

ADA AND BTC ANALYSIS AND TIMESERIES PREDICTION

Introduction

Cardano is a cryptocurrency network and open source project that aims to run a public blockchain platform for smart contracts. Cardano's internal cryptocurrency is called Ada. The development of the project is overseen and supervised by the Cardano Foundation based in Zug, Switzerland.

The platform began development in 2015 and was launched in 2017 by Charles Hoskinson, a co-founder of Ethereum and BitShares. According to Hoskinson, he had left Ethereum after a dispute over keeping Ethereum nonprofit. After leaving he co-founded IOHK, a blockchain engineering company, whose primary business is the development of Cardano, alongside the Cardano Foundation and Emurgo. The platform is named after Gerolamo Cardano and the cryptocurrency after Ada Lovelace.

The currency debuted with a market cap of 600 million dollars. By the end of 2017, it had a market cap of 10 billion dollars, and reached a value of 33 billion dollars briefly in 2018 before a general tightening of the crypto market dropped its value back to 10 billion dollars. According to Mashable, Cardano claims that it overcomes existing problems in the crypto market: mainly that Bitcoin is too slow and inflexible, and that Ethereum is not safe or scalable. Cardano is considered a third-generation cryptocurrency by its creators.

1 Understand the problem and import the more important libraries

I want to compare ADA with BTC (Bitcoin) which all of you should know. If not:

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bitcoin>

```
In [210...: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

First of all I downloaded both datasets and import them to the project. I took data from Jan 2018 until Feb 2021.

```
In [211...: #Load de data
cardano_hst = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/torre/OneDrive/Escritorio/PERSONAL/DATA SCIENCE/CARDANO/cardano_hst.head()
```

```
Out[211...:      Date    Price    Open    High    Low    Vol.  Change %
0  Feb 20, 2021  1.149122  0.925955  1.176955  0.914190  1.80B  24.11%
1  Feb 19, 2021  0.925894  0.913695  0.945353  0.880769  839.10M  1.33%
2  Feb 18, 2021  0.913752  0.891719  0.956599  0.891719  904.68M  2.47%
3  Feb 17, 2021  0.891702  0.870390  0.897079  0.823855  750.02M  2.45%
4  Feb 16, 2021  0.870393  0.859853  0.905065  0.834791  929.87M  1.19%
```

We got the Closed attribute ase Price

```
In [212...: bitcoin_hst = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/torre/OneDrive/Escritorio/PERSONAL/DATA SCIENCE/CARDANO/bitcoin_hst.head()
```

```
Out[212...:      Date    Price    Open    High    Low    Vol.  Change %
0  Feb 20, 2021  55923.7  55922.0  57523.8  54124.1  127.85K  0.03%
1  Feb 19, 2021  55906.6  51590.1  56238.5  50816.8  139.43K  8.38%
2  Feb 18, 2021  51582.2  52094.5  52524.0  50941.6  94.35K  -0.95%
3  Feb 17, 2021  52079.2  49161.3  52577.7  49018.1  140.03K  5.92%
4  Feb 16, 2021  49169.7  47934.2  50515.8  47044.4  141.37K  2.57%
```

```
In [213...: cardano_hst.shape
```

```
Out[213...: (1148, 7)
```

```
In [214...: bitcoin_hst.shape
```

```
Out[214...: (1148, 7)
```

```
In [215...: cardano_hst.describe()
```

```
Out[215...:      Price    Open    High    Low
count  1148.000000  1148.000000  1148.000000  1148.000000
mean    0.133454    0.133274    0.140585    0.124751
std     0.160964    0.160209    0.173440    0.144590
min     0.023222    0.023225    0.026454    0.017774
25%     0.045895    0.045884    0.047424    0.044232
50%     0.081616    0.081616    0.084058    0.078212
75%     0.143326    0.143324    0.148790    0.137339
max     1.149122    1.180000    1.350000    1.050000
```

We can get from this data indicators that the historical maximum is 1.35 but never closed like that or even higher than 1.149122. Also we can see that the std (standard deviation) is higher on 'High' than in the other ones so that mean the cryptocurrency market fluctuate more on higher values.

