向量



Struct ParMultiVector

Constructors ParMultiVector(MPI_Comm comm); // 通信域comm上的空向量 ParMultiVector(MPI_Comm, int num, int size); // 通信域comm上num个长度为size的向量 ParMultiVector(const ParMultiVector & X); // 拷贝构造 Operator overloading const ParVector operator()(int j) const; // 访问第j个向量

Functions

void Free();

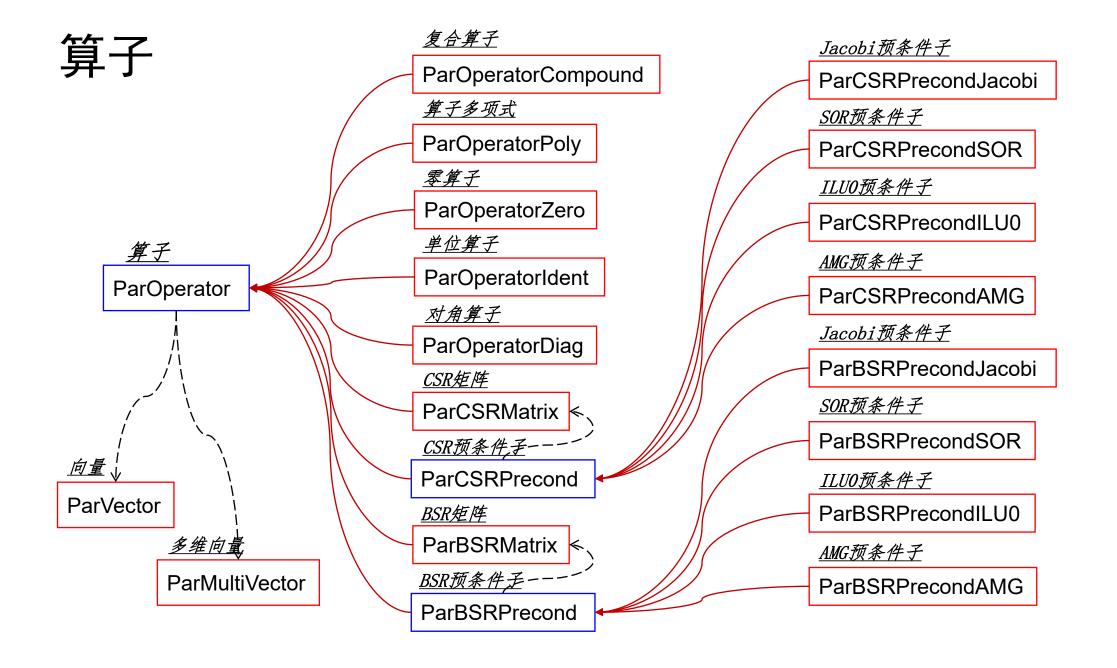
// 释放内存
void Allocate(int num, int size);
// 分配num个长度为size的向量
void Refer(const ParMultiVector &);
// 引用X

#拷贝赋值

ParMultiVector & operator=(const ParMultiVector & X) const;

Struct ParVector

```
Constructors
ParVector(MPI_Comm comm);
                                     // 通信域comm上的空向量
ParVector(MPI_Comm comm, int size);
                             // 通信域comm上长度为size的向量
ParVector(const ParVector & x);
                                                   #拷贝构造
Operator overloading
double& operator[](int i) const;
                                              #访问第i个元素
ParVector & operator=(const ParVector & x);
                                                   11拷贝赋值
Functions
void Free();
                                                   11释放内存
void Resize(int size);
                                                   11改变长度
void Refer(const ParVector & x);
                                                      // 引用x
void Fill(double a) const;
                                                  // 标量a填充
void FillRandom() const;
                                                 // 随机数填充
void Copy(const ParVector & x) const;
                                                   #拷贝元素
void Scale(double a) const;
                                                    // this *= a
void AddScaled(double, const ParVector & x) const;
                                                  // this += a*x
```



