the date on which the interest became due.
- (4) An action to recover any penalty or forfeiture or sum by way of penalty or forfeiture recoverable by virtue of any Act or other written law shall not be brought after the expiration of one year from the date on which the cause of action accrued.
 - (5) For the purposes of subsection (4), "penalty" shall not include a fine to which a person is liable on conviction for a criminal offence.
 - (6) Nothing in this section shall apply to -
- (a) any cause of action within the admiralty jurisdiction of the General Division of the High Court which is enforceable in rem other than an action to recover the wages of seamen: or
- (b) any action to recover money secured by any mortgage of or charge on land or land or chattels real;'> personal property . [40/2019]
- (7) Subject to sections 22 and 32, this section shall apply to all claims for specific performance of a contract or for an injunction or for other equitable relief whether the same be founded upon any contract or tort or upon any trust or other ground in equity.

Special time limit for claiming contribution

6A.—(1) Where under section 15 of the Civil Law Act 1909 any person becomes entitled to a right to recover contribution in respect of any damage from any other person, no action to recover contribution by virtue of that right shall, subject to subsection (3), be brought after the end of the period of 2 years from the action includes a suit or action includes a suit or

(2) For tin this section [45/98]

ate on which a right to recover contribution in respect of any damage accrues to any person (referred to certained as provided in subsections (3) and (5).

- (3) If the person in question is held liable in respect of that damage —
- (a) by a judgment given in any civil proceedings; or
- (b) by an award made on any arbitration,

the relevant date shall be the date on which the judgment is given or the date of the award, as the case may be. [45/98]

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3), no account shall be taken of any judgment or award given or made on appeal insofar as it varies the amount of damages awarded against the person in question.

[45/98]

Civil Law Act

Civil Law Act 1909

Civil Law Act 1909 😖

Long Title 🧥

- 1. Short title @
- 2. Interpretation
- Law and equity to be administered concurrently

Administration of insolvent estates, and winding up of companies. Bankruptcy rules to prevail 🖀

Agreement by way of gaming or wagering to be null and void &

A Abolition of tort of 5. maintenance and champerty repealed Betting Act 1960 from the provisions of that Act in respect of such betting, only if the betting takes place under the control or supervision of that person or organisation:

[Act 15 of 2022 wef 01/08/2022]

- (ba) a contract" excludes a contract for or which involves (a) the lending of any money or other valuable thing for such gaming or wagering; (b) the extension of any form of credit for such gaming or wagering; or (c) the giving of security in respect of the act referred to in paragraph (a) or (b);'> contract by way of gaming, wagering or betting using remote communication that is conducted, promoted, organised or administered by —
- (i) an exempt operator within the meaning of the repealed Remote Gambling Act 2014; or [Act 15 of 2022 wef 01/08/2022]
- (ii) a person that is exempted under section 40 of that Act from section 10 or 11 of that Act;
- (c) a contract" excludes a contract for or which involves (a) the lending of any money or other valuable thing for such gaming or wagering; (b) the extension of any or wagering; or (c) the giving of security in respect of the act referred to in paragraph (a) or (b);'> "contract" excludes a contract for betting conducted by or on behalf of the Singapore Totalisator Board or a turf club in accordance with an contract for or which approved scheme;
- money or other valuable (d) a contract' thing for such gaming or the extension of any contract to participa Act 2011: and [10/2006: 7/2011: 3

[Act 15 of 2022 wef

the extension of an

contract by way of

wagering; (b) the extension of any form of credit for such gaming or wagering; or [Act 15 of 2022 wef (c) the giving of security in respect of the act (e) a contract' referred to in paragraph (a)

(a) the lending of any

involves -

or (b);

involves — (a) the lending of any money or other valuable thing for such gaming or wagering; (b) r wagering; or (c) the giving of security in respect of the act referred to in paragraph (a) or (b);'> or conducted by the holder of a permit granted under section 8 of the repealed Private Lotteries

- involves (a) the lending of any money or other valuable thing for such gaming or wagering; (b) r wagering; or (c) the giving of security in respect of the act referred to in paragraph (a) or (b);'> is conducted, promoted, organised or administered by —
- (i) a licensee or class licensee within the meaning of the Gambling Control Act 2022:
- (ii) a person mentioned in section 18(1)(d) or (f) of the Gambling Control Act 2022 in the circumstances described in that section; or
- (iii) a person who is exempted under section 128 of the Gambling Control Act 2022 from section 18 of that Act.

POHA

Protection from Harassment Act 2014

Protection from Harassment Act 2014

Long Title @

Part 1 PRELIMINARY 💰

- 1. Short title 🛬
- 2. Interpretation 🌷

Part 2 OFFENCES 😩

Intentionally causing

- 3. harassment, alarm or distress
- Harassment, alarm or distress

Offences in relation to public servant or public service worker

- 6.—(1) An individual or entity that by any means
 - (a) uses any indecent, threatening, abusive or insulting words or behaviour; or
 - (b) makes any indecent, threatening, abusive or insulting communication,

towards or to a public servant or public service worker (called in this section, except subsection (1A), the victim) in relation to the execution of the duty of the public servant or public service worker, shall be guilty of an offence.