```
In [216...: bitcoin_hst.describe()
```

```
Out[216...:      Price    Open    High    Low
count  1148.000000  1148.000000  1148.000000  1148.000000
mean   10023.177003  9985.070035  10278.126394  9684.443118
std    7313.543011   7186.251726   7540.971388  6895.392082
min    3228.700000   3228.600000   3282.300000  3177.000000
25%    6597.875000   6597.575000   6708.500000  6472.175000
50%    8544.700000   8544.800000   8743.650000  8243.850000
75%    10405.225000  10404.775000   10736.575000  10130.675000
max    55923.700000  55922.000000  57523.800000  54124.100000
```

2 Data Preparation

```
In [217...: cardano_hst = cardano_hst.rename(columns={"Vol.": "Vol", "Change %": "Change"})
bitcoin_hst = bitcoin_hst.rename(columns={"Vol.": "Vol", "Change %": "Change"})
```

```
In [218...: cardano_hst.head()
```

```
Out[218...:      Date    Price    Open    High    Low    Vol  Change
0  Feb 20, 2021  1.149122  0.925955  1.176955  0.914190  1.80B  24.11%
1  Feb 19, 2021  0.925894  0.913695  0.945353  0.880769  839.10M  1.33%
2  Feb 18, 2021  0.913752  0.891719  0.956599  0.891719  904.68M  2.47%
3  Feb 17, 2021  0.891702  0.870390  0.897079  0.823855  750.02M  2.45%
4  Feb 16, 2021  0.870393  0.859853  0.905065  0.834791  929.87M  1.19%
```

```
In [219...: import datetime

# Convert Date to datetime
cardano_hst['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(cardano_hst['Date'])
cardano_hst['Crypto'] = 'ADA'
bitcoin_hst['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(bitcoin_hst['Date'])
bitcoin_hst['Crypto'] = 'BTC'
```

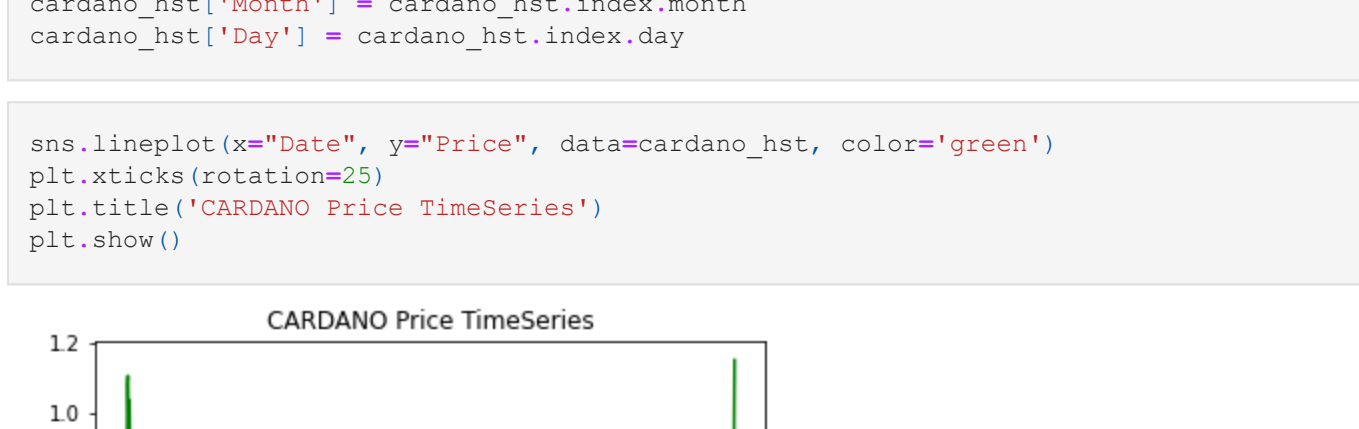
I'll probably want to concatenate both datasets so thats why I created the Crypto attribute to differentiate rows.

```
In [220...: cardano_hst.head()
```

```
Out[220...:      Date    Price    Open    High    Low    Vol  Change  Crypto
0  2021-02-20  1.149122  0.925955  1.176955  0.914190  1.80B  24.11%  ADA
1  2021-02-19  0.925894  0.913695  0.945353  0.880769  839.10M  1.33%  ADA
2  2021-02-18  0.913752  0.891719  0.956599  0.891719  904.68M  2.47%  ADA
3  2021-02-17  0.891702  0.870390  0.897079  0.823855  750.02M  2.45%  ADA
4  2021-02-16  0.870393  0.859853  0.905065  0.834791  929.87M  1.19%  ADA
```