class ParOperator

Functions

class ParOperatorIdent : public ParOperator

Constructors

ParOperatorIdent(MPI_Comm comm, int n); // 通信域comm上的单位矩阵 I_{n*n}

class ParOperatorZero: public ParOperator

Constructors

ParOperatorIdent(MPI_Comm comm, int n); // 通信域comm上的零矩阵 O_{n*n}

class ParOperatorDiag: public ParOperator

Constructors

ParOperatorDiag(const ParVector & x); // diag(x)

class ParCSRPrecond: public ParOperator

Functions

void Setup(const ParCSRMatrix & A) const; // Setup

class ParBSRPrecond : public ParOperator

Functions

void Setup(const ParBSRMatrix & A) const; // Setup

class ParOperatorCompound : public ParOperator

Constructors

ParOperatorCompound(double alpha, const ParOperator & A, const ParOperator & B, double beta, const ParOperator & C);

// 复合算子 alpha*A *B + beta * C

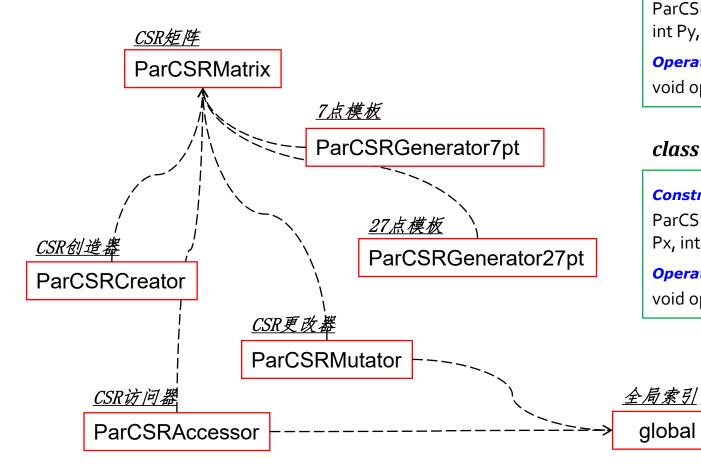
class ParOperatorPloy: public ParOperator

Constructors

ParOperatorCompound(int r, const double* a, const ParOperator & A);

// 算子多项式 a[r]* Ar + a[r-1]*Ar-1 + ... + a[1] * A + a[0]

矩阵生成



class ParCSRGenerator7pt

Constructor

ParCSRGenerator7pt(MPI_Comm comm, int nx, in ny, int nz, int Px, // 通信域、局部规模和进程拓扑 int Py, int Pz);

Operator overloading

void operator()(const ParCSRMatrix & A) const;

11生成矩阵

class ParCSRGenerator27pt

Constructor

ParCSRGenerator27pt(MPI_Comm comm, int nx, in ny, int nz, int // 通信域、局部规模和进程拓扑 Px, int Py, int Pz);

Operator overloading

void operator()(const ParCSRMatrix & A) const;

// 生成矩阵

class ParCSRCreator

Constructor

ParCSRCreator(MPI_Comm comm, int rows, int cols); // 通信域和维度

Operator overloading

void operator()(const ParCSRMatrix & A) const; // 生成空矩阵

class ParCSRMutator

Constructor

ParCSRMutator(const ParCSRMatrix & A); // 初始矩阵

Operator overloading

void operator()(const ParCSRMatrix & A); // 生成更改矩阵

Functions

class ParCSRAccessor

Constructor

ParCSRAccessor(const ParCSRMatrix & A); // 访问矩阵A

Functions

double * Find(int row, global col) const; //查找非零元(row, col)

struct ParCSRMatrix : public ParOperator

Constructor

ParCSRMatrix(const ParCSRMatrix & A);

11拷贝构造

Operator overloading

ParCSRMatrix & operator=(const ParCSRMatrix & A);

// 拷贝赋值

Functions

void Free();

// 释放内存

void Refer(const ParCSRMatrix & A);

//引用A

void ExchangeHalo(const ParVector & x) const;

//交换环

void SetupHalo();