[17/2019]

- (1A) An individual or entity that contravenes section 3(1)(c) (in relation to a target person under section 3(1)(c) who is a public servant or
- public s "entity" means any
- company or association or
- (b) i corporate or corporate), but excludes any public
- that public servant or public service worker from discharging the duty of that public servant or
- or attempted to be done by that public servant or public service worker in the lawful discharge of the duty worker,
- (2) agency; his section unless the accused individual or accused entity (called in this section the accused) knows or ought reasonably to know that the victim was acting in the victim's capacity as a public servant or public service worker, as the case may be.

 [17/2019]
- (3) Subject to section 8, an individual or entity shall be liable, on conviction for an offence under subsection (1) or (1A), to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or to both.

 [17/2019]
 - (4) It is a defence for the accused to prove —
- (a) in any proceedings for an offence under subsection (1), that the accused had no reason to believe that the words or behaviour used, or the communication made, by the accused would be heard, seen or otherwise perceived by the victim; or
- (b) in any proceedings for an offence under subsection (1) or (1A), that the accused's conduct was reasonable. [17/2019]
 - (5) In this section —
- "public servant" has the meaning given by the Penal Code 1871, and includes any person who, by virtue of any other written law, is deemed to be a

Defamation act

Defamation Act 1957



Defamation Act 1957 C

Long Title 5

- 1. Short title
- 2. Interpretation %
- Broadcast statements
- Slander of women ...

Slander affecting official,

- 5. professional or business reputation |
- 6. Slander of title, etc. %

Unintentional defamation

- 7.—(1) A person who has published words alleged to be defamatory of another person may, if he claims that the words were published by him innocently in relation to that other person, make an offer of amends under this section; and in any such case —
- (a) if the offer is accepted by the party aggrieved and is duly performed, no proceedings for libel or slander shall be taken or continued by that party against the person making the offer in respect of the publication in question (but without prejudice to any cause of action against any other person jointly responsible for that publication);
- (b) if the offer is not accepted by the party aggrieved, then, except as otherwise provided by this section, it shall be a defence, in any proceedings by him for libel or slander against the person making the offer in respect of the publication in question, to prove that the words complained of were published by the defendant or were published by the defendant innocently in relation to the claimant and that the offer was made as soon as practicable after the defendant received notice that they were or might be defamatory of the claimant, and has not been withdrawn. [Act 25 of 2021 wef 01/04/2022]
- (2) An offer of amends under this section must be expressed to be made for the purposes of this section, and must be accompanied by an affidavit specifying the facts relied upon by the person making it to show that the words in question were published by him innocently in relation to the party aggrieved; and for the purposes of a defence under subsection (1)(b) no evidence, other than evidence of facts specified in the affidavit, shall be admissible on behalf of that person to prove that the words were so published.
 - (3) An offer of amends under this section shall be understood to mean an offer —
- (a) in any case, to publish or join in the publication of a suitable correction of the words complained of, and a sufficient apology to the party aggrieved in respect of those words; and
- (b) where co "words" includes pictures, to take such step visual images, gestures to be defamatory and other methods of (4) Where
- ntaining the said words have been distributed by or with the knowledge of the person making the offer, on his part for notifying persons to whom copies have been so distributed that the words are alleged
 - tion is accepted by the party aggrieved signifying meaning.
- n fulfilment of the offer as so accepted shall in default of agreement between the parties be referred to (a) any ques and determined by the General Division of the High Court, whose decision shall be final; and
- (b) the power of the court to make orders as to costs in proceedings by the party aggrieved against the person making the offer in respect of the publication in question, or in proceedings in respect of the offer under paragraph (a), shall include power to order the payment by the person making the offer to the party aggrieved of costs on an indemnity basis and any expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred by that party in consequence of the publication in question,

and if no such proceedings as referred to in paragraph (b) are taken, the General Division of the High Court may, upon an application made by the party

Built with

- Javascript
- HTML
- CSS
- Manifest.json?





How does skill hunter do it?

- 1. Scrape definitions
- 2. Scrape everything else
- 3. Words in everything else that are definitions have their meanings added
- 4. Rewrite HTML page displayed to client



1. Scrape definitions

```
function getLegislationDefinitions() {
   extracts definitions from within
   legislation and places it within
   a json object for later retrieval
   const definitions = [];
   const regex = /"([^"]+)"/g;
   const provisionContainers = document.querySelectorAll("#colLegis #legisContent div.body div[class^='prov']");
   provisionContainers.forEach(container => {
        const rows = container.querySelectorAll("table tbody tr");
       rows.forEach(row => {
            const definitionCell = row.querySelector("td.def");
           if (definitionCell) {
                const sentence = definitionCell.innerText.trim();
               let match;
               if ((match = regex.exec(sentence)) !== null) {
                   const term = match[1].trim();
                   definitions.push({ [term]: sentence });
        });
   });
   return definitions;
```