```
In [224...: import seaborn as sns

sns.lineplot(x='Date', y='Price', data=bitcoin_hst)
plt.xticks(rotation=25)
plt.title('BITCOIN Price TimeSeries')
plt.show()
```

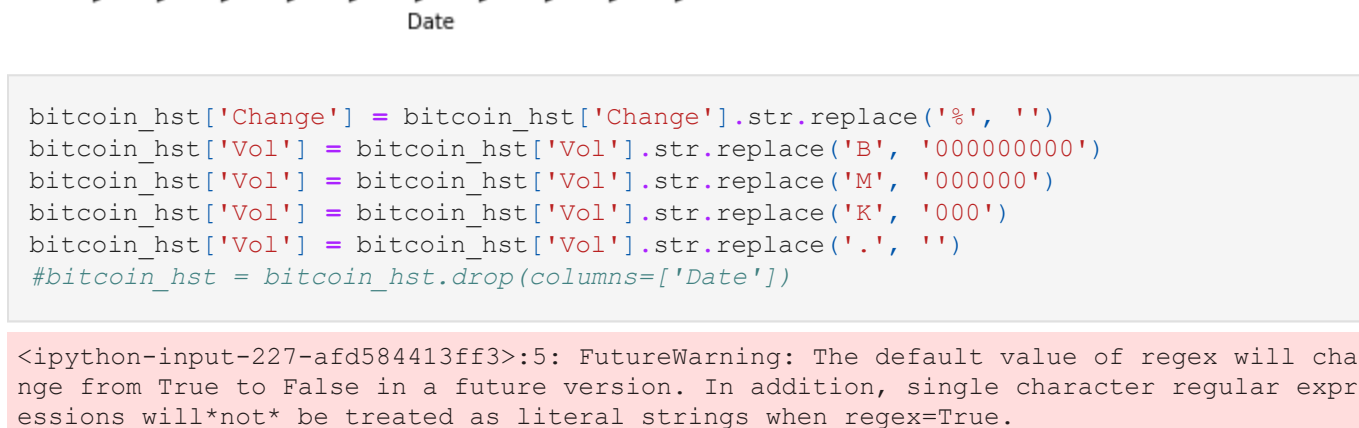


Probably we should plot some information grouped by the date sub-attributes so that's why the next code.

```
In [225...: cardano_hst = cardano_hst.set_index('Date')

cardano_hst['Year'] = cardano_hst.index.year
cardano_hst['Month'] = cardano_hst.index.month
cardano_hst['Day'] = cardano_hst.index.day
```

```
In [226...: sns.lineplot(x="Date", y="Price", data=cardano_hst, color='green')
plt.xticks(rotation=25)
plt.title('CARDANO Price TimeSeries')
plt.show()
```



```
In [227...: bitcoin_hst['Change'] = bitcoin_hst['Change'].str.replace('%', '')
bitcoin_hst['Vol'] = bitcoin_hst['Vol'].str.replace('B', '000000000')
bitcoin_hst['Vol'] = bitcoin_hst['Vol'].str.replace('M', '000000')
bitcoin_hst['Vol'] = bitcoin_hst['Vol'].str.replace('K', '000')
bitcoin_hst['Vol'] = bitcoin_hst['Vol'].str.replace('.', '')
#bitcoin_hst = bitcoin_hst.drop(columns=['Date'])

<ipython-input-227-afd584413ff3>:5: FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version. In addition, single character regular expressions will*not* be treated as literal strings when regex=True.
  bitcoin_hst['Vol'] = bitcoin_hst['Vol'].str.replace('.', '')
```

```
In [228...: bitcoin_hst.head()
```

```
Out[228...:      Date    Price    Open    High    Low    Vol  Change  Crypto
0  2021-02-20  55923.7  55922.0  57523.8  54124.1  12785000  0.03  BTC
1  2021-02-19  55906.6  51590.1  56238.5  50816.8  13943000  8.38  BTC
2  2021-02-18  51582.2  52094.5  52524.0  50941.6  9435000  -0.95  BTC
3  2021-02-17  52079.2  49161.3  52577.7  49018.1  14003000  5.92  BTC
4  2021-02-16  49169.7  47934.2  50515.8  47044.4  14137000  2.57  BTC
```

