

数据科学与工程算法基础 习题13

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$$m = 11$$

$$k_2 = 2, k_3 = 2, k_4 = 4, k_5 = 4, k_6 = 3, k_7 = 3, k_8 = 2, k_9 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i,j} \left(A_{ij} - \frac{k_i k_j}{2m} \right) \delta(C_i, C_j) \\ &= \frac{1}{22} \left[\left(0 - \frac{k_2 k_2}{22} \right) + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_2 k_3}{22} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_3 k_3}{22} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_4 k_4}{22} \right) \right. \\ &\quad + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_4 k_5}{22} \right) + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_4 k_6}{22} \right) + 2 \left(0 - \frac{k_4 k_7}{22} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_5 k_5}{22} \right) \\ &\quad + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_5 k_6}{22} \right) + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_5 k_7}{22} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_6 k_6}{22} \right) + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_6 k_7}{22} \right) \\ &\quad + \left(0 - \frac{k_7 k_7}{22} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_8 k_8}{22} \right) + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_8 k_9}{22} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_9 k_9}{22} \right) \left. \right] \\ &= \frac{20}{121} \end{aligned}$$

3

1. $m = 2, k_1 = 2, k_2 = 1, k_3 = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{c \in C} \sum_{i \in C} \sum_{j \in C} \left(A_{ij} - \frac{k_i k_j}{2m} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\left(0 - \frac{k_1 k_1}{4} \right) + 2 \left(1 - \frac{k_1 k_3}{4} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_3 k_3}{4} \right) + \left(0 - \frac{k_2 k_2}{4} \right) \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned} Q &= \sum_{c \in C} \left[\frac{\sum_{in}^c}{2m} - \left(\frac{\sum_{tot}^c}{2m} \right)^2 \right] \\ &= \left(\frac{2}{4} - \frac{3^2}{4^2} \right) + \left(\frac{0}{4} - \frac{1^2}{4^2} \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

3.

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}, \vec{S} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = \frac{1}{4m} \vec{S}^T B \vec{S} = -\frac{1}{8}$$

4. 能

5. 划分 I 个社区, 即 $c_1 = \{1, 2, 3\}$

$$Q' = \sum_{c \in C} \left[\frac{\sum_{in}^c}{2m} - \left(\frac{\sum_{tot}^c}{2m} \right)^2 \right] = \left(\frac{4}{4} - \frac{4^2}{4^2} \right) = 0$$

因此 $Q' > Q$

4

1. $m = 5, k_1 = 5, k_2 = 2, k_3 = 3$

$$Q = \frac{1}{2m} \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{c \in C} \sum_{i \in C} \sum_{j \in C} \left(W_{ij} - \frac{k_i k_j}{2m} \right)$$

$$= -0.08$$

2.

$$Q = \sum_{c \in C} \left[\frac{\sum_{in}^c}{2m} - \left(\frac{\sum_{tot}^c}{2m} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$= -0.08$$

3.

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -2.5 & 1 & 1.5 \\ 1 & -0.4 & -0.6 \\ 1.5 & -0.6 & -0.9 \end{pmatrix}, \vec{S} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = \frac{1}{4m} \vec{S}^T B \vec{S} = -0.08$$