// Setup环

struct global

Constructor

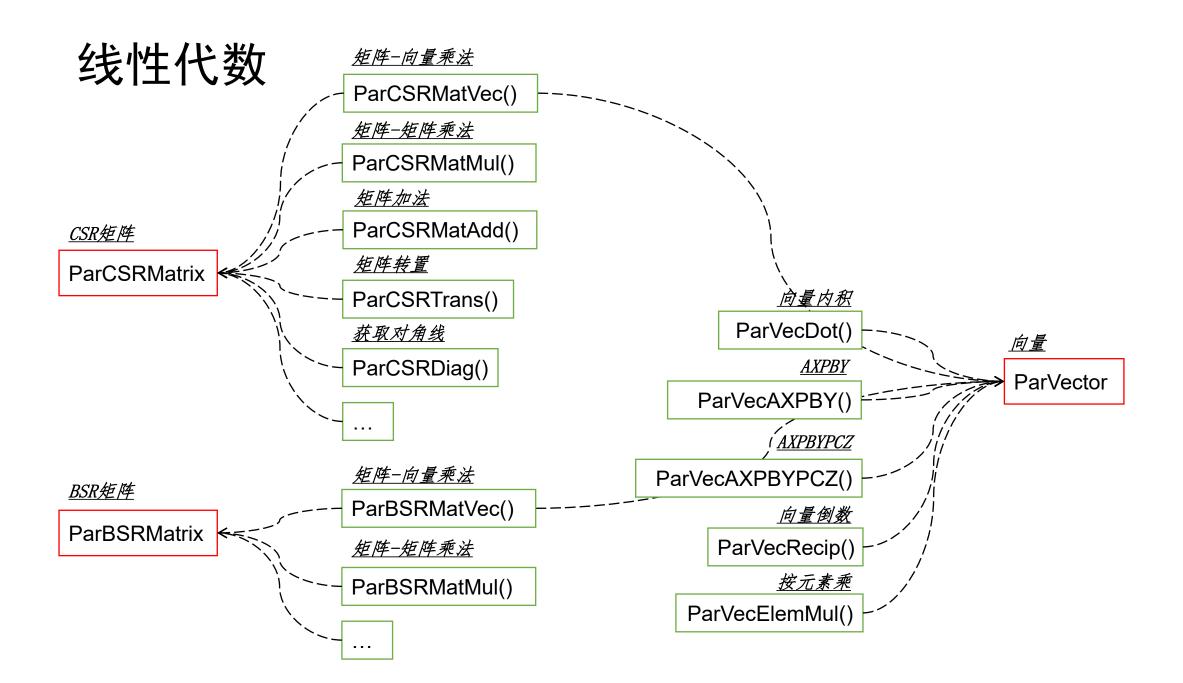
global(int indl, int from); // 局部索引和进程ID

