

**Objetivos a cubrir****Código : MAT4-EDO.16**

- Sistemas de EDO lineales de primer orden homogéneo.
- Sistemas de EDO lineales de primer orden no homogéneo.

1. Resuelva los siguientes sistemas de ecuaciones diferenciales

1. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 3x_1 + x_2 \\ x'_2 = -2x_1 \end{cases}$$

2. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 \\ x'_2 = x_1 - x_2 \end{cases}$$

3. 
$$\begin{cases} x' = 3x + y \\ y' = -6x - 2y \end{cases}$$

4. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 6x_1 + 2x_2 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 + 3x_2 \end{cases}$$

5. 
$$\begin{cases} v' = 2v - 2w \\ w' = 5w - 2v \end{cases}$$

6. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = -4x_2 \\ x'_2 = x_1 \end{cases}$$

7. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 3x_2 \\ x'_2 = -3x_1 \end{cases}$$

8. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 2x_1 - x_2 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 \end{cases}$$

9. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 3x_1 - 5x_2 \\ x'_2 = -x_1 + x_2 \end{cases}$$

10. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 5x_1 + 2x_2 \\ x'_2 = -4x_1 + x_2 \end{cases}$$

11. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 - x_2 \\ x'_2 = 5x_1 - x_2 \end{cases}$$

12. 
$$\begin{cases} x' = x + 2y \\ y' = 4x + 3y \end{cases}$$

13. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 2y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 8x \end{cases}$$

14. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = -4x + 2y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{5}{2}x + 2y \end{cases}$$

15. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}x + 9y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}x + 2y \end{cases}$$

16. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 6x - y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 5x + 2y \end{cases}$$

17. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 4x + 5y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = -2x + 6y \end{cases}$$

18. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = x + y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = -2x - y \end{cases}$$

19. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 5x + y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = -2x + 3y \end{cases}$$

20. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = 3x_1 - x_2 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = 9x_1 - 3x_2 \end{cases}$$

21. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = -6x_1 + 5x_2 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = -5x_1 + 4x_2 \end{cases}$$

22. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 - 2x_2 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 + x_2 \end{cases}$$

23. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = -x_1 + 3x_2 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = -3x_1 + 5x_2 \end{cases}$$

24. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = 12x_1 - 9x_2 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = 4x_1 \end{cases}$$

25. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = x + y - z \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 2y \\ \frac{dz}{dt} = y - z \end{cases}$$

26. 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 2x + y + 2z \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 3x + 6z \\ \frac{dz}{dt} = -4x - 3z \end{cases}$$

27. 
$$\begin{cases} x'_1 = 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \\ x'_2 = -4x_1 - 3x_2 - x_3 \\ x'_3 = 4x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 \end{cases}$$

$$28. \begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = z \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = -z \\ \frac{dz}{dt} = y \end{cases} \quad 29. \begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = 3x_1 - x_2 - x_3 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = x_1 + x_2 - x_3 \\ \frac{dx_3}{dt} = x_1 - x_2 + x_3 \end{cases} \quad 30. \begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = 2x - 7y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 5x + 10y + 4z \\ \frac{dz}{dt} = 5y + 2z \end{cases}$$

$$31. \begin{cases} x'_1 = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 \\ x'_2 = -5x_1 - 4x_2 - 2x_3 \\ x'_3 = 5x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 \end{cases} \quad 32. \begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = 2x_1 + 2x_3 \\ \frac{dx_3}{dt} = 4x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \end{cases}$$

$$33. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -5 \\ 8 & -12 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 34. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -8 \\ 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 35. X' = \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$36. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -5 \\ 5 & -4 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 37. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 38. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$39. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 & 1 \\ -5 & -6 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 40. X' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 6 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$41. X' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 42. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$43. X' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{4} & -\frac{3}{2} & 3 \\ \frac{1}{8} & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} X \quad 44. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 4 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$45. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 \\ -4 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 46. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X$$

$$47. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} X \quad 48. X' = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -4 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix} X$$