```
In [229...: cardano_hst['Change'] = cardano_hst['Change'].str.replace('%', '')
cardano_hst['Vol'] = cardano_hst['Vol'].str.replace('B', '000000000')
cardano_hst['Vol'] = cardano_hst['Vol'].str.replace('M', '000000')
cardano_hst['Vol'] = cardano_hst['Vol'].str.replace('.', '')
#cardano_hst = cardano_hst.drop(columns=['Date'])

<ipython-input-229-9f8d90b4cd53>:4: FutureWarning: The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version. In addition, single character regular expressions will*not* be treated as literal strings when regex=True.
  cardano_hst['Vol'] = cardano_hst['Vol'].str.replace('.', '')
```

```
In [230...: cardano_hst.head()
```

```
Out[230...:      Price    Open    High    Low    Vol  Change  Crypto  Year  Month  Day
Date
2021-02-20  1.149122  0.925955  1.176955  0.914190  180000000000  24.11  ADA  2021  2  20
2021-02-19  0.925894  0.913695  0.945353  0.880769  83910000000  1.33  ADA  2021  2  19
2021-02-18  0.913752  0.891719  0.956599  0.891719  90468000000  2.47  ADA  2021  2  18
2021-02-17  0.891702  0.870390  0.897079  0.823855  75002000000  2.45  ADA  2021  2  17
2021-02-16  0.870393  0.859853  0.905065  0.834791  92987000000  1.19  ADA  2021  2  16
```

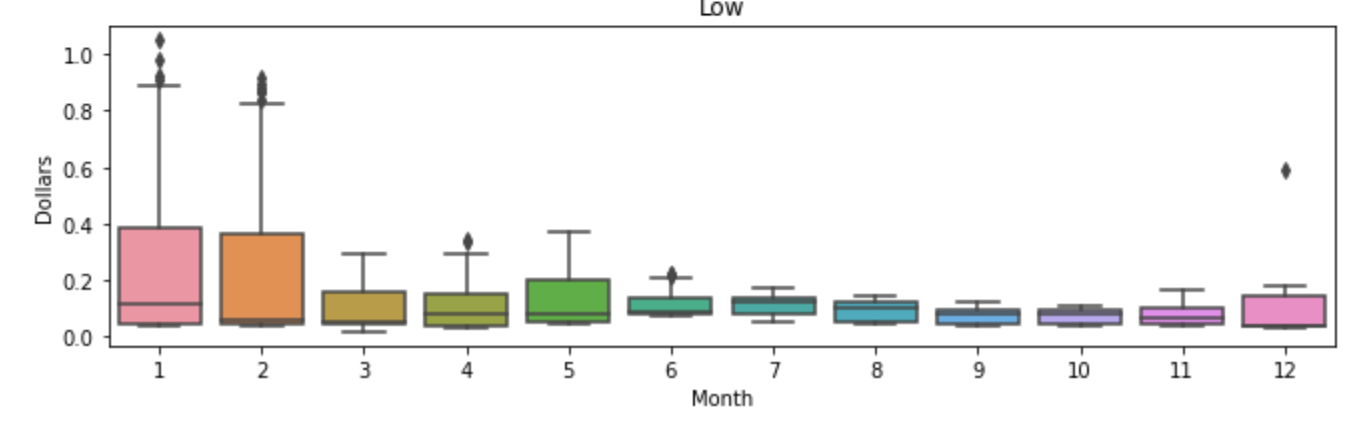
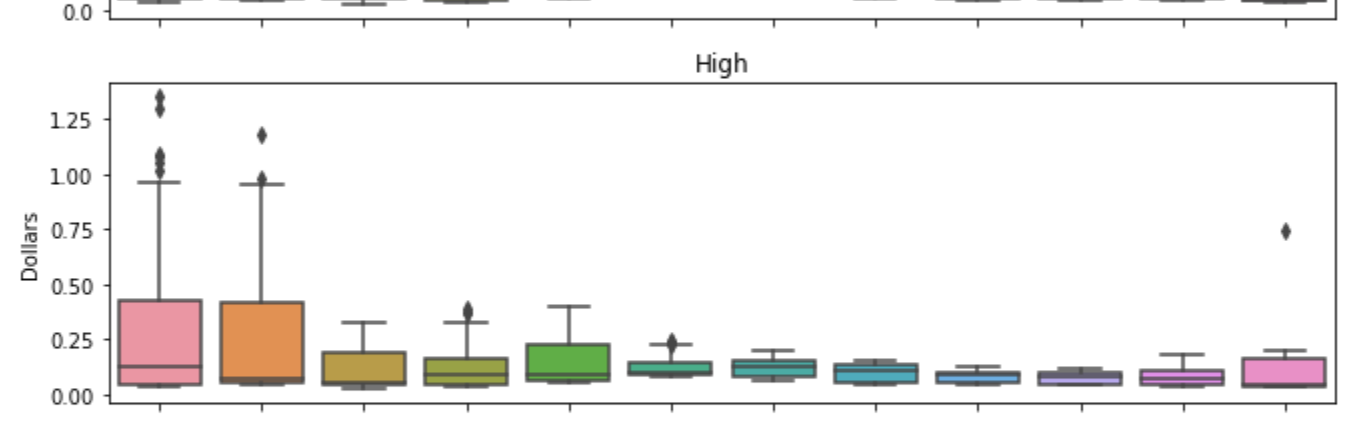
```
In [231...: cardano_hst.isnull().any()
```