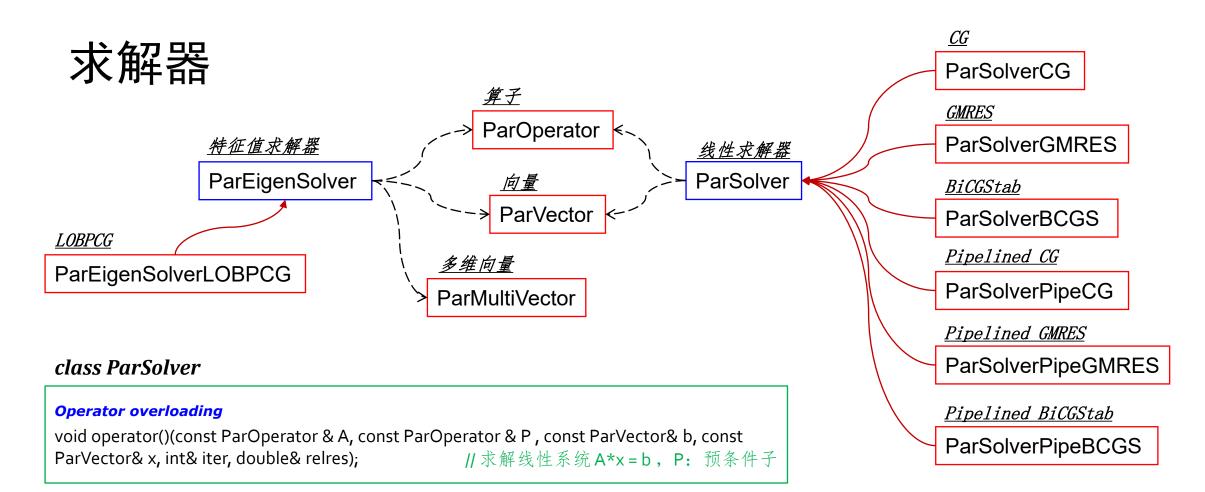
Operator overloading

bool operator<(const global& a) const; // 比较函数

Functions

int local() const; //局部索引 int owner() const; //进程ID





class ParEigenSolver

Operator overloading

void operator()(const ParOperator & A, const ParOperator & B, const ParOperator & T, const ParMultiVector & Y, const ParMultiVector & X, const Vector & Lambda, int & iter, const Vector & Res) const; // 求解特征值 A*X = B* X * Lambda,T: 预条件子,Y: 约束(Y^T*X = o)

算法

Subspace Iterative Methods	CG	Krylov Subspace Methods
	BiCGStab	
	GMRES	
	PipeCG	Pipelined, Hiding Global Reduction
	PipeBiCGStab	
	PipeGMRES	
	LOBPCG	Generalized Symmetric EigenSolver
Preconditioner	AMG	HMIS, PMIS and Aggressive Coarsening;
		Long Range Interpolation; Smoothed Aggregation;
		Jacobi, SOR, ILU and Chebyshev Smoother
	Jacobi	
	SOR	SOR, SSOR
	ILU	ILU(0)

示例:分布式线性系统求解 mpirun -n 8 ./main

```
#预定义
ParCSRMatrix A{MPI_COMM_WORLD};
ParVector x{MPI_COMM_WORLD}, b{MPI_COMM_WORLD};
ParCSRPrecondAMG P;
                                                                        #设置问题规模
int nx = 128, ny = 128, nz = 128;
                                                                        // 设置进程拓扑(进程数 = Px*Py*Pz)
int Px = 2, Py = 2, Pz = 2;
                                                                        # 生成27点矩阵
ParCSRGenerator27pt{MPI_COMM_WORLD, nx, ny, nz, Px, Py, Pz}(A);
                                                                        // Setup交换环
A.SetupHalo();
                                                                        11 生成初始解向量
x.Resize(128*128*128); x.Fill(0.0);
                                                                        11 生成右端向量
b.Resize(128*128*128); b.FillRandom();
                                                                        // 配置AMG参数
P. CoarsenType = o;
P. InterpType = 1;
                                                                        // ...
P. SmoothType = 2;
P.Setup(A);
                                                                        // Setup AMG
int iter; double relres;
                                                                        // 用AMG-CG方法求解 Ax = b
ParSolverCG{100, 1.0e-08}(A, P, b, x, iter, relres);
```

示例:特征值问题求解 mpirun -n 8 ./main

```
#预定义
ParCSRMatrix A{MPI_COMM_WORLD};
ParMultiVector X{MPI_COMM_WORLD};
ParCSRPrecondILUo P;
                                                                        #设置问题规模
int nx = 128, ny = 128, nz = 128;
                                                                        // 设置进程拓扑(进程数 = Px*Py*Pz)
int Px = 2, Py = 2, Pz = 2;
                                                                        // 生成27点矩阵
ParCSRGenerator27pt{MPI_COMM_WORLD, nx, ny, nz, Px, Py, Pz}(A);
                                                                        // Setup交换环
A.SetupHalo();
X.Allocate(4, 128*128*128);
for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
                                                                        // 生成初始解向量
   X(i).FillRandom();
P.Setup(A);
                                                                        // Setup ILU
int iter; Vector Lambda, Res;
Lambda.Resize(4); Res.Resize(4);
                                                                        // 用ILUo-LOBPCG方法求解特征值问题 AX = X*Lambda
ParSolverLOBPCG{100, 1.0e-08}(A, P, X, Lambda, iter, Res);
```