2. Resuelva el sistema dado sujeto a las condiciones iniciales indicados

$$1. \quad \begin{cases} x' = x - 2y, & x(0) = 1 \\ y' = -2x + 4y, & y(0) = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$2. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = 3x_1 - x_2, & x_1(0) = 0 \\ x'_2 = 5x_1 - x_2, & x_2(0) = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$3. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = 3x_1 + x_2, & x_1(0) = 1, \\ x'_2 = -5x_1 - 3x_2, & x_2(0) = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$4. \quad \begin{cases} v' = 2v - 2w, & v(0) = 0, \\ w' = 3v + 5w, & w(0) = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$5. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = -x_1 - x_2, & x_1(0) = 1, \\ x'_2 = x_1 - x_2, & x_2(0) = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$6. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 6 \end{pmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7. \quad \begin{cases} x' = -3x - y \\ y' = x - y \end{cases} \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$8. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$9. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 - 2x_2 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 + x_2 \end{cases} \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$10. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$11. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = 9x_1 + 5x_2 \\ x'_2 = -6x_1 - 2x_2 \end{cases} \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$12. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$13. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$14. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -12 & -14 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} X, \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Resuelva el problema con valor inicial dado. Describa el comportamiento de la solución cuando  $t \rightarrow \infty$

$$1. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = x_1 - 2x_2 \\ x'_2 = 2x_1 + x_2 \end{cases}; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix} X; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 6 \end{pmatrix} X; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4. \quad \begin{cases} x'_1 = 9x_1 + 5x_2 \\ x'_2 = -6x_1 - 2x_2 \end{cases}; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} X; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$6. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} X; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ -5 & 4 \end{pmatrix} X; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad 8. \quad X' = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} X; \quad X(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

4. (a) Compruebe que la matriz  $A$  de coeficientes del sistema

$$x'_1 = 3x_1 + x_2$$

$$x'_2 = -x_1 - x_3$$

$$x'_3 = x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3$$

sólo tiene el autovalor  $\lambda = 2$  de multiplicidad 3, pero con solamente un autovector linealmente independiente  $\mathbf{u}$  asociado a él. Por lo tanto, una solución es  $\mathbf{x}_1(t) = \mathbf{u}e^{2t}$ .

- (b) Encuentre una segunda solución de la forma  $\mathbf{x}_2(t) = \mathbf{u}te^{2t} + \mathbf{v}e^{2t}$ , donde  $\mathbf{v}$  es una solución no trivial de  $(A - 2I)\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u}$ .  
(c) Encuentre una tercera solución de la forma

$$\mathbf{x}_3(t) = \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{u}t^2e^{2t} + \mathbf{v}te^{2t} + \mathbf{w}e^{2t}$$

en la que  $\mathbf{w}$  es una solución no trivial de  $(A - 2I)\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{v}$ .

5. (a) Demuestre que  $\lambda = 2$  es un autovalor triple de la matriz  $A$  de coeficientes del sistema

$$x'_1 = 3x_1 + x_2$$

$$x'_2 = -x_1 + x_2$$

$$x'_3 = x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3$$

y que sólo hay dos autovectores linealmente independientes

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{y} \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

asociados con estos autovalores. Entonces,  $\mathbf{x}_1(t) = \mathbf{v}_1e^{2t}$  y  $\mathbf{x}_2(t) = \mathbf{v}_2e^{2t}$  son dos soluciones linealmente independientes.

- (b) Demuestre que si  $\mathbf{x}_3(t) = \mathbf{v}te^{2t} + \mathbf{w}e^{2t}$  es una tercera solución, entonces  $\mathbf{v}$  y  $\mathbf{w}$  deben satisfacer las ecuaciones

$$(A - 2I)\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{0} \tag{1}$$

$$(A - 2I)\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{v} \tag{2}$$

- (c) Cada solución de la ecuación (1) es de la forma  $\mathbf{v} = c_1\mathbf{v}_1 + c_2\mathbf{v}_2$ , en la que  $c_1$  y  $c_2$  son constantes. De acuerdo con un teorema importante del Álgebra lineal, la ecuación (2) tendrá una solución no trivial  $\mathbf{w}$  si y sólo si el vector  $\mathbf{v}$  es ortogonal con cada solución del sistema  $(A^T - 2I)\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{0}$ . Demuestre que la solución general de este sistema es

$$\mathbf{y} = \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \beta \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (d) Demuestre que  $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{y} = c_1\alpha + c_2\beta$ , así, que  $\mathbf{v}$  y  $\mathbf{y}$  son ortogonales siempre que  $c_1 = 0$ . Por lo tanto, tomando  $c_2 = 1$  podemos resolver la ecuación (2) con  $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}_2$ .

(e) Resuelva la ecuación  $(A - 2I) \mathbf{w} = \mathbf{v}_2$  para

$$\mathbf{w} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Concluya que

$$\mathbf{x}_3(t) = \begin{pmatrix} t+1 \\ -t \\ t \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}$$

es una tercera solución linealmente independiente del sistema dado.

