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import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import numpy as np
import os
import logging
# Configure logging
logging.basicConfig(filename='shopping analysis.log', level=logging.INFO, format='%(asctime)s
- %(levelname)s - %(message)s')
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('shopping_data.csv') # Replace with your actual dataset file name
# Log basic dataset information
logging.info("Dataset loaded successfully.")
logging.info(f"Number of rows: {data.shape[0]}, Number of columns: {data.shape[1]}")
logging.info(f"Columns: {list(data.columns)}")
# Data Cleaning
data.dropna(inplace=True) # Remove rows with missing values
data['PurchaseDate'] = pd.to_datetime(data['PurchaseDate']) # Convert to datetime
# Add new columns for analysis
data['Month'] = data['PurchaseDate'].dt.month
data['Year'] = data['PurchaseDate'].dt.year
# Analyze Monthly Sales Trends
monthly sales = data.groupby(['Year', 'Month'])['Sales'].sum().reset index()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.lineplot(x='Month', y='Sales', hue='Year', data=monthly sales)
plt.title('Monthly Sales Trends')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Sales')
plt.show()
# Analyze Product Category Preferences
category sales = data.groupby('Category')['Sales'].sum().sort values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.barplot(x=category sales.index, y=category sales.values)
plt.title('Top-Selling Product Categories')
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plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Sales')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
# Cluster Customers Based on Spending
customer data = data.groupby('CustomerID')['Sales'].sum().reset index()
# Normalize Sales Data
scaler = StandardScaler()
customer data['Sales'] = scaler.fit transform(customer data[['Sales']])
# Determine optimal number of clusters using the Elbow Method
inertia = []
silhouette scores = []
k_range = range(2, 6)
for k in k range:
  kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=k, random_state=42)
  labels = kmeans.fit predict(customer data[['Sales']])
  inertia.append(kmeans.inertia)
  silhouette_scores.append(silhouette_score(customer_data[['Sales']], labels))
optimal k = k range[np.argmax(silhouette scores)]
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=optimal_k, random_state=42)
customer data['Cluster'] = kmeans.fit predict(customer data[['Sales']])
# Visualize Customer Clusters
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x='CustomerID', y='Sales', hue='Cluster', data=customer_data, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Customer Segments')
plt.xlabel('Customer ID')
plt.ylabel('Total Spending (Normalized)')
plt.show()
# Save cleaned data
file_name = 'cleaned_shopping_data.csv'
if os.path.exists(file name):
  logging.warning(f"\file_name\} already exists. Consider renaming or backing up.")
  print(f"Warning: {file name} already exists. Consider renaming or backing up.")
else:
  data.to_csv(file_name, index=False)
  logging.info(f"Data processing complete. Cleaned data saved as '{file name}'.")
  print(f"Data processing complete. Cleaned data saved as '{file_name}'.")
```