

# Output **With** Variables

## Mixing String Literal and Variables

### Example

Objective:    **Output with Variables**

**Important instructions:**

- All programs must include comments at the top of your program: your name, the class name (CSIT 575), program name and **the program description (purpose of the program)**.
- Copy and paste your **program code** and **output** in Part B of each program. Note: Use snipping tool to snip the output.
- Once it is done, save and submit this word file via Canvas.

1. **MilesPerGallon.cpp** program

A car holds 20 gallons of gasoline and can travel 312 miles before refueling. Write a program that computes the number of miles per gallon the car gets. Display the result on the screen.

**Sample Output:**

The car gets 15.6 miles per gallon.

**Part A: Pseudocode**

Input or given data:

Processing:

Output:

**Part B: Copy and paste your program (source) code and the outputs after this line.**

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Example of an ICE assignment

## MilesPerGallon.cpp program

A car holds 20 gallons of gasoline and can travel 312 miles before refueling. Write a program that computes the number of miles per gallon the car gets. Display the result on the screen.

### Part A: Pseudocode

Input or Given data – // Define and initialize variables

`double gallonInTank = 20;`

`double milePerTank = 312;`

`double milesPerGallon;`

Processing // Calculate miles per gallon

`milesPerGallon = milePerTank / gallonInTank;`

Output: // Display result

Display “Number of miles per gallon the car gets: “, `milesPerGallon;`

```
1 // First Last Name
2 // CS 575 - MilePerGallon.cpp
3 // The program calculates how many miles per gallon a vehicle gets.
```

Your name  
Class - program name  
Purposes of the program

```
4
5 #include <iostream>
6 using namespace std;
```

```
7
8 int main()
9 {
10     // Input - define and initialize variables
11     double gallonsInTank = 20.0;    // Gas tank capacity in gallons
12     double milesPerTank = 312.0;    // Miles driven on one tank
13     double milesPerGallon;          // Miles per gallon
14
15     // Processing - Calculate miles per gallon
16     milesPerGallon = milesPerTank / gallonsInTank;
17
18     // Output - Display result
19     cout << "The car gets " << milesPerGallon << " miles per gallon.\n";
20     cout << endl;
21
22     return 0;
23 }
```

Input or given data:

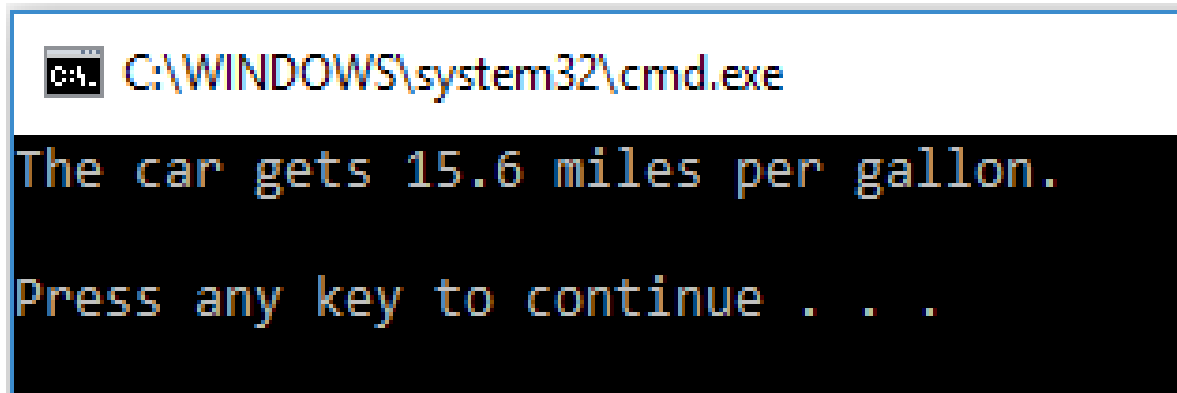
- Define and initialize variables to the given data.
- Define new variables.

Processing – calculation

Output – the result being displayed should be the same as the given sample output.

Sample Output:

The car gets 15.6 miles per gallon.

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar at the top reads "C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe". The command prompt shows the output "The car gets 15.6 miles per gallon." followed by a prompt "Press any key to continue . . .".

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
The car gets 15.6 miles per gallon.  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Note: Mixing String Literal and Variables