6. Encuentre la solución general del sistema de ecuaciones dado

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} e^t \\ t \end{pmatrix} & 2. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & -1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} e^t \\ \sqrt{3}e^{-t} \end{pmatrix} \\ 3. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} -\cos t \\ \sin t \end{pmatrix} & 4. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 8 & -4 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} t^{-3} \\ -t^{-2} \end{pmatrix}; \quad t > 0 \\ 5. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} e^{-2t} \\ 2e^t \end{pmatrix} & 6. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} t^{-1} \\ 2t^{-1} + 4 \end{pmatrix}; \quad t > 0 \\ 7. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^t & 8. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^t \\ 9. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{3}{4} & -\frac{5}{4} \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 2t \\ e^t \end{pmatrix} & 10. \quad x' &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix}; \quad 0 < t < \pi \end{aligned}$$

## Respuestas

$$\begin{aligned} 1.1. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}; & 1.2. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t; & 1.3. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^t; \\ 1.4. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{7t}; & 1.5. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{6t}; \\ 1.6. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \sin 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos 2t \\ \sin 2t \end{pmatrix}; & 1.7. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \sin 3t \\ \cos 3t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -\cos 3t \\ \sin 3t \end{pmatrix}; \\ 1.8. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos t - \sin t \\ 2 \cos t \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin t + \cos t \\ 2 \sin t \end{pmatrix} e^t; & 1.9. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{6} + 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} e^{(\sqrt{6}+2)t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{6} - 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{(2-\sqrt{6})t}; \\ 1.10. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t - \sin 2t \\ -2 \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin 2t + \cos 2t \\ -2 \sin 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{3t}; & 1.11. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t - \sin 2t \\ 5 \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin 2t + \cos 2t \\ 5 \sin 2t \end{pmatrix}; \\ 1.12. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{5t}; & 1.13. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-4t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; \\ 1.14. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-3t}; & 1.15. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{\frac{7}{2}t}; \\ 1.16. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos t - 2 \sin t \\ 5 \cos t \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin t + 2 \cos t \\ 5 \sin t \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; & 1.17. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 3t + 3 \sin 3t \\ 2 \cos 3t \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin 3t - 3 \cos 3t \\ 2 \sin 3t \end{pmatrix} e^{5t}; \\ 1.18. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \cos t + \sin t \\ -2 \cos t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin t + \cos t \\ 2 \sin t \end{pmatrix}; & 1.19. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \sin t - \cos t \\ 2 \cos t \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sin t + \cos t \\ -2 \sin t \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1.20. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]; & 1.21. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{-t}; \\
1.22. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -\operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix} e^t; & 1.23. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{2t}; \\
1.24. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{6t} + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{6t}; & 1.25. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}; \\
1.26. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-3t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{sen} 2t - \cos 2t \\ 3 \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ 2 \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t + 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ 3 \cos 2t \\ -2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix} e^t; \\
1.27. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t - \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ -2 \cos 2t \\ 2 \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t + \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ -2 \cos 2t \\ 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix}; \\
1.28. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{sen} t \\ -\operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -\cos t \\ \cos t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix}; & 1.29. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}; \\
1.30. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} e^{7t}; & 1.31. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t}; \\
1.32. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{8t}; & 1.33. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} e^{-10t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{8t}; \\
1.34. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos 2t - 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos 2t + 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{-t}; & 1.35. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-5t}; \\
1.36. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \cos 3t - 3 \operatorname{sen} 3t \\ 5 \cos 3t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \cos 3t + 4 \operatorname{sen} 3t \\ 5 \operatorname{sen} 3t \end{pmatrix}; & 1.37. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}; \\
1.38. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{4t} + c_3 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} t^2 + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{4t}; \\
1.39. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 28 \\ -9 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 9 \cos \frac{\sqrt{19}}{2} t - \sqrt{19} \operatorname{sen} \frac{\sqrt{19}}{2} t \\ -10 \cos \frac{\sqrt{19}}{2} t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{2}t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 9 \operatorname{sen} \frac{\sqrt{19}}{2} t + \sqrt{19} \cos \frac{\sqrt{19}}{2} t \\ -10 \operatorname{sen} \frac{\sqrt{19}}{2} t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{2}t}; \\
1.40. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-5t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} e^{6t}; & 1.41. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t}; \\
1.42. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -\cos t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} e^t; & 1.43. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} e^{-\frac{t}{2}} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-\frac{3}{2}t}; \\
1.44. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \cos 2t + 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \operatorname{sen} 2t - 2 \cos 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix}; \\
1.45. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{6t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -\operatorname{sen} 2t \\ 0 \\ 2 \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} + c_3 \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2t \\ 0 \\ 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; \\
1.46. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_3 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{2t}; \\
1.47. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^t + c_3 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t^2 + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^t; \\
1.48. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} + c_3 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{5t}; & 2.1. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= \frac{4}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{6}{5} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{5t}; \\