2. Scrape everything else

```
·· 293 ∨ function getLegislationContent() {
              extract main bulk of the content from the
              const content = []
              const provisionContainers = document.querySelectorAll("#collegis #legisContent div.body div[class^='prov']");
              provisionContainers.forEach(container => {
                 const rows = container.guerySelectorAll("table tbody tr");
                  rows.forEach(row => {
                      const sectionHeader = row.querySelector("td[class^='prov'][class$='Hdr']")
                     if (sectionHeader) {
                         const sectionHeaderText = sectionHeader.innerText.trim()
                         const sectionHeaderID = sectionHeader.id.trim()
                         content.push(
                                  "type": "sectionHeader",
                                 "ID": sectionHeaderID,
                                 "content": sectionHeaderText
                     } else {}
                      const illustrationHeaderOrContent = row.querySelector("td.fs")
                      if (illustrationHeaderOrContent) {
                          if (illustrationHeaderOrContent.innerHTML.includes("<em>Illustration</em>") || illustrationHeaderOrContent.innerHTML.includes("<em>Illustrations</em>")) {
                              const illustrationHeaderText = illustrationHeaderOrContent.innerText.trim()
                              content.push(
                                      "type": "illustrationHeader",
                                     "content": illustrationHeaderText
```

3. Embed definitions

```
575 V function integrateDefinition(legislationContent, legislationDefinitions) {
              sort definitions by length, then embeds them
              within the statute whilst avoiding recursive
              definitions
              legislationDefinitions.sort((a, b) => {
                  const termA = Object.keys(a)[0];
                  const termB = Object.keys(b)[0];
                  return termB.length - termA.length;
              legislationContent.forEach(token => {
                  if (token.type === "sectionBody") {
                      let sectionContent = token.content.split('\n');
                       sectionContent = sectionContent.map(line => {
                          let modifiedLine = line;
                          modifiedLine = modifiedLine.replace(/"/g, '"');
                          for (const definitionPair of legislationDefinitions) {
                              for (const [term, definition] of Object.entries(definitionPair)) {
                                   const escapedTerm = term.replace(/"/g, '\\"');
                                  const regex = new RegExp(`\\b(${escapedTerm})\\b`, 'g');
                                  modifiedLine = modifiedLine.replace(regex, (match) => {
                                      const safeDefinition = definition.replace(/"/g, '"');
                                          <span class='statuteTerm-container' title='${safeDefinition}'>
                                              ${match}
                                              <span class='statuteDefinition-content'>${safeDefinition}</span>
                                          </span>;
                          return modifiedLine;
                       token.content = sectionContent.join('<br>');
```

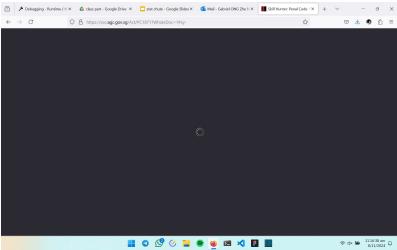
4. Rewrite HTML

```
function simplifyPage(overallHTMLContent) {
   simplifies the content of the webpage based on
   const backupTitle = document.title;
   const backupContent = document.body.innerHTML:
   // const backupScriptArray = Array.from(document.querySelectorAll("script")).map(script => script.innerHTML);
   let backupStyle = null;
   const newTitle = overallHTMLContent.title
   const newStyle = overallHTMLContent.style
   const newContent = overallHTMLContent.content
   document.title = newTitle
   const styleEl = document.querySelector("style");
   if (styleEl) {
       backupStvle = stvleEl.innerHTML;
       styleEl.innerHTML = newStyle;
       var newStyleEl = document.createElement("style");
       newStyleEl.innerHTML = newStyle;
       document.head.appendChild(newStyleE1);
   document.body.innerHTML = newContent;
       "title": backupTitle,
       "style": backupStyle,
       "content": backupContent.
```

What can skill hunter NOT do?

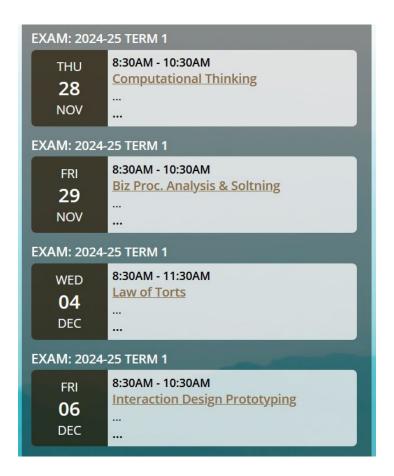
- Work on Safari
- It is also slower on statutes like the Penal Code because the Penal Code has 500+ sections (~10 seconds) + your computer will become a jet engine
- Sometimes SSO decides to include one big jpeg instead of html code





Why can't skill hunter do it?





Why should I use this?

(please)



Questions



TRY OUT SKILL HUNTER

SONG THAT PLAYS WHEN YOU ENCOUNTER A CATERPILLAR