```
Out[231...: Price      False
Open       False
High       False
Low        False
Vol        False
Change     False
Crypto     False
Year       False
Month      False
Day        False
dtype: bool
```

4 Data Analysis for ADA

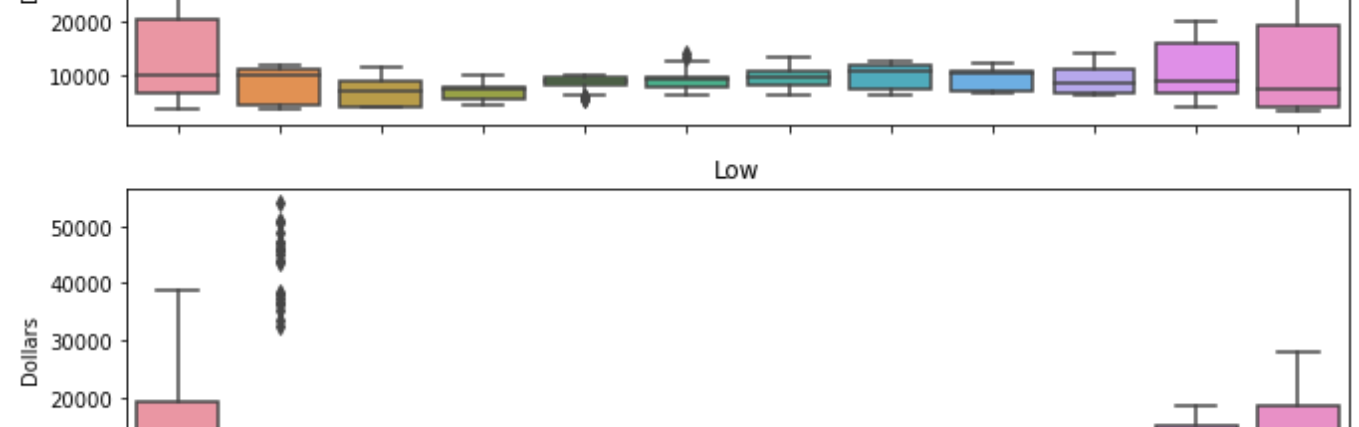
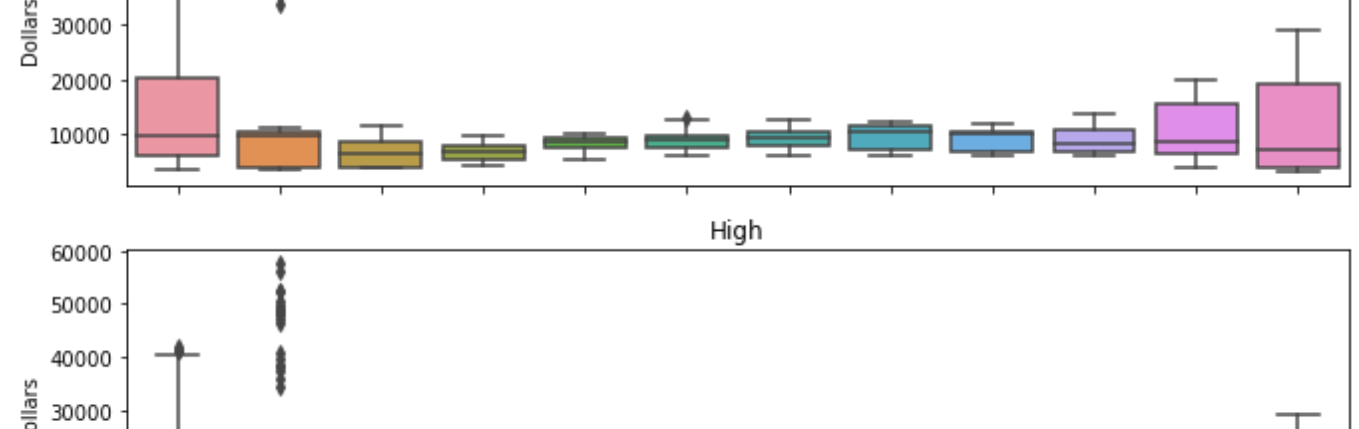
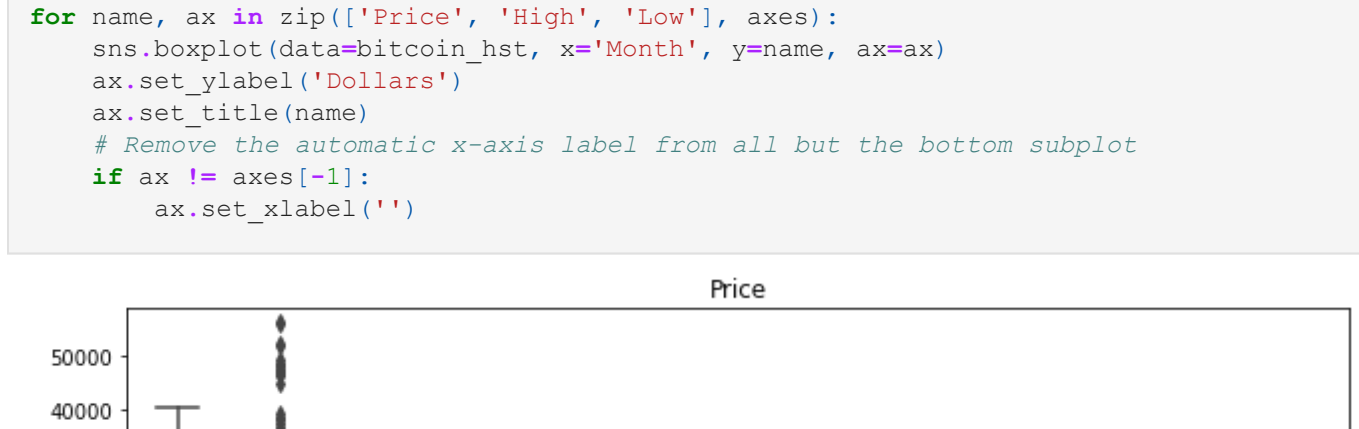
```
In [236...: cardano_hst['Month'] = cardano_hst.index.month