2.2. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= \frac{3}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos t - \operatorname{sen} t \\ 5 \cos t \end{pmatrix} e^t - \frac{6}{5} \begin{pmatrix} \cos t + 2 \operatorname{sen} t \\ 5 \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} e^t; & 2.3. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= -\frac{5}{4} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{5} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} - \frac{3}{4} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}; \\
2.4. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 2 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} t - \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} \operatorname{sen} \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} t \\ \cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} t \end{pmatrix} e^{\frac{7}{2}t} + \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{15} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{15}}{6} \cos \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} t - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sen} \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} t \\ \operatorname{sen} \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2} t \end{pmatrix} e^{\frac{7}{2}t}; \\
2.5. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= -\begin{pmatrix} -\operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + \begin{pmatrix} \cos t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} e^{-t}; & 2.6. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 6 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} + 13 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{4t}; \\
2.7. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + 2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{-2t}; & 2.8. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 8 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} \cos 2t - \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} - 9 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} \cos 2t + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{5t}; \\
2.9. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 4 \begin{pmatrix} \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^t; & 2.10. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{\frac{1}{2}t}; & 2.11. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 6 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{6} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} - 6 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t};
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2.12. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} - \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \frac{5}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t}; & 2.13. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t; \\
2.14. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= - \begin{pmatrix} 25 \\ -7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} e^t - \begin{pmatrix} \cos 5t - 5 \operatorname{sen} 5t \\ \cos 5t \\ \cos 5t \end{pmatrix} + 6 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \cos 5t + \operatorname{sen} 5t \\ \operatorname{sen} 5t \\ \operatorname{sen} 5t \end{pmatrix}; & 3.1. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 4 \begin{pmatrix} -\operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^t; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} \\
3.2. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 8 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} \cos 2t - \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \cos 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{5t} - 9 \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} \cos 2t + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{pmatrix} e^{5t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} \\
3.3. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 6 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t} + 13 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] e^{4t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} & 3.4. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} - 6 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} \\
3.5. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= -\frac{3}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \frac{7}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} & 3.6. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} \\
3.7. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + \frac{5}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} \\ \frac{1}{5} \end{pmatrix} e^{3t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} & 3.8. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= 3 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} - 6 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + 8 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{8} \\ -\frac{1}{8} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{4t}; & \text{El límite} \\ & & & & \text{no existe} \\
6.1. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \left( \frac{t}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{e^t}{4} \right) + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \left( \frac{3}{2} t e^t + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{t}{2} \right); \\
6.2. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{12} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \end{pmatrix} (9 - e^{2t}) e^{-t} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{12} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} (1 + 3e^{2t}) e^{-3t}; \\
6.3. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos t - \operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \cos t + 2 \operatorname{sen} t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos t - \operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} (2t - \cos 2t - \operatorname{sen} 2t) + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos t + 2 \operatorname{sen} t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} (\cos 2t - \operatorname{sen} 2t); \\
6.4. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} t + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \left( \frac{5}{2t} - \ln t \right) + \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} t - \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right] \left( \frac{1}{t} + \frac{1}{t^2} \right); \\
6.5. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} e^{-3t} - \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} (2e^t + e^{-2t}) + \frac{1}{10} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} (e^t - 2e^{-2t}); \\
6.6. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-5t} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \left( \frac{8}{5} t + \ln t \right) + \frac{4}{25} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; & 6.7. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{3t} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} e^t; \\
6.8. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{-t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t - \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^t + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} t e^t; \\
6.9. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-2t} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \left( \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} e^t - \frac{t}{2} \right) + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \left( \frac{1}{3} e^t + 2t - 4 \right); \\
6.10. \quad \overline{x(t)} &= c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos t - \operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} \cos t + 2 \operatorname{sen} t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \cos t - \operatorname{sen} t \\ \cos t \end{pmatrix} \left( t - \cos 2t + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sen} 2t \right) \\
& \quad - \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos t + 2 \operatorname{sen} t \\ \operatorname{sen} t \end{pmatrix} \left( t + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2t + \operatorname{sen} 2t \right);
\end{aligned}$$

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