fig, axes = pt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(11, 10), sharex=True)
for name, ax in zip(['Price', 'High', 'Low'], axes):
    sns.boxplot(data=cardano_hst, x='Month', y=name, ax=ax)
    ax.set_ylabel('Dollars')
    ax.set_title(name)
    # Remove the automatic x-axis label from all but the bottom subplot
    if ax != axes[-1]:
        ax.set_xlabel('')
```



```
In [238...: bitcoin_hst = bitcoin_hst.set_index('Date')
bitcoin_hst['Month'] = bitcoin_hst.index.month

fig, axes = pt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(11, 10), sharex=True)
for name, ax in zip(['Price', 'High', 'Low'], axes):
    sns.boxplot(data=bitcoin_hst, x='Month', y=name, ax=ax)
    ax.set_ylabel('Dollars')
    ax.set_title(name)
    # Remove the automatic x-axis label from all but the bottom subplot
    if ax != axes[-1]:
        ax.set_xlabel('')
```



I am definitely not a trader or a broker but if I wanted to play some money on this I would probably earn more money on January, February, May and December for ADA and the same for BTC but November instead of May.

4 Time Series Forecasting using RandomForestRegressor

```
In [154...: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
```

```
In [155...: # Read the data
train = cardano_hst
```

```
In [ ]: # pull data into target (y) and predictors (X)
train_y = train.Price
predictor_cols = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Vol']

# Create training predictors data
train_X = train[predictor_cols]

my_model = RandomForestRegressor()
my_model.fit(train_X, train_y)
```

```
In [ ]